

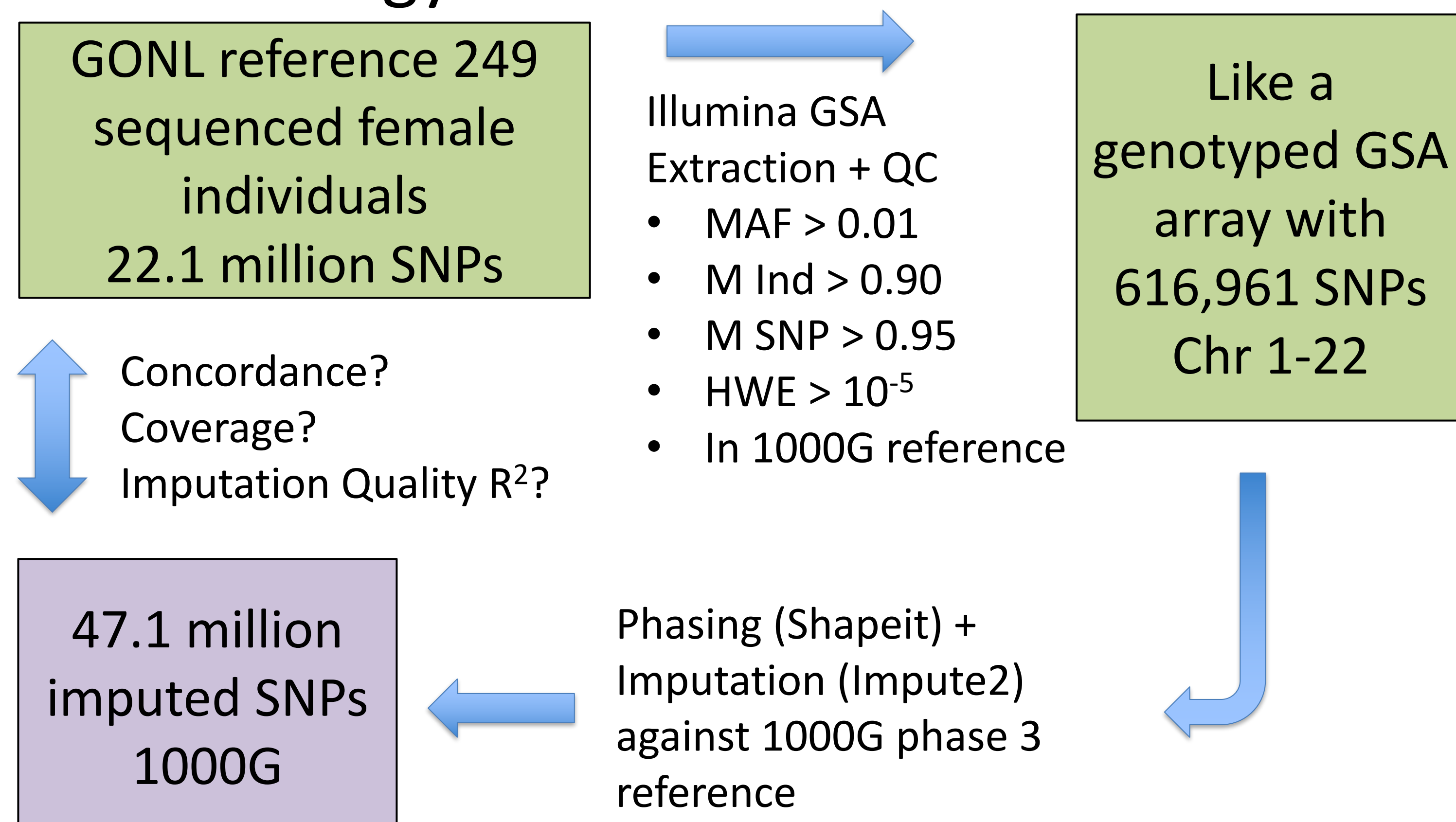
Design and implementation of a customized genotyping array for imputation-based genome-wide association studies: the Avera-NTR Global Screening Array

Jeffrey J. Beck¹, Erik. A. Ehli¹, Hamdi Mbarek², Noah Kallsen¹, Shanna Peyton¹, Abdel Abdellaoui², Iryna O. Fedko², Gonneke Willemsen², Eco J.C. de Geus², Dorret I. Boomsma^{1,2}, Gareth E. Davies^{1,2}, Jouke J. Hottenga²

¹ Avera Institute for Human Genetics, Avera McKennan Hospital and University Health Center, Sioux Falls, South Dakota,

² Department of Biological Psychology, Vrije Universiteit, Amsterdam, Netherlands

