TASB Student Solutions 2022-2023 Webinar Series

Session 4 January 12, 2023

Collaboration 101

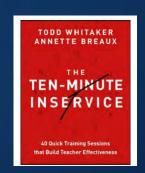
Presented by
Denise Carter, M.Ed.
TASB Student Solutions

This information is provided for educational purposes only to facilitate a general understanding of the law or other regulatory matter. This information is neither an exhaustive treatment on the subject nor is this intended to substitute for the advice of an attorney or other professional advisor. Consult with your attorney or professional advisor to apply these principles to specific fact situations.



"Do you want to see your students' achievement soar? Then improve the teaching in your school. It really is that simple."

The Ten-Minute Inservice
by Todd Whitaker and Annette Breaux, page 1

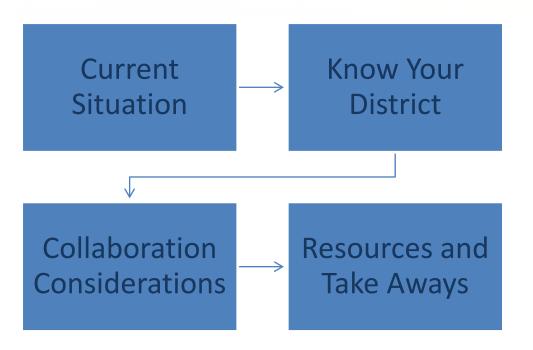




Benefits of Collaboration *Increase student achievement *Decrease staff stress *Increase staff retention *Build capacity *Consistency *Alignment



Agenda





Current Situation



2021-2022 Statewide Totals

5,427,370 Students Enrolled

Emergent Bilingual

1,175,333

[1,185,511 (Bil/ESL)]

Section 504

401,648

Special Education

635,097

Dyslexia 270,966

Enrollment in Texas Public Schools 2021-22, TEA, June 2022



Interesting Highlights

2010-2020

Texas: 8.9% enrollment increase

US: 0.2% enrollment decrease

2011-12 to 2021-22

Emergent Bilingual population:

16.8% to 21.7%

2011-12 to 2021-22

Special Education

population:

8.8% to 11.7%

2011-12 to 2017-18

Section 504 reported as n/a

2021-22

7.4%

Economically Disadvantaged 60.6%



Enrollment in Texas Public Schools 2021-22 TEA, June 2022

Interesting Highlights

Group	Enrollment 2020-21	Enrollment 2021-22
Instructional program or special population ²		
At-risk	2,636,849	2,901,015
Bilingual or ESL ^{b,c}	1,124,413	1,185,511
Dyslexia	241,197	270,966
EB/EL ^d	1,108,883	1,175,333
Foster care	17,090	15,409
Gifted and talented	443,849	435,356
Homeless	57,811	61,687
Immigrant	108,092	108,787
Migrant	16,733	14,426
Military-connected	144,683	176,554
Section 504	387,622	401,648
Special education	605,043	635,097
Title I	3,464,887	3,487,333

One-year Changes

*Bilingual or ESL (+61,098)

*EB/EL (+66,450)

*Section 504 (+14,326)

Special Education (+29,769)



Enrollment in Texas Public Schools 2021-22, TEA, June 2022

Enrollment by Race

Hispanic

52.7%

White

26.3%

African American

12.8%

Asian

4.8%

Multiracial

2.9%

Ethnicity

- = Hispanic/Latino
- = Not Hispanic/Latino

Race

- =American Indian or Alaskan Native
- =Asian
- =Black or African American
- =Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander
- =White
- =Multiracial



Know Your District



Know Your Students

Demographic Information

- Economic status
- Special program participation
- Ethnicity/race

Program Information

- Section 504
 Accommodation Plans
- Language Proficiency
 Assessment Committee
 documentation
- Individualized Education Programs

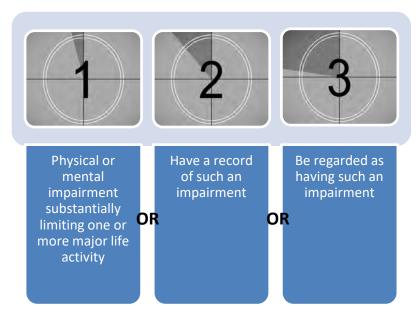


Know Your Programs

- State and federal requirements
 - Required in your district
 - Required at specific campuses
- Student Specific Needs
- Funding sources
 - Expectations
 - Limitations
- Service and placement options



Eligibility



Service

- Expectation Least Restrictive Environment
 - Placement in general education setting
 - Supplementary aids and services
 - Content Mastery support



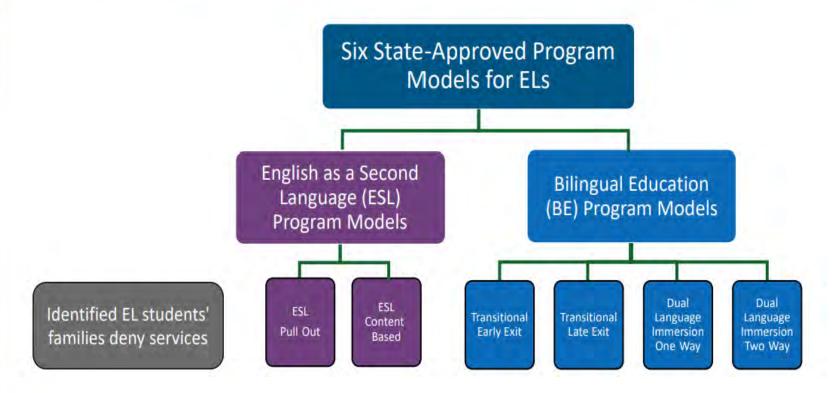
Emergent Bilingua

EB Population	Bilingual or ESL	
20 or more ELs at the same grade level, district-wide, who share the same primary language (Meet the "Rule of 20")	Bilingual education (BE) program required (elementary grades only, PK-5, or PK-6 when grade 6 is clustered with any elementary grade levels)	
At least one EB in the district, but not meeting the "Rule of 20" referenced above	ESL program required (PK-12)	



Supporting English Learners in Texas, TEA; https://www.txel.org/ProgramImplementation

Emergent Bilingual Program Models in Texas





Serving Emergent Bilingual Students, TEA; https://tea.texas.gov/sites/default/files/gen-27-english-

Education Special

Eligibility

Meet eligibility requirements in one or more of thirteen disability areas

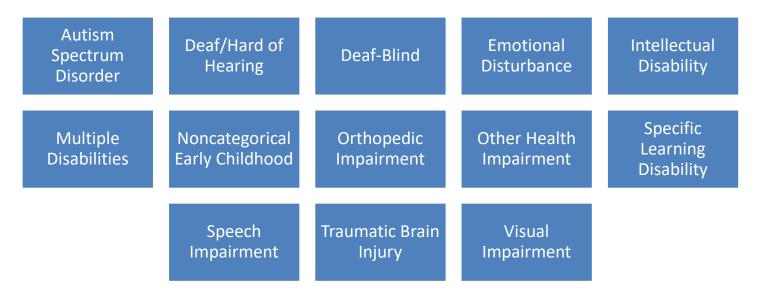


Exhibit a need for specially designed instruction



Continuum of Services

- General Education
 - Mainstream
 - Services provided in general education classroom
 - Certified special education personnel involved in implementation of IEP
 - Direct
 - Indirect
 - Support services
 - Inclusion
 - Co-Teach
 - Two or more certified professionals
 - Paraprofessionals may provide support but are not part of co-teach definition
 - Share responsibility for all students in assigned classroom
 - Planning
 - Delivery of instruction
 - Progress monitoring



Education Special

Continuum of Services

- Special Education
 - Resource Room
 - Self-Contained Classroom
 - Life Skills
 - Full-Time Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE)
 - Related Service Pullout
 - Other
 - Residential Treatment Facility
 - Day Treatment Facility
 - Hospital

Less Restrictive

More Restrictive



Know Your Staff

Demographic information

- Certification areas
- Completed trainings
- Experience
- Strengths
- Areas for improvement
- Areas of need to provide required services









Appropriate General Education Certification

40. What are the responsibilities of regular education teachers with respect to implementation of Section 504 plans? What are the consequences if the district fails to implement the plans?

