N9032B PXA X-Series Signal Analyzer, Multi-Touch

2 Hz to 8.4, 13.6, 26.5, 44 or 50 GHz





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Data Sheet Definitions and Conditions

This data sheet provides performance information for Keysight N9032B Signal Analyzers.

Specifications describe the performance of parameters covered by the product warranty and apply to temperature ranges 0 to 55 °C, unless otherwise noted.

95th percentile values indicate the breadth of the population (approx. 2σ) of performance tolerances expected to be met in 95 percent of the cases with a 95 percent confidence, for any ambient temperature in the range of 20 to 30 °C. In addition to the statistical observations of a sample of instruments, these values include the effects of the uncertainties of external calibration references. These values are not warranted. These values are updated occasionally if a significant change in the statistically observed behavior of production instruments is observed.

Typical values (typ) describe additional product performance information that is not covered by the product warranty. It is performance beyond specifications that 80 percent of the units exhibit with a 95 percent confidence level over the temperature range 20 to 30 °C. Typical performance does not include measurement uncertainty.

Nominal values (nom) indicate expected performance or describe product performance that is useful in the application of the product but are not covered by the product warranty.

The analyzer will meet its specifications when:

- It is within its calibration cycle.
- Under auto couple control, except that Auto Sweep Time Rules = Accy
- For signal frequencies < 10 MHz, DC coupling applied.
- Analyzer is used in environment that falls within allowed operating range; and has been in that environment at least 2 hours before being turned on.
- Analyzer has been turned on at least 30 minutes with AutoAlign set to Normal; or, if Auto Align is set to Off or Partial, alignments must have been run recently enough to prevent an Alert message. Note that factory default is with the AutoAlign set to Light, which (compared to Normal) allows wider temperature changes before causing Alignments to run automatically. The benefit is that Alignments interrupt less frequently. The user can change AutoAlign to Normal if desired, and this setting will persist after power cycle or PRESET. If the Alert condition is changed from "Time and Temperature" to one of the disabled duration choices, the analyzer may fail to meet specifications without informing the user. In practice, the impact of such choices is primarily on Absolute Amplitude Accuracy. If temperature changes are small, the impact of Light vs Normal is negligible. Also, the user may invoke Align All at any time, to get the best possible accuracy.
- The term "mixer level" is used as a condition for many specifications in this document. This term is a conceptual quantity that is defined as follows: Mixer Level (dBm) = RF Input Power Level (dBm) (Mechanical Attenuation) (dB) (Electronic Attenuation) (dB).
- The term "attenuation" is used for many specifications in this document; this refers to the Mechanical Attenuator, unless otherwise stated.



Common Abbreviations

BW	bandwidth
FBP	full bypass path
FFT	fast Fourier transform
IQ	in-phase quadrature-phase (sample data)
IVL	Individual validated license (for export to restricted countries)
LNA	low-noise amplifier
LNP	low-noise path
LO	local oscillator
PA	pre-amplifier
MPB	microwave preselector bypass
RBW	resolution bandwidth (filter)
VBW	video bandwidth (filter)



Frequency and Time Specifications

Frequency option	Fr	Frequency range DC coupled		
508	2 Hz to 8.4 GHz			
513	2 Hz to 13.6 GHz	2 Hz to 13.6 GHz		
526	2 Hz to 26.5 GHz	2 Hz to 26.5 GHz		
544	2 Hz to 44 GHz	2 Hz to 44 GHz		
550	2 Hz to 50 GHz			
Minimal frequency	DC coupled	AC coupled (option 508, 513 and 526)		
PA off, LNA off	2 Hz	10 MHz		
PA on	9 kHz	10 MHz		
.NA on	20 MHz	20 MHz		
Swept spectrum analy	rsis (these bands are not applicable to wi	de-bandwidth IQ analysis)		
Swept frequency band	LO multiple (N)	Frequency range		
)	1	2 Hz to 3.6 GHz		
	1	3.5 to 8.4 GHz		
2	2	8.3 to 13.6 GHz		
	2	13.5 to 17.1 GHz		
	4	17.0 to 26.5 GHz		
	4	26.4 to 34.5 GHz		
	8	34.4 to 50 GHz		
	Frequency reference			
ccuracy (total)		v time since last adjustment) + (temperature stability)]		
Aging rate	± 3 x 10 ⁻⁸ / year	± [(Initial accuracy) + (aging rate x time since last adjustment) + (temperature stability)]		
emperature stability	± 4.5 x 10 ⁻⁹ over full temperature ra	ange		
Achievable initial calibration accuracy	± 3.1 x 10 ⁻⁸	·		
Example frequency reference accuracy		$= \pm (3 \times 10^{-8} + 4.5 \times 10^{-9} + 3.1 \times 10^{-8})$		
I year after last adjustment	$= \pm 6.6 \times 10^{-8}$,		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Residual FM			
Center frequency = 1 GHz, 10 Hz RBW, 10 Hz VBW	≤ (0.25 Hz x N) p-p in 20 ms nomi	inal (N = LO multiple, see band table above)		
	uency readout accuracy (start, stop, cente			
± (marker frequency x frequency reference accuracy + (span/(sweep points-1)				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Marker frequency counter			
Accuracy		eference accuracy + 0 100 Hz)		
•	± (marker frequency x frequency re			
Delta counter accuracy				
Delta counter accuracy	± (marker frequency x frequency refe ± (delta frequency x frequency refe 0.001 Hz	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz)		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution	± (marker frequency x frequency reference) ± (delta frequency x frequency reference) 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz)		
Accuracy Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution	± (marker frequency x frequency reference) t (delta frequency x frequency reference) 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximum.	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz)		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range	± (marker frequency x frequency refe 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximu 2 Hz	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz)		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution	± (marker frequency x frequency refe ± (delta frequency x frequency refe 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximu 2 Hz Accuracy	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) e) um frequency of instrument		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution Swept	± (marker frequency x frequency refe 2.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximu 2 Hz Accuracy ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolutions)	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) e) um frequency of instrument ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1)		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution	± (marker frequency x frequency reference) ± (delta frequency x frequency reference) 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximul 2 Hz Accuracy ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut x (0.1 % x span	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) e) um frequency of instrument		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution Swept	± (marker frequency x frequency reference) ± (delta frequency x frequency reference) 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximul 2 Hz Accuracy ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut 0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut Tweethers in the second	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) (e) um frequency of instrument ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1 ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1 ution)		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution Swept FFT	± (marker frequency x frequency reference) ± (delta frequency x frequency reference) 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximula to the span span span horizontal resolutation (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolutation (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolutation span span span span span span span spa	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) e) um frequency of instrument ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1) ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1)		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution Swept FFT	± (marker frequency x frequency reference) ± (delta frequency x frequency reference) 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximul 2 Hz Accuracy ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut Sweep time and triggering Span = 0 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) (e) um frequency of instrument ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) 1 µs to 6000 s 1 ms to 4000 s		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution Swept FFT Range	± (marker frequency x frequency refe ± (delta frequency x frequency refe 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximu 2 Hz Accuracy ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut Sweep time and triggering Span = 0 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) (e) um frequency of instrument ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) 1 µs to 6000 s 1 ms to 4000 s ± 0.01% nominal		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution Swept	± (marker frequency x frequency refe ± (delta frequency x frequency refe 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximu 2 Hz Accuracy ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut Sweep time and triggering Span = 0 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept Span ≥ 10 Hz, FFT	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) (e) um frequency of instrument ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) 1 µs to 6000 s 1 ms to 4000 s ± 0.01% nominal ± 40% nominal		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution Swept FFT Range	± (marker frequency x frequency refe ± (delta frequency x frequency refe 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximu 2 Hz Accuracy ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolu ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolu Sweep time and triggering Span = 0 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept Span ≥ 10 Hz, FFT Span = 0 Hz	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) (e) um frequency of instrument ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) 1 µs to 6000 s 1 ms to 4000 s ± 0.01% nominal ± 40% nominal ± 0.01% nominal		
Delta counter accuracy Counter resolution Range Resolution Swept FFT Range	± (marker frequency x frequency refe ± (delta frequency x frequency refe 0.001 Hz Frequency span (FFT and swept mod 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximu 2 Hz Accuracy ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolut Sweep time and triggering Span = 0 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept Span ≥ 10 Hz, FFT	erence accuracy + 0.141 Hz) (e) um frequency of instrument ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1 ution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1 1 µs to 6000 s 1 ms to 4000 s ± 0.01% nominal ± 40% nominal		



		Time gat	ilaa		
Out with the		rime gai		O AL AFFT	
Gate methods			Gated LO; Gated vide	eo; Gated FFT	
Gate length range (except method = FFT)			1 µs to 5.0 s		
Gate delay range			0 to 100.0 s		
Gate delay jitter			33.3 ns p-p (nom)		
	Sı	weep trace) p	oint range		
All spans			1 to 100,001		
Resolution	n bandwidth	(RBW) filters	(see also IQ Analysis	s section)	
Range (with –3 dB bandwidth, standard)			1 Hz to 3 MHz (10% s	steps), 4, 5, 6, 8, a	nd 10 MHz
	Ban	ndwidth accur	acy (power)		
RBW range			, ,	Accur	acv
1 Hz to 100 kHz			± 0.5% (± 0.022 dB)	7.000	
110 kHz to 1.0 MHz (< 3.6 GHz CF)			± 1.0% (± 0.042 dB)		
1.1 to 2 MHz (< 3.6 GHz CF)			± 0.07 dB (nominal)		
2.2 to 3 MHz (< 3.6 GHz CF)			0 to -0.2 dB (nominal)	
4 to 10 MHz (< 3.6 GHz CF)			0 to -0.4 dB (nominal	,	
THE TO MITE (TO STILL OF)	Rai	ndwidth accu	,	,	
RBW range	Dui	mawiatii acca	lucy (o ub)	Accu	200 1
			00/ /	Accu	acy
1 Hz to 1.3 MHz			± 2% (nominal)		
1.5 MHz to 3 MHz			. 70/ (namical)		
(≤ 3.6 GHz center frequency)			± 7% (nominal)		
(> 3.6 GHz center frequency)			± 8% (nominal)		
4 MHz to 10 MHz			± 15% (nominal)		
(≤ 3.6 GHz center frequency)			. ,		
(> 3.6 GHz center frequency) Selectivity (–60 dB/–3 dB)			± 20% (nominal) 4.1: 1 (nominal)		
EMI bandwidths (CISPR 16-1-1; requires N90EMEMCB	or NG1/11EM	MOE)	. ,	J- 1 MU-	
EMI bandwidths (MIL-STD-461; requires N90EMEMCB					
LIMI DAIRWIGHTS (MILE-OTD-401, Tequiles N30LIMLIMOD		Preselector ba		, 10 KHZ, 100 KHZ	, 1 1911 12
The proceductor can have a cignificant passband ripple				a abaraatari a ad	
The preselector can have a significant passband ripple.	TO avoid arri	Diguous result			
Center frequency		0 () 500		ndwidth (- 4 dB)	0 544 1.550
5 GHz	CO MILI-	Option 508	, 513 and 526	4C MUI-	Option 544 and 550
o GHz 10 GHz	58 MHz			46 MHz 52 MHz	
15 GHz	57 MHz				
20 GHz	59 MHz			53 MHz 55 MHz	
25 GHz	64 MHz 74 MHz			56 MHz	
25 GHz	74 IVITZ			62 MHz	
44 GHz	N/A			70 MHz	
	IN/A			76 MHz	
50 GHZ	50 GHz		AIDIAN CIG.	70 IVITZ	
	viae	eo bandwidth	,		
Range				, 8 MHz, and wide	open (labeled 50 MHz)
Accuracy		± 6%, nomi			
		Detector t			
Normal, peak, sample, negative peak, log power averag	e, RMS avera	age, and volta	ge average		



Triggers and Gating

			Trigger/Gate sou	ırces
	Swept trigger	Gate sou	rce Wide bandwidth	Supplemental information
Free Run	Υ		Y	
External 1	Υ	Υ	Υ	
External 2	Υ	Υ	Υ	Jitter up to ~33 ns p-p (nominal)
External 3			Υ	Jitter < 20 ps (nominal)
RF Burst	Υ	Υ		IF Path ≤ 40 MHz only
Video (IF Mag)	Υ		Υ	In 255 MHz IF Path only; at greater bandwidths, ADC trigger is similar
ADC			Y	Similar to Video, but operates digitally on mag[I,Q], prior to decimation, filtering, and corrections. Available for bandwidth >255 MHz.
Line	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Periodic	Υ	Υ	Υ	Repetitive "frame" trigger, at precise interval, following an External or RF Burst trigger
TV	Υ	Υ		
			Triggers	
	of Display Scaling an	d	Specifications	Supplemental information
Minimum settable leve		-170 dB	Sm .	Useful range limited by noise
Maximum usable level				Highest allowed mixer level (the highest allowed mixer level depends on the IF Gain. It is nominally –10 dBm for Preamp Off and IF Gain = Low) + 2 dB (nominal)
			Detector and sweep type	relationships
				Supplemental information
Sweep Type = Swept				
	ak, Sample or Negativ	e Peak	Triggers on the signal bef	ore detection, which is similar to the displayed signal
Detector = Average	an, campio oi riogani	o i ouit		ore detection, but with a single-pole filter added to give similar smoothin
Sweep Type = FFT				velope in a bandwidth wider than the FFT width
	Burst		Specifications	Supplemental information
Level range	24100	-40 to -	-10 dBm plus attenuation	Noise will limit trigger level range at high frequencies, such as above 15 GHz
		(HOHIII)	,	
			Level Accura	•
With positive slope trig	gger. Trigger level with		pe is nominally 1 to 4 dB lov	ver than positive slope.
Absolute			+ Absolute Amplitude	
5 1 4			cy (nominal)	
Relative		± 2 dB	(nominal)	
			Bandwidth (-10	dB)
Most cases (including RF Burst Le	evel Type = Relative)	> 80 MH	Hz (nominal)	
Start Freq < 300 MHz RF Burst Level Type =	Absolute			
Sweep Type = Swe		16 MHz	(nominal)	
Sweep Type = FFT	-		·	
FFT Width > 25		> 80 MH	Hz (nominal)	
FFT Width 8 to			(nominal)	
FFT Width < 8 N			(nominal)	
Frequency Limitations			` ,	If the start or center frequency is too close to zero, LO feedthrough can degrade or prevent triggering. How close is too close depends or the bandwidth listed above.
				the bandwidth listed above.