Basic Strategy

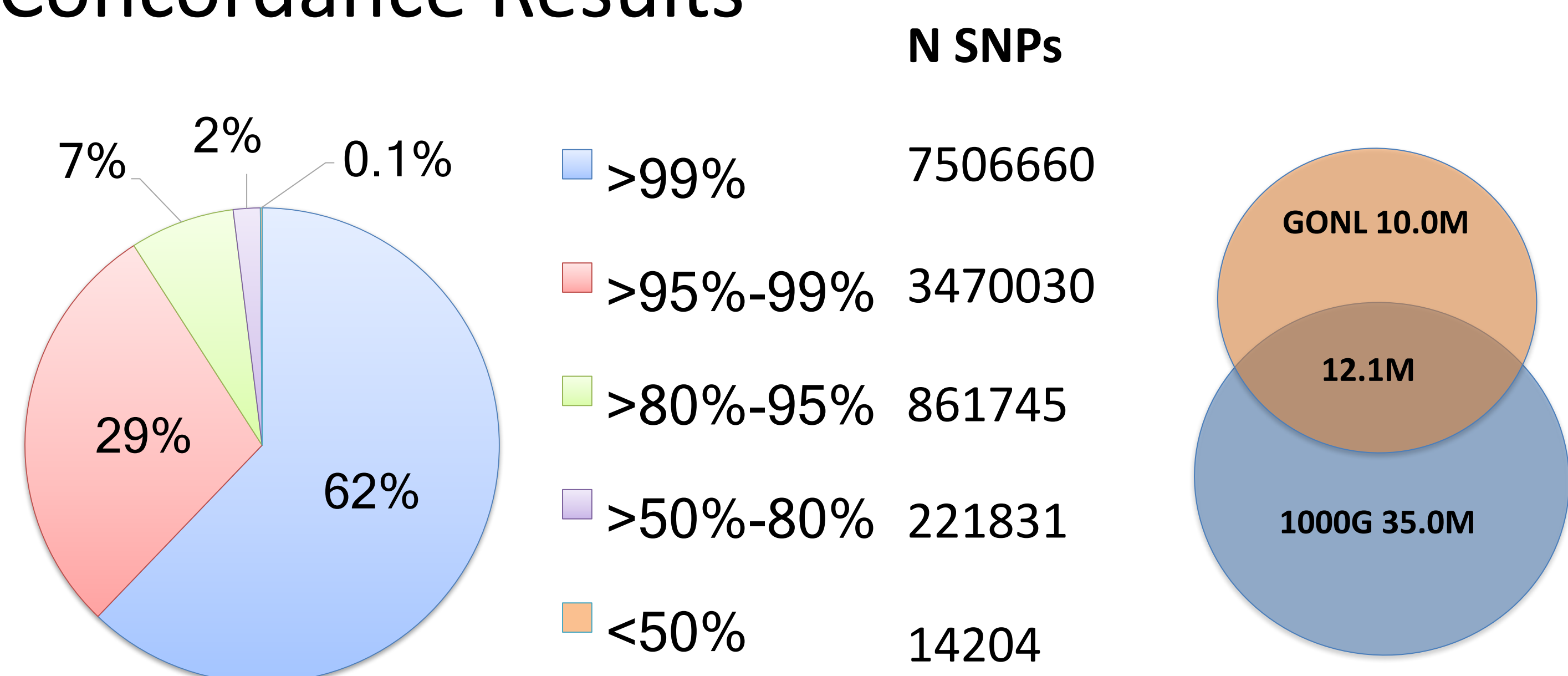


Imputation Quality R² Results

Table 1: Imputation quality measure per minor allele frequency bin

Selected SNPs	Chr	MAF	N SNPs	Median R ²	Mean R ²	SD
1000G All SNPs*	1-22	>0.000-0.001	21,373,838	0.02	0.05	0.08
Full 1000G imputation with		>0.001-0.01	6,853,643	0.69	0.64	0.28
Asian/African/Other SNPs		>0.01-0.05	2,863,052	0.97	0.91	0.13
not present in the Dutch population		>0.05	6,974,825	0.99	0.96	0.08
GONL and 1000G*	1-22	>0.000-0.001	1,003,022	0.04	0.08	0.10
Overlapping SNPs between		>0.001-0.01	2,736,096	0.80	0.74	0.24
GONL and 1000G		>0.01-0.05	2,461,024	0.97	0.92	0.12
*Polymorphic SNPs		>0.05	5,874,328	0.99	0.97	0.07

Concordance Results



Estimates for the Netherlands:

62.2% of the genome fully covered

35.8% of the genome covered with imputation

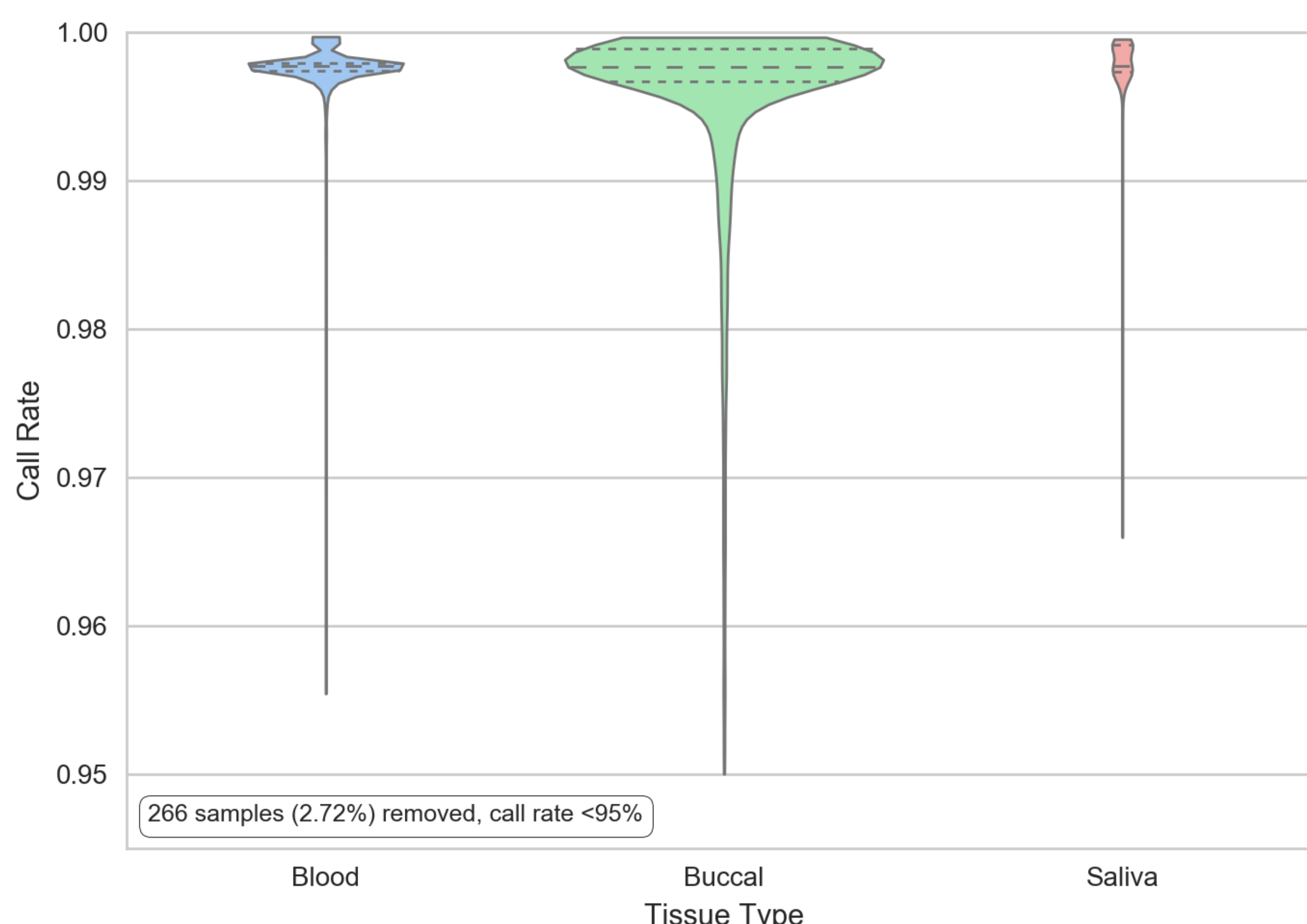
2% of the genome not covered

Avera-NTR GSA Array Content

Marker type	#SNPs (N=697,486)
GSA Core Backbone	~660,000
Sex Chromosomes	19,660 X; 1,691 Y; 547 PAR
ADME Genes/Exons	6,668; 2,787
ClinVar	17,020
MHC	9797
Ancestry Informative	3212
Fine Mapping Content (candidate genes and imputation)	~30,000
Custom Markers	~8,000
Fertility and Twinning	
Body Stature (height, BMI) and Sports and Exercise Behavior	
Mental State and Health (happiness, depression, schizophrenia)	
Chromosome X (imputation)	
Educational Attainment	
Pharmacogenomics	

Genotyping Performance Per Tissue

Kernel density estimates for 9,793 samples [N=10,059] with CR>95%: 3,070 blood; 6,315 buccal; 408 saliva



Considerations/Limitations

- Coverage, concordance, and imputation were assessed with the GSA backbone
- Genotyping performance data presented here are derived from custom curated annotation and cluster files

Conclusions

- Backbone of the array was designed for the global population
- The Dutch genome can be imputed very well
- Allows for the rapid genotyping of a large number of highly relevant SNPs
 - GWAS loci
 - Common variant risk profiling
 - Zygoty and IBD determination