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Thursday, April 17, 2025 4:00PM-5:00PM (PST)

**Virtual Meeting** 

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#### TO VIEW THE BLACK CAUCUS' RECOMMENDATIONS, CLICK HERE

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#### **BLACK CAUCUS**

#### **Virtual Meeting Agenda**

Thursday, April 17, 2025 @ 4:00PM-5:00PM

#### To Join by Computer:

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WELCOME, INTRODUCTIONS & MEETING GUIDELINES
 COH STAFF REPORT/UPDATES
 Operational/County Updates

3. CO-CHAIR REPORT/UPDATES

4:10PM-4:15PM

2025 Workplan Updates Review

4. PLANNNG DISCUSSION

4:20PM-4:50PM

- Organizational Needs Assessment for Black-Led & Servicing Organizations: Host a focus group for organizations that did not participate in the initial assessment.
  - ✓ April 30, 2025 Virtual Focus Group: Leaders in Care: Black-Led & Serving Sexual Health
    Providers in Los Angeles County
- <u>Community Listening Sessions</u>: Complete the remaining sexual health listening sessions to engage key Black community populations Non-Traditional HIV Providers, Transgender, Youth Justice Involved and Heterosexual/Men Who Do Not Identify as MSM
- Juneteenth Community Picnic: Proposal to host a Juneteenth Community Picnic as a space for celebration, connection, and cultural reflection. The suggested BYOF (Bring Your Own Food) format would take place at a County or City Park. The event would include a community discussion on Black sexual health and the dissemination of the Community Organizational Needs Assessment.

5. RECAP AND NEXT STEPS 4:50PM-4:55PM
6. PUBLIC COMMENT & ANNOUNCEMENTS 4:55PM-5:00PM

7. ADJOURNMENT 5:00PM

The Caucus' mission is to address the disproportionate impact of HIV and STIs within the Black communities of Los Angeles County through advocacy, education, and mobilization.

TO VIEW THE BLACK CAUCUS' RECOMMENDATIONS, CLICK HERE

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#### CODE OF CONDUCT

The Commission on HIV welcomes commissioners, guests, and the public into a space where people of all opinions and backgrounds are able to contribute. In this space, we challenge ourselves to be self-reflective and committed to an ongoing understanding of each other and the complex intersectionality of the lives we live. We create a safe environment where we celebrate differences while striving for consensus in the fights against our common enemies: HIV and STDs. We build trust in each other by having honest, respectful, and productive conversations. As a result, the Commission has adopted and is consistently committed to implementing the following guidelines for Commission, committee, and associated meetings.

#### All participants and stakeholders should adhere to the following:

- 1) We approach all our interactions with compassion, respect, and transparency.
- 2) We respect others' time by starting and ending meetings on time, being punctual, and staying present.
- 3) We listen with intent, avoid interrupting others, and elevate each other's voices.
- 4) We encourage all to bring forth ideas for discussion, community planning, and consensus.
- 5) We focus on the issue, not the person raising the issue.
- Be flexible, open-minded, and solution-focused.
- 7) We give and accept respectful and constructive feedback.
- 8) We keep all issues on the table (no "hidden agendas"), avoid monopolizing discussions and minimize side conversations.
- 9) We have no place in our deliberations for racist, sexist, homophobic, transphobic, and other discriminatory statements, and "-isms" including misogyny, ableism, and ageism.
- 10) We give ourselves permission to learn from our mistakes.

In response to violation of the Code of Conduct which results in meeting disruption, Include provisions of SB 1100 which states in part, ". . . authorize the presiding member of the legislative body conducting a meeting or their designee to remove, or cause the removal of, an individual for disrupting the meeting . . . . Removal to be preceded by a warning to the individual by the presiding member of the legislative body or their designee that the individual's behavior is disrupting the meeting and that the individual's failure to cease their behavior may result in their removal." Complaints related to internal Commission matters such as alleged violation of the Code of Conduct or other disputes among members are addressed and resolved in adherence to Policy/Procedure #08.3302." (Commission Bylaws, Article VII, Section 4.)



#### **Black Caucus Overview**

The Commission on HIV established the Black/African American Community (BAAC) Task Force in response to the 2019 National Black HIV/AIDS Awareness Day panel discussion, recognizing the urgent need to address the disproportionate impact of HIV/AIDS in Black communities across Los Angeles County. The Task Force developed strategic recommendations to take immediate action toward eliminating the health disparities experienced by Black/African American individuals. These recommendations were crafted by both Commission members and community stakeholders with direct ties to the populations they serve.

Building on this foundation, the Black Caucus was established as a dedicated space for Commission and community members to engage in open, judgment-free discussions about their lived experiences and insights. The Caucus fosters meaningful dialogue among those who share and understand the unique challenges facing Black communities in HIV prevention, care, and treatment.

Beyond fostering dialogue, the Black Caucus ensures that Black voices are effectively heard in Commission discussions and decision-making. Through advocacy and strategic engagement, it amplifies the perspectives of Black people affected by and working in HIV-related fields.

To fulfill its mission, the Black Caucus upholds four core responsibilities:

- **Facilitating a forum for dialogue** Providing a safe space for candid discussions that drive shared learning and problem-solving.
- **Developing the caucus voice** Strengthening its presence within the Commission and the broader community to advocate for policies and initiatives that serve Black communities.
- Providing the caucus perspective Ensuring that Black experiences, concerns, and priorities shape the Commission's work and improve culturally responsive services.
- **Cultivating leadership** Empowering members to take on leadership roles in advocacy, mentorship, and community-driven change.

Through these efforts, the Black Caucus remains steadfast in its mission to elevate Black voices, dismantle health disparities, and drive meaningful change in HIV prevention, care, and support throughout Los Angeles County.

The Black Caucus meets virtually on the third Thursday of each month from 4:00 to 5:00 PM and is led by two co-chairs who guide its discussions and initiatives.

For more information about the role and responsibilities of Caucuses, please review the <u>Policy #08.1102</u>: <u>Subordinate Commission Working Units</u>



#### Black Caucus March 20, 2025 Meeting Recap

Thank you to everyone who joined our March 20 meeting. Below is a brief recap of the discussions and next steps:

#### Commission Updates

- The Commission conducted a series of work group sessions from March 19–21, 2025, as part of a
  comprehensive review and restructuring effort. These sessions are a critical part of shaping the
  future of HIV services in LA County, and community participation is highly encouraged. Note: The
  Commission is working to schedule a virtual session for those who were not able to participate in
  person.
- April 10, 2025: Ryan White Dental Services Listening Session (<u>flyer</u>) open to ALL consumers and providers of Ryan White Program Oral Healthcare services
- April 10, 2025 Commission meeting will be held at St. Anne's Conference & Event Center at 155 N.
   Occidental Blvd., Los Angeles 90026.

#### **O-Chair Nominations & Election**

A second round of nominations for the 2025 Black Caucus Co-Chair position was opened to fill a vacancy. To ensure fairness and allow space for additional candidates, a new election was held. Congratulations to Dechelle Richardson, who will now serve as Co-Chair alongside Dr. Leon Maultsby.

#### **Organizational Assessment & Recommendations**

Consultant, Equity & Impact Solutions, presented findings from the second phase of the organizational needs assessment focused on Black-led and Black-serving organizations in Los Angeles County. This assessment builds on previous recommendations and sheds light on ongoing barriers to funding, organizational capacity, and sustainability. The Los Angeles County Black-Led Organizations Assessment: Integrated Report can be found HERE.

#### Key Challenges Identified:

- Complex funding processes
- Staffing and resource constraints
- Barriers to partnerships
- Unique and unmet needs within Black communities

#### **Recommendations Included:**

- Expanding funding scope and increasing upfront funding
- Higher admin and indirect cost allowances
- Streamlined grant renewal processes
- Capacity-building initiatives like compliance training and evaluation support

- Peer learning, leadership development, and funding requirements that reflect population-specific needs
- Stronger relationship-building and feedback mechanisms between funders and organizations

In addition, the Department of HIV and STD Programs (DHSP) shared complementary recommendations. Their feedback acknowledged work already in progress and emphasized:

- Opportunities to align and collaborate with the Commission
- Partnering with County departments and community-based organizations
- Building intentional pathways to strengthen the infrastructure and support systems of Black-led and Black-serving agencies

#### Upcoming Initiatives

- Plans are in motion to host a focus group for organizations not included in the initial assessment.
- Final community listening sessions will be conducted to center the voices of:
  - ✓ Non-Traditional HIV Providers
  - ✓ Transgender individuals
  - ✓ Youth
  - ✓ Justice-involved persons
  - ✓ Heterosexual men and men who do not identify as MSM

These insights will directly inform recommendations to improve the delivery of culturally responsive sexual healthcare for Black communities in LA County.

#### Next Steps

Mark your calendars! The next Black Caucus virtual meeting will be held on Thursday, April 17, 2025, at 4:00 PM. We'll be diving into planning for the upcoming focus group and community listening sessions—crucial steps in shaping equitable, culturally responsive healthcare solutions for our communities.

The Caucus' mission is to address the disproportionate impact of HIV and STIs within the Black communities of Los Angeles County through advocacy, education, and mobilization.

TO LEARN MORE ABOUT THE BLACK CAUCUS, CLICK HERE.

