



510 S. Vermont Ave., 14th Floor, Los Angeles CA 90020
MAIN: 213.738.2816 EML: hivcomm@lachiv.org WEBSITE: <https://hiv.lacounty.gov>

Planning for Action: 2023 and Beyond 2022 Virtual Annual Meeting Agenda

Thursday, November 10, 2022
9:00AM - 4:30PM (PST)

To Register + Join by Computer:

<https://lacountyboardofsupervisors.webex.com/lacountyboardofsupervisors/j.php?RGID=rd7a6d2ec85f6c5370043967bd59fc000>

Password: COMMISSION Access Code: 2590 452 2685

To Join by Telephone: 1-213-306-3065 (Password: 26664774)

- | | |
|---|---------------------|
| 1. CALL TO ORDER, ROLL CALL & INTRODUCTIONS | 9:00 AM – 9:05 AM |
| 2. WELCOME, OPENING REMARKS, RECOGNITION OF SERVICE, & MEETING OBJECTIVES Bridget Gordon & Danielle Campbell, MPH, COH Co-Chairs <i>Meeting Objective: Learn about salient topics in the HIV movement and focus conversations around problem-solving and call to action.</i> | 9:05 AM – 9:25 AM |
| 3. COH BUSINESS/ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS | 9:25 AM – 9:30 AM |
| a. Approval of Agenda | MOTION #1 |
| b. Approval of Minutes | MOTION #2 |
| c. AB 361 Findings for the Month of December | MOTION #3 |
| 4. LOS ANGELES COUNTY UPDATE ON HIV AND STDs UPDATE Mario J. Pérez, MPH, Director, Division of HIV and STD Programs (DHSP) Los Angeles County Department of Public Health | 9:30 AM – 10:30 AM |
| 5. COMPREHENSIVE HIV PLAN (CHP) 2022-2026 AJ King, MPH, Next Level Consulting, CHP Consultant Kevin Donnelly & Alvaro Ballesteros, MBA, Planning, Priorities and Allocations Committee Co-Chairs and Topic Champions | 10:30 AM – 11:15 AM |
| BREAK | 11:15 AM – 11:30 AM |



- 6. TRANSGENDER EMPATHY TRAINING** 11:30 AM – 12:30 PM
Mallery Jenna Robinson, Commissioner, Alternate
Xelesiál Moreno & Isabella Rodriguez, Transgender Caucus Co-Chairs and Topic Champions
- LUNCH** 12:30 PM – 1:00 PM
- 7. REAL TALK ON HOW TRAUMA IS REALLY AFFECTING US** 1:00 PM – 1:45 PM
Bridget Gordon, Co-Chair and Topic Champion
Video Excerpts from Dr. Gabor Maté, Hungarian-Canadian Physician and Author
- BREAK** 1:45 PM – 2:00 PM
- 8. U = U | Moving from Awareness to Full Integration in HIV Care** 2:00 PM – 2:45 PM
Murray C. Penner, US Executive Director, Prevention Access Campaign
Danielle Campbell, MPH, Co-Chair and Topic Champion
- 9. DREAMING BIG | Community Wish List for a Better and Modernized Ryan White Care System & Ryan White CARE Act Legislation Overview** 2:45 PM – 3:30 PM
Katja Nelson, MPP & Lee Kochems, MA, Public Policy Co-Chairs, Moderators and Topic Champions
DHSP Representative(s)
- 10. REFLECTIONS | Are We Making Progress Toward Our Goal of Ending the HIV Epidemic? What Should Be Commission's Goals and Focus for the Next 2 Years?** 3:30 PM – 4:00 PM
Bridget Gordon & Danielle Campbell, MPH, Co-Chairs
Luckie Fuller, Co-Chair Elect
- 11. SERVICE AWARDS & EVALUATION** 4:00 PM – 4:15 PM
Luckie Fuller, Co-Chair Elect
- 12. PUBLIC COMMENTS** 4:15 PM – 4:30 PM
To submit Public Comment, you may join the virtual meeting via your smart device and post your Public Comment in the Chat box -or- email your Public Comment to hivcomm@lachiv.org -or- submit your Public Comment electronically https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/PUBLIC_COMMENTS
- 13. CLOSING REMARKS, ROLL CALL & ADJOURNMENT** 4:30 PM