Amplitude Accuracy and Range Specifications

Amplitude characteristics vary by user-selectable front-end path. Swept SA measurements are normally made with preselector on (in circuit). These settings impact amplitude accuracy and range.

			Front end settings
1a	Preselector		Default selection following power-on, boot-up, or PRESET. Settings provide best dynamic range and lowest internally-generated distortion. Suitable for harmonics, IMD, spurious in presence of large signals, etc. unless noise-limited.
1b	Standard path	Preselector, LNA on	Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lower DANL, compared to 1a, while preserving very good dynamic range. Suitable for distortion measurements (harmonics, IMD, etc.) when a lower noise floor is needed.
1c		Preselector, PA on	Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lower DANL, compared to 1b.
1d		Preselector, LNA on, PA on	Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lowest possible DANL, compared to 1c. Best for finding low-level spurs, oscillations, etc. near the noise floor. Allows use of wider RBW setting to achieve equivalent noise floors, so can make spur searching faster.
2a	Low poice noth	Preselector, LNP	Bypasses the preamplifier. Settings provide the lowest distortion and best dynamic range, yet with lower DANL at higher frequencies, when compared with 1a. Path not active below 3.6 GHz.
2b	Low-noise path (LNP) Preselector, LNP, LNA on		Bypasses the preamplifier. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide the lower DANL, compared to 2a, while preserving very good dynamic range. Path not active at below 3.6 GHz.
3a		MPB	Bypasses preselector. Settings provide very good EVM floor at mid-high input power region (using attenuation), including below 3.6 GHz. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Recommend using path 4a if above 3.6 GHz.
3b	Microwave Preselector	LNA on	Bypasses preselector. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide best EVM at low input power for below 3.6 GHz. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements Otherwise use path 4b if above 3.6 GHz.
3c	Bypass path (MPB)	PA on	Bypasses preselector. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Settings allowed only for very low power levels since preselector is bypassed. Not generally recommended for digital demodulation.
3d		LNA on, PA on	Bypasses preselector. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Good sensitivity for narrowband swept measurements only. Not generally recommended for digital demodulation.
4a	Full Bypass path	LNP, MPB	Bypasses both preamplifier and preselector. Settings provide best EVM floor for mid-high input power region (using attenuation) for above 3.6 GHz. Best for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 3a if below 3.6 GHz.
4b	(FBP)	LNP, MPB, LNA on	Bypasses both preamplifier and preselector. Requires P08, P13, P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide best EVM floor for low input power region (using attenuation) for above 3.6 GH. Best for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 3b if below 3.6 GHz.



Amplitude	e range
. Measurement range	Displayed average noise level (DANL) to +30 dBm (for preamp Off) DANL to +24 dBm (for frequency opts ≤ 526 with preamp On) DANL to +20 dBm (for frequency opts > 526 with preamp On)
Input mechanical attenuator range (2 Hz to 50 GHz)	0 to 70 dB in 2 dB steps
Electronic attenua	tor (option EA3)
Frequency range	2 Hz to 3.6 GHz
Attenuatio	n range
Electronic attenuator range	0 to 24 dB, 1 dB steps
Full attenuation range (mechanical + electronic)	0 to 94 dB, 1 dB steps
Maximum safe input level (max a	applied to RF input connector)
Average total power (with and without preamp)	+30 dBm (1 W)
Peak pulse power (< 10 µs pulse width, < 1% duty cycle, and input attenuation ≥ 30 dB)	+50 dBm (100 W)
DC Vo	olts
DC coupled	± 0.2 Vdc
AC coupled (Option 508,513 or 526)	± 100 Vdc
Display	range
Log scale	0.1 to 1 dB/division in 0.1 dB steps 1 to 20 dB/division in 1 dB steps (10 display divisions)
Linear scale	10 divisions
Scale units	dBm, dBmV, dBμV, dBmA, dBμA, V, W, A



Frequency Response

1a. Standard path frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz				
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise stated	
2 Hz to 30 MHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.15 dB	
> 30 MHz to 50 MHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.20 dB	
> 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.60 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.20 dB	
> 3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 1.70 dB	± 1.00 dB	
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.60 dB	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.60 dB	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.20 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.60 dB	
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.30 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.60 dB	
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.70 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 2.30 dB	± 1.00 dB	
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.20 dB	± 2.50 dB	± 1.50 dB	
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 5.20 dB	± 3.10 dB	± 1.50 dB	
> 45.0 to 50.0 GHz	± 5.20 dB	± 3.10 dB	± 1.50 dB	

1b. Standard path, LNA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off) 0 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz				
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise stated	
30 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.70 dB	± 0.50 dB	± 0.20 dB	
> 3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 1.90 dB	± 1.10 dB	
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.70 dB	± 1.70 dB	± 0.70 dB	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.30 dB	± 1.70 dB	± 0.70 dB	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.60 dB	± 1.70 dB	± 0.70 dB	
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.80 dB	± 1.90 dB	± 0.70 dB	
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 3.00 dB	± 2.30 dB	± 0.80 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.70 dB	± 2.60 dB	± 1.20 dB	
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.20 dB	± 1.60 dB	
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.20 dB	± 1.60 dB	
> 45.0 to 50.0 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.20 dB	± 1.60 dB	

1c. Standard path, PA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on) 0 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz				
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise stated	
9 kHz to 100 kHz			± 0.40 dB (nom)	
> 100 kHz to 50 MHz	± 0.80 dB	± 0.68 dB	± 0.35 dB	
> 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.80 dB	± 0.60 dB	± 0.20 dB	
> 3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 2.30 dB	± 1.20 dB	
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.70 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.80 dB	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.80 dB	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.95 dB	
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.90 dB	± 2.20 dB	± 0.95 dB	
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 3.70 dB	± 2.70 dB	± 1.20 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 4.00 dB	± 2.90 dB	± 1.30 dB	
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.20 dB	± 3.40 dB	± 1.60 dB	
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 5.20 dB	± 3.40 dB	± 1.60 dB	
> 45.0 to 50.0 GHz	± 5.20 dB	± 3.40 dB	± 1.60 dB	



1d. Standard path, LNA on, PA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on) 0 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise stated			
< 3.6 GHz	(if tuning < 3.6 GHz, then standard path	(if tuning < 3.6 GHz, then standard path with LNA on is used)				
3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 2.10 dB	± 1.30 dB			
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.80 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 0.75 dB			
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.40 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 0.75 dB			
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.40 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 0.75 dB			
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.70 dB	± 2.10 dB	± 0.75 dB			
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 3.20 dB	± 2.50 dB	± 0.90 dB			
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.90 dB	± 2.80 dB	± 1.30 dB			
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.40 dB	± 1.70 dB			
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.40 dB	± 1.70 dB			
> 45.0 to 50.0 GHz	± 5.80 dB	± 3.40 dB	± 1.70 dB			

2a. Low-noise path (LNP) frequency response (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise stated		
< 3.6 GHz	If tuning to <3.6 GHz, then actually using	If tuning to <3.6 GHz, then actually using Standard Path			
3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 3.50 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 1.00 dB		
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.75 dB		
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.75 dB		
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.75 dB		
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.90 dB		
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 3.00 dB	± 2.50 dB	± 1.05 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.60 dB	± 2.80 dB	± 1.10 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.10 dB	± 1.40 dB		
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.40 dB	± 3.10 dB	± 1.40 dB		
> 45.0 to 50.0 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 3.10 dB	± 1.40 dB		

2b. Low-noise path (LNP) frequency response (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA on, PA off) 0 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Frequency response (nominal)
< 3.6 GHz	If tuning to <3.6 GHz, then actually using Standard Path with LNA ON
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	\pm 0.80 dB
> 8.4 to 17.1 GHz	$\pm 0.70 \mathrm{dB}$
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	\pm 1.00 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 1.00 dB
> 34.5 to 50.0 GHz	± 1.40 dB



3a. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path frequency response (MBP enabled, LNA off, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), Frequency Full range 20 to 30° C Typical, unless otherwise stated

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	± 1.40 dB	± 1.00 dB	± 0.50 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 1.60 dB	± 1.10 dB	± 0.55 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 1.80 dB	± 1.10 dB	± 0.55 dB
> 17.1 to 22.0 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.40 dB	± 0.60 dB
> 22.0 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.20 dB	± 1.60 dB	± 0.70 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 2.90 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 0.90 dB
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.50 dB	± 3.00 dB	± 1.50 dB
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.00 dB	± 3.00 dB	± 1.50 dB
> 45.0 to 50.0 GHz	± 5.50 dB	± 3.00 dB	± 1.50 dB

3b, 3c, 3d. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path frequency response (MBP path enabled, relative to 10 dB, excludes 0 dB setting)				
Frequency	3b. MPB, LNA on (0 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	3c. Std, PA on (0 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	3d. Std, LNA on, PA on (0 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	
3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.30 dB	± 0.40 dB	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50dB	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB	
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.50 dB	± 0.60 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 0.60 dB	± 0.60 dB	± 0.70 dB	
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 1.10 dB	± 1.20 dB	± 1.10 dB	

4a, 4b. Full bypass (FBP) path frequency response (full bypass path enabled)				
Frequency	4a. FBP (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	4b. FBP, LNA on (0 dB input attenuation) (nominal)		
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.40 dB		
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB		
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.60 dB		
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 1.00 dB	± 1.00 dB		



Electronic attenuator (option EA3) frequency response Maximum error relative to reference conditions (50 MHz). Mechanical attenuation set to default/calibrated setting of 10 dB. 20 to 30° C Frequency Full range Typical, unless stated otherwise 2 Hz to 9 kHz $\pm 0.80 \, \mathrm{dB}$ ± 0.25 dB $\pm 0.60 \, \mathrm{dB}$ 9 kHz to 50 MHz $\pm 0.80 \, \mathrm{dB}$ ± 0.60 dB ± 0.25 dB 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz ± 0.60 dB ± 0.40 dB ± 0.20 dB

Attenuato	r switching uncertainty (50 MHz reference frequency	, relative to 10 dB reference setting, LNA off, PA off)
	1a. Standard path (swept, preseled	ctor on, LNA off, PA off)
Attenuation	Full range Typical	
2 to 40 dB	± 0.14 dB	± 0.04 dB
2 to 8 dB, or > 40 dB	± 0.18 dB	± 0.06 dB
0 dB		± 0.05 dB (nominal)
	Attenuation >2 dB at other freque	encies (nominal)
2 Hz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.3 dB	
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	± 0.5 dB	
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.7 dB	
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	± 1.0 dB	



Total absolute amplitude accuracy (at 50 MHz)

At 50 MHz, 10 dB attenuation, RBW < = 1 MHz, input signal -10 to -50 dBm, all settings auto-coupled except Auto Swp Time = Accy, any Reference Level, any vertical Scale.

Path	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless stated otherwise
1a. Std	± 0.35 dB	± 0.30 dB	± 0.10 dB
1b. Std (LNA on, preamp off)	± 0.40 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.15 dB
1c. Std (LNA off, preamp on)	± 0.40 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.15 dB

With electronic attenuator

(at 50MHz, 0 to 24 dB attenuation, RBW < = 1 MHz, input signal -7 to -25 dBm, all settings auto-coupled except Auto Swp Time = Accy, any Reference Level, any vertical Scale)

ung volueur coulcy				
	± 0.35 dB	± 0.30 dB	± 0.10 dB	
For absolute amplitude accuracy at any frequency, use the following formulas:				
At any frequency	± (Abs Amp at 50 MHz + Frequency	Response)		
Wide range of signal levels, resolution bandwidths, reference levels, attenuation = 10 dB, 10 Hz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.20 dB, 95 th percentile			

Note1: Absolute amplitude accuracy is the total of all amplitude measurement errors, and applies over the following subset of settings and conditions:

 $1 \text{ Hz} \le \text{RBW} \le 1 \text{ MHz}$

Input signal -10 to -50 dBm (details below)

Input attenuation 10 dB

Span < 5 MHz (nominal additional error for span \geq 5 MHz is is 0.02 dB)

All settings auto-coupled except Swp Time Rules = Accuracy

Combinations of low signal level and wide RBW use VBW ≤ 30 kHz to reduce noise

When using FFT sweeps, the signal must be at the center frequency.