TO VIEW THE BLACK CAUCUS' RECOMMENDATIONS, CLICK HERE



### STANDING COMMITTEES AND CAUCUSES REPORT | KEY TAKEAWAYS | APRIL 10, 2025

#### 1. Operations

Link to the Operations Committee meeting packet can be found <u>HERE</u>. Key outcomes/results from the meeting:

- The Operations Committee last met on March 27, 2025.
- Executive Director, Cheryl Barrit, informed the Committee that the Restructuring Work Group sessions received positive feedback, and staff will pursue ways for commissioners who were unable to participate to provide input.
- Operations Co-Chair, Erica Robinson, led the Committee in a discussion regarding
  exploring alternative meeting options, including reducing the frequency of
  committee meetings in light of limited resources and preparation for the
  Commission restructuring outcomes. The Committee agreed that one way to
  facilitate the best use of time, positive meeting outcomes, and make informed
  decisions is for commissioners to take personal responsibility to read the meeting
  materials prior to meetings.
- The Committee reviewed responses to the Assessment of the Efficiency of the Administrative Mechanism (AEAM) survey; a draft report will be reviewed at the April 23<sup>rd</sup> meeting.
- The Committee discussed interest for participating in upcoming PRIDE events. Staff will poll Commissioners if there is interest in hosting a resource table and participating in the West Hollywood (WeHo) parade.

#### Action needed from full body:

- ➤ The next Operations Committee meeting will be held on Thursday, April 24<sup>th</sup>, from 10 am 12 pm.
- ➤ Register for and attend the upcoming Priority Setting and Resource Allocations Process training on April 23<sup>rd</sup> from 12 pm 1 pm.

#### 2. Executive

Link to the March 27, 2025 meeting packet can be found <u>HERE</u>. Key outcomes/results from the meeting:

- The Committee approved the following items for full council's approval on April 10<sup>th</sup>: Housing service standards, Transgender Caucus statement of solidarity, and the 20205 Legislative Docket.
- Discussed gauging interest from Commissioners who may be willing to chair a Latino Caucus if it was established.
- Staff reported that a formal report on the outcomes of the COH restructuring workgroups will be included in the April 10 COH packet.



- Agreed to prioritize contingency planning for April 10 COH meeting. Dr. Green
  will use the slides DHSP presented at the HIV provider meeting held on March 25
  with additional Ryan White service utilization data to help the COH with their
  deliberations. The remaining Ryan White service utilization data and unmet
  needs presentations will be delivered instead at the upcoming Planning, Priorities
  and Allocations (PP&A) Committee meetings.
- Brainstormed on ideas on team building activities for Commissioners. D. Russell agreed to send ideas to the Co-Chairs for feedback.
- Dr. M. Green, representing, DHSP, reported that an HIV service provider meeting on the uncertainty of Ryan White and CDC funding for HIV services was convened on March 25. DHSP leadership is lining up meetings with the Board and DPH leadership to appeal for full funding to fill the gap in HIV resources. DHSP is also meeting with the Substance Abuse Prevention and Control (SAPC) to explore if they have resources that may be shifted to support HIV services. Additionally, DHSP leadership have also met with the County Homeless Initiative (HI) Executive Director (Cheri Todoroff) to explore the possibility of shifting HIV-related housing costs/services to HI. Based on the conversation with HI Executive Director, it was reported that DHSP should be able to reasonably support transitioning RCFCI, TRCF, and SUD transitional housing clients to other beds and facilities administered by the HI program.
- DPH has been severely affected by the current funding landscape and recently lost \$43 million that support public health core infrastructure.

Commissioners are reminded to complete all training requirements and associated quizzes. The training schedules, slides and recordings are posted on the COH website.

#### 3. Planning, Priorities and Allocations (PP&A)

Link to the February\_Planning, Priorities and Allocations meeting packet can be found HERE.

#### **Key outcomes/results from the meeting:**

- During their February meeting, the Planning, Priorities and Allocations
   Committee welcomed four new members to the committee G. Green, R. Lester,
   I. Salamanca and C. Vega-Matos.
- DHSP staff provided a Program Year 34 (PY34) Expenditures report to the Committee. The report focused on minor updates to Part A and Minority AIDS Initiative (MAI) expenditures from the February report as well as current spending to date and end of year (February 28, 2025) projections for Ryan White Part B and Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) funds. The report shows that both Ryan White Part B and EHE will fully expend program funds for PY34.



- To date, DHSP has received a HRSA EHE partial notice of award of \$3.3 million and a Part A and MAI partial notice of award of approximately \$8 million. At this time, DHSP does not know when they will receive a final notice of award for RWP Part A and MAI and cannot expect funding beyond the partial award. DHSP noted that the County had seen increases in funding in recent years and is now shifting into a period of limited resources. Difficult conversations are needed to decide how to best use the limited resources available.
- The Committee began discussions around contingency planning in the event of reduced RWP Part A and MAI funding. The Committee outlined a contingency plan for the worst-case scenario of currently secured available funding at \$13 million deciding to preserve Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM) services, Medical Transportation Services, Benefits Specialty Services and Medical Care Coordination (MCC) Services. Finally, the Committee suggested developing additional contingency planning scenarios between 25-70% reductions (of the total award amount based on the PY34 final award of \$42 million).
- The next PP&A Committee meeting will be on Tuesday, April 15th from 1pm-3pm at the Vermont Corridor.

Commissioners should continue review the PP&A meeting minutes and attend PP&A Committee meetings, when possible, to stay informed of current funding challenges, to develop a deeper understanding of the priority setting and allocation process, and to observe how data is used to inform decision-making.

#### 4. Standards and Best Practices (SBP)

Link to the April 1, 2025, meeting packet can be found <u>HERE</u>. Key outcomes/results from the meeting:

- The Standards and Best Practices (SBP) committee reviewed their service standard revision tracker and decided to review the following service standards: Mental Health, Legal Services, and Patient Support Services.
- The committee continued their review of the Transitional Case Management (TCM) service standards and discussed the service components to include in the document. The revised TCM service standards document will include guidance for the following special populations: youth, justice-involved, and older adults 50+. Lastly, the committee decided to invite subject matter experts to their next meeting to inform their deliberations.
- The next SBP committee meeting will be on Tuesday, May 6, 2025, from 10am-12pm at the Vermont Corridor. Committee members, commissioners, and members of the public planning on attending the meeting must check-in with security personnel on the 9<sup>th</sup> floor lobby and wait to be escorted to the 14<sup>th</sup> by a COH staff member.



> Encourage consumer participation in the service standard development process.

#### 5. Public Policy

Link to the April 7, 2025, meeting packet can be found <u>HERE</u>. Key outcomes/results from the meeting:

• The Public Policy Committee (PPC) did not meet in April. Additionally, the May 5, 2025, PPC meeting is canceled. The next PPC meeting will be on June 2, 2025.

#### Action needed from full body:

Review the bills on the 2025-26 Legislative Docket included in the meeting packet.

#### 6. Aging Caucus

The Aging Caucus meets every other month and will not meet during the month of April. The Aging Caucus last met on March 11, 2025.

Link to the March 11, 2025 meeting packet can be found HERE.

#### Key outcomes/results from the meeting:

The Aging Caucus met on 3/11/25, virtually from 1pm to 2pm and finalized their 2025 key priorities and brainstormed on ideas for a cross-caucus collaborative event (slated for September) to address HIV and aging across intersectional identities and age groups.

#### Action needed from full body:

Keep informed of resources regarding Medicaid and Medicare, which are critical
resources for low income, older adults, and people with disabilities.
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- ☐ How Medicaid Funding Caps Would Harm Older Adults
- ☐ <u>Lambda Legal Help Desk</u>
- ☐ Facing the Future Together: FAQs, Guidance, & Resources for Older Adults
- ➤ Join the next Aging Caucus virtual meeting on May 13, 2025 from 1pm to 2pm.

#### 7. Black Caucus

The Black Caucus last met on March 20, 2025; link to the meeting packet can be found HERE.

#### Key outcomes/results from the meeting:

• **Co-Chair Nominations & Election.** A second round of nominations for the 2025 Black Caucus Co-Chair position was opened to fill a vacancy. To ensure fairness and allow



space for additional candidates, a new election was held. Congratulations to Dechelle Richardson, who will now serve as Co-Chair alongside Dr. Leon Maultsby.

- Organizational Assessment & Recommendations. Consultant, Equity & Impact
  Solutions, presented findings from the second phase of the organizational needs
  assessment focused on Black-led and Black-serving organizations in Los Angeles
  County. This assessment builds on previous recommendations and sheds light on
  ongoing barriers to funding, organizational capacity, and sustainability. The Los
  Angeles County Black-Led Organizations Assessment: Integrated Report can be found
  HERE. Plans are in motion to host a focus group for organizations not included in the
  initial assessment.
- Community Listening Sessions. Final community listening sessions will be conducted to center the voices of:
  - Non-Traditional HIV Providers
  - o Transgender individuals
  - Youth
  - Justice-involved persons
  - Heterosexual men and men who do not identify as MSM
- **Next Virtual Meeting**. The next meeting will be held virtually on April 17, 2025 at 4PM.

#### Action needed from full body:

Attend the April 17, 2025, virtual meeting and support outreach efforts to ensure broad community participation.

#### 8. Consumer Caucus

The Consumer Caucus last met on March 13, 2025; the link to the meeting packet can be found HERE.