- Regular education teachers must implement the provisions of Section 504 plans when those plans govern the teachers' treatment of students for whom they are responsible.
- If the teachers fail to implement the plans, such failure can cause the school district to be in noncompliance with Section 504.



Bilingual Education Certification

English as a Second

Language

Certification

TEC 29.061



State Board for Educator Certification		
SPECIAL EDUCATION RELATED SERVICES PERSONNEL		
TITLE	CERTIFICATES	
SPECIAL EDUCATION Special Education Teacher	Blind School (Texas State School for the Blind and Visually Impaired only) Deaf and Severely Hard of Hearing Deaf School (Texas State School for the Deaf only) Deaf-Blind Deficient Vision Early Childhood Education for Handicapped Children (Infants-Grade 6 only) Elementary - Generic Special Education Emotionally Disturbed Generic Special Education Hearing Impaired High School - Generic Special Education Language and/or Learning Disabilities Mentally Retarded Physically Handicapped School Speech-Language Pathologist Secondary Generic Special Education (Grades 6-12 only) Severely and Profoundly Handicapped Severely Emotionally Disturbed and Autistic Special Education Supplemental (valid at grade levels and in the subject areas of the base certificates) Special Education: Early Childhood-Grade 12 Speech and Hearing Therapy Speech and Language Therapy Teacher of Students with Visual Impairments Supplemental: Early Childhood-Grade 12 Teacher of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing: Early Childhood-Grade 12 Visually Handicapped	

These certificates are appropriate for special education assignment in Prekindergarten-Grade 12 except where otherwise noted.

NOTES:

If an individual is providing content instruction in a special education classroom setting, a valid certificate that matches the subject and grade level of the assignment is also required, or the individual must demonstrate competency through the state's 2010 and 2011 high objective uniform State standard of evaluation for elementary and secondary special education teachers.

The employing school district should make every effort to secure educators trained in the specialized skills and knowledge needed to serve the special needs of the children. If a staff member does not have the skills and knowledge needed for the assignment, the school district will make provisions for the person to acquire the necessary skills and knowledge.

*All level special education

*Disability specific

*Related and instructional support services



Requirements

- https://tea.texas.gov/texas-educators/certification/becomingan-educational-aide-in-texas
- As of 9/1/17
 - Issued for two years
 - School district recommendation
 - Initial application
 - To reapply when expired
 - To obtain a higher level
 - Fee (\$17)
 - Pass criminal background check
 - Fingerprinting (\$40.25)
- Three Levels
 - Educational Aide I, II, III
 - Each has specific requirements
 - Some duties specific to certification level



Requirements

- Educational Aides (Paraprofessionals) may not:
 - Develop lesson plans
 - Introduce new material/content
 - Provide direct teach part of the lesson
 - Select materials to implement lesson
 - Assign final grades
 - Be responsible for IEP-related activities unless supervised by a certified special educator
 - Create IEP goals and objectives
 - Design classroom management system
 - Determine or report student progress (gen ed or IEP)



19 TAC, Section 230.61

Collaboration Considerations



Scheduling Strategic

TASB

Considerations

- Collaborate within and across departments
 - Identify a master schedule team
 - Discuss district/campus priorities
 - Review current schedule
- Clearly define services
- Schedule special programs/certification needs first
- Plan for staff needs
 - Proximity of classrooms for staff movement
 - Level of supports in each class
 - Special program meeting responsibilities
 - Common planning time
 - Rotating planning time
- Provide opportunities for teams to meet
 - Grade level
 - Content
- Seek feedback
- Exhibit flexibility