This absolute amplitude accuracy specification includes the sum of the following individual specifications under the conditions listed above: Scale Fidelity, Reference Level Accuracy, Display Scale Switching Uncertainty, Resolution Bandwidth Switching Uncertainty, 50 MHz Amplitude Reference Accuracy, and the accuracy with which the instrument aligns its internal gains to the 50 MHz Amplitude Reference. The only difference between signals within the range above –50 dBm and those signals below that level is the scale fidelity. Our specifications and experience show no difference between signals above and below this level. The only reason our Absolute Amplitude Uncertainty specification does not go below this level is that noise detracts from our ability to verify the performance at all levels with acceptable test times and yields. So the performance is not warranted at lower levels, but we fully expect it to be the same.

Note 2: Absolute amplitude accuracy for a wide range of signal and measurement settings, covers the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence. Here are the details of what is covered and how the computation is made:

The wide range of conditions of RBW, signal level, VBW, reference level and display scale are described above.

There are 44 quasi-random combinations used, tested at a 50 MHz signal frequency.

We compute the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence for this set observed over a statistically significant number of instruments.

Also, the frequency response relative to the 50 MHz response is characterized by varying the signal across a large number of quasi-random verification frequencies that are chosen to not correspond with the frequency response adjustment frequencies.

We again compute the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence for this set observed over a statistically significant number of instruments.

We also compute the 95th percentile accuracy of tracing the calibration of the 50 MHz absolute amplitude accuracy to a national standards organization.

We also compute the 95th percentile accuracy of tracing the calibration of the relative frequency response to a national standards organization. We take the root-sum-square of these four independent Gaussian parameters

To that RSS we add the environmental effects of temperature variations across the 20 to 30°C range.

These computations and measurements are made with the mechanical attenuator only in circuit, set to the reference state of 10 dB.

A similar process is used for computing the result when using the electronic attenuator under a wide range of settings: all even settings from 4 through 24 dB inclusive, with the mechanical attenuator set to 10 dB. The 95th percentile result was 0.20 dB.



VSWR (voltage standing wave ratio) at RF Input (95th percentile)		
Standard path, 10 dB input attenuation, 50 MHz (reference condition)	1.09:1 (nominal)	
Standard path, 0 dB input attenuation, 0.01 to 3.6 GHz	2.05:1 (nominal)	

	Optio	on	1a Std, LNA off, PA off	1b Std, LNA on, PA off 1d Std, LNA on, PA on	1c Std, LNA off, PA on	
Frequency	508, 513, and 526	(0 dB attenuation)		IF Path ≤ 40 MHz	IF Path ≤ 40 MHz (0 dB attenuation)	
10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	х		1.20	1.30	1.70	
10 MHz to 3.6 GHz		Х	1.20	1.30	1.70	
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	Х		1.30	1.50	1.60	
3.6 to 8.4 GHz		х	1.30	1.50	1.60	
8.4 to 13.6 GHz	Х		1.50	1.60	1.60	
8.4 to 13.6 GHz		х	1.30	1.40	1.50	
13.6 to 17.1 GHz	Х		1.60	1.70	1.70	
13.6 to 17.1 GHz		х	1.30	1.40	1.40	
17.1 to 26.5 GHz	Х		1.80	1.80	1.80	
17.1 to 26.5 GHz		х	1.40	1.40	1.50	
26.5 to 34.5 GHz		х	1.50	1.60	1.60	
34.5 to 50 GHz		Х	1.70	1.70	1.80	

The magnitude of the mismatch over the range of frequencies will be very similar between MPB and non-MPB operation, between LNP and non-LNP operation, and between FBP and non-FBP operation, but the details, such as the frequencies of the peaks and valleys, will shift.

VSWR Plots

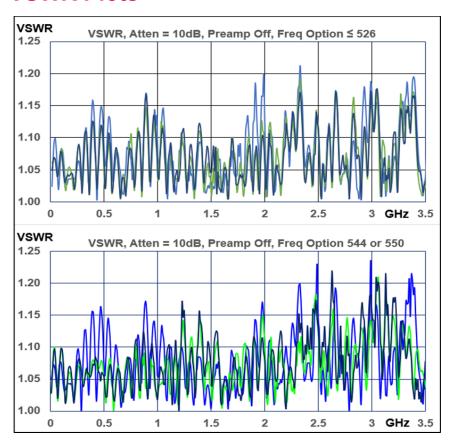


Figure 1. VSWR vs. frequency (0 to 3.5 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units



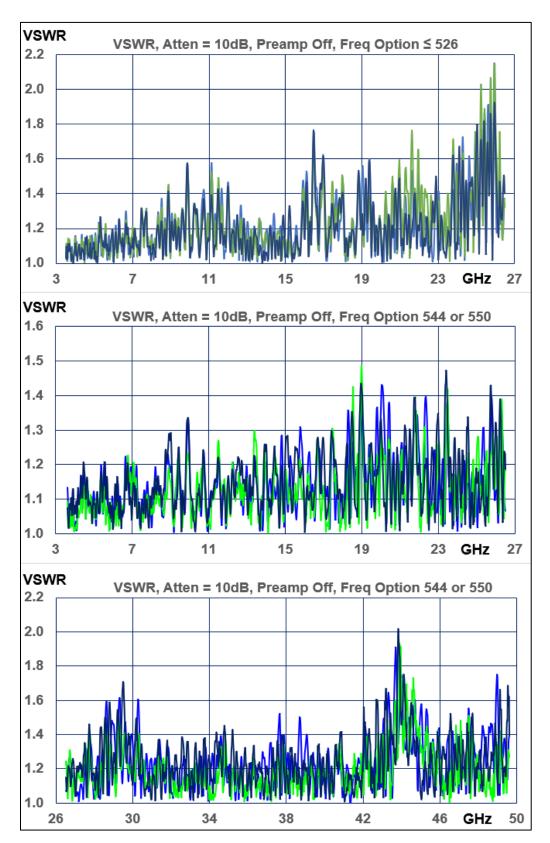


Figure 2: VSWR vs. frequency (3.5 to 26.5 GHz, and 26.5 to 50 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

Amplitude Accuracy and Range

Reso	olution bandwidth switching uncertainty (re	eference to 30 k	Hz RWB), 20	to 30 °C
1 Hz to 1.5 MHz RBW		$< \pm 0.03 \text{ dB}$		
1.6 MHz to 2.7 MHz RBW		< ± 0.05 dB		
3 MHz RBW		± 0.10 dB		
4, 5, 6, 8, 10 MHz RBW		± 0.30 dB		
	Reference le	vel		
	Range			
Log scale		-170 to +30 d	Bm in 0.01 d	B steps
Linear scale		707 pV to 7.0	7 V with 0.11	% (0.01 dB) resolution
Accuracy (Only affects the display, not the error in measurement results from trace d	e measurement, so it causes no additional lata or markers.)	0 dB		
	Display scale switching	uncertainty		
Switching between linear and log (Only affects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional error in measurement results from trace data or markers.)		0 dB		
Log scale/div switching (Only affects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional error in measurement results from trace data or markers.)		0 dB		
Display sca	le fidelity (Log-linear fidelity, relative to the 10 dB attenuation, thus -35 dB			m input through
Input mixer level	Full range		Typical	
-18 dBm ≤ ML ≤ -10 dBm	± 0.10 dB total		± 0.04 dB	
ML < -18 dBm input mixer level	± 0.07 dB		± 0.02 dB	
	Preamplifiers (2 stages: Low-Noise Am	plifier LNA, Pre-	Amplifier PA	A)
	Low-Noise Amplifier (LNA	١)		Pre-Amplifier (PA)
Option P08	20 MHz to 8.4 GHz			9 kHz to 8.4 GHz
Option P13	20 MHz to 13.6 GHz	20 MHz to 13.6 GHz		9 kHz to 13.6 GHz
Option P26	20 MHz to 26.5 GHz	20 MHz to 26.5 GHz		9 kHz to 26.5 GHz
Option P44, P4L	20 MHz to 44 GHz	20 MHz to 44 GHz		9 kHz to 44 GHz
Option P50, P5L	20 MHz to 50 GHz			9 kHz to 50 GHz
Noise figure	4 to 8 dB (nominal)	4 to 8 dB (nominal)		10 dB (nominal)
Gain	20 dB (nominal)			30 dB (nominal)
	When LNA and PA are use	When LNA and PA are used simultaneously, gain = 40 dE		3 (nominal)



Dynamic Range Specifications

1 dB Gain Compression

Notes:

- Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal.
- Specified at 1 kHz RBW with 100 kHz tone spacing. The compression point will nominally equal the specification for tone spacing greater than 5 times the prefilter bandwidth. At smaller spacings, ADC clipping may occur at a level lower than the 1 dB compression point.
- Reference level and off-screen performance: The reference level (RL) behavior differs from some earlier analyzers in a way that makes this analyzer more flexible. In other analyzers, the RL controlled how the measurement was performed as well as how it was displayed. Because the logarithmic amplifier in these analyzers had both range and resolution limitations, this behavior was necessary for optimum measurement accuracy. The logarithmic amplifier in this signal analyzer, however, is implemented digitally such that the range and resolution greatly exceed other instrument limitations. Because of this, the analyzer can make measurements largely independent of the setting of the RL without compromising accuracy. Because the RL becomes a display function, not a measurement function, a marker can read out results that are off-screen, either above or below, without any change in accuracy. The only exception to the independence of RL and the way in which the measurement is performed is in the input attenuation setting: When the input attenuation is set to auto, the rules for the determination of the input attenuation include dependence on the reference level. Because the input attenuation setting controls the tradeoff between large signal behaviors (third-order intermodulation, compression, and display scale fidelity) and small signal effects (noise), the measurement results can change with RL changes when the input attenuation is set to auto.
- Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) input attenuation (dB).
- Total power at the preamp (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) input attenuation (dB).
- The low noise path, when in use, does not substantially change the compression-to-noise dynamic range or the TOI-to-noise dynamic range because it mostly just reduces losses in the signal path in front of all significant noise, TOI and compression-affecting circuits. In other words, the compression threshold and the third-order intercept both decrease and to the same extent as that to which the DANL decreases.

Standard path: 1 dB gain compression (swept, standard, preselector on)

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal. Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) – input attenuation (dB).

0	Gain compression (nominal)			
Center frequency	1a. PA Off	1b. LNA	1c. PA	
20 to 40 MHz	+3 dBm	-16 dBm	-13 dBm	
> 40 MHz to 3.6 GHz	+6 dBm	-16 dBm	-13 dBm	
> 3.6 to 13.5 GHz	+5 dBm	-16 dBm	–27 dBm	
> 13.5 to 26.5 GHz	+1 dBm	-20 dBm	-30 dBm	
>26.5 to 50 GHz	0 dBm	-16 dBm	–32 dBm	

IF prefilter bandwidth

This table applies without $Option\ FS1$ or FS2, fast sweep. With $Option\ FS1$ or FS2, which is a standard option in the UXA, this table applies for sweep rates that are manually chosen to be the same as or slower than "traditional" sweep rates, instead of the much faster sweep rates, such as autocoupled sweep rates, available with FS1 or FS2. Sweep rate is defined to be span divided by sweep time. If the sweep rate is ≤ 1.1 times RBW-squared, the table applies. Otherwise, compute an "effective RBW" = Span / (SweepTime \times RBW). To determine the IF Prefilter Bandwidth, look up this effective RBW in the table instead of the actual RBW. For example, for RBW = $3\ \text{kHz}$, Span = $30\ \text{kHz}$, and Sweep time = $42\ \text{ms}$, we compute that Sweep Rate = $7.1\ \text{MHz/s}$, while RBW-squared is $9\ \text{MHz/s}$. So the Sweep Rate is $< 1.1\ \text{times}\ \text{RBW}$ -squared and the table applies; row $1\ \text{shows}$ the IF Prefilter Bandwidth is nominally $8.9\ \text{kHz}$. If the sweep time is $1\ \text{ms}$, then the effective RBW computes to $100\ \text{kHz}$. This would result in an IF Prefilter Bandwidth from the third row, nominally $303\ \text{kHz}$.

Zero span or swept, RBW=	Sweep Type = FFT, FFT width =	-3 dB Bandwidth (nominal)
≤3.9 kHz	<4.01 kHz	8.9 kHz
4.3 to 27 kHz	<28.81 kHz	79 kHz
30 to 160 kHz	<167.4 kHz	303 kHz
180 to 390 kHz	<411.9 kHz	966 kHz
430 kHz to 10 MHz	<7.99 MHz	10.9 MHz



Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL)

Input terminated, Sample or Average detector, Averaging type set to Log, IF Gain = High, 1 Hz Resolution Bandwidth, 0 dB input attenuation.