#### **Key outcomes/results from the meeting:**

- **February Resource Fair Recap.** Despite the rain, our February 13th Consumer Resource Fair was a success! Over 200 attendees came out to receive vital resources and support related to HIV care and services.
- DHSP Clinical Quality Management (CQM) Program. DHSP consultant Michael Haeger provided an overview of DHSP's Clinical Quality Management (CQM) program, which aims to improve health outcomes through strong infrastructure, outcomes measurement, and quality improvement projects. DHSP will keep the Caucus informed and updated on CQM's efforts.
- **Housing Service Standards Review.** The Caucus reviewed and provided feedback on the Housing Service Standards.
- **2025 Co-Chair Elections.** Congratulations to our newly elected Consumer Caucus Co-Chairs: Alasdair Burton, Ish Herrera, and Vilma Mendoza! Special thanks and



appreciation to 2024 Caucus Co-Chairs, Lilieth Conolly and Damone Thomas, for their service and leadership.

- Meeting Timing Feedback. Although it was acknowledged that holding Consumer
  Caucus meetings after full Commission meetings can make for a long day, many
  members expressed a strong preference for keeping them on the same day. This
  structure supports better attendance, as many indicated they would be unable to join if
  the meetings were scheduled separately.
- April 10, 2025, Ryan White Dental Services Listening Session. This session will provide a space for consumers and providers of Ryan White Program Oral Healthcare services to share their experiences, needs, and recommendations. See <a href="FLYER">FLYER</a> for details.

#### Action needed from full body:

- Share the April 10 Ryan White Dental Services Listening Session flyer to both consumers and providers to encourage broad participation.
- Engage in Commission and Committee meetings by offering consumer perspectives, sharing feedback, and staying informed on key issues impacting HIV services.

#### 9. Transgender Caucus

The Transgender Caucus last met on March 25, 2025; link to the meeting packet can be found HERE.

#### **Key outcomes/results from the meeting:**

- Solidarity Statement Updates: The Caucus discussed proposed edits to the draft solidarity statement including the use of appropriate terminology. Caucus members recommended to include examples highlighting the accomplishments and resiliency of the Transgender, Gender-Expansive, Intersex, Two-Sprit + (TGI2S+) community in the solidarity statement. The revised draft was shared with the Executive Committee and is included in the meeting packet.
- Community Listening Sessions Collaboration with Women's Caucus: The Caucus reviewed
  the suggested discussion questions developed by the Women's Caucus and provided
  feedback on the next steps for conducting a community listening session for transgender
  women. Caucus members volunteered to host/lead a listening session and will meet with
  COH staff to discuss logistics. Additionally, the Caucus discussed developing a toolkit to
  share with listening session participants.

#### Action needed from full body:

- ➤ Read the solidarity statement included in the meeting packet and once approved by the full body of the COH, disseminate widely.
- ➤ Join the next virtual Transgender Caucus meeting on April 22, 2025, from 10am to 11:30am.



#### 10. Women's Caucus

#### Link to the January Women's Caucus meeting packet can be found <u>HERE</u>. Key outcomes/results from the meeting:

- The Women's Caucus last met on March 17 and continued planning for upcoming women's listening sessions. The chairs noted that the plan is to host 3-4 in-person listening sessions in May through June with at least one session devoted to Spanishspeakers and another session targeting transgender women. The Transgender Caucus will take the lead in planning and executing the listening session for transgender women.
- The Caucus reviewed the suggested discussion questions and provided feedback to improve and refine the questions.
- Dr. Spencer offered to host a listening session and Commission staff are working with co-chairs to identify additional locations and solidify listening session dates and times.
   More details to follow.
- The next virtual Women's Caucus meeting will be on Monday, May 19 from 2pm-3pm via Webex.

#### Action needed from full body:

Continue to promote the WC within your networks and identify potential partners and locations to assist with hosting listening sessions.

#### 11. Housing Task Force

#### Link to the March 28 meeting packet can be found <u>HERE</u>. Key outcomes/results from the meeting:

- Healthcare Matters Inc., delivered a presentation titled, "Understanding Healthcare
  Access and Experiences in Skid Row." The presentation discussed healthcare access and
  experiences in Los Angeles, highlighting the use of street medicine and mobile health
  services, the need for food and housing assistance, and the importance of peer support
  models.
  - Majority of respondents in Skid Row had health insurance, primarily Medi-Cal
  - Street medicine and mobile health services were utilized by 80% of respondents, with high likelihood of using them again.
  - Food assistance services and housing assistance are the most requested services by individuals.
  - Street medicine and mobile health services are highly valued and helpful, but there are issues with continuity of care.
  - Peer support and community health worker models have been successful in filling gaps in healthcare access.
  - About four individuals out of the 200 disclosed that they are HIV positive.
  - People who tested positive already knew their status and used the tests to check on their current condition.



- Majority of the 200 tests were done without compensation, indicating a strong desire for individuals to know their status.
- Limited new positives found in on-the-street HIV testing, further investigation needed.
- Need to gather data from other street medicine programs to compare results and prevalence of HIV.
- The HTF reviewed its 2025 workplan and prioritized developing a housing needs
  assessment among PLWH. Once the data collected is analyzed and finalized, the HTF will
  convene a housing summit composed of housing services policy and decision-makers in
  the County and present the findings and discuss pathways to housing services for PLWH.
  The HTF discussed presenting their findings from the Ryan White housing and legal
  services provider consultations at the May 8 Commission meeting.
- The HTF will present key themes from consultations held with RW housing and legal services providers at the May full COH meeting.

- Read the March 28 meeting packet for details on the Healthcare Matters, Inc. presentation.
- > Send specific questions to include in the housing needs assessment to staff.
- ➤ Join the virtual HTF meeting on April 25 from 9am to 10am.



#### **Black Caucus Workplan 2025**

(Updates in Highlights 4.14.25)

**PURPOSE OF THIS DOCUMENT:** To identify activities and priorities the Black Caucus will lead and advance throughout 2025.

**CRITERIA:** Select activities that 1) represent the core functions of the COH and Caucus, 2) advance the goals of the 2022-2026 Comprehensive HIV Plan (CHP), 3) identify strategies to address the Black/AA Community Task Force Recommendations, and 4) align with COH staff and member capacities and time commitment.

**CAUCUS RESPONSIBILITIES:** 1) Facilitate dialogue among caucus members, 2) develop caucus voice at the Commission and in the community, 3) provide the caucus perspective on various Commission issues, and 4) cultivate leadership within the caucus membership and consumer community.

#	GOAL/ACTIVITY	PURPOSE	TIMELINE/ DUE DATE	ACTION ITEMS+NEXTSTEPS+FOLLOWUP
1	National Black/AA HIV/AIDS Awareness Day (NBHAAD)	Plan activity(ies) promoting health/wellness, lifting the Black community, and addressing stigma and the disproportionate impact of HIV within the Black community	February 2025	Suggestion: Develop a PSA campaign to highlight Black Caucus initiatives and/or launch targeted recruitment efforts for the focus group with Black-led and Black-serving organizations.
2	Organizational Capacity Needs Assessment for Black-led Organizations	Administer a qualitative and quantitative needs assessment to the nine selected, Black-led organizations to help inform and implement a TA program so that Black-led organizations can better compete for County contracts.	April 30, 2025	Lead the next phase of the assessment by convening a focus group with Black-led and Black-serving organizations to engage those who did not participate in the initial phase.  Date: April 30 Time: 12:00–1:00 PM (Virtual) Mr. Maultsby to facilitate the session.
3	Community listening sessions to address the state of HIV in the Black community	Hold remaining candid community conversations by Black folx, for Black folx, addressing stigma and its relation to the faith-based community.	May – July 2025	Non-Traditional HIV Providers  Target Date: May 13 or 15  Venue: Charles Drew University (CDU)  Facilitator: Dr. Maultsby  Youth (Ages 15–29)  Target Date: June 7 or 8 (Weekend)  Venue: TBD  Facilitators: Dr. Morrison & Youth Co-Facilitator

#	GOAL/ACTIVITY	PURPOSE	TIMELINE/ DUE DATE	ACTION ITEMS+NEXTSTEPS+FOLLOWUP
				Justice-Involved Individuals Target Date: Week of June 23–27 Venue: TBD Facilitators: Dr. Morrison & Justice-Involved Co-Facilitator  Men Who Do Not Identify as MSM Target Date: Week of June 23–27 Venue: Barbershop (TBD) Facilitator: TBD *reflective of community  Transgender Community Target Date: July TBD Venue/Facilitator: To be developed in
4	Juneteenth Community Picnic	Host a Juneteenth Community Picnic focused on community building, in response to ongoing feedback from listening sessions. The event will include a facilitated discussion on the state of Black sexual health and serve as the launch of the Community Organizational Needs Assessment. Suggested format: BYOF (Bring Your Own Food) at a County or City park.	June 2025	collaboration with the Transgender Caucus  Determine interest, confirm date and logistics, and solicit members to assist with planning.  Develop a community needs assessment to complement the organizational needs assessment and ongoing listening sessions. This effort will gather direct input from community members to identify current needs, service gaps, and opportunities to improve culturally responsive sexual health services. The findings will help inform future programming, guide funding priorities, and shape advocacy efforts across
5	Next steps & future of the Black/AA Community Task Force Recommendations	Review recommendations for revisions/updates and determine next steps.	2025	systems of care.  Add a demographic section for those who are incarcerated, ultimately addressing the industrial prison complex.