Considerations

- Address administrators, general educators, special program educators, related service providers, paraprofessionals
- Individual student plan development
- Writing lesson plans
- Implementing lesson plans
- Progress monitoring, grading, evaluation
- Behavior and discipline
- General classroom duties
- Parent communication
- Staff communication
- Student communication
- Staff evaluations

Paraprofessionals

- In addition to, not in place of, what certified teacher does.
- May have IEP, 504 Plan, LPAC specific duties (ex. 1:1)
- Working With Paraprofessionals (TEA, 2020):
 - PREPARE paraprofessionals from the beginning on their role.
 - ASSERT your expectations in a helpful manner.
 - REVIEW frequently how things are going.
 - AGREE to work out any problems and support each other.
 - PLAN carefully the activities you wish paraprofessionals to conduct.
 - REINFORCE paraprofessionals for their contributions and successes.
 - OBSERVE paraprofessionals frequently to ensure all is going well and that your plans are being implemented and give constructive feedback based on your observation.



- Ongoing
 - Pre-determined topics
 - Topics that arise
- Specific roles and responsibilities
- Behavior management strategies
- Differentiation strategies
- Program specific information
 - Incorporate into new staff orientation
 - Specifically define expectations of service options
- Communication strategies and processes
- Relationship building
- Collaboration strategies
 - Supervising paraprofessionals
 - Sharing a classroom
- Data collection and documentation
- Electronic management systems
- Curriculum specific strategies
- Accommodations and modifications
- Confidentiality
- Interpreters

To Do:

- Ensure all necessary staff have relevant parts of student plans.
- Provide training on implementation of the plans.
- Clearly define program/placement expectations.
- Create charts to delineate staff specific responsibilities.
- Develop mentor programs.
- Strive for consistent implementation across staff members.
- Create schedules for paraprofessionals and share with relevant staff.
- Establish regularly scheduled meetings to discuss what is/is not working.
- Schedule periodic internal audits of program components.
- Plan for addressing collaboration issues and struggling staff.



Resources and Take Aways



Resources

- ☐ Student Attendance Accounting Handbook
- https://tea.texas.gov/finance-and-grants/financial-compliance/student-attendance-accounting-handbook
 - Section 4 = Special Education
 - Section 6 = Bilingual/English as a Second Language
- ☐ Inclusion in Texas: State Guidance Documents
- https://www.inclusionintexas.org/apps/pages/index.jsp?uREC_ID=2157022&type=d&pREC_ID=2170761
 - Guidelines for Co-Teaching in Texas
 - Working With Paraprofessionals
 - Specially Designed Instruction: A Resource for Teachers
 - Least Restrictive Environment
- ☐ Technical Assistance: Section 504 (TEA)
- https://tea.texas.gov/sites/default/files/504_guide.pdf
- ☐ Supporting English Learners in Texas (TEA)
- https://www.txel.org/ProgramImplementation
- ☐ Enrollment in Texas Public Schools, 2021-22
- https://tea.texas.gov/sites/default/files/enroll-2021-22.pdf



Take Aways



Be proactive. Plan for the types of services needed and assign the best person for each role.



Purposefully design activities to build relationships and trust among team members.



Establish expectations.

Monitor implementation.



Provide ongoing training and support to ALL staff.



Communicate at all levels. Design opportunities for ongoing communication.



Know and use resources to stay current.



Consider potential challenges and make plans to address them.



Maintain focus on students in all decisions.



Questions





Please use the following link and complete the survey about today's webinar:

https://surveys.tasb.org/s3/SS-Web-Jan12-2023





Collaboration 101

SBEC Credit: Download certificate by clicking on the link in the chat section



We are ready to work with you to identify your most pressing needs and tailor solutions to address them!

Thank you!

tasb.org/services/student-solutions 888.247.4829 studentsolutions@tasb.org



Karlyn Keller, EdD karlyn.keller@tasb.org



Denise Carter, M.Ed.

denise.carter@tasb.org



Mary McFarlin
mary.mcfarlin@tasb.org



The information in this presentation may include the intellectual property of third parties.

