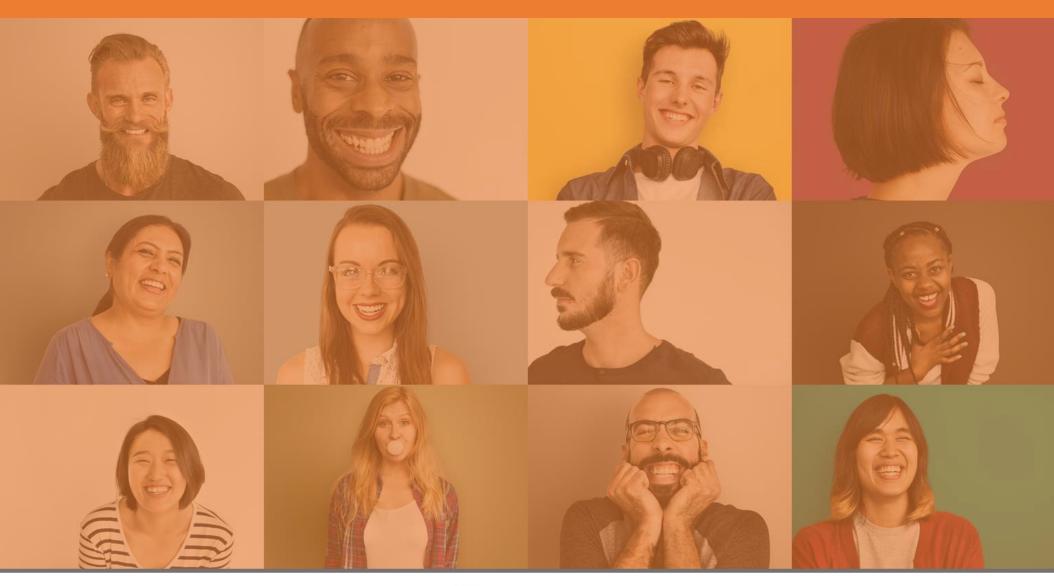
LA County Comprehensive HIV Plan

2022-2026







PURPOSE

- Serves as a jurisdictional HIV/AIDS Strategy.
- Living document and roadmap to guide HIV prevention and care planning throughout the year.

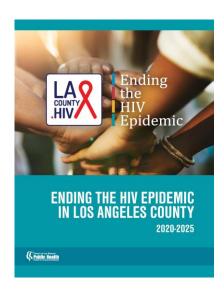


- Addresses local needs and opportunities for improvement.
- Emphasizes collaboration and coordination.

Full document can be found at: https://hiv.lacounty.gov/our-work/

DESIGN

- Designed to reflect local HIV vision, values, needs and strengths.
- Aligns with:
 - California's Integrated Statewide Strategic Plan for Addressing HIV, HCV, and STIs (2022-2026)
 - The National HIV/AIDS Strategy (2022-2025)
 - The Ending the HIV Epidemic Plan (EHE Plan) for Los Angeles County (2020-2025)



NEEDS ASSESSMENT

- Plan was developed using existing/previous assessments including the Los Angeles County HIV/AIDS Strategy for 2020 and Beyond (LACHAS) and the Ending the HIV Epidemic Plan for Los Angeles County, 2020-2025 (EHE Plan)
- HIV/STD Surveillance Data and reports
- Qualitative data from priority populations, community members and providers



- Online survey
- Facilitated stakeholder meetings





SNAPSHOT: HIV IN LA COUNTY

- In 2020, there was an estimated 59,4008 PLWH aged
 13 years and older in LAC. Also includes:
 - 1,401 who had been newly diagnosed (in 2020)
 - 6,800 persons who were unaware of their infection (undiagnosed)
- Of the approximately 52,000 people living with diagnosed HIV:
 - 87% were cisgender men, 11% were cisgender women and 2% were transgender persons
 - 46% were Latinx, 26% were White, 20% were Black/African American, 4% were Asian, 4% identify as multi-racial, and less than 1% were American Indian/Alaskan Native (AI/AN) and Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander (NH/PI)

SNAPSHOT: HIV IN LA COUNTY

• Since 2011, the percentage of persons newly diagnosed with HIV who were unhoused has more than doubled from 4.2% to 9.4%.



- In 2020:
 - Cisgender men made up most of the new HIV diagnoses in 2020
 - Among males, those aged 20-39 and Black/African
 Americans had the highest rates of new HIV diagnoses
 - Among females, those aged 30-39 and Black/African Americans had the highest rates of new HIV diagnoses
- The percentage of persons newly diagnosed with HIV who had one or more STDs in the same year nearly doubled from 25% in 2012 to 46% in 2021.