#### Black Caucus Non-Traditional HIV Provider Listening Session Proposal

#### Proposed Date/Time:

Tuesday, May 13 or Thursday, May 15, 2025 5:00 PM – 7:00 PM

#### Proposed Venue:

Charles R. Drew University of Medicine and Science

#### Facilitators:

Dr. LaShonda Spencer and Dr. William King

#### Target Participants (25max):

Providers who operate outside of traditional HIV care settings but whose work significantly supports the sexual health and wellness of Black individuals and families. These providers may not currently be integrated into the HIV care continuum but serve as critical access points for community health. Examples include:

- Pharmacists
- Doulas and birth workers
- Nurses
- Primary care physicians and urgent care providers
- Mental health professionals
- Substance use counselors
- Chiropractors and holistic healers

#### Session Objective:

This listening session is part of the Black Caucus' ongoing community engagement series aimed at strengthening systems of care by elevating the voices and lived experiences of key priority populations within the Black community. This session will explore how to meaningfully include and support non-traditional providers in advancing culturally responsive sexual health and HIV prevention strategies.

#### **Proposed Facilitative Questions**

Knowledge & Comfort Around Sexual Health

- 1. How comfortable are you discussing sexual health—including HIV prevention—with your clients or patients?
- 2. What types of questions or concerns about sexual health do you commonly hear from those you serve?
- 3. Have you received any training related to sexual health, HIV/STIs, or culturally responsive care? If so, please describe.



#### Black Caucus Non-Traditional HIV Provider Listening Session Proposal

#### **HIV Prevention & Intervention Awareness**

- 1. Are you familiar with biomedical HIV prevention tools such as PrEP, PEP, or Doxy-PEP?
- 2. Are you comfortable referring or prescribing (when applicable) these interventions? Why or why not?
- 3. What would increase your confidence in initiating HIV prevention conversations?

#### Access, Referral & Collaboration

- 1. When a client discloses a sexual health or HIV-related need, what is your typical referral process?
- 2. Have you encountered barriers when trying to refer someone for HIV testing, PrEP/PEP, or related services?
- 3. What would make collaboration between your practice and HIV-focused organizations more effective?

#### Cultural Responsiveness & Community Trust

- 1. In your experience, how do racism or stigma affect Black clients' access to or engagement with sexual health care?
- 2. What does a culturally responsive sexual health system look like to you?
- 3. What barriers prevent Black clients from fully engaging with the current health care system?

#### Capacity & Support Needs

- 1. What tools, trainings, or partnerships would help you better support the sexual health needs of Black communities?
- 2. What would it take to better integrate sexual health into your day-to-day practice?
- 3. What support do you need to be an effective advocate for sexual health in your role?



The Los Angeles County Commission on HIV
Black Caucus Invites Leaders in Care: Black-Led & Serving
Sexual Health Providers in Los Angeles County

## FOCUS GROUP VIRTUAL DISCUSSION

Topic:

Help Shape the Future of HIV Services for Black People in L.A. County

The Los Angeles County Commission on HIV's Black Caucus is continuing its Organizational Capacity Needs Assessment to hear directly from Black-Led & Serving Sexual Health Providers in Los Angeles County that did not engage in the first phase led by Consultant, Equity Impact Solutions.

This **one-hour focus group** uplifts your insights and lived experiences to:

- Identify barriers to contracting with the County and public health funders
- Assess current organizational capacity to deliver highquality public health programming
- Inform capacity-building investments and equitable funding strategies
- Strengthen County's procurement process to better serve Black communities



Wednesday, April 30, 2025

12:00PM - 1:00PM

To Register: <a href="https://tinyurl.com/28r8s6tr">https://tinyurl.com/28r8s6tr</a>



For more information: dmcclendon@lachiv.org

#### **Why This Matters**

Black-led organizations are on the frontlines of addressing the HIV and STD epidemic in Black communities—but often face structural and funding barriers that limit their impact.

This needs assessment aims to spotlight those challenges and uplift solutions grounded in your voice and expertise.

21.3% of new HIV diagnoses in L.A.County, they make up only 8% of the population—highlighting a stark disparity that must be addressed.

Although Black people represent

To end the HIV epidemic, public health systems must be responsive, equitable, and community-informed—and that begins with you.

# Los Angeles County Black-Led Organizations Assessment: Integrated Report

Assessing and Strengthening
Public Health Programming for Black-led
Organizations in LA County



#### **Executive Summary**

Black-led organizations are at the frontlines of promoting health and well-being in Black communities, yet they continue to face significant challenges accessing adequate funding and tailored capacity building to sustain and grow. The Black Caucus (formerly Black/African American Community Task Force) of the Los Angeles County Commission on HIV and the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Division of HIV and STD Programs (DHSP) recognize the unique capabilities of Black-led organizations to effectively serve their communities, specifically as part of Ending the HIV Epidemic in Los Angeles County.

This integrated assessment report combines insights from two iterations of research conducted with Black-led organizations in Los Angeles County. The iterations included both a survey and interviews with organizations identified by the Black Caucus, DHSP, and Equity and Impact Solutions (EIS).

The combined assessment confirms persistent challenges facing Black-led organizations while providing deeper insights into potential solutions. Across both iterations, key themes emerged:

- 1. Funding Process Challenges: Black-led organizations consistently describe DHSP's grant processes as complex, difficult to navigate, and often misaligned with organizational realities.
- 2. Staffing and Capacity Limitations: Organizations struggle with recruitment, retention, and specialized staffing requirements.
- **3. Unique Population Needs**: Black-led organizations serve populations with specific needs that are often overlooked in funding opportunities.
- **4. Partnerships and Collaboration Barriers**: Geographic, bureaucratic, and operational barriers limit effective collaboration.

The evolution of recommendations from the initial and subsequent iterations provides DHSP with actionable strategies across three categories:

- 1. **Funding Approaches**: From expanding funding scope to implementing specific structural changes like upfront funding and increased indirect rates.
- **2. Capacity Building**: From general technical assistance to targeted initiatives like CHW certification programs and compliance training.
- **3. Process Improvements**: From improved communication to modernized digital application systems and population-specific funding requirements.

DHSP has a unique opportunity to strengthen Black-led organizations through implementing these recommendations, which will ultimately improve service delivery and health outcomes in Black communities most impacted by HIV.

## 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

In Los Angeles County, Black people represent 20% of new HIV diagnoses despite comprising only 8% of the total population (Ferrer et al., 2022). This disproportionate impact underscores the importance of directing resources to organizations that can effectively reach and serve Black communities.

The federal Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) Initiative aims to reduce HIV by 75% by 2025 and 90% by 2030 (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2025). To achieve these goals in Los Angeles County, a significant scale-up and expanded reach of proven and new interventions are needed, particularly strategies that address health inequities, dismantle racism, and focus on communities most impacted by HIV.

Black-led organizations are uniquely positioned to address these challenges, as they often have established trust within Black communities and understand the specific social, cultural, and structural factors affecting HIV prevention and care. However, these organizations face historical underinvestment, with research showing that revenues of Black-led organizations are, on average, 24% smaller than their white-led counterparts (Dorsey et al., 2020).

Black-led organizations serve as critical pillars in their communities, responding to negative health conditions and providing culturally appropriate care. Their ability to respond and adapt is contingent on infrastructure, capacity, and access to sustainable funding.

These organizations are often trusted messengers in communities that may have historical mistrust of government institutions or the healthcare system. They provide comprehensive services that address not only HIV prevention and care but also related social determinants of health, including housing, substance use, mental health, and economic stability.

Research indicates that investment in Black-led organizations has not been equitable, reporting that only 2.4% of foundations' overall grant-making was directed to Black communities in 2020 (Taffe & Gilpin, 2021). To effectively support public health programming and address HIV disparities in LA County, funders must strengthen their relationships with Black-led organizations and understand their unique needs and challenges.

#### 1.2 Project Evolution

#### First Iteration

The Black Caucus of the Los Angeles County Commission on HIV and the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Division of HIV and STD Programs (DHSP) initiated this assessment to understand the capacity and organizational health of Black-led organizations in Los Angeles County. The first iteration, conducted from 2023 to 2024, employed a mixed-methods approach that included both a quantitative survey and qualitative interviews. This initial assessment focused on:

- Initial assessment of Black-led organizations' experiences with DHSP
- Mixed-methods approach: Surveys and interviews
- Identification of preliminary themes and challenges

While providing valuable insights, this first iteration left opportunities for deeper exploration with a broader range of organizations.

#### Second Iteration

The second iteration, conducted in early 2025, expanded upon these findings through in-depth interviews with additional Black-led organizations representing diverse service models, funding experiences, and geographic areas within LA County. This second phase:

- Built upon first iteration findings with deeper exploration
- Added perspectives from diverse organizational models
- Strengthened evidence for recommendations

This iterative approach has provided a more comprehensive understanding of the challenges and opportunities for supporting Black-led organizations.

#### 1.3 Assessment Approach

#### **Cumulative Organizational Voices**

This integrated report combines findings from both assessment iterations to provide a comprehensive understanding of the needs and challenges of Black-led organizations in Los Angeles County.

- 1. 11 total Black-led organizations across both iterations
- 2. Diverse service models, populations, and funding experiences
- 3. Geographic variation across LA County

#### **Methodological Consistency**

Across both iterations, the assessment maintained methodological consistency:

- 1. Key informant interviews and surveys
- 2. Thematic analysis
- 3. Focus on actionable recommendations

Both iterations were crafted to address three overarching questions:

- 1. What barriers inhibit Los Angeles County Black-led organizations' abilities and desires to contract with Los Angeles County and other government funders for public health programming?
- 2. What do Black-led organizations in Los Angeles County need from funders to increase their sustainability and impact?
- 3. What is the organizational capacity of Black-led organizations in Los Angeles County to support public health programming?

The interviews and surveys explored organizational priorities, program implementation, staffing, funding experiences, partnerships, and aspirations for serving Black communities in LA County.