PROPOSED MOTION(s)/ACTION(s):

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| MOTION #1: | Approve the Agenda Order, as presented or revised. |
| MOTION #2: | Approve the meeting minutes, as presented or revised. |
| MOTION #3: | Acting on behalf of the Commission on HIV (COH), and on behalf of the COH's five (5) subcommittees for which the COH members serve as governing members and are subject to the Brown Act, finds: (1) in accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) 361 Section 3(e)(3), California Government Code Section 54953(e)(3), that the COH has reconsidered the circumstances of the State of Emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic and that the State of Emergency remains active and, (2) in accordance with AB 361 Section 3(e)(3), California Government Code Section 54953(e)(3), that local officials continue to recommend measures to promote social distancing. As a result of these findings, the COH approves to continue virtual meetings for December 2022. |

COMMISSION ON HIV MEMBERS

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Danielle Campbell, MPH Co-Chair | Bridget Gordon, Co-Chair | Miguel Alvarez | Everardo Alvizo, LCSW |
| Jayda Arrington | Al Ballesteros, MBA | Alasdair Burton (*Alternate) | Michael Cao, MD |
| Mikhaela Cielo, MD | Erika Davies | Kevin Donnelly | Felipe Findley, PA-C, MPAS, AAHIVS |
| Alexander Luckie Fuller | Jerry D. Gates, PhD | Joseph Green | Thomas Green |
| Felipe Gonzalez | Karl Halfman, MA | William King, MD, JD, AAHIVS | Lee Kochems, MA |
| Jose Magaña (*Alternate) | Eduardo Martinez (*Alternate) | Anthony Mills, MD | Carlos Moreno |
| Derek Murray | Dr. Paul Nash, CPsychol, AFBPsS | Katja Nelson, MPP | Jesus "Chuy" Orozco |
| Mario J. Pérez, MPH | Mallery Jenna Robinson | Ricky Rosales | Harold Glenn San Agustin, MD |
| Martin Sattah, MD | LaShonda Spencer, MD | Kevin Stalter | Justin Valero, MPA |
| MEMBERS: | 36 | | |
| QUORUM: | 19 | | |

LEGEND:

LoA = Leave of Absence; not counted towards quorum
 Alternate*= Occupies Alternate seat adjacent a vacancy; counted toward quorum
 Alternate**= Occupies Alternate seat adjacent a filled primary seat; counted towards quorum in the absence of the primary seat member



LOS ANGELES COUNTY COMMISSION ON HIV



510 S. Vermont Ave, 14th Floor • Los Angeles, CA 90020 • TEL (213) 738-2816 • FAX (213) 637-4748
HIVCOMM@LACHIV.ORG • <https://hiv.lacounty.gov>

VISION

A comprehensive, sustainable, accessible system of prevention and care that empowers people at-risk, living with or affected by HIV to make decisions and to maximize their lifespans and quality of life.

MISSION

The Los Angeles County Commission on HIV focuses on the local HIV/AIDS epidemic and responds to the changing needs of People Living With HIV/AIDS (PLWHA) within the communities of Los Angeles County. The Commission on HIV provides an effective continuum of care that addresses consumer needs in a sensitive prevention and care/treatment model that is culturally and linguistically competent and is inclusive of all Service Planning Areas (SPAs) and Health Districts (HDs).



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CODE OF CONDUCT

We welcome commissioners, guests, and the public into a space where people of all opinions and backgrounds are able to contribute. We create a safe environment that celebrates differences while striving for consensus and is characterized by consistent, professional, and respectful behavior. Our common enemies are HIV and STDs. We strive to be introspective and understand and clarify our assumptions, while appreciating the complex intersectionality of the lives we live. We challenge ourselves to be self-reflective and committed to an ongoing understanding. As a result, the Commission has adopted and is consistently committed to implementing the following guidelines for Commission, committee, and associated meetings.