Noise Floor Extension (On	tion NEO improv		ndard path (swept, presele		
ivoise riooi exterision (Op		•	to 12 dB, for standard path.		
Frequency	Option		Full seases	20 to 30 °C	Trainel runless otherwise stated
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
2 to 10 Hz	х			<u> </u>	-125 dBm (nominal)
2 to 10 Hz		Х			–95 dBm (nominal)
> 10 to 100 Hz	х				-127 dBm (nominal)
> 10 to 100 Hz		Х		NI/A	-114 dBm (nominal)
> 100 Hz to 1 kHz	Х			N/A	-129 dBm (nominal)
> 100 Hz to 1 kHz		Х			-128 dBm (nominal)
> 1 to 9 kHz	Х				-138 dBm (nominal)
> 1 to 9 kHz		Х			-136 dBm (nominal)
> 9 to 100 kHz	х	Х	–141 dBm	–141 dBm	–146 dBm
> 100 kHz to 1 MHz	х	Х	–148 dBm	-150 dBm	-153 dBm
> 1 to 10 MHz	Х	Х	-152 dBm	-153 dBm	-156 dBm
> 10 MHz to 1.2 GHz	х	Х	-151 dBm	-152 dBm	–155 dBm
> 1.2 to 2.1 GHz	х	Х	–148 dBm	-150 dBm	-152 dBm
> 2.1 to 3.6 GHz	Х	Х	–147 dBm	-148 dBm	-150 dBm
> 3.6 to 6.6 GHz	Х		–148 dBm	-150 dBm	–152 dBm
> 3.6 to 6.6 GHz		Х	-148 dBm	–149 dBm	–151 dBm
> 6.6 to 8.4 GHz	Х	Х	–148 dBm	-150 dBm	-152 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	Х	Х	–146 dBm	–147 dBm	–151 dBm
> 13.6 to 17 GHz	Х	Х	–146 dBm	–147 dBm	–151 dBm
> 17 to 22.5 GHz	Х	Х	–144 dBm	-146 dBm	–149 dBm
> 22.5 to 26.5 GHz	Х	Х	–140 dBm	–142 dBm	–146 dBm
> 26.5 to 30 GHz		Х	-139 dBm	–141 dBm	–145 dBm
> 30 to 34 GHz		Х	–135 dBm	–138 dBm	–143 dBm
> 34 to 37 GHz		Х	–131 dBm	–133 dBm	–139 dBm
> 37 to 40 GHz		Х	-131 dBm	–133 dBm	–138 dBm
> 40 t0 45 GHz		Х	-127 dBm	–130 dBm	–136 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz		х	-122 dBm	-126 dBm	-133 dBm



1b. Standard Path, LNA on (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 10 to 11 dB, for standard path, LNA on

Frequency	Op	Option			Typical, unless otherwise stated
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Full range	20 to 30 °C	
< 20 MHz	х	Х			Not permitted with LNA on
> 20 to 40 MHz	х		N/A		-164 dBm (nominal)
> 20 to 40 MHz		Х			-160 dBm (nominal)
> 40 to 500 MHz	х		–165 dBm	–165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 40 to 500 MHz		Х	–162 dBm	–163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz	Х		–165 dBm	–165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz		Х	-164 dBm	–165 dBm	–166 dBm
> 2.5 GHz to 3.6 GHz	х	Х	–161 dBm	–163 dBm	–166 dBm
> 3.6 to 4.7 GHz	Х		–163 dBm	–164 dBm	–167 dBm
> 3.6 to 4.7 GHz		Х	–162 dBm	–163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 4.7 to 8.4 GHz	х		-162 dBm	-164 dBm	–166 dBm
> 4.7 to 8.4 GHz		Х	–161 dBm	–163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.5 GHz	х	Х	-161 dBm	–163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 13.5 to 17.1 GHz	х	Х	–161 dBm	–163 dBm	–164 dBm
> 17.1 to 22.5 GHz	х		–159 dBm	-161 dBm	–163 dBm
> 17.1 to 22.5 GHz		Х	-158 dBm	–161 dBm	–162 dBm
> 22.5 to 26.5 GHz	Х	Х	–155 dBm	–156 dBm	–159 dBm
> 26.5 to 27 GHz		Х	–153 dBm	–155 dBm	–160 dBm
> 27 to 34.5 GHz		Х	–148 dBm	-152 dBm	–156 dBm
> 34.5 to 42.5 GHz		Х	–142 dBm	–146 dBm	–152 dBm
> 42.5 to 47 GHz		Х	–138 dBm	–141 dBm	–148 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz		х	-134 dBm	–138 dBm	–145 dBm

1c. Standard Path, PA on (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 8 to 12 dB, for standard path, PA on.

	Option				
Frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
> 100 kHz to 200 kHz	Х	х			-151 dBm (nominal)
> 200 kHz to 500 kHz	х	х	N/A		-162 dBm (nominal)
> 500 kHz to 1 MHz	Х				-156 dBm (nominal)
> 500 kHz to 1 MHz		х			-161 dBm (nominal)
1 MHz to 2.1 GHz	х	х	–163 dBm	–163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 2.1 to 3.6 GHz	х	х	–160 dBm	-161 dBm	–163 dBm
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	х	Х	-161 dBm	-162 dBm	–164 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	Х	х	–161 dBm	–162 dBm	–164 dBm
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	Х	Х	-160 dBm	-162 dBm	–164 dBm
> 17.1 to 20.0 GHz	Х	х	-159 dBm	-160 dBm	–163 dBm
> 20.0 to 26.5 GHz	х	Х	–155 dBm	-156 dBm	–160 dBm
> 26.5 to 30 GHz		х	–155 dBm	–158 dBm	–160 dBm
> 30 to 34 GHz		Х	–153 dBm	–157 dBm	–159 dBm
> 34 to 40 GHz		х	–150 dBm	–154 dBm	–156 dBm
> 40 to 45 GHz		Х	–147 dBm	–150 dBm	–152 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz		Х	-144 dBm	-147 dBm	-151 dBm



1d. Standard path, LNA on, PA on (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 6 to 11 dB, for standard path, LNA on, PA on.

	Option				
Frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
< 20 MHz	Х	Х	Not permitted with LNA	on	
20 to 40 MHz	Х		N/A		-164 dBm (nominal)
> 20 to 40 MHz		х			-160 dBm (nominal)
> 40 to 500 MHz	Х		–165 dBm	–165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 40 to 500 MHz		Х	-162 dBm	-163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz	Х		–165 dBm	–165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz		Х	-164 dBm	–165 dBm	–166 dBm
> 2.5 to 3.6 GHz	Х	Х	-161 dBm	-161 dBm	–165 dBm
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	Х		-164 dBm	–165 dBm	–167 dBm
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz		Х	-162 dBm	–164 dBm	–167 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.5 GHz	Х	Х	-163 dBm	-164 dBm	–167 dBm
> 13.5 to 17.1 GHz	Х	Х	-161 dBm	–163 dBm	–166 dBm
> 17.1 to 23 GHz	Х	Х	-161 dBm	–163 dBm	–165 dBm
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	х	Х	–158 dBm	–160 dBm	–163 dBm
> 26.5 to 36.5 GHz		Х	–156 dBm	–159 dBm	–161 dBm
> 36.5 to 43.5 GHz		Х	–152 dBm	–155 dBm	–158 dBm
> 43.5 to 47 GHz		Х	–151 dBm	–153 dBm	–157 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz		Х	-150 dBm	–152 dBm	–156 dBm

2a. Low-Noise Path (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 8 to 12 dB, for low-noise path.

	Option				
Frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
< 3.6 GHz	Х	Х	Not permitted with low nois	se path	
3.6 to 17.1 GHz	Х		-151 dBm	–153 dBm	–155 dBm
3.6 to 17.1 GHz		Х	-150 dBm	-152 dBm	–154 dBm
17.1 to 23 GHz	х	Х	–149 dBm	-151 dBm	–153 dBm
23 to 26.5 GHz	Х	Х	–148 dBm	-150 dBm	–152 dBm
26.5 to 29 GHz		Х	-146 dBm	-148 dBm	–151 dBm
29 to 34.5 GHz		Х	-141 dBm	-143 dBm	–146 dBm
34.5 to 50 GHz		Х	–137 dBm	-139 dBm	–144 dBm

2b. Low-noise path DANL (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)				
Frequency	2b. LNP path, LNA on (nominal)			
< 3.6 GHz	Not permitted with low noise path			
3.6 to 17.1 GHz	-165 dBm			
> 17.1 to 23 GHz	-164 dBm			
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	-162 dBm			
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-162 dBm			
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-160 dBm			
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-154 dBm			



3a, 3b. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path DANL (MPB path enabled)						
Frequency	3a. MPB path (nominal)	3b. MPB, LNA on (nominal)				
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-154 dBm	-163 dBm				
> 8.4 to 17.1 GHz	-151 dBm	-162 dBm				
> 17.1 to 22.5 GHz	-150 dBm	-161 dBm				
> 22.5 to 26.5 GHz	-146 dBm	-159 dBm				
> 26.5 to 30 GHz	-145 dBm	-159 dBm				
> 30 to 34 GHz	-142 dBm	-158 dBm				
> 34 to 40 GHz	-137 dBm	-154 dBm				
> 40 to 45 GHz	-134 dBm	-153 dBm				
> 45 to 50 GHz	-130 dBm	-150 dBm				

If using microwave preselector path (MPB) use path 3b for digital demodulation.

4a. Full bypass (FBP) path DANL (low-noise path enabled, preselector bypass on, LNA off, PA off)						
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated			
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-154 dBm	-156 dBm	-158 dBm			
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-154 dBm	-155 dBm	-158 dBm			
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-154 dBm	-155 dBm	-158 dBm			
> 17.1 to 22 GHz	-152 dBm	-153 dBm	-157 dBm			
> 22 to 26.5 GHz	-152 dBm	-153 dBm	-156 dBm			
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-151 dBm	-152 dBm	-157 dBm			
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-150 dBm	-152 dBm	-156 dBm			
> 34.5 to 45 GHz	-147 dBm	-149 dBm	-152 dBm			
> 45 to 50 GHz	-145 dBm	-147 dBm	-151 dBm			

4b. Full bypass (FBP) path DANL (low-noise path enabled, preselector bypass on, LNA on) (nominal)					
Frequency	4b. FBP, LNA on				
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-163 dBm				
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-163 dBm				
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-162 dBm				
> 17.1 to 22 GHz	-161 dBm				
> 22 to 26.5 GHz	-160 dBm				
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-160 dBm				
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-159 dBm				
> 34.5 to 45 GHz	-154 dBm				
> 45 to 50 GHz	-153 dBm				



Residuals, Images, and Spurious Responses

	Residual		put terminated, 0 dB a	ttenuation)	
200 kHz to 8.4 GHz (swept)		–100 d			
Zero span or FFT or other fre	equencies	-100 d	IBm (nominal)		
	Image	responses (s	tandard path, LNA off,	PA off)	
Mixer level	Tuned frequency (f)	Ex	citation frequency	Full range	Typical
	10 MHz to 26.5 GHz	f+45 M	Hz	-80 dBc	-105 dBc
	10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	f+10,24	45 MHz	-80 dBc	-106 dBc
	10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	f+645 I	MHz	-80 dBc	-101 dBc
-10 dBm	> 3.6 to 13.6 GHz	f+645 I	MHz	–78 dBc	-87 dBc
	> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	f+645 I	MHz	-74 dBc	-84 dBc
	> 17.1 to 22 GHz	f+645 I	MHz	-70 dBc	-82 dBc
	> 22 to 26.5 GHz	f+645 I	MHz	-68 dBc	-75 dBc
	26.5 to 50 GHz	f+45 M	Hz		-90 dBc (nominal)
	26.5 to 34.5 GHz	f+645 I	MHz	-70 dBc	-94 dBc
-30 dBm	34.4 to 42 GHz	f+645 I	MHz	-59 dBc	-76 dBc
	42 to 50 GHz	f+645 I	MHz		-75 dBc (nominal)
	Other spurious re	sponses (inpu	ut-related, standard pa	ath. LNA off. PA off)	
					come with DA on and in low
N is the LO multiplication fact	ioi. Nelei lo carllei lable ioi lii	e in value velsi	us ilequelley raliges. I t		Same, with FA on, and in lov
	doi. Neiel to earlier table for th	e in value versi	us frequency ranges. I d		Same, with PA on, and in lov
	tor. Neier to earlier table for th		Mixer level	,	Response
		ı			
noise path (LNP).	F	ı	Mixer level (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i	er)	
noise path (LNP). Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz	F Iz -10 dBm	ı	Mixer level (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri	er)	Response
noise path (LNP). Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz	F Iz -10 dBm z -30 dBm	irst RF order	Mixer level (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i	er) including IF feedthrough, LC	Response
noise path (LNP). Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz	F Iz -10 dBm z -30 dBm	irst RF order	Mixer level (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i -90 dBc (nominal) r (f ≥ 10 MHz from carr -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i	er) including IF feedthrough, LC	Response harmonic mixing responses
noise path (LNP). Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz	Fiz -10 dBm z -30 dBm Hi	irst RF order	Mixer level (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i -90 dBc (nominal) r (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri	er) Including IF feedthrough, LC	Response harmonic mixing responses
noise path (LNP). Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz	Fiz -10 dBm z -30 dBm Hi	l irst RF order gher RF order	Mixer level (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i -90 dBc (nominal) r (f ≥ 10 MHz from carr -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i	er) Including IF feedthrough, LC	Response harmonic mixing responses
N is the LO multiplication fact noise path (LNP). Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz	Fiz -10 dBm z -30 dBm Hi z -40 dBm z -30 dBm	l irst RF order gher RF order	Mixer level (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i -90 dBc (nominal) r (f ≥ 10 MHz from carri -80 dBc + 20*log(N) i -90 dBc (nominal)	er) ncluding IF feedthrough, LC rier) ncluding higher order mixer	Response harmonic mixing responses



Second-Harmonic Intercept (SHI)