The findings from both project iterations have been synthesized to identify persistent themes, provide deeper insights, and formulate strengthened recommendations for DHSP to support Black-led organizations.

## 2. Participant Organizations

#### 2.1 Organizations

The first iteration included executive-level participation from Black-led organizations, all identifying as community-based organizations (CBOs):

- AMAAD
- Black Women for Wellness
- Essential Access Health
- Healing with Hope
- In the Meantime
- Unique Women's Coalition\*
- W. King Healthcare Group

#### Key Findings From the First Iteration Included:

- Black-led organizations' capability to support public health programming
- Their needs from funders to increase sustainability and impact
- Barriers hindering their ability to contract with DHSP

The second iteration expanded the assessment through engagement from diverse organizational models:

- T.H.E. Clinic: An established Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) with significant experience in receiving and managing DHSP funding
- Invisible Men: A smaller community-based organization focused specifically on Transmasculine populations
- TruEvolution: A multi-county provider with experience in both Riverside/San Bernardino Counties and LA County
- LeadersUp: An organization focused on workforce development with connections to the health sector
- Unique Woman's Coalition\*: A CBO focused on empowering the Black Transgender community

The diversity of these organizations provided a more comprehensive understanding of the challenges and needs of Black-led organizations across different service models and funding experiences.

Some organizations were contacted but unable to participate in either iteration of the assessment. These included:

- First to Serve, Inc.
- Jenesse Center, Inc.
- UMMA Clinic
- YWCA
- Community Coalition
- MLK Campus Partners
- Minority AIDS Project

The challenges in securing participation from these organizations may reflect limited capacity, competing priorities, or potential fatigue with assessments that have not led to tangible changes in the past—a theme mentioned by some participants in the second iteration.

\*Note: A representative from Unique Woman's Coalition completed the survey during the first iteration and completed the interview during the second iteration.

#### 2.2 First Iteration Organizations

First Iteration								
Agency Name	Recommended By	Survey Completed	Interview Completed	Applied for Funding	Received Funding	Services Provided		
Black Women for Wellness	Yes*	No	Yes	Unknown	Unknown	Community health & wellness for Black women		
AMAAD	Yes#	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	HIV, housing, mental health, and wellness, reentry, development, and substance recovery support services		
Essential Access Health	Yes%	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Sexual/ reproductive health services		
Healing with Hope	Yes#	Yes	Yes	No	No	Mental health services		
Unique Women's Coalition	Yes*	Yes (First Iteration)	Yes (Second Iteration)	No	No	Black Transgender community support		
In the Meantime	Yes#	No	Yes	Unknown	Unknown	Support for Black gay/bisexual men		
W. King Healthcare Group	Yes*	Yes	Yes	No	No	Healthcare services		

<sup>\*</sup>Identified by the Black Caucus

<sup>#</sup>Identified by DHSP

<sup>%</sup>Identified by EIS

#### 2.3 Second Iteration Organizations

		Sec	cond Iteration			
Agency Name	Recommended By	Survey Completed	Interview Completed	Applied for Funding	Received Funding	Services Provided
Jenesse Center	Yes*	No	No	Unknown	Unknown	Domestic violence intervention
Umma Clinic	Yes*	No	No	Unknown	Unknown	Community healthcare clinic
Volunteers of America	Yes%	No	No	Unknown	Unknown	Housing, healthcare, addiction recovery
TruEvolution	Yes%	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Multi-county housing, HIV, & other health services
T.H.E Clinic	Yes%	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Established Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC)
Invisible Men	Yes*	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Services for Transmasculine individuals
LeadersUp	Yes%	Yes	Yes	No	No	Workforce development
Brotherhood Crusade	Yes#	No	No	Unknown	Unknown	Community empowerment
LA Urban League	Yes%	No	No	Unknown	Unknown	Economic development and advocacy
Minority AIDS Project	Yes%	No	No	Unknown	Unknown	HIV prevention & care for people of color

<sup>\*</sup>Identified by the Black Caucus

<sup>#</sup>Identified by DHSP

<sup>%</sup>Identified by EIS

## 3. Key Findings

## 3.1 Finding Theme 1: Funding Process Challenges

#### **Initial Understanding (First Iteration)**

The first iteration revealed significant challenges with funding processes:

- 60% of participants perceived funders' applications as difficult
- 80% of participants reported inadequate guidance for completing applications

Organizations noted frustration with bureaucratic processes, including being unaware of funding opportunities until shortly prior to the submission deadline, as well as lacking the specialized capacity to apply in a timely manner. One participant stated, "It's not worth the bureaucracy to apply for LA County funding."

#### **Deepened Understanding (Second Iteration)**

The second iteration provided more specific insights into these challenges:

- "The grant process for DHSP is archaic, confusing, very not supportive, secretive." (P1\*)
- "It was released too last minute...not thoughtful in timing." (P3)
- "There is a weighted focus on 'is the RFP done correctly' rather than 'is the substance and innovation of your program thoughtful.'" (P3)
- "Being able to support a large monthly carry-over liability for a large DHSP program without an initial drawdown" identified as major barrier (P3)

One participant described a "secretive" process where "you ask somebody, 'I can't talk about it, you know, can't tell you anything,'" and noted that while this may be intended for equity reasons, "there should be an avenue that you could get clarification on things." -P1

A key informant highlighted the difficulty of tracking relevant funding opportunities: "... It just becomes difficult to identify if there is a pre-existing alignment or shooting in the dark." -P3

They also emphasized challenges with reimbursement-based funding: "Being able to support a large monthly carry-over liability for a large DHSP program without an initial draw-down" was identified as a major barrier, with the organization advocating for "Fully draw-down fiscal contract. No reimbursement. Only draw-down." -P3

#### Synthesized Insight

Across both iterations, Black-led organizations consistently describe DHSP's application processes as overly complex, with inadequate guidance and unrealistic timelines. The bureaucratic nature of the process diverts resources from program design and impact considerations toward administrative compliance, creating a significant barrier, particularly for smaller organizations or those new to DHSP funding.

<sup>\*</sup>To maintain privacy and ethics standards, participating leaders' names are replaced with designations of P1, P2, etc.

## 3.2 Finding Theme 2: Staffing and Capacity Limitations

#### **Initial Understanding (First Iteration)**

The first iteration revealed that:

- 75% of participants reported staff size of 40 or less
- 70% of participants lacked well-developed sustainability/strategic plans
- 80% of participants lacked monitoring and evaluation systems

These findings indicated significant capacity constraints that limit organizations' ability to effectively implement and evaluate public health programming.

#### **Deepened Understanding (Second Iteration)**

The second iteration provided deeper insights into staffing challenges:

- "Staffing...is everybody's issue. My clinic, we need case managers..." (P1)
- "Either you're inefficient or you're efficient, but you're efficiently burning them in the ground." (P3)
- "For anyone that does fee for services, there's an enormous amount of administrative and compliance requirements." (P3)
- "There almost needs to be one person per function per contract, which is impossible." (P3)

One key informant identified "Evaluations" as their top training/technical assistance need, along with "Compliance and administrative knowledge to meet rapidly changing Federal, State, and County requirements." -P3

Participants also noted limitations in their capacity for specialized services. "Capacity for specific projects (e.g. Transgender health)" was identified as a top barrier to applying for funding. (P1)

#### Synthesized Insight

Black-led organizations face significant challenges in recruiting and retaining qualified staff, particularly for specialized roles required by funders. Grant funding may not provide adequate compensation for high-demand positions like nurses or case managers, creating an impossible choice between operating understaffed or overworking existing staff. These challenges are compounded by increasing specialization requirements and grant-mandated staffing structures that do not align with organizational realities.

## 3.3 Finding Theme 3: Unique Population Needs

#### **Initial Understanding (First Iteration)**

The first iteration identified that:

- Black-led organizations serve populations with specific needs
- Organizations focus on cultural responsiveness
- Provide comprehensive services aligned with CDC strategic priorities

Organizations reported providing comprehensive HIV services, including testing, education, PrEP engagement, and community mobilization.

#### **Deepened Understanding (Second Iteration)**

The second iteration revealed more specific population gaps:

- "Many public health funding opportunities do not explicitly include Transmasculine individuals in their focus."
   (P2)
- "People don't provide resources for [assigned female at birth] folks...so prep at one point was just for gay men and not for ladies, not for Trans men." (P2)
- "The way we have to address them may not apply exactly the way the county wants them done...the way you want things done in West Hollywood and set up may not be working in Inglewood." (P1)
- "Education needs to happen around the Trans masc community." (P2)

Participants highlighted the systematic exclusion of Transmasculine individuals, with one adding: "Many public health funding opportunities do not explicitly include Transmasculine individuals in their focus, making it difficult for us to secure funding that directly supports our initiatives. This exclusion results in a lack of research, resources, and health care services tailored to Transmasculine health needs." -P2

Participants noted the disconnect between county-wide approaches and community-specific needs, saying:

"The way we have to address them may not apply exactly the way the county wants them done... the way you want things done in West Hollywood and set up may not be working in Inglewood." -P1

Key informants also emphasized the need for education, with one suggesting: "A lot of education needs to happen around the Trans mac community, because, you know, there's an assumption that you become a Trans man and you're like straight... But that's so far from the truth." -P2

#### Synthesized Insight

Black-led organizations serve populations with unique needs that are often overlooked in mainstream funding and program design. Transgender masculine individuals, Black gay and bisexual men, and Black women face specific health challenges that require tailored approaches. Funding opportunities frequently use language and frameworks that exclude certain populations or fail to acknowledge the different approaches needed in different geographic and cultural contexts within LA County.