All participants and stakeholders should adhere to the following:

- 1) We strive for consensus and compassion in all our interactions.**
- 2) We respect others' time by starting and ending meetings on time, being punctual, and staying present.**
- 3) We listen, don't repeat what has already been stated, avoid interrupting others, and allow others to be heard.**
- 4) We encourage all to bring forth ideas for discussion, community planning, and consensus.**
- 5) We focus on the issue, not the person raising the issue.**
- 6) We give and accept respectful and constructive feedback.**
- 7) We keep all issues on the table (no "hidden agendas"), avoid monopolizing discussions and minimize side conversations.**
- 8) We have no place in our deliberations for homophobic, racist, sexist, and other discriminatory statements and "-isms" (including misogyny, transphobia, ableism, and ageism).**
- 9) We give ourselves permission to learn from our mistakes.**

Approved (11/12/1998); Revised (2/10/2005; 9/6/2005); **Revised (4/11/19; 3/3/22)**

Housekeeping Notes & Reminders

- The Annual Meeting is a Brown-Act meeting and is being recorded
- The meeting packet can be found on the Commission’s website at <https://hiv.lacounty.gov/meetings/>
- Please comply with the Commission’s Code of Conduct located in the meeting packet
- **Attendees:** Public Comment can be submitted via Chat box, https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/public_comments or via email at hivcomm@lachiv.org. *Should you wish to speak on the record, please use the “Raised Hand” feature or indicate your request in the Chat Box and staff will call upon and unmute you at the appropriate time; “Raised Hand” instructions provided in the meeting packet. Please note that all attendees are muted unless otherwise unmuted by staff.*
- **Panelists:** Be mindful of your audio/video; turn off your video if streaming becomes intermittent
- Simultaneous Spanish ↔ English interpretation is provided via Ablioaudience app; refer to instructions in meeting packet
- Simultaneous language translation via WebEx’s closed caption is available to all attendees by:
 - Scrolling down to the far-left bottom of your screen and look for the “cc” icon which represents WebEx’s “Closed Caption” feature
 - Clicking the drop-down arrow next to “cc” icon and select your language of choice
- Staff are available for assistance; use Chat box for comments/questions. For technical assistance, please contact Dawn Mc Clendon at dmccclendon@lachv.org or 213.509.9199 (call/text)



How to Use Webex “Raised Hand” Feature (for attendees)

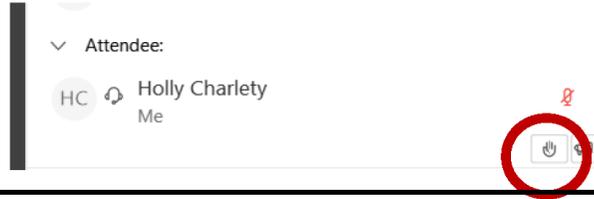
If you have a question or comment and would like to speak on the record, you may use the “Raised Hand” feature by following the referenced diagram. By raising your hand, staff will be alerted, and a raised hand icon will appear in your video. A raised hand icon will also appear in the Participants panel.

HOW TO USE THE “RAISE HAND” FEATURE IN WEBEX EVENTS

(Desktop) - Select  from the menu options at the bottom of the screen.

Select the Hand Icon on the bottom right, below your name.

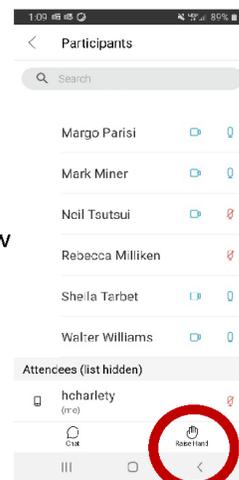
After your turn to speak, select the icon again (will now read “**Lower Hand**”).



(Smart Phone) - Select  from the top right corner.

Select “Raise Hand”
Icon on the bottom right
of the Participant Panel.

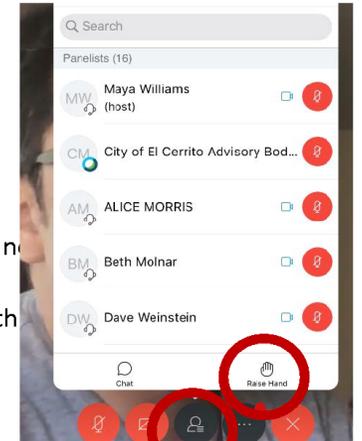
After your turn to speak,
select the icon again (will now
read “**Lower Hand**”).



