

The first head-to-head trial in TEER for patients with degenerative mitral regurgitation (DMR)



The PASCAL system demonstrated non-inferiority vs the MitraClip system in safety and effectiveness at 1 year

Study design

Patients who are symptomatic, have 3+ or 4+ degenerative mitral regurgitation (DMR) and are deemed prohibitive risk for surgery.



Primary Endpoints:

- Composite major adverse events (MAE)* at 30 days
- MR ≤ 2+ at 6 months

Powered for non-inferiority of the PASCAL system to the MitraClip system

Study aim

The CLASP IID trial is the first head-to-head randomized controlled trial to directly compare the safety and effectiveness of two contemporary transcatheter edge-to-edge repair (TEER) therapies.



54 sites in the U.S., Canada, Europe



Most users were new to the PASCAL system, all were experienced with MitraClip



Study oversight included independent Echocardiographic Core Laboratory, Central Screening Committee, Clinical **Events Committee and Data Safety** Monitoring Board

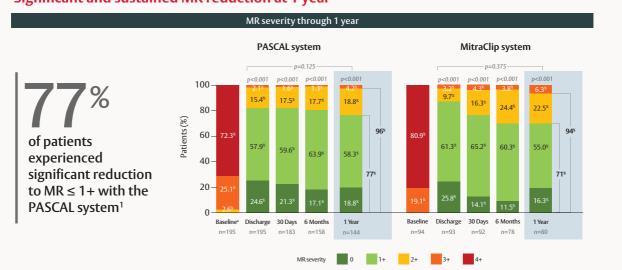
The CLASP IID trial met its primary safety
and effectiveness endpoints

with the PASCAL system demonstrating low 30-day MAE rate and significant MR reduction at 6 months.

	PASCAL system	MitraClip system
Composite MAE* at 30 days	4.6% (9/195)	5.4% (5/93)
MR ≤ 2+ at 6 months	97.9% (186/190)	95.7% (88/92)

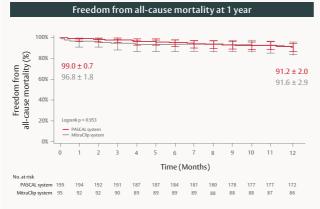
^{*}Composite MAE rate includes cardiovascular mortality, stroke, myocardial infarction, new need for renal replacement therapy, severe bleeding, and non-elective mitral valve reintervention (either percutaneous or surgical).

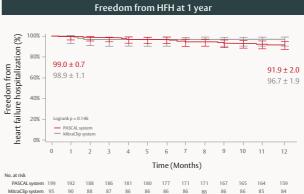
Significant and sustained MR reduction at 1 year



Echocardiographic Core Lab: Atlantic Health System Morristown Medical Center, Morristown, NJ, USA. TTE: Transthoracic echocardiography, $TEE: Transes op hage all echocardiography. \ Graph shows unpaired analysis. \ Pvalues relative to baseline were calculated using the Wilcoxon signed rank test and the properties of the prope$ P values between discharge and 1 year for MR ≤ 2+ were calculated using the exact McNemar's test. a TEE was used for baseline qualification of 5 patients.

High survival and low heart failure hospitalization (HFH) rate at 1 year

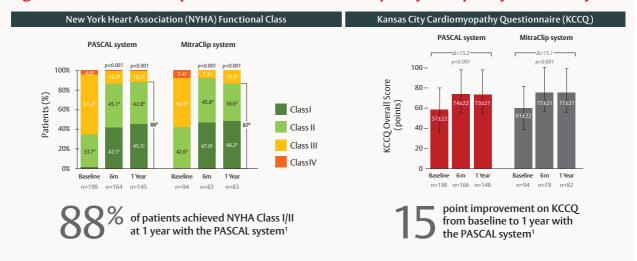




91% freedom from all-cause mortality at 1 year with the PASCAL system¹

freedom from HFH at 1 year with the PASCAL system¹

Significant sustained improvements in functional capacity and quality of life at 1 year



Conclusion

- One-year results from the CLASP IID randomized trial confirm the safety and performance of mitral valve transcatheter edge-to-edge repair with the PASCAL system for prohibitive surgical risk DMR patients. At one year, the PASCAL system demonstrated:
 - High survival and low heart failure hospitalization rate
 - Significant and sustained MR reduction
 - Meaningful and sustained improvements in functional and quality-of-life outcomes

Reference

1. Zahr F, Smith RL, Gillam LD, et.al. One-year Outcomes from the CLASP IID Randomized Trial for Degenerative Mitral Regurgitation. J Am Coll Cardiol Intv 2023; Oct 26; [Epub Ahead of Print]; DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcin.2023.10.002

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