

## SystemCtl Commands

FDSA runs as a service and needs to be up all the time. However, system administrators with root access may need to manage FDSA using these commands:

To check the status of FDSA: `systemctl status fdsa`

To restart the appliance (when it is running): `systemctl restart fdsa`

To stop the appliance: `systemctl stop fdsa`

To start the appliance: `systemctl start fdsa`

## Unattended Installation

If you prefer an unattended installation fill in the 'Database Credentials' sections in the '.env' file with your preferred configuration. For example:

Database Credentials:

```
PGHOST='fdsa-database.postgres.database.com'
```

```
PGDATABASE='fdsa_database'
```

```
PGUSER='fdsa_user'
```

```
PGPASSWORD='fdsa_pass'
```

Then, run one of the following lines based on your database choice:

For an external database:

```
printf 'yes\nyes\n' | bash ubuntu-startup.sh host.example.com
```

For a local database:

```
printf 'yes\nno\n' | bash ubuntu-startup.sh host.example.com
```