(iPad/Tablet) - Select  from the menu options at the bottom of the screen.

Select “Raise Hand”
Icon on the bottom right
of the Participant Panel.

After your turn to speak,
select the icon again (will now
read “**Lower Hand**”) to
remove your name from the
pending list.



Simultaneous Spanish ↔ English Translation via Ablioaudience Mobile App

English

You can participate in the video conference **from your computer** and listen to the translation through your **smart phone** or tablet:

- Download the free **Ablioaudience** mobile app (Android – IOS)
- Open the app
- Type in this Event Code, which is case sensitive: **FXRE_H**
- Select / deselect the language you wish to hear
- Use the computer speakers for listening to the audio of the video conference and the headsets for listening to the translation from the smartphone (or the other way around)
- Adjust the audio volume of the video conference through the computer's speakers audio button

Mute the microphone of your computer when you are just listening to the video conference, in order to avoid feedback noise to other attendees.

Español

Puede iniciar y participar en la videoconferencia desde su **computador** y escuchar la traducción a través de su **teléfono inteligente** o tableta:

- Descarga la aplicación móvil gratuita **Ablioaudience** (Android – IOS)
- Abre la aplicación
- Escriba este código de evento, que distingue entre mayúsculas y minúsculas: **FXRE_H**
- Seleccione / anule la selección del idioma que desea escuchar
- Utilice los altavoces de la computadora para escuchar el audio de la videoconferencia y los auriculares para escuchar la traducción desde el teléfono inteligente (o al revés)
- Ajuste el volumen de audio de la videoconferencia a través del botón de audio de los altavoces de la computadora

Silencie el micrófono de su computadora cuando solo esté escuchando la videoconferencia, para evitar ruidos de retroalimentación a otros participantes.

STEP-BY-STEP DIAGRAM TO ACCESS ABLIOAUDIENCE

1. Download the free ABLIOAUDIENCE mobile app (Android– IOS)

2. Launch the app and enter the **event code**

3. Select / deselect the language to be listened





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Presence at virtual meetings is recorded based on the attendance roll call. Only members of the Commission on HIV (COH) are accorded voting privileges and must verbally acknowledge their attendance to vote. Approved meeting minutes are available on the Commission's website; meeting recordings are available upon request.

COMMISSION ON HIV (COH) **VIRTUAL** MEETING MINUTES October 13, 2022

| COMMISSION MEMBERS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|------------------------------|---|------------------------|----|
| P=Present A=Absent EA=Excused Absence | | | | | | | | | |
| Miguel Alvarez | P | Everardo Alvizo, MSW | A | Jayda Arrington | P | Al Ballesteros, MBA | P | Alasdair Burton (Alt) | P |
| Danielle Campbell | P | Michael Cao, MD | P | Mikhaela Cielo, MD | P | Erika Davies | P | Kevin Donnelly | P |
| Felipe Findley, PA-C, MPAS, AAHIVS | P | Alexander Luckie Fuller | P | Jerry D. Gates, PhD | P | Bridget Gordon | P | Joseph Green | P |
| Thomas Green | P | Felipe Gonzalez | P | Karl Halfman, MA | P | William King, MD, JD, AAHIVS | P | Lee Kochems, MA | P |
| Jose Magaña (Alt) | P | Eduardo Martinez (Alt) | P | Anthony Mills, MD | P | Carlos Moreno | P | Derek Murray | P |
| Dr. Paul Nash, CPsychol, AFBPsS, FHEA | P | Katja Nelson, MPP | P | Jesus "Chuy" Orozco | A | Mario J. Pérez, MPH | P | Mallery Robinson (Alt) | A |
| Ricky Rosales | P | Harold Glenn San Agustin, MD | P | Martin Sattah, MD | A | LaShonda Spencer, MD | P | Kevin Stalter (LoA) | EA |
| Justin Valero, MPA | P | | | | | | | | |

| COMMISSION STAFF & CONSULTANTS |
|---|
| Cheryl Barrit, AJ King, Catherine Lapointe, Lizette Martinez, Dawn McClendon, Jose Rangel-Garibay, and Sonja Wright |
| DIVISION OF HIV AND STD PROGRAMS (DHSP) STAFF |
| Jack Bunting, Sonali Kulkarni, Pamela Ogata, and Victor Scott |