## 3.4 Finding Theme 4: Partnerships and Collaboration Barriers

#### **Initial Understanding (First Iteration)**

The first iteration revealed that:

- 80% of participants collaborate with other organizations
- Partnerships include diverse provider types
- Need for DHSP-facilitated networking

Organizations reported collaborating with various partners, including AIDS service organizations, health clinics, faith-based institutions, and civic organizations, but faced challenges in coordinating care effectively.

#### **Deepened Understanding (Second Iteration)**

The second iteration provided specific insights into geographic barriers:

- "Compared to my relationships in [other areas], LA County really, the providers...really assert their own fiefdoms...this is my block." (P3)
- "In LA County very much like, what SPA do you serve? What SPA are you in?" (P3)
- "[An executive leader in another organization] has used his unrestricted dollars to pay for hotel stays and vouchers for folks who were homeless." (P3)
- "It's probably best to come clear with an 80% fully fleshed out plan and allow the partner to come in with 20%." (P3)

Participants highlighted the challenges of working across county lines, and one noted:

"We've actually primarily used Riverside and San Bernardino County monies to touch the area and serve the area of Pomona as well as our private funding. We don't, we have never received any LA County funding to serve an LA County city." -P3

The leaders described challenges working with the county, with one adding: "Like working with the county, contracting the county... the county does not have a plethora of individuals committed to addressing systemic barriers... County is very bureaucratic, and the county is not innovative." -P4

#### Synthesized Insight

Geographic and jurisdictional boundaries create significant barriers to collaboration and comprehensive service delivery. Organizations serving areas that cross county lines (like Pomona) face challenges accessing funding from both jurisdictions. Within LA County, the SPA-based approach to service delivery can create artificial barriers to collaboration and comprehensive care. These geographic challenges particularly impact clients who move between jurisdictions or live in border areas.

## 4. Recommendations

## 4.1 Recommendations Category 1: Funding Approaches

#### **Initial Recommendations (First Iteration)**

The first iteration recommended:

- Expand funding scope to focus on social determinants
- Support Black-led organizations' growth and capacity
- Provide seed funding for program expansion

These initial recommendations identified the need for broader funding approaches but lacked specific implementation strategies.

#### **Strengthened Recommendations (Second Iteration)**

The second iteration provided more concrete funding recommendations:

#### Provide upfront funding rather than reimbursement-based contracts

- Evidence from Assessment: "25% draw-down of contract to support initial 3 months of start-up" (P3); "Fully draw-down fiscal contract. No reimbursement. Only draw-down." (P3)
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Revise contract templates to include an initial payment provision of 25% of the total contract amount upon execution
  - Establish a simplified advance payment request process that organizations can complete at contract signing
  - Create clear documentation requirements for how advance payments should be reconciled with actual expenses
  - Implement a phased transition starting with smaller contracts (under \$100,000) to test systems before expanding to larger contracts
  - Develop monitoring protocols that focus on outcomes rather than receipts/reimbursements

#### Increase administrative/indirect rates

- Evidence from Assessment: "20% Administrative Indirect Rate" (P3); "General operating support" (P4)
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Revise standard contract terms to increase the indirect rate from current levels (typically 10-15%) to a minimum of 20%
  - Create a phased implementation timeline if immediate full implementation is not fiscally feasible
  - Establish clear definitions of what constitutes direct vs. indirect costs to ensure consistency
  - Provide technical assistance to help organizations effectively utilize and document indirect costs

### 4.1 Recommendations Category 1: Funding Approaches (continued)

### Create flexible funding categories

- Evidence from Assessment: Organizations reported needing to respond to emerging community needs that may not fit within narrowly defined service categories
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Create a percentage-based flexibility provision that allows organizations to shift funds (up to 20%) between line items without formal contract amendments
  - Establish innovation seed funding specifically for Black-led organizations to pilot new approaches
  - Implement a rapid-response mini-grant program for emerging community needs with a streamlined application process

### Develop multi-year funding commitments

- **Evidence from Assessment**: Organizations reported that short funding cycles create instability and absorb disproportionate administrative resources
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Move from annual to 3-year base contracts with 2-year renewal options
  - Create a simplified renewal process that minimizes paperwork for organizations with successful performance
  - Implement a formal long-term partnership framework for organizations with consistent strong performance

These strengthened recommendations provide specific structural changes that can be implemented to address the financial challenges facing Black-led organizations while maintaining appropriate fiscal accountability and oversight. By adapting funding approaches to the operational realities of these organizations, DHSP can help build a more equitable and sustainable service delivery system.

## 4.2 Recommendations Category 2: Capacity Building

### **Initial Recommendations (First Iteration)**

The first iteration recommended:

- Provide organizational infrastructure technical assistance
- Support program sustainability planning
- Offer monitoring and evaluation support

These initial recommendations identified general capacity-building needs but would benefit from specificity about types of support needed.

### **Strengthened Recommendations (Second Iteration)**

The second iteration provided more targeted capacity-building recommendations:

### Create a Community Health Worker (CHW) certification program

- Evidence from Assessment: "More widely available CHW certification program" (P3); "Valuable right now, because there's a lot of Federal and State grants that really call for people who have certified community health workers" (P3)
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Partner with the National Association of Community Health Workers (NACHW), community colleges, and/or workforce development agencies to develop a CHW certification program specifically focused on HIV prevention and care in Black communities
  - Design a curriculum that includes both core CHW competencies and specialized modules on HIV, cultural responsiveness, and social determinants of health
  - Subsidize participation costs for staff from Black-led organizations through scholarships or stipends
  - Develop multiple training delivery methods (in-person, online, hybrid) to accommodate working professionals
  - Create a pipeline program that connects certified CHWs with employment opportunities at funded organizations
  - Advocate with other funders to recognize this certification in their grant requirements

## 4.2 Recommendations Category 2: Capacity Building (continued)

### Develop compliance training and technical assistance

- Evidence from Assessment: "How does the building need to be set up? What are the requirements for ADA? What are the requirements for your insurance products?" (P1); "Compliance and administrative knowledge to meet rapidly changing Federal, State, and County requirements" (P3)
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Create a comprehensive compliance guide specific to DHSP contracts that explains requirements in plain language
  - Develop a series of compliance training modules covering key topics:
    - Facility requirements (ADA, safety, privacy)
    - Documentation and record-keeping requirements
    - Financial management and audit preparation
    - Staff credentialing and background check requirements
    - HIPAA and data security compliance
  - Establish a compliance technical assistance email address where organizations can get quick answers to specific questions
  - Create a peer learning community where organizations can share compliance strategies and resources
  - Develop templates for required policies and procedures that organizations can adapt

### Provide specialized evaluation capacity building

- Evidence from Assessment: 80% of organizations reported lacking monitoring/evaluation systems
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Develop simplified evaluation frameworks that focus on practical, meaningful measures
  - Provide training on data collection methods that can be integrated into service delivery
  - Offer technical support for database development or selection of appropriate software
  - Create evaluation toolkits with templates, sample instruments, and analysis guides

### Establish peer learning and leadership development

- Evidence from Assessment: Organizations reported isolation and limited opportunities for shared learning
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Create a formal learning collaborative for Black-led organizations providing HIV services
  - Fund an executive leadership development program specifically for Black leaders in HIV service organizations
  - Host quarterly convenings focused on shared challenges and innovative solutions
  - Develop a knowledge management platform for sharing resources, templates, and best practices

These strengthened recommendations provide specific approaches to building organizational capacity that address the particular challenges identified by Black-led organizations. By implementing these targeted capacity-building initiatives, DHSP can help Black-led organizations build sustainable infrastructure while maintaining their unique approaches to serving their communities.

## 4.3 Recommendations Category 3: Process Improvements

### **Initial Recommendations (First Iteration)**

The first iteration recommended:

- Improve communication about funding opportunities
- Provide greater clarity in application requirements
- Develop relationship-building strategies

These initial recommendations identified general process improvement needs but would benefit from specific implementation strategies.