1a. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)						
Frequency of the fundamental	Mixer level	Distortion	SHI			
10 to 500 MHz	–15 dBm	-65 dBc	+50 dBm			
> 500 MHz to 1.8 GHz	–15 dBm	-60 dBc	+45 dBm			
> 1.8 to 3 GHz	–15 dBm	–77 dBc	+62 dBm			
> 3 to 4.5 GHz	–15 dBm	-76 dBc	+61 dBm			
> 4.5 to 6.5 GHz	–15 dBm	-77 dBc	+62 dBm			
> 6.5 to 10 GHz	–15 dBm	-80 dBc	+65 dBm			
> 10 to 13.25 GHz	–15 dBm	-80 dBc	+65 dBm			
> 13.25 to 25 GHz	–15 dBm	-68 dBc	+53 dBm			

1b. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off) Preamp Level = Input Level – Input Attenuation						
Frequency of the Fundamental	Preamp level	Distortion (nominal)	SHI (nominal)			
15 to 40 MHz	–45 dBm	–65 dBc	+20 dBm			
> 40 MHz to 1 GHz	–45 dBm	-63 dBc	+18 dBm			
> 1 to 1.8 GHz	–45 dBm	–61 dBc	+16 dBm			
> 1.8 to 13.25 GHz	–45 dBm	-63 dBc	+18 dBm			

1c. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on) Preamp Level = Input Level – Input Attenuation				
Frequency of the Fundamental	Preamp level	Distortion (nominal)	SHI (nominal)	
10 to 400 MHz	–45 dBm	–78 dBc	+33 dBm	
> 400 MHz to 1.8 GHz	–45 dBm	–73 dBc	+28 dBm	
> 1.8 to 4 GHz	–50 dBm	–55 dBc	+5 dBm	
> 4 to 13.25 GHz	–50 dBm	-60 dBc	+10 dBm	
> 13.25 to 25 GHz	-50 dBm	- 50 dBc	0 dBm	

1d. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on) Preamp Level = Input Level – Input Attenuation					
Frequency of the Fundamental Preamp Level Distortion (nominal) SHI (nominal)					
1.8 to 4 GHz	–50 dBm	-44 dBc	–6 dBm		
>4 to 13.25 GHz	–50 dBm	–47 dBc	–3 dBm		

2a. Low-noise path: SHI (swept, Low-noise path enable, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)				
Frequency of the Fundamental	Mixer Level	Distortion	SHI	
1.8 to 2.5 GHz	–15 dBm	-95 dBc	+80 dBm	
> 2.5 to 10 GHz	–15 dBm	-101 dBc	+86 dBm	
> 10 to 13.25 GHz	–15 dBm	-101 dBc	+86 dBm	
> 13.25 to 25 GHz	-15 dBm	-92 dBc	+77 dBm	



Third-Order Intercept (TOI)

1a. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Two -16 dBm (10 MHz to 26.5 GHz) or -20 dBm (26.5 GHz to 50 GHz) tones at input mixer with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

Frequency	Full Range	20 to 30° C	Typical, unless otherwise stated	
10 to 200 MHz	+9 dBm	+12 dBm	+18 dBm	
> 200 to 600 MHz	+16 dBm	+17 dBm	+20 dBm	
> 600 MHz to 2.0 GHz	+18.5 dBm	+19.5 dBm	+22 dBm	
> 2.0 to 3.6 GHz	+18.5 dBm	+19.5 dBm	+23 dBm	
> 3.6 to 7.1 GHz	+15 dBm	+16 dBm	+18 dBm	
> 7.1 to 10 GHz	+14.5 dBm	+15 dBm	+18 dBm	
> 10 to 13.6 GHz	+17.5 dBm	+18.5 dBm	+22 dBm	
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	+7 dBm	+9.5 dBm	+12 dBm	
> 19 to 23 GHz	+12 dBm	+14 dBm	+16 dBm	
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	+13 dBm	+14.5 dBm	+18 dBm	
> 26.5 GHz to 34.5 GHz	+11 dBm	+13 dBm	+ 17 dBm	
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	+ 7 dBm	+9 dBm	+14 dBm	

1b. Standard Path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Two –34 dBm tones at preamp level with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

Frequency	TOI (nominal)
30 to 200 MHz	0 dBm
> 200 to 600 MHz	+1 dBm
> 600 MHz to 3 GHz	+2.5 dBm
> 3 to 3.6 GHz	+5 dBm
> 3.6 to 4 GHz	–1 dBm
> 4 to 8 GHz	0 dBm
> 8 to 13.6 GHz	+2 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	−5 dBm
> 19 to 26.5 GHz	0 dBm

1c. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

Two -34 dBm (10 MHz to 3.6 GHz) or -50 dBm (3.6 GHz to 26.5 GHz) tones at LNA input with tone separation \geq 100 kHz

Frequency	TOI (nominal)
10 to 200 MHz	+2 dBm
> 200 to 400 MHz	+3 dBm
> 400 MHz to 1 GHz	+4 dBm
> 1 to 3.6 GHz	+5 dBm
> 3.6 to 4 GHz	-14 dBm
> 4 to 8 GHz	-13 dBm
> 8 to 13.6 GHz	−8 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	-17 dBm
> 19 to 26.5 GHz	-12 dBm



1d. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

Two –50 dBm tones at preamp level with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

Frequency	TOI (nominal)
3.6 to 4 GHz	–22 dBm
> 4 to 8 GHz	–20 dBm
> 8 to 13.6 GHz	–16 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	–24 dBm
> 19 to 26.5 GHz	–21 dBm

2a. Low-noise path (swept, Low-noise path enable, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

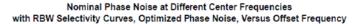
Two -16 dBm (3.6 GHz to 26.5 GHz) or -20 dBm (26.5 GHz to 50 GHz) tones at input mixer with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

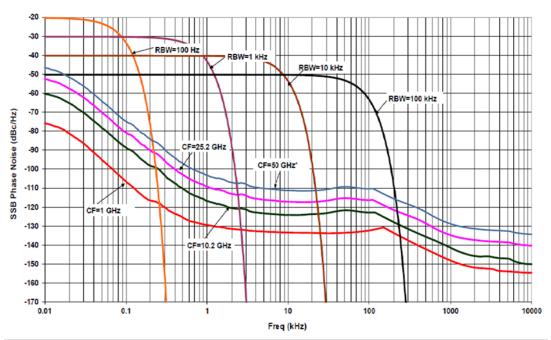
Frequency	Full Range	20 °C to 30 °C	Typical
3.6 to 7.6 GHz	+9 dBm	+10 dBm	+13 dBm
> 7.6 to 10 GHz	+10 dBm	+11 dBm	+14 dBm
> 10 to 13.6 GHz	+11 dBm	+12 dBm	+15 dBm
> 13.6 to 19 GHz	+2 dBm	+4 dBm	+7 dBm
> 19 to 23 GHz	+6 dBm	+7 dBm	+10 dBm
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	+6 dBm	+8 dBm	+10 dBm
> 26.5 GHz to 34.5 GHz	+3 dBm	+6 dBm	+8 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	+1.5 dBm	+4 dBm	+7 dBm



Phase Noise (SSB)

Phase Noise	Offset	Full Range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
	10 Hz Wide Ref Loop BW	The factory test line	limit is consistent with a warranted	–93 dBc/Hz
	10 Hz Narrow Ref Loop BW	specification of -90 of	dBc/Hz	-88 dBc/Hz (nominal)
Materia	100 Hz	-107 dBc/Hz	-107 dBc/Hz	-112 dBc/Hz
Noise sidebands	1 kHz	-124 dBc/Hz	-125 dBc/Hz	-129 dBc/Hz
(CF = 1 GHz)	10 kHz	-132 dBc/Hz	-134 dBc/Hz	-136 dBc/Hz
(CF - 1 GHZ)	100 kHz	-138 dBc/Hz	-139 dBc/Hz	-141 dBc/Hz
	1 MHz	-144 dBc/Hz	-145 dBc/Hz	-146 dBc/Hz
	10 MHz	-154 dBc/Hz	-154 dBc/Hz	-157 dBc/Hz





Unlike other curves, which are measured results from the measurement of excellent sources, the CF = 50 GHz curve is the predicted, not observed, phase noise, computed from the 25.2 GHz observation. See the footnotes in the Frequency Stability section for the details of phase noise performance versus center frequency.

Figure 3: Nominal PXA phase noise at various center frequencies. RBW curves added to show impact of analyzer phase noise in resolving two closely spaced signals for various RBW filter choices

IQ Analyzer

All specifications based on preselector by-passed (RF Path either Microwave Preselector Bypass or Full Bypass) (except <3.6 GHz), unless otherwise noted. IF Paths at 10, 25, 40, and 255 MHz are enabled by any of R10, R15, or R20. Each bandwidth option includes and enables all others with lesser bandwidth, e.g. instruments with R20 also have R15 and R10 licenses, plus B2X, B40, and B25 paths.

10 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Standard)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 10 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

			10 MHz analysis	bandwidth (stand	ard)			
Analysis bandwidth ra	ange	10 Hz to 10) MHz					
Tuning range	•	2 Hz to 50	2 Hz to 50 GHz			In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW) image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified		
IF frequency		5122.5 MH 322.5 MHz	z (1 st IF, center freque (Final IF)	ncy ≤ 3.6 GHz)				
ADC sample rate		100 MSa/se	ес					
ADC resolution		16 bits						
Final data format		I & Q pairs,	32 bits each, 64 bits/s	Sa				
IQ-pair sample rate		1.25*BW						
Capture memory		2 GB						
IQ Analyzer		32,000,001	sample pairs					
1	:\	536.8 MSa	(229 Sa) with 32-bit da	ta packing				
Length (IQ sample pa	iirs)	268.4 MSa	(228 Sa) with 64-bit da	ita packing				
Maximum capture tim length)	e (time record	35.8 sec at packing	full 10 MHz BW with 3	32-bit data	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwi		crease in bandwidth	
			IF frequ	ency response				
Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	Amplitude Max Error	Amplitude Mic Error (95%		Slope (dB/MH (95%)	lz)	Amplitude RMS (nominal)
0.02 to 3.6 GHz	≤ 10	NA	± 0.20 dB	± 0.12 dB		± 0.10	0.02	dB
> 3.6 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 10	Off	ff $\pm 0.25 dB$ $\pm 0.12 dB$			± 0.10	0.02	dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	≤ 10	Off	off $\pm 0.30 dB$ $\pm 0.12 dB$			± 0.10	0.024	l dB
> 34.4 to 50 GHz	≤ 10	Off	Off $\pm 0.35 dB$ $\pm 0.12 dB$			± 0.10	0.024	l dB
			IF pha	ase linearity				
Center Fred	quency		Span (MH	z)		Preselector	R	MS (nominal)
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GH	Ηz	≤ 10 MHz				N/A	0.040°	

Off

0.070°



3.6 to 50 GHz

 \leq 10 MHz

25 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B25)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 15 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IFgain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

	25 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (option	n B25)
Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 25 MHz	
Tuning range	2 Hz to 50 GHz	In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified
IF frequency	5122.5 MHz (1st IF, center frequency ≤ 3.6 GHz) 322.5 MHz (Final IF)	
ADC sample rate	100 MSa/sec	
ADC resolution	16 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	
IQ-pair sample rate	1.25*IFBW	
Capture memory	2 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
	536.8 MSa (229 Sa) with 32-bit data packing	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	268.4 MSa (228 Sa) with 64-bit data packing	
Maximum capture time (time record length)	11.9 sec at full 25 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth

IF frequency response

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	Amplitude Max Error	Amplitude RMS (nominal)
0.02 to 3.6 GHz	10 to <= 25	NA	± 0.30 dB	0.05 dB
> 3.6 to 26.5 GHz	10 to <= 25	Off	± 0.40 dB	0.04 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	10 to <= 25	Off	± 0.60 dB	0.04 dB

IF phase linearity									
Center Frequency Span (MHz) Preselector RMS (nominal)									
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz	≤ 25 MHz	N/A	0.12°						
3.6 to 50 GHz	≤ 25 MHz	Off	0.28°						

Full scale (ADC clipping); preselector bypassed, LNA off, PA off (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

	Opti	ion				
Center frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high		
2 Hz to 26.5 GHz	Х		– 8 dBm	–18 dBm		
> 2 Hz to 50 GHz		х	– 8 dBm	–18 dBm		
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF			Up to ± 1 dB nominal			



40 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B40)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 65 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