*Commission members and Members of the public may confirm their attendance by contacting Commission staff at

hivcomm@lachiv.org

**Meeting minutes may be corrected up to one year from the date of Commission approval.

Meeting agenda and materials can be found on the Commission's website at:

<https://hiv.lacounty.gov/meetings/>

1. **ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS**

- A. CALL TO ORDER, ROLL CALL & INTRODUCTIONS:** Bridget Gordon, Co-Chair, called the meeting to order at 9:08 AM. James Stewart, Parliamentarian, conducted roll call. B. Gordon began the meeting by acknowledging the indigenous peoples of Los Angeles, including the Gabriellino Tongva, Fernandño Tataviam, and Veturño Chumash tribes.

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ROLL CALL (PRESENT): M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cao, M. Cielo, E. Davies, K. Donnelly, L. Fuller, J. Green, F. Gonzalez, K. Halfman, W. King, J. Magaña, A. Mills, C. Moreno, K. Nelson, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, D. Campbell, and B. Gordon

B. MEETING GUIDELINES AND CODE OF CONDUCT: B. Gordon read the Commission on HIV (COH) meeting guidelines and code of conduct. See meeting packet for details.

C. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

MOTION #1: Approve the Agenda Order, as presented ✓ **Passed by Consensus**

D. APPROVAL OF MEETING MINUTES

MOTION #2: Approve the September 8, 2022 Commission on HIV Meeting Minutes, as presented or revised ✓ **Passed by Consensus**

2. PRESENTATION – I

Health Management Associates (HMA) Mental Health Assessment Findings Presentation | Charles Robbins, MBA, Principal

- Charles Robbins provided a presentation on the EHE Initiative: Assessment of Unmet Mental Health Needs of People Living with HIV (PLWH). See meeting packet for full presentation slides. Key points were as follows:
 - The research approach focused on three levels to assess the mental health needs of PLWH: systems, provider, and client or consumer.
 - The Los Angeles County (LAC) mental health services and delivery system is an organized delivery system, divided by specialty: mental health services, non-specialty mental health services, and drug Medi-Cal.
 - The research team used qualitative data from key stakeholder interviews and quantitative data from surveys, Department of Mental Health (DMH) data, LAC Department of Public Health (DPH) Division of HIV and STD Programs (DHSP) Annual HIV Surveillance Report (2020), and LAC DPH DHSP Annual STD Surveillance Report (2018).
 - The study found system-level barriers regarding workforce and capacity, communication and coordination, policy and regulatory, and financial and funding. Provider-level barriers included workforce and capacity, policy and regulatory, and service linkage and coordination. Client-level barriers included environmental and contextual, attitudinal, and access and service delivery.
 - Depressive episodes and anxiety disorder were the top behavioral health diagnoses among PLWH in 2019, 2020, and 2021.

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- More sexual orientation, gender identity, and gender expression (SOGIE) data is needed.
- The researchers recommend establishing a data infrastructure that enables the extraction and analysis of client-level data across county departments.
- Questions and comments regarding the presentation were as follows:
 - Joseph Green asked how many clients are in the various systems. C. Robbins responded that this is unknown because it is difficult to collect data from the different systems. The siloed nature of each of the care systems is a barrier to data collection. J. Green also asked if there were waitlists for services and if so, how many people were on such lists. C. Robbins responded that there were waitlists, but it was not disclosed how many people were on them.
 - Alasdair Burton asked if the surveys were able to differentiate between siloed services and specialized services. C. Robbins reiterated that the research team was unable to take a holistic look at how people crossed the different systems.
 - Dr. William King asked if the finding that Black/African American people are less likely to use mental health services was based on utilization data and if any reasons were given as to why there is less utilization. He also asked if this is because of perceived and realized stigma and if there is a breakdown of mental health clinicians by race/ethnicity. C. Robbins responded that the study examined data on the prevalence of HIV and that there were a higher percentage of Hispanic/Latinx individuals accessing DMH services who were living with HIV in comparison to Black/African American individuals. Stigma and mistrust of the medical system were reasons for lower utilization. C. Robbins indicated that the breakdown of mental health clinicians by race/ethnicity was included in the full report, which will be available to the public at a later date.
 - B. Gordon inquired about what will happen with this data and what will change from it. C. Robbins noted that there are systemic barriers in LAC; however, this report could generate more conversation regarding the need for more mental health services for PLWH in LAC.