### **Strengthened Recommendations (Second Iteration)**

The second iteration provided more concrete process improvement recommendations:

### Modernize grant application processes

- Evidence from Assessment: "Technology, technology, technology -- things should be all digital platform, easy drag-n-drop functionality, digital signatory protocol, and workflow automation in your grant process." (P3); "Focus less on whether a grant was 'done correctly' and encourage grantees to focus on innovation, creativity, and style" (P3)
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Develop a comprehensive digital grant management system that handles the entire grant lifecycle:
    - o Registration and eligibility verification
    - Application submission with auto-save functionality
    - Document uploads with verification
    - Digital signature capabilities
    - Automated notifications and reminders
    - Electronic contract execution
    - Financial reporting and invoicing
    - Performance reporting
  - Create pre-populated application forms that retain organizational information across funding cycles
  - Implement a two-stage application process:
    - Brief concept paper/letter of intent phase to determine alignment
    - Full application only for organizations whose concepts align with funding priorities
  - Revise evaluation criteria to prioritize program impact and innovation (60-70%) over technical compliance (30-40%)
  - Provide application templates with clear character/word limits and guiding questions
  - Establish a technical support helpdesk during application periods
  - Create application workshops with hands-on support for smaller organizations
  - Implement user testing with Black-led organizations to ensure the system meets their needs

### 4.3 Recommendations Category 3: Process Improvements (continued)

### Design funding requirements for population-specific needs

- Evidence from Assessment: "More inclusive language and program design for Trans people" (P2); "Clear guidelines that explicitly state how grants address the needs of Trans individuals" (P2)
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Establish a community review panel to assess RFP language for inclusivity before release
  - Develop population-specific funding streams with tailored requirements:
    - Black gay men and MSM
    - Black women (cisgender and Transgender)
    - o Black Transgender communities (with specific inclusion of Transmasculine individuals)
    - o Black youth
    - Black older adults
  - Revise standard language in all RFPs to explicitly acknowledge diverse gender identities and sexual orientations
  - Create flexible service delivery models that allow for geographic and cultural adaptation
  - Implement scoring bonuses for proposals that demonstrate specific competencies in serving priority populations
  - Require explicit strategies for reaching and engaging specific populations within the Black community
  - Create funding opportunities specifically designed to address gaps in service for underrepresented populations

### Enhance communication and transparency

- Evidence from Assessment: Organizations reported unclear eligibility requirements and difficulty tracking opportunities
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Create a dedicated DHSP funding newsletter with:
    - Advance notices of upcoming RFPs
    - Clear eligibility guidelines
    - Timeline for application, review, and awards
    - Contact information for questions
    - Links to resources and technical assistance
  - Develop a public-facing funding calendar showing all anticipated opportunities for the fiscal year
  - Create a searchable online database of current and past funding opportunities
  - Implement a notification system allowing organizations to select areas of interest
  - Provide feedback to unsuccessful applicants about proposal strengths and weaknesses

## 4.3 Recommendations Category 3: Process Improvements (continued)

### Develop relationship-building and feedback mechanisms

- Evidence from Assessment: Organizations reported feeling disconnected from DHSP decision-making
- Implementation Guidance:
  - Establish quarterly "office hours" where organizations can meet with DHSP staff
  - Establish a Black-led organizations advisory committee that meets regularly with DHSP leadership
  - Create opportunities for DHSP staff to visit and learn about Black-led organizations' work
  - Host an annual convening of grantees to share program successes and lessons learned

These strengthened recommendations provide specific approaches to improving funding processes that address the particular challenges identified by Black-led organizations. By implementing these process improvements, DHSP can create a more accessible, transparent, and equitable funding environment.

## 5. Implementation Framework

### 5.1 Short-Term Actions (0-6 months)

To move from recommendations to action, DHSP can employ a structured implementation framework that sequences actions strategically while building momentum and demonstrating commitment. This framework outlines a comprehensive approach across three timeframes.

The following short-term actions require minimal resources, can be implemented quickly, and will demonstrate DHSP's commitment to change while building trust with Black-led organizations:

### **Develop and Distribute a DHSP Funding Newsletter**

### Action Steps:

- Identify a dedicated staff member to manage newsletter development
- Create a standardized template and content guidelines
- Develop an initial distribution list from current and past grantees
- Establish a regular publishing schedule (recommended: monthly)
- Include upcoming opportunities, application tips, resources, and profiles of successful programs
- Implement a simple opt-in process for new subscribers
- Gather feedback after first three issues to refine format and content

### **Create Simplified Guidance Documents**

### **Action Steps:**

- Review all current application and compliance guidance materials
- Identify most frequent questions and areas of confusion
- Develop plain-language explanations with visual aids
- Make materials available in both digital and print formats
- Create short video tutorials for key processes

### Host a "Funding Fair" with County Departments and Other Funders

### **Action Steps:**

- Identify and invite funding representatives from across county departments
- Secure participation from other major funders (foundations, federal programs)
- Implement both in-person and virtual attendance options
- Structure for both presentations and one-on-one consultation time
- Create follow-up mechanisms for questions and connections
- Develop a post-event resource guide with all funding opportunities

### **Establish Quarterly "Office Hours" for Guidance**

### Action Steps:

- Create a regular schedule of both virtual and in-person office hours
- Establish a rotation of program officers and compliance staff
- Develop a simple reservation system while allowing drop-ins
- Create tracking system for frequently asked questions

### **Conduct Review of Current Requirements to Eliminate Barriers**

- Develop criteria for identifying unnecessary or burdensome requirements
- Review all application, contracting, and reporting requirements
- Develop recommendations for immediate requirement reductions and a plan for phased implementation

### 5.2 Medium-Term Initiatives (6-18 months)

These initiatives require more planning, resources, and potential policy changes, but can build on momentum from short-term actions:

### **Develop Digital Application Platform**

### Action Steps:

- Conduct needs assessment with both applicant organizations and internal staff
- Research existing platforms that could be adapted vs. custom development
- Create training materials and support mechanisms
- Implement phased rollout starting with smaller funding opportunities
- Establish ongoing user feedback and improvement process

### Create CHW Certification Program

### Action Steps:

- Partner with educational institutions and community organizations
- Research existing CHW programs for best practices
- Create multiple learning pathways (in-person, online, hybrid)
- Secure recognition of certification by other funders

### Establish Technical Assistance (TA) Program

### **Action Steps:**

- Conduct needs assessment to identify priority TA needs
- Create resource library of templates, tools, and guides
- Establish peer learning communities around specific challenges

### **Develop Cross-departmental Funding Alignment**

- Identify departments with complementary funding priorities
- Establish leadership-level commitments to collaboration
- Develop unified application and reporting requirements

### 5.3 Long-Term Changes (18+ months)

These structural changes require significant policy shifts, system redesign, and sustained commitment, but have the greatest potential for transformative impact:

### **Transition to Tiered Funding Model\***

### **Action Steps:**

- Develop criteria for organizational tiers based on capacity
- Establish pathways for advancement between tiers
- Develop capacity-building supports for each tier
- Secure necessary policy approvals for tiered approach
- Create implementation guidelines for program staff
- · Establish monitoring system to assess effectiveness
- Develop communication strategy to explain the model

### Increase Administrative/Indirect Rates

### **Action Steps:**

- Conduct fiscal analysis of budgetary impact
- Research best practices for indirect rate structures
- Develop policy justification based on organizational sustainability
- · Create phased implementation plan, if needed
- Develop guidance on appropriate use of indirect funds
- Establish tracking mechanism for fiscal impacts
- Develop communication strategy explaining the rationale

### **Implement Multi-year Funding Commitments**

- Secure necessary policy approvals for longer contract terms
- Develop criteria for multi-year eligibility
- Create simplified renewal processes
- Establish performance metrics and monitoring protocols for continued funding
- Develop funding reserves to ensure sustainability

<sup>\*</sup>Appendix A contains additional details.

### 5.3 Long-Term Changes (continued)

### **Develop Population-specific Funding Streams**

### **Action Steps:**

- Conduct gap analysis of current services by population
- Establish clear definitions and priorities for each population
- Create RFP language that ensures cultural responsiveness
- Establish review criteria that values lived experience
- Implement community-informed scoring mechanisms

### **Create Comprehensive Data and Evaluation System**

- Develop standardized outcomes framework, utilizing community input
- Develop capacity-building supports for data collection
- Implement data sharing protocols between organizations
- Develop learning communities around evaluation approaches
- Create system to translate findings into program improvements

### 5.4 Implementation Management Strategy

To ensure successful implementation, DHSP should:

### Establish an Implementation Task Force including:

- DHSP staff
- Representatives from Black-led organizations

### **Develop a Detailed Implementation Plan with:**

- Specific action steps for each recommendation
- Assigned responsibilities
- Resource requirements
- · Timeline with milestones
- Success metrics for each phase

### **Create a Transparent Tracking System that:**

- Documents progress on each recommendation
- Identifies barriers and challenges
- Celebrates successful implementation

### Establish a Feedback Mechanism for:

- Regular input from Black-led organizations
- Course correction as needed
- Suggestions for further improvements

### Allocate Dedicated Resources including:

- Staff time for implementation management
- Budget for necessary system changes
- Technology resources for modernization efforts
- Training resources for staff and grantees

By implementing changes across these timeframes with proper management and oversight, DHSP can address immediate needs while working toward systemic changes that will create a more supportive funding environment for Black-led organizations. This comprehensive approach balances quick wins with sustainable transformation.

## 6. Significance & Conclusion

### 6.1 Significance of the Second Iteration

### **Strengthened Evidence Base**

The second iteration significantly enhanced the assessment by providing multiple layers of validation and deeper insights:

- Confirmed persistent challenges across different organization types: The inclusion of organizations ranging from established FQHCs to small community-based organizations, from multi-county providers to specialized population-focused groups, revealed that these challenges are systemic rather than isolated to particular organizational models. This consistency across diverse organizations strengthens the case for structural rather than organization-specific interventions.
- Identified new dimensions of known issues: While the first iteration identified funding process challenges, the second iteration provided concrete examples of how these challenges manifest, such as the specific barriers created by reimbursement-based contracts and inadequate indirect rates. This more granular understanding allows for more targeted interventions.
- Revealed previously unexplored barriers: The second iteration uncovered barriers that were not apparent in the first assessment, particularly around Transmasculine health needs, geographic challenges in cross-county service delivery, and the administrative burden of compliance requirements. These newly identified barriers help create a more comprehensive picture of the challenges facing Black-led organizations.