KEY PRIORITIES- identified during planning & community engagement process

- Embrace a status neutral approach
- Address social determinants of health, especially housing
- Address co-occurring disorders including STDs, mental health issues & meth use disorder
- Expand harm reduction services
- Address HIV-related disparities, particularly those experienced by Black/African Americans

- Increase health literacy among PLWH & people at risk for HIV
- Increase workforce capacity
- Meet the needs of PLWH ages 50 and older and/or longterm survivors
- Create more holistic services, especially for cisgender and transgender women
- Align funding streams and resources to ensure seamless access to high quality services

PRIORITY POPULATIONS

- Latinx men who have sex with men (MSM)
- Black/African American MSM
- Transgender persons









- Cisgender women of color
- People who inject drugs (PWID)
- People under the age of 30
- People living with HIV who are 50 years of age or older



380 or less new HIV infections by 2025 150 or less new HIV infections by 2030



DIAGNOSE



Diagnose all people with HIV as early as possible

- Expand routine opt-out HIV screening in healthcare and other settings, such as emergency departments (EDs) and community health centers (CHCs) in high prevalence communities.
- Develop locally tailored HIV testing programs in nonhealthcare settings, including home/self-testing
- Increase the rate of annual HIV re-screening among persons at elevated risk for HIV in both healthcare & nonhealthcare settings. Implement technology to help providers identify clients due for HIV re-screening & increase ways of maintaining communication with clients.
- Increase timeliness of HIV diagnoses from point of infection by increasing access to testing and increasing awareness of risk

TREAT



Treat people with HIV rapidly & effectively to reach sustained viral suppression

- Ensure rapid linkage to HIV care and antiretroviral therapy (ART) initiation for all persons newly diagnosed with HIV.
- Support re-engagement & retention in HIV care and treatment adherence
- Expand the promotion of Ryan White Program services to increase awareness, access to, and utilization of available medical care and support services for PLWH
- Develop and fund a housing service portfolio that provides rental subsidies to prevent homelessness among PLWH
- Explore the impact of conditional financial incentives to increase adherence to treatment for high acuity out-of-care PLWH
- Increase capacity to provide whole-person care to people living with HIV (PLWH) age 50 & older and long-term survivors

PREVENT



Prevent new transmission by using proven interventions

- Accelerate efforts to increase PrEP use
- Finalize PrEP campaigns for Black/African American MSM, transwomen and cisgender women
- Increase availability, use and access to comprehensive Syringe Service Programs (SSPs) & other harm reduction services

RESPOND



Respond quickly to HIV outbreaks to get prevention & treatment services to people in need

- Refine processes, data systems, and policies for robust, realtime cluster detection, time-space analysis, and response
- Refine current processes to increase capacity of Partner Services to ensure people newly diagnosed are interviewed and close partners are identified and offered services in a timely and effective manner.
- Develop and release Data to Care RFP

WORKFORCE CAPACITY

Increase HIV workforce capacity to diagnose & treat PLWH, prevent new HIV infections and reduce HIV-related disparities

- Increase the diversity and capacity of the workforce that delivers HIV prevention, care and supportive services to optimally reflect and serve the populations most impacted by HIV
- Ensure that the workforce is adequately prepared to deliver high-quality services in a culturally responsive manner

SYSTEM & SERVICE INTEGRATION

Integrate systems and services to address the syndemic of HIV, STDs, viral hepatitis, and substance use/mental health disorders in the context of social and structural/institutional factors

- Increase cross-training and TA opportunities across fields/disciplines
- Leverage the <u>Alliance for Health Integration</u> initiative to integrate services within LA County publicly funded care systems

EQUITY, SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH AND CO-OCCURING DISORDERS



Achieve health equity by addressing social determinants of health, stigma, & co-occurring disorders that fuel the HIV epidemic and HIV disparities

- Advocate for an effective countywide response to SUDs, especially methamphetamine disorder
- Advocate for an effective countywide response to the Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) epidemic
- Address social determinants of health and stigma
- Identify root causes and directly call-out systematic racist practices that have adversely affected Black/African American communities
- Add Quality of Life (Q of L) Indicators for PLWH to the Integrated Plan by 2023

WHAT CAN I DO?

- Use the Comprehensive HIV Plan (CHP) as a planning tool within your agencies
- Adopt some of the goals, objectives, and strategies
- Engage in the local community planning process



- Assess strengths and capacities of your agency
- Advocate for local, state and federal policies and legislation that align with CHP goals and strategies
- Identify and recruit additional stakeholders, including non-traditional stakeholders
- Provide ongoing feedback

Contact Information

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