3. REPORTS – I

A. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/STAFF REPORT

(1) County/Commission Operations | UPDATES

- Cheryl Barrit welcomed new COH staff member, Lizette Martinez, who will serve as the lead staff for the Planning, Priorities and Allocation (PP&A) Committee and Prevention Planning Workgroup (PPW).

a. Conflict of Interest Form 700 | OVERVIEW & REMINDER

- Therese Yopez of the LAC Executive Office provided a presentation on the Conflict of Interest Form 700.

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- Every elected official and public employee who makes or influences governmental decisions is required to submit the Form 700. It provides necessary information to the public about an official's personal financial interests to ensure that officials are making decisions in the best interest of the public and not enhancing their personal finances. It also serves as reminder to the public official of potential conflicts of interest so that official can abstain from making or participating in governmental decisions that are deemed conflicts of interest.

b. AB 361 Continuation of Virtual Meetings for November 2022

MOTION #3: Acting on behalf of the Commission on HIV (COH), and on behalf of the COH's five (5) subcommittees for which the COH members serve as governing members and are subject to the Brown Act, finds: (1) in accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) 361 Section 3(e)(3), California Government Code Section 54953(e)(3), that the COH has reconsidered the circumstances of the State of Emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic and that the State of Emergency remains active and, (2) in accordance with AB 361 Section 3(e)(3), California Government Code Section 54953(e)(3), that local officials continue to recommend measures to promote social distancing. As a result of these findings, the COH approves to continue virtual meetings for November 2022.

✓ Passed by Roll Call Vote (**Yes:** M. Alvarez, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cao, E. Davies, K. Donnelly, L. Fuller, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, L. Spencer, D. Campbell, B. Gordon; **No:** J. Arrington, M. Cielo, F. Findley, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, J. Valero; **Abstain:** K. Halfman, C. Moreno)

(2) November 10, 2022 Annual Meeting Planning

- Key discussion topics for the November 10, 2022 COH Annual Meeting include an update on STDs/HIV in LAC led by Mario Pérez, a report on the Comprehensive HIV Plan (CHP) led by PP&A co-chairs Al Ballesteros and Kevin Donnelly and CHP consultant AJ King, a conversation on trauma led by B. Gordon, a Transgender Empathy Training led by Mallery Robinson, a discussion on U=U led by Danielle Campbell and Murray Penner, and a conversation on modernizing the Ryan White (RW) Care System led by Public Policy Committee co-chairs Lee Kochems and Katja Nelson.

B. CO-CHAIRS' REPORT

- C. Gordon congratulated Luckie Alexander Fuller for being elected as Co-Chair. His term will begin in January 2023. She also expressed a deep appreciation for Danielle Campbell's leadership as the Co-Chair for 2022. B. Gordon also noted that she is confident that D. Campbell will continue

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to be a critical presence on the COH and advocate for the needs of women and the Black community.