### **More Nuanced Understanding**

The expanded assessment provided significantly deeper insights in several key areas:

- Greater appreciation for organizational diversity: The inclusion of diverse organizational models revealed how different types of Black-led organizations experience challenges in unique ways. For example, FQHCs struggle with different staffing challenges than smaller community-based organizations, while multi-county providers face distinct geographic barriers. This understanding helps avoid one-size-fits-all solutions that may not meet the needs of all organization types.
- **Better insight into population-specific needs**: The second iteration revealed gaps in current service models and funding approaches that need to be addressed through more inclusive language and targeted programming.
- Clearer picture of geographic challenges: Organizations highlighted geographic insights revealing how administrative boundaries can impede effective service delivery to mobile populations or those living in border areas.
- Specific process improvement recommendations: While the first iteration identified general needs for process improvements, the second iteration provided detailed recommendations for technological solutions, language changes, and structural reforms. These specific recommendations create a clearer pathway for implementation.

The second iteration moved beyond identifying problems to specifying concrete solutions, providing DHSP with actionable strategies that address the specific challenges identified by diverse Black-led organizations. This nuanced understanding allows for more targeted and effective interventions.

### 6.2 Conclusion

### **Evolution of Understanding Across Iterations**

This integrated assessment has provided a comprehensive understanding of the challenges and opportunities for supporting Black-led organizations in addressing HIV disparities in Los Angeles County. Through two iterations of research with diverse organizational models, we have developed a nuanced picture of how these organizations experience the funding landscape and what changes are needed to support their vital work.

The first iteration identified key themes around funding processes, capacity limitations, population-specific needs, and collaboration barriers. The second iteration confirmed these themes while providing deeper insights into their manifestations across different organizational types and service models. This evolutionary approach has yielded a robust evidence base for the recommendations presented in this report.

### Strengthened Case for Support Based on Cumulative Evidence

The cumulative evidence from both iterations strengthens the case for targeted investment in Black-led organizations as a critical strategy for addressing HIV disparities in Los Angeles County. The consistency of themes across different organizational types and service models—from established FQHCs to small community-based organizations—demonstrates that these challenges are systemic rather than isolated to particular organizations.

The assessment also reveals the unique value that Black-led organizations bring to HIV prevention and care in Black communities. Their cultural relevance, community trust, and integrated approaches to addressing social determinants of health make them essential partners in ending the HIV epidemic. By addressing the barriers these organizations face, DHSP can leverage their expertise and community connections more effectively.

### Call to Action

The findings and recommendations in this report provide DHSP with a roadmap for strengthening Black-led organizations and improving health outcomes in Black communities most impacted by HIV. However, these potential benefits will only be realized through committed action and sustained investment.

- 1. **Embrace this vision for change**: Commit to the transformation outlined in this report as an essential strategy for addressing HIV disparities.
- **2. Allocate necessary resources**: Dedicate the staffing, funding, and policy support needed to implement these recommendations.
- 3. Center Black leadership: Ensure that Black-led organizations have meaningful roles in designing and monitoring implementation.
- **4. Start immediately**: Begin with the short-term actions identified in this report while building toward longer-term structural changes.
- **5. Maintain transparency**: Communicate openly about progress, challenges, and adjustments throughout the implementation process.
- **6. Document and share learnings**: Capture lessons learned to inform similar efforts in other health departments and funding agencies.

By implementing the strengthened recommendations identified in this report, DHSP has an opportunity to create a more equitable and effective funding environment that recognizes and supports the unique contributions of Black-led organizations in ending the HIV epidemic in Los Angeles County.

# Appendix A: Tiered Funding Guidance

### **Tiered Funding Guidance**

A tiered funding model is defined here to support distributing financial resources, categorizing recipients/programs into levels (tiers), with each tier receiving different amounts of funding based on specific criteria. A tiered funding model for DHSP could work as follows:

### **Basic Structure of a Tiered Funding Model**

### Tier 1 (Entry Level)

- Lower funding amounts (e.g., \$10,000-\$50,000)
- · Fewer administrative requirements and simplified reporting requirements
- Designed for newer, smaller, or first-time recipients
- · Focused on building capacity and establishing program foundations

### Tier 2 (Intermediate Level)

- Medium funding amounts (e.g., \$50,000-\$150,000)
- Moderate administrative requirements and standard reporting requirements
- · For organizations with some track record and demonstrated capacity
- Expanded program expectations

### Tier 3 (Advanced Level)

- Larger funding amounts (e.g., \$150,000+)
- More rigorous administrative and compliance requirements
- For established organizations with strong track records
- Comprehensive program expectations, as well as detailed reporting and evaluation requirements

### Benefits of a Tiered Funding Model for DHSP and Black-led Organizations

### **Accessibility**

- Creates entry points for smaller or newer Black-led organizations
- Reduces barriers to first-time funding recipients

### **Growth Pathway**

- Provides a clear progression for organizational development
- Organizations can start at lower tiers and advance as they build capacity
- Creates sustainability through stepped funding increases

### **Risk Management**

- Allows DHSP to test new partnerships at lower funding levels
- Matches administrative requirements to organizational capacity

### Customization

Can be tailored to specific service types or population needs

## Appendix B: References

### References

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# Appendix C: Interview & Survey Items

### **Key Informant Interview Items**

- 1. What are your organization's current programmatic priorities?
- 2. What are the main areas of support your organization needs to successfully carry out your organization's mission?
- 3. In what ways does your organization support and engage in public health programming (ex: HIV, STI programs) in LA County?
- 4. How does leadership involve staff in the planning and implementation of public health programming?
- 5. How does your organization support the health and well-being of staff to minimize burnout when implementing public health programming?
- 6. Who is your organization collaborating with to advance public health efforts in LA County?
- 7. What have been some successes when collaborating with other organizations to support public health programming in LA County?
- 8. How does your organization monitor and evaluate its successes/challenges/lessons-learned from supporting public health programming in LA County?
- 9. What support is needed to increase involvement in LA County's public health programming?
- 10. How is your organization made aware of funding opportunities that supports public health programming in LA County?
- 11. Describe your experience when applying for funding from LA DHSP?
- 12. What percentage of your organization's overall budget is allocated towards public health efforts in LA County?
- 13. Describe your organization's relationship with funders supporting public health programming in LA County?
- 14. What support does your organization need to successfully apply for funding that to implement public health programming in LA County?
- 15. If funds were unlimited, how would your organization successfully address the health disparities in Black communities?

### **Survey Items**

- 1. Gender Identity/Pronouns
- 2. Organization Representing
- 3. Organizational Role/Title
- 4. Number of Years at Organization
- 5. City Location of Organization in Los Angelos County
- 6. Type of Organization
- 7. Organization Operating Budget
- 8. Number of Staff at Organization
- 9. Knowledgeable of the health conditions, such as HIV, viral hepatitis, sexually transmitted infections, substance, and behavioral issues impacting Black communities in LA County.
- 10. Familiar with LA County's public health mission and strategy.
- 11. Has the organizational capacity to lead public health programming in LA County.
- 12. Collaborated with other organization(s) to support public health programming in LA County.
- 13. Aware of other funding opportunities that supports public health programming in LA County.
- 14. Aware of DHSP funding opportunities to support public health programming in LA County.
- 15. Applied for funding to support public health programming in LA County.
- 16. Received funding to support public health programming in LA County.
- 17. Willing to apply for funding in the next 6 12 months to support public health programming in LA County.
- 18. Participated in trainings and technical assistance opportunities to strengthen organization's capacity to support public health programming in LA County.
- 19. Detail the top 3 barriers that may hinder your organization from applying for funding to support public health programming in LA County (e.g., grant submission timeline, grant award amount, purpose of grant does not align with mission of organization, organization may lack the ability to perform the deliverables of what the grant is asking for)
- 20. Funders are invested to address the health conditions, such as HIV, viral hepatitis, sexually transmitted infections, substance use, and behavioral issues, impacting Black communities in LA County.
- 21. Funders are invested in the growth and sustainability of Black-led organizations in LA County.

### Survey Items (continued)

- 22. Funders' eligibility requirements for funding are aligned with your organization's capacity.
- 23. Funders provide guidance and assistance for what is required to complete funding application.
- 24. Time allotted to apply for funders' grant application is reasonable.
- 25. Submission of funders' grant application is not difficult.
- 26. Compared to other grant applications, applying for and submitting grant applications to LA DHSP is more complex.
- 27. How many grant applications has your organization submitted in the past 3 years to support public health programming in LA County?
- 28. How many grant awards has your organization received in the past 3 years to support public health programming in LA County?
- 29. What are the top 3 resources/support needed to increase your organization's capacity to apply for LA DHSP funding (e.g., community partners, staffing, evaluation, grant writing, etc.)?
- 30. What are the top 3 resources needed to increase your organization's sustainability and impact (e.g., community partners, staffing, evaluation, grant writing, etc.)?
- 31. What are 3 best practices grantors have in their grantmaking process that you think are impactful for an organization like yours (e.g., grant award amount, communications with grantors, clarity in grant applications, timeline for grant submission, timeframe of grant award, etc.)?
- 32. Staff are clear of their responsibilities and execute those responsibilities effectively.
- 33. Staff are offered professional development trainings to support public health programming in LA County.
- 34. Board members are active and clear of their responsibilities and execute those responsibilities effectively.
- 35. Organizational policies are equitable and do not hinder community engagement strategies.
- 36. Organization has diversity in leadership and decision-making.
- 37. Organization has diversity in funding sources.
- 38. Organization has a well-developed sustainability/strategic plan.
- 39. Organization has monitoring and evaluation systems to measure success and impact in supporting public health programming.
- 40. Organization's staff recruitment and retention are barriers hindering your organization's performance.
- 41. What are the top 3 training and technical assistance needs to strengthen your organization's capacity to support public health programming in LA County?

## Engage communities. Build trust. Advance equity.