			40 N	IHz analysis	handwi	th (ontio	n B40)			
Analysis bandwidth range	Δ	10 ⊔-	to 40 MHz	ii iz aiiaiyələ	balluwii	atii (optio	11 1140)			
Tuning range	e		50 GHz	GHz in			In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections performance not specified.			
IF frequency			MHz (1 st IF, c Hz (Final IF)	1st IF, center frequency ≤ 3.6 GHz)			,			
ADC sample rate			Sa/sec							
ADC resolution		12 bits								
Final data format			pairs, 32 bits	each. 64 bits	/Sa					
IQ-pair sample rate		1.25*11		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Capture memory		2 GB								
IQ Analyzer		32,000	0,001 sample	pairs						
Length (IQ sample pairs)			MSa (2 ²⁹ Sa) MSa (2 ²⁸ Sa)							
			sec at full 40				0	•	P	
Maximum capture time (t	time record	packin	g				Capture tin	ne increas	ses linearly with decrease in bandwidth	
length)			3 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data							
		packin	g	IF frequ	iency res	nonea				
Center frequency	Sr	pan(MHz)	Dros	selector	_	plitude M	av Error		Amplitude RMS(nominal)	
0.02 to 3.6 GHz	≤ 40	yan(wn iz)	NA	CICCIO		•	ax Liioi	0.07 dB		
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	≤ 40		Off		± 0.40 dB ± 0.60 dB			0.05 dB		
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 40		Off	± 0.70 dB			0.05 dB			
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	≤ 40		Off	± 0.80 dB				0.10 dB		
> 34.4 to 50 GHz	≤ 40		Off ± 1.00			0.10 dB				
01.1100000112	0		0	IF ph	nase line			0.10 0.5		
Center Freque	ncy		Span (N	•			Preselector		RMS (nominal)	
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz		≤ 40 MHz		,		N/A	0.12°		0.12°	
3.6 to 50 GHz		≤ 40 MHz				Off	0.32°			
			IF dy	namic range	(IF gain	= low) (n	ominal)			
SFDR (spurious-free dynamic ra	ange) (ADC	related spuriou	77				,	Signal a	at –12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width	
(4)	- ' '	F residual resp		tive to full s	cale. inp	ut termin	ated. IF gain	= low) (n	ominal)	
65 MHz to 34.5 GHz				dBFS	, г		, 5	, (,	
> 34.5 to 50 GHz				dBFS						
		Full scale			ector byn	assed. I I	NA off, PA of	f (nomina	al)	
Full scale (ADC clipping Mixer level is RF input le		ugh estimate o	of the signal le						els vary significantly; this is only a guide.	
		(Option			Mixer level for IF gain = low		Mixer level for IF gain = high		
Center frequency	'	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550							
2 Hz to 26.5 GHz		X		–8 dBm				–18 dBr	n	
> 2 Hz to 34.5 GHz			Х	–8 dBm				–18 dBr		
> 34.5 to 50 GHz			Х	–8 dBm				–12 dBr	n	
Effect of signal frequency	v ≠ CF			Up to ±1 c	B nomina	al	·			



Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = Low) (nominal) Center frequency ≤ 3.6 GHz 143 dB > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz 141 dB > 26.5 to 50 GHz 135 dB

TOI

(3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS, 10 MHz tone separation) (nominal)

·	
Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	-83 dBc
> 3.6 to 13.6	-83 dBc
> 13.6 to 26.5 GHz	-83 dBc
> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz	-79 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ± 1.2 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center Frequency		За. МРВ	3b. L	.NA on	4a. FBP		
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	
65 MHz to 3.6 GHz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-150 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-149 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-149 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	-142 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-132 dBm/Hz	-132 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz) (nominal)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = low)

Center Frequency	
< 3.6 GHz	-100 dBm
3.6 to 40 GHz	-105 dBm
> 40 GHz	-95 dBm

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.6 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



255 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B2X)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 400 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

			255 MHz an	alysis bandı	width (option B2X)					
Analysis bandwidth range		10 Hz to 2	255 MHz								
Tuning range	ange 2 Hz to 50 GHz						In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified.				
IF frequency	5490 MHz (1st IF, center frequence 690 MHz (Final IF)				3.6 GF	łz)	,	P			
ADC sample rate	,										
ADC resolution 14 bits											
Final data format		I & Q pair 64 bits/Sa	s, 32 bits each	1,							
IQ-pair sample rate		1.25*IFB\	V								
Capture memory		16 GB									
IQ Analyzer)1 sample pair								
Length (IQ sample pairs)		1073 MS	a (2 ²⁹ Sa) with	32-bit data pa	acking						
Maximum capture time (time record length) 14.3 sec at full 255							bandwidth		linearly with	decrease in	
	IF frequenc	cy respor	se (span ≤ 25	55 MHz), mic	rowave	preselecto	r bypass pa	th (MPB)			
		3a. MPB		ation)		3b. LNA o	n (0 dB atte	enuation)	3c. PA on	(0 dB attenuation)	
Center frequency	Full rang	e 2	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nom	ninal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.05 dB	±	0.90 dB	0.06 dB		± 0.15 dB	IB 0.06 dB		± 0.30 dB	0.20 dB	
> 3.3 to 8.4 GHz	± 1.00 dB	±	0.80 dB	0.06 dB		± 0.15 dB	B 0.10 dB		$\pm 0.20 \text{ dB}$	0.15 dB	
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.15 dB	±	1.05 dB	0.10 dB		± 0.40 dB	0.20 dE	3	$\pm 0.35 \mathrm{dB}$	0.20 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 1.70 dB		1.55 dB	0.20 dB		± 0.45 dB	0.20 dE		± 0.55 dB	0.30 dB	
> 34.4 to 48.55 GHz	± 2.70 dB	±	2.45 dB	0.20 dB		± 0.60 dB			± 0.90 dB	0.50 dB	
> 48.55 to 50 GHz	± 0.65 dB (n	nominal)		0.30 dB		± 0.75 dB	3 0.30 dB ±		± 1.10 dB	0.50 dB	
		IF freque	ncy response	(span ≤ 255	MHz) f	ull bypass p	oath (FBP)				
			4a. FBP (1	0 dB attenua	tion)			4b.	LNA on (0 d	B attenuation)	
Center frequency	Full rar	nge	20 to 3	30 °C		RMS (nominal)			Nominal RMS		
> 3.3 to 8.4 GHz	± 0.90 dB		± 0.80 dB		0.07 d	В		± 0.20 dB		0.15 dB	
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.15 dB		± 1.05 dB		0.10 d	В		± 0.35 dB		0.20 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 1.60 dB		± 1.50 dB		0.15 d			± 0.35 dB		0.20 dB	
> 34.4 to 48.55 GHz	± 2.80 dB		± 2.45 dB		0.20 d			± 0.65 dB		0.30 dB	
> 48.55 to 50 GHz	± 0.80 dB (n	nominal)			0.30 d	IB		± 0.95 dl	3 (0.30 dB	
				IF phase line	earity						
Center Frequency			Span (MHz	2)			Preselector		RMS (nominal)		
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.3 GHz	≤ 25					N/A			-	4°	
3.3 to 26.5 GHz						Off			0.80°		
26.5 to 50 GHz	≤ 25	55				Off			1.50°		
			IF dynamic ra	ange (IF gair	n = high	n) (nominal)					
SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related sp	urious)		-780	dBc			Signal at –: width	27 dBFS, any	where in full IF	
	IF residual	respons	es (relative to	full scale, ir	nput tei	minated, IF	gain = low)	(nominal)			
65 MHz to 50 GHz						-100 dBFS					



Full scale (ADC clipping); preselector bypassed, LNA off, PA off (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

	Opt	ion				
Center frequency	508, 513 544 and and 526 550		Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high		
< 3.3 GHz	х	х	–15 dBm	–15 dBm		
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz	х		–8 dBm	–17 dBm		
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz		х	–10 dBm	–19 dBm		
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz	х		-10 dBm	–17 dBm		
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz		х	–12 dBm	–19 dBm		
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		х	–11 dBm	–14 dBm		
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF			Up to ±2.5 dB nominal			

Signal to noise ratio

(ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = Low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	145 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	140 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	137 dB

TOI

(3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -25 dBFS (≤ 26.5 GHz) or −23 dBFS (>26.5 GHz to 50 GHz), 1 MHz tone separation) (nominal)

Center frequency	
< 3.3 GHz	-75 dBc
> 3.3 to 20 GHz	-76 dBc
> 20 to 26.5 GHz	-76 dBc
> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz	-76 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±1.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center Frequency		3a. MPB	4a. F	BP	3b. LNA on		
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	-151 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	-151 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-157 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz	
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	
> 26.5 to 34 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	
> 34 to 50 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

Center frequency	
65 MHz to 50 GHz	-100 dBm (nominal)

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



	3a. MPB (1	0 dB attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal	
10 to 600 MHz	± 1.8 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.8 dB	± 0.7 dB	
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.5 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB	
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.3 dB	
> 13.3 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.6 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 1.0 dB	
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.0 dB		± 1.3 dB	
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.5 dB	± 3.0 dB	± 1.3 dB		
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.2 dB			
	Amplitud	le accuracy, absolute, full by	ypass path (FBP)		
	4a. FBP (1	0 dB attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0 dE	3 attenuation)	
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nomi	nal	
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 13.3 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.3 dB	± 0.6 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.9 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.0 dB			
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.4 dB	± 3.0 dB	± 1.0 dB		
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 4.8 dB	± 3.2 dB			



1 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R10)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 700 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

			1 GH	Iz analysi	is bandw	idth (optio	n R10)						
Analysis bandwidth range		10 Hz t	o 1.0 GHz										
Tuning range	2 Hz to 50 GHz							by ima	age fol range t	ow end of tuni ding and LO founing to 50.5 performance r	edthro GHz a	ough. Ilowed, l	,
IF frequency		5490 MHz (1st IF, center frequency ≤ 3 690 MHz (Final IF)											
ADC sample rate		4.8 GS		,									
ADC resolution		14 bits											
Final data format		I & Q p 64 bits/	airs, 32 bit Sa	is each,									
Q-pair sample rate		1.25*IF	BW										
Capture memory		16 GB											
Q Analyzer		32,000	,001 samp	le pairs									
ength (IQ sample pairs)		1073 M	ISa (2 ²⁹ Sa	a) with 32-	bit data p	acking							
Maximum capture time (time ength)	record	3.58 s	at full 1.0 (GHz BW		<u>-</u>		Captu bandv		increases line	early w	ith decr	ease in
	IF freq	uency res	ponse (sp	oan ≤ 1 G	Hz), micr	owave pre	selecto	r bypas	s path	(MPB)			
		-	PB (10 dB							attenuation)			A on (0 dB nuation)
Center frequency	Full ra	ange	20 to	30 °C	RMS (r	nominal)	Nominal		RN	IS (nominal)	No	minal	RMS (nominal
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.80 dB		± 1.60 c	dB	0.10 dB		± 0.40) dB	0.1	0 dB	± 0	.40 dB	0.13 dB
> 3.3 to 8.4 GHz	± 1.50 dB		± 1.35 c	5 dB 0.10 dB			± 0.40 dB		0.1	0.10 dB		.30 dB	0.10 dB
8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.55 dB		± 1.40 c	dΒ	0.10 dB		± 0.60 dB 0.		0.1	0.15 dB		.40 dB	0.10 dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.50 dB		± 2.30 c	dΒ	0.30 dB	0.30 dB		± 1.00 dB 0.3		.30 dB		.60 dB	0.20 dB
> 34.4 to 48.55 GHz	± 3.85 dB		± 3.35 dB 0.35 dB			± 1.00 dB			0.30 dB		.70 dB	0.30 dB	
> 48.55 to 50 GHz	± 1.00 dB	(nominal)			0.60 dB		± 1.00) dB	0.5	0 dB	± 1	.00 dB	0.50 dB
		IF fred	quency re	sponse (s	span ≤ 1	GHz) full b	ypass	path (FE	3P)				
			4a. F	BP (10 dE	3 attenua	tion)				4b. LN	A on (0 dB att	enuation)
Center frequency	Full ra	ange	2	0 to 30 °C	3	RI	RMS (nominal)			Nominal		RM	S (nominal)
3.3 to 8.4 GHz	± 1.80 dB		± 1.70 c	dΒ		0.15 dB	0.15 dB			± 0.55 dB		0.20 dB	
8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.80 dB		± 1.60 c	dΒ		0.10 dB				± 0.60 dB		0.20 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.45 dB		± 2.30 c	dΒ		0.20 dB	0.20 dB			± 0.70 dB		0.30 dB	
> 34.4 to 48.55 GHz	± 3.20 dB		± 2.80 c	dΒ		0.40 dB	0.40 dB			± 1.00 dB		0.40 dB	
> 48.55 to 50 GHz	± 1.50 dB	(nominal)			0.80 dB					± 1.50 dB		0.80 dE	3
				IF	phase lin	earity							
Center Frequency			Span (M	ИHz)			Pres	selector			RI	MS (nom	ninal)
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.6 GHz		000 MHz				N/A				4.00°			
3.6 to 26.5 GHz	Hz ≤ 1000 MHz				Off					1.25°			
26.5 to 50 GHz ≤ 1000 MHz				Off					2.50°				
				IF dyna	mic range	e (nominal)						
SFDR spurious-free dynamic range	e) (ADC related	spurious)		-61 dBc					Signa	l at –27 dBFS	, anyw	here in f	ull IF width
·	IF residu	al respons	ses (relati	ve to full	scale, in	put termin	ated, IF	gain =	high)	nominal)			
< 20 GHz					-,,	–90 dl		•	5 /				
20 to 40 GHz						-80 dBFS							
						-65 dBFS							



Full scale (ADC clipping); preselector bypassed, LNA off, PA off (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

	Opt	tion				
Center frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high		
< 3.3 GHz	х	х	-10 dBm	–10 dBm		
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz	Х		–8 dBm	–17 dBm		
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz		х	-10 dBm	–19 dBm		
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz	Х		–10 dBm	–17 dBm		
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz		х	-12 dBm	–19 dBm		
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		х	–10 dBm	–15 dBm		
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF			Up to +3 8 dB nominal			

Signal to noise ratio

(ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = Low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	143 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	140 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	138 dB

TOI

(3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -27 dBFS (≤ 26.5 GHz) or -23 dBFS (>26.5 GHz), 10 MHz tone separation) (nominal)

Center frequency	
< 3.3 GHz	-74 dBc
> 3.3 to 20 GHz	-74 dBc
> 20 to 26.5 GHz	-72 dBc
> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz	-69 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±4.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center Frequency	3a. MPB		4a.	FBP	3b. LNA on		
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	-161 dBm/Hz	-161 dBm/Hz	
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	
> 13.3 to 26.5 GHz	-144 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	
> 26.5 to 34 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	
> 34 to 50 GHz	-132 dBm/Hz	-132 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz)

Residual Responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

Center ⊦requency	
700 MHz to 50 GHz	-100 dBm (nominal)

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



		, absolute, microwave prese	, , , ,			
	3a. MPB (1	0 dB attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) Nominal		
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal			
10 to 600 MHz	± 1.7 dB	± 1.4 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.8 dB		
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.5 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.3 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.3 dB		
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.3 dB		
> 13.3 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.6 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.9 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.0 dB				
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.5 dB	± 3.0 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 1.2 dB		
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.2 dB				
	Amplitude	e accuracy, absolute, full by	pass path (FBP)			
	4a. FBP (1	0 dB attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0 dB	attenuation)		
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nomin	al		
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 13.3 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.5 dB			
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.4 dB	± 0.5 dB			
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.6 dB	± 0.8 dB			
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.0 dB				
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.0 dB	± 1.0 dB			
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 5.0 dB	± 3.2 dB				



1.5 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R15)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 950 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

			•	is bandwidth	1 (option R1	5)				
Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to	1.5 GHz								
Tuning range	2 Hz to	2 Hz to 50 GHz				by im Over-	actice, low end of tun age folding and LO f range tuning to 50.5 ctions, performance	eedthrough. GHz allowed,	, ,	
IF frequency	1200 N	5750 MHz (1st IF) 1200 MHz (Final IF: CF > 3.5 GHz) 950 MHz (Final IF: CF ≤ 3.5 GHz					,			
ADC sample rate		4.8 GSa/sec								
ADC resolution	14 bits									
Final data format	I & Q pa 64 bits/s	iirs, 32 bit Sa	s each,							
IQ-pair sample rate	1.25*IFE	3W								
Capture memory	16 GB									
IQ Analyzer	32,000,0	001 samp	le pairs							
Length (IQ sample pairs)	1073 MS	Sa (2 ²⁹ Sa) with 32-b	it data packin	g					
Maximum capture time (time record length)	1.79 s a	1.79 s at full 10 MHz BW				Captu	ure time increases lir width	nearly with dec	crease in	
	IF frequency resp	onse (sp	an ≤ 1.5 G	Hz), microwa	ave presele	ctor byp	ass path (MPB)			
	3a. I	3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation) 3b. L			LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)			
Center frequency	Full range	20 to	30 °C	RMS (nomina	l) No	minal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nomina	
850 MHz to 3.5 GHz	± 3.10 dB	± 2.80	dB	0.15 dB	± 0.5	60 dB	0.15 dB	± 0.50 dB	0.17 dB	
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.45 dB	± 1.05	dB	0.10 dB	± 0.2	0 dB	0.10 dB	± 0.25 dB	0.10 dB	
> 7.9 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.65 dB	± 1.30	dB	0.15 dB	± 0.4	0 dB	0.15 dB	± 0.35 dB	0.10 dB	
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.35 dB	± 1.90		0.15 dB	± 0.6	0 dB	0.20 dB	± 0.50 dB	0.15 dB	
> 34.4 to 48.05 GHz	± 3.20 dB	± 2.70	dB	0.30 dB	± 0.7		0.30 dB	± 0.70 dB	0.30 dB	
> 48.05 to 50 GHz	± 1.50 dB (nom			0.50 dB	± 1.0		0.50 dB	± 1.00 dB	0.50 dB	
	IF frequ	uency res	sponse (sp	oan ≤ 1.5 GH:	z) full bypas	s path (FBP)			
		4a.	FBP (10 c	dB attenuatio	on)		4b. LI	NA on (0 dB a	ttenuation)	
Center frequency	Full rang	e	2	0 to 30 °C	RMS	3 (nomir	nal) Nomin	al	RMS (nominal)	
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.40 dB		± 1.05 d	В	0.10	dB	± 0.25 dB			
> 7.9 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.65 dB		± 1.30 d		0.15	dB ± 0.45 dB		0.15 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.65 dB		± 2.20 d		0.30		± 0.85 dB		80 dB	
> 34.4 to 48.05 GHz	± 3.65 dB		± 3.10 d	В	0.40		± 1.00 dB		0.40 dB	
> 48.05 to 50 GHz	± 1.90 dB (nom	inal)			0.70	dB	± 1.50 dB	0.6	60 dB	
				phase lineari	•					
Center Frequency		Span (M	1Hz)			eselecto		RMS (no	ominal)	
≥ 0.02 GHz, ≤ 3.3 GHz	≤ 1500 MHz				N/A		2.00°			
		IF dyn	amic rang	je (IF gain = h	nigh) (nomir	nal)				
SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC	related spurious)		GHz –49 GHz –54				Signal at –22 dBFS	S, anywhere ir	ı full IF width	
IF	residual respons	ses (relat	ive to full	scale, input t	terminated,	IF gain :	= high) (nominal)			
< 3.5 GHz					-100 dBFS					
≥ 3.5 GHz to 34.5 GHz					-85 dBFS					

-65 dBFS



34.5 GHz to 50 GHz

Full scale (ADC clipping); preselector bypassed, LNA off, PA off (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

	Option					
Center frequency	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high		
< 3.3 GHz	Х	Х	-12 dBm	–12 dBm		
> 3.3 to 26.5 GHz	х		–8 dBm	–18 dBm		
> 3.3 to 26.5 GHz		Х	–10 dBm	–20 dBm		
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		Х	-10 dBm	–16 dBm		
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF			Up to +5.5 dB nominal			

Signal to noise ratio

(ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = Low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	143 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	141 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	135 dB

TOI

(3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS (≤ 26.5 GHz) or −15 dBFS (>26.5 GHz to 50 GHz), 10 MHz tone separation) (nominal)

Center frequency	
<3.5 GHz	-75 dBc
> 3.5 to 20 GHz	-75 dBc
> 20 to 26.5 GHz	-70 dBc
> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz	-69 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±2.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center frequency	3a. MPB		3b. L	NA on	4a. FBP		
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-150 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	
> 8.9 to 26.5 GHz	-147 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	
> 26.5 to 34 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	
> 34 to 50 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

Center frequency	
<3.5 GHz	-100 dBm (nominal)
3.5 to 50 GHz	-90 dBm (nominal)

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



	3a. MPB (*	10 dB attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	n) 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation			
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal			
10 to 600 MHz	± 1.8 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.8 dB			
600 MHz to 3.5 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB			
> 7.9 to 12.8 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB			
> 12.8 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB			
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.5 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.6 dB			
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.1 dB	± 2.4 dB	± 0.8 dB	± 0.9 dB			
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.1 dB					
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.1 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 1.1 dB			
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.3 dB					
	Amplit	ude accuracy, absolute, full	bypass path (FBP)				
	4a. FBP (1	0 dB attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0	dB attenuation)			
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Non	ninal			
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.4 dB				
> 7.9 to 12.8 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB				
> 12.8 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.6 dB				
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.6 dB				
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.6 dB	± 1.0 dB				
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.1 dB					
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.6 dB	± 3.1 dB	± 1.3 dB				
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 4.8 dB	± 3.3 dB					



2 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R20)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 950 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

	2.0 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (option	n K2U)
Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 2.0 GHz	
Tuning range	3.5 to 50 GHz	In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified
IF frequency	1200 MHz (center)	
ADC sample rate	4.8 GSa/sec	
ADC resolution	14 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	
IQ-pair sample rate	1.25*IFBW	
Capture memory	16 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	1073 MSa (229 Sa) with 32-bit data packing	
Capture time (time record length)	1.79 s at full 2.0 GHz BW	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth

IE fraguancy rachanc	0 (cnan < 2 GHz)	. microwave preselector	hypace nath (MDR)
IF HEUDEHCV TESPONS	e isuali 2 Z Grizi	. IIIIGIUWAYE DIESEIEGGOI	DVDa55 Datii (WFD)

	3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)			3b. LNA attenu	on (0 dB ation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.45 dB	± 1.05 dB	0.10 dB	± 0.20 dB	0.10 dB	± 0.25 dB	0.10 dB
> 7.9 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.65 dB	± 1.30 dB	0.15 dB	± 0.40 dB	0.15 dB	± 0.35 dB	0.10 dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.35 dB	± 1.90 dB	0.15 dB	± 0.60 dB	0.20 dB	± 0.50 dB	0.15 dB
> 34.4 to 48.05 GHz	± 3.20 dB	± 2.70 dB	0.30 dB	± 0.70 dB	0.30 dB	± 0.70 dB	0.30 dB
> 48.05 to 50 GHz	± 1.50 dB (nominal)		0.50 dB	± 1.00 dB	0.50 dB	± 1.00 dB	0.50 dB

IF frequency response (span ≤ 2 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

		4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation	4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.40 dB	± 1.05 dB	0.10 dB	± 0.25 dB	0.10 dB
> 7.9 to 26.5 GHz	± 1.65 dB	± 1.30 dB	0.15 dB	± 0.45 dB	0.15 dB
> 26.5 to 34.4 GHz	± 2.65 dB	± 2.20 dB	0.30 dB	± 0.85 dB	0.30 dB
> 34.4 to 48.05 GHz	± 3.65 dB	± 3.10 dB	0.40 dB	± 1.00 dB	0.40 dB
> 48.05 to 50 GHz	± 1.90 dB (nominal)		0.70 dB	± 1.50 dB	0.60 dB

IF phase linearity

	Center Frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
	3.5 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 2000 MHz	Off	1.00°
ĺ	26.5 to 50 GHz	≤ 2000 MHz	Off	2.50°

IF dynamic range (nominal)

SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious)

-54 dBc

Signal at -22 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width

IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated) (nominal)

3.5 to 34.5 GHz	-85 dBFS
34.5 to 50 GHz	-65 dBFS



Full scale (ADC clipping); preselector bypassed, LNA off, PA off (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Option				
	508, 513 and 526	544 and 550	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high	
> 3.3 to 26.5 GHz	х		–8 dBm	–18 dBm	
> 3.3 to 26.5 GHz		Х	–10 dBm	–20 dBm	
> 26.5 to 50 GHz		Х	–10 dBm	–16 dBm	
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF			Up to ±5.5 dB nominal		

Signal to noise ratio

(ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
≤ 3.6 GHz	143 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	141 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	135 dB

TOI

(3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS (≤ 26.5 GHz) or -15 dBFS (>26.5 GHz to 50 GHz), 10 MHz tone separation)

Center frequency	
3.5 to 20 GHz	–75 dBc
20 to 26.5 GHz	-70 dBc
26.5 to 50 GHz	-69 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±2.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

Center Frequency	3a. MPB		3b. LNA on		4a. FBP	
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-150 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz
>8.9 to 26.5 GHz	-147 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz
> 26.5 to 34 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz		-154 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz
> 34 to 50 GHz	-133 dBm/Hz	-133 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz)

Residual Responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

 Center frequency
 3.5 GHz to-50 GHz
 -90 dBm (nominal)

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency		
10 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz		
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz		
> 3.3 to 50.0 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz		



Amplitude accuracy, absolute, microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)						
	3a. MPB (1	3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation) 3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)				
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal		
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 7.9 to 12.8 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB		
> 12.8 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.6 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.6 dB		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.1 dB	± 2.4 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.9 dB		
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.1 dB				
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.1 dB	± 1.3 dB	± 1.3 dB		
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.3 dB				

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)						
	4a. FBP (1	0 dB attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)			
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal			
> 3.5 to 7.9 GHz	± 1.2 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 7.9 to 12.8 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB			
> 12.8 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.5 dB			
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.5 dB			
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.6 dB	± 1.0 dB			
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	± 5.5 dB	± 3.1 dB				
> 36.5 to 45.0 GHz	± 4.7 dB	± 3.1 dB	± 1.5 dB			
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 5.0 dB	± 3.3 dB				



General Specifications

	Temperature Range
Operating	
Altitude ≤ 2,300 m	0 to 55 °C
Altitude = 4,600 m	0 to 47 °C
Derating	The maximum operating temperature derates linearly from altitude of 4,600 m to 2,300 m
Storage	-40 to +70 °C
Altitude	4,600 m (approx. 15,000 feet)
Maximum relative humidity	95% up to 40°C, non-condensing. From 40 °C to 55 °C, the maximum % Relative Humidity follows the line of constant dew point.
	Environment
Indoor use	
	Power requirements
Voltage and frequency (nominal)	100/120 V, 50/60/400 Hz The instruments can operate with mains supply voltage fluctuations up \pm 10% of the nominal voltage
Rated input power	630 W (maximum)
Power consumption, on	560W (typical)
Power Consumption, Standby	45 W
· ·	Display
Resolution	1280 x 768
Size	269 mm (10.6 in.) diagonal (nominal) capacitive multi-touch screen
	Data storage
Internal	Removable solid-state drive (≥ 256 GB)
External	Supports USB 3.0/2.0 compatible memory devices
CPU	Modular, upgradeable; Intel i7, 6-core, 1.9 GHz clock, 32 GB DDR4 DRAM; includes secure memory for instrume calibration data
SSD (solid-state drive)	≥256 GB, removeable
Operating system	Windows-10, Enterprise
	Weight
Net	27 kg (59 lbs) (nominal)
Shipping	39 kg (86 lbs) (nominal)
· · ·	Dimensions
Height	177 mm (7.0 in)
Width	426 mm (16.8 in)
Length	556 mm (21.9 in)
_	Calibration cycle
The recommended calibration cycle is	one year; calibration services are available through Keysight service centers.



Inputs and Outputs

Front panel

	Ri	input				
Standard (Option 508, 513, 526) Type-N female, 50 Ω nominal						
Standard (Option 544, 550)	2.4 mm male, 50 Ω nominal					
Option C35 (with Option 526 only)	3.5 mm male, 50 Ω nominal					
	External mix	ing (optio	n EXM)			
Connector	SMA, female, 50 Ω, nominal					
Functions	Diplexer, LO output, IF input					
	LO	output				
Frequency range	3.75 to 14.1 GHz					
	The LO output port power is compatible with Keysight M1970 and 11970 Series mixers except for the 11970K. The power is specified at the connector. Cable loss will affect the power available at the mixer. With non-Keysight/Agilent mixer units, supplied loss calibration data may be valid only at a specified LO power that may differ from the power available at the mixer. In such cases, additional uncertainties apply.					
	Center frequency		Full range		20 to 30°C	
Output power	3.75 to 8.72 GHz (LO Doubler = Off settings)		14 to 18.8 dBm		+15 to 18 dBm	
	7.8 to 14.1 GHz (LO Doubler = On setting. Fundam frequency = 3.9 to 7.05 GHz)	N/A		+14 to 18.5 dBm		
	Internal ca	librator or	utput			
Cal out (Option 508, 513, 526)	SMA female, 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz	internal ca	librator output			
Cal out (Option 544, 550)	2.4 mm female, 10 MHz to 50 GHz	internal ca	alibrator output			
	Prob	e power				
Voltage/Current	+15 Vdc, ± 7% at 150 mA max (no -12.6 Vdc, ± 10% at 150 mA max GND					
	US	B ports				
Туре	Description		Connector		Output Current	
Standard (3)	0.5 A (nom) for ports not n			(nom) for port marked with		
	Headp	hone jack	(
Connector	Miniature stereo audio jack					
Connector	3.5 mm					



Rear Panel

	10 MHz out
Connector	BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal)
Output amplitude	≥ 0 dBm (nominal)
Frequency	10 MHz × (1+ frequency reference accuracy)
1104401109	Ext ref in
O	
Connector	BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal)
Input amplitude range	Sine wave: –5 to 10 dBm (nominal) Square wave: 0.2 to 1.5 V peak-to-peak (nominal)
	1 to 50 MHz (nominal)
Input frequency	(selectable to 1 Hz resolution)
Frequency lock range	± 2 x 10-6 of specified external reference input frequency
, , ,	Trigger 1 and 2 inputs
Connector	BNC female,10 kΩ (nominal)
Trigger level range	-5 to +5 V
Thigger level range	Trigger 3 input (precision, for wide-bandwidth measurements only)
Connector	
Trigger level range	SMA, female, 50 Ω (nominal) -4.5 to 4.5 V
Thiggs level range	
	Trigger 1 and 2 outputs
Connector	BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal)
Trigger level range	0 to 5 V (CMOS) (nominal)
	VGA (monitor output 1)
Connector	VGA compatible, 15-pin mini D-SUB
Format	XGA (60 Hz vertical sync rates, non-interlaced) analog RGB
Resolution	1280 x 768 (Default)
	DisplayPort (monitor output 2)
Connector	Mini display port
Resolution	1280 x 768 (Default)
	Noise source drive +28 V (pulsed)
Connector	BNC female
Output Voltage On	28.0 ± 0.1 V
Output Voltage Off	<1.0 V
SNS Series Noise Source	For use with Keysight Technologies SNS series noise sources
Connector	12 pin circular
	Analog out
Connector	BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal)
Comicolor	USB ports
	·
	USB 3.0 (host, superspeed; 2 ports)
Standard	Compatible with USB 3.0
Connector	USB Type-A female
Output current	0.9 A (nominal)
	USB 2.0 (1 port)
Standard	Compatible with USB 2.0
Connector	USB Type-A female
Output current	0.5 A (nominal)
	USB 3.0 (device; 1 port)
Standard	Compatible with USB 3.0
Connector	USB Type-B female
	GPIB interface
Connector	IEEE-488 bus connector
GPIB codes	SH1, AH1, T6, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, C1, C2, C3, C28, DT1, L4, C0
GPIB mode	Controller or device



	PCIe X4 interface		
Connector	PCIe X4, female		
	Digital bus interface		
	MDR-80		
Connector	This port is intended for use with the Agilent/Keysight N5105 and N5106	products only. It is not available for general	
	purpose use.	,	
	LAN TCP/IP interface		
Standard	1000Base-T		
Connector	RJ45 Ethertwist		
Wide IF out (enabled by option CRW)			
Connector	SMA, female, 50 Ω nominal		
	AUX IF output		
Connector	SMA female, shared by CR3, CRP and ALV		
Impedance	50 Ω nominal		
,	AUX IF output, second IF output (option CR3)		
SA mode	322.5 MHz center frequency		
IQ analyzer with IF bandwidth ≤ 25 MHz	322.5 MHz center frequency		
IQ analyzer with IF path 40 MHz	250 MHz center frequency		
IQ analyzer with IF path 255 MHz or 1 GHz	690 MHz center frequency		
IQ analyzer with IF path 1.5 GHz	950 MHz (band 0), 1200 MHz (band 1 to 4)		
IQ analyzer with IF path 2 GHz	1200 MHz center frequency		
Conversion gain (SA mode and up to	-1 to +4 dB (nominal) plus RF frequency response		
40 MHz bandwidth)	Tto 14 db (nonlinal) plus tti irequency response		
	Bandwidth (-6 dB)		
< 3.6 GHz	Up to 1 GHz (nominal)		
> 3.6 GHz, with preselector	Depends on RF center frequency		
> 3.6 GHz, with preselector bypass	100-800 MHz ±3 dB (nominal)		
AUX IF output, prog	rammable (Option CRP) (only available in swept spectrum analysis or IF	path ≤ 40 MHz)	
	Bandwidth		
Highpass corner frequency	5 MHz (nominal) at -3dB		
Lowpass corner frequency	120 MHz (nominal) at −3dB		
	Output at 70 MHz		
< 3.6 GHz or >3.6 GHz with preselector	100 MHz nominal		
bypassed			
Preselected band	Depends on RF center frequency		
	IF output center frequency		
Range	10 to 75 MHz (user selectable)		
Resolution	0.5 MHz		
Conversion gain	-1 to +4 dB (nominal) plus RF frequency response		
Lower output frequencies	Subject to folding		
Residual output signals	≤ -88 dBm (nominal)		
	AUX IF output, Fast Log Video (Option ALV)		
	General Port Specifications		
Connector	SMA female	Shared with other options	
Impedance	50 Ω nominal		
	Fast Log Video Output		
Output voltage	Open-circuit voltages		
Maximum	1.6 V at –10 dBm nominal		
Slope	25 ± 1 mV/dB nominal		
Rise Time	15 ns nominal		
Fall Time	40 ns nominal		



	Y-axis video output (Option YAV)			
General port specifications				
Connector	BNC female	Shared with other		
Impedance	50 Ω nominal	options		
	Screen Video			
Display scale types	Log or Lin	"Lin" is linear in voltage		
Log scales	All (0.1 to 20 dB/div)			
Modes	Spectrum analyzer only			
Gating	Gating must be off			
Output scaling	0 to 1.0 V open circuit, representing bottom to top of screen			
Offset	± 1% of full scale (nominal)			
Gain accuracy	± 1% of output voltage (nominal)			
	Log Video (log envelope) Output			
	Amplitude Range (terminated with 50 Ω)			
Maximum	1.0 V (nominal) for –10 dBm at the mixer			
Scale factor	Output changes 1 V per 192.66 dB change in the signal envelope			
Bandwidth	Set by RBW			
Operating conditions	Select Sweep Type = Swept			
	Linear Video (AM demod) Output			
	Amplitude Range (terminated with 50 Ω)			
Maximum	1.0 V (nominal) for signal envelope at the reference level			
Minimum	0 V			
Scale factor	If carrier level is set to half the reference level in volts, the scale factor is 200% of carrier level per volt. Regardless of the carrier level, the scale factor is 100% of reference level per volt.			
Bandwidth	Set by RBW			
Operating conditions	Select Sweep Type = Swept			
, po. a g - o a a - 110	30.30 3.130 3.10pt			



Regulatory Information

This product is designed for use in INSTALLATION CATEGORY II and POLLUTION DEGREE 2 and MEASUREMENT CATEGORY NONE per IEC 61010-1, and 664 respectively.

This product has been designed and tested in accordance with accepted industry standards and has been supplied in a safe condition. The instruction documentation contains information and warnings which must be followed by the user to ensure safe operation and to maintain the product in a safe condition.

This product is intended for indoor use.

Safety and Regulatory Markings Which May Be on the Product

C€	The CE mark is a registered trademark of the European Community (if accompanied by a year, it is the year when the design was proven). This product complies with all relevant directives.		
ccr.keysight@keysight.com	The Keysight email address is required by EU directives applicable to our product.		
CAN ICES/NMB-001(A)	"This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001." "Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme NMB du Canada."		
ISM 1-A (GRP.1 CLASS A)	This is a symbol of an Industrial Scientific and Medical Group 1 Class A product. (CISPR 11, Clause 4)		
e B us	The CSA mark is a registered trademark of the CSA International.		
	The RCM mark is a registered trademark of the Australian Communications and Media Authority.		
UK	UK conformity mark is a UK government owned mark. When affixed to the product is declaring all applicable Directives and Regulations have been met in full.		
	This symbol indicates separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment mandated under EU law as of August 13, 2005. All electric and electronic equipment are required to be separated from normal waste for disposal (Reference WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC).		
40	China RoHS regulations include requirements related to packaging and require compliance to China standard GB18455-2001.		
23	This symbol indicates compliance with the China RoHS regulations for paper/fiberboard packaging.		
⟨ ¹≅'⟩	More than one person is required to safely lift or carry this instrument. Alternately a mechanical lift can be used to eliminate the risk of personal injury.		





South Korean Certification (KC) mark; includes the marking's identifier code: R-R-Kst-xxxxxxx



This symbol indicates the presence of a class 1 Laser device.

Regulatory, Environmental and Certifications

EMC

Complies with the essential requirements of the European EMC Directive and the UK Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 as well as current editions of the following standards (dates and editions are cited in the Declaration of Conformity):

IEC/EN 61326-1

CISPR 11 Group 1, Class A

AS/NZS CISPR 11 ICES/NMB-001

UKCA

This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001

Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme NMB-001 du Canada

NOTE: This is a sensitive measurement apparatus by design and may have some performance loss (up to 40 dBm in the range 80 MHz to 6 GHz; above the Spurious Responses, Residual Responses specification of –100 dBm) when in the presence of ambient electromagnetic field of 3V/m.

South Korean Class A EMC declaration

This equipment has been conformity assessed for use in business environments. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference.

This EMC statement applies to the equipment only for use in business environment.

사용자안내문

이 기기는 업무용 환경에서 사용할 목적으로 적합성평가를 받은 기기로서 가정용 환경에서 사용하는 경우 전파간섭의 우려가 있습니다.

※ 사용자 안내문은 "업무용 방송통신기자재"에만 적용한다.

Safety

Complies with the essential requirements of the European Low Voltage Directive as well as current editions of the following standards (dates and editions are cited in the Declaration of Conformity):

IEC/EN 61010-1

Canada: CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1

USA: UL std no. 61010-1

WARNING

"WARNING: EMBEDDED CLASS 1 INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION. DO NOT EXPOSE USERS OR VIEW DIRECTLY WITH TELESCOPES"



Acoustic statement (European Machinery Directive) Acoustic noise emission

LpA < 70 dB Operator position

Normal operation mode per ISO 7779

Acoustic noise - more information

(Values given are per ISO 7779 standard in the "Operator Sitting" position)

Ambient temperature (< 40 °C)

Nominally under 55 dBA Sound Pressure. 55 dBA is generally considered suitable for use in quiet office environment

Ambient temperature (≥ 40 °C)

Nominally under 65 dBA Sound Pressure. 65 dBA is generally considered suitable for use in noisy office environment

Environmental stress

Samples of this product have been type tested in accordance with the Keysight Environmental Test Manual and verified to be robust against the environmental stresses of storage, transportation, and end-use; those stresses include, but are not limited to, temperature, humidity, shock, vibration, altitude, and power line conditions; test methods are aligned with IEC 60068-2 and levels are similar to MILPRF-28800F Class 3.

To find a current **Declaration of Conformity** for a specific Keysight product, go to:

http://www.keysight.com/go/conformity



Additional Resources

The N9032B PXA X-Series signal analyzer isn't the only thing that will bring you to RF breakthroughs. Powerful software drives your measurements while finely tuned hardware takes them to new heights. In order to move the measurement plane to your device under test, reach even higher levels of measurement accuracy, and achieve 2 GHz of signal analysis and generation, the N9032B PXA partners with the:

- PathWave X-Series measurement applications and PathWave Vector Signal Analysis (VSA)
- U9361 RCal receiver calibrator for improved receiver test system accuracy by 10X
- M9484C VXG signal generator for wideband stimulus and response testing

N9032B PXA Signal Analyzer Configuration Guide (3121-1216.EN)

www.keysight.com/find/N9032B