(1) National Latinx HIV/AIDS Awareness Day (NLHAAD) | Community Voices

- B. Gordon provided an introduction on the significance of National Latinx HIV/AIDS Awareness Day (NLHAAD) (October 15), which was first observed in 2003 by the Hispanic Federation and Latino Commission on AIDS. NLHAAD is an opportunity to help address the disproportionate impact of HIV on Latinx communities, promote HIV testing, and stop HIV stigma. This observance is also a community mobilization effort that helps promote effective ways to prevent, treat, and stop the transmission of HIV among Latinx people.
- B. Gordon introduced Latinx leaders and community stakeholders to speak how the COH can support their efforts to address the impact of HIV in the Latinx community.
- Commissioner Carlos Moreno and invited speakers Jorge Diaz and Luis Ramos led a presentation on the Latinx LA Leadership Group. See meeting packet for details. The Latinx LA Leadership group is a group of queer/gay/bi/trans Latinx leaders to come together to create a space to collaborate, explore ideas, and provide mentorship and support as they lead the fight against HIV/AIDS in LAC.
- Participating agencies include AIDS Healthcare Foundation, AltaMed, AIDS Project Los Angeles (APLA), Children's Hospital, Equality CA, GILEAD, LA LGBT Center, Men's Health Foundation, Mills Clinical Research, Out Here Health, REACH LA, San Francisco Department of Public Health, Somos Familia Valle, Tarzana Treatment Center, The Wall Las Memorias, Trans Wellness Center, and Vertex Pharmacy.
- C. Moreno invited attendees to contact J. Diaz at jorge.diaz@egca.org if they are interested in attending a future meeting.

(2) Member Feedback

a. September 19-20 Presidential Advisory Council for HIV/AIDS (PACHA) Meeting

- Several commissioners attended the in-person PACHA meeting on September 19-20 which was held in Los Angeles. Many others streamed the meeting and attended virtually. B. Gordon invited those who attended to share their thoughts.
- K. Donnelly stated that he was happy to be able to attend the meeting in-person. He appreciated the presentation by Harold Phillips regarding taking action. K. Donnelly also appreciated the five quality of life indicators that were added to the National HIV Strategy, including self-reported health, mental health, food insecurity, employment status, and housing status. K. Donnelly mentioned notable presentations by women living with HIV in rural areas and the aging population.

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- B. Gordon shared that she thought this was an interesting experience, as this was her first PACHA conference. She stated that she hopes action will follow.
- J. Green stated that local Ending the Epidemic (EHE) representatives and Jeff Bailey presented at PACHA and should be speaking to the COH to address local issues.
- Dr. Martin Sattah expressed the need to get U=U messaging out, especially in the clinical setting.

b. Other Conferences, Trainings and Events Attended

- K. Donnelly shared that he attended an HIV and Aging Summit held by the City of Long Beach on September 17, 2022 in commemoration of National HIV/AIDS and Aging Awareness Day.
- Jose Rangel-Garibay, COH staff, attended the United States Conference on HIV/AIDS (USCHA) in Puerto Rico. He shared he attended sessions on racial justice in HIV, efforts to address stigma, medical mistrust, ending HIV criminalization, federal advocacy around harm reduction, addressing the lack of advocacy for transgender men in health care, considering language as a social determinant of health, and Medicaid expansion in the South.

(3) Membership Vacancies

- B. Gordon thanked commissioners for helping promote membership applications to the COH.
- The Operations Committee is prioritizing the recruitment of unaffiliated consumers and would appreciate support in receiving applications for the following seats:
 - 10 Unaffiliated Consumer Seats
 - 1 Provider Representative
 - 1 HIV Stakeholder
 - 1 Local Hospital/Health Planning Agency Representative
 - 1 State Medi-Cal Seat

D. CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF AIDS (OA) REPORT (PART B REPRESENTATIVE)

(1) OAVoice Newsletter Highlights

- Karl Halfman announced that the OA will be using a custom design data system that will be implemented in the Fall of 2023.
- The California Planning Group (CPG) will be meeting virtually on October 25th and 27th and November 1st and 3rd.
- The OA has released an infographic detailing supplies that are available through the Harm Reduction Supplies Clearing House.

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- There were 195 PrEP enrollment sites covering 178 clinics throughout the state of California through the PrEP-AP Program and 8,357 clients enrolled in the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP).

E. LA County Department of Public Health Report (Part A Representative)

(1) Division of HIV/STD Programs (DHSP) Updates

a. Programmatic and Fiscal Updates

- M. Pérez introduced new DHSP staff Jack Bunting, who will serve as the Health Communication Specialist. J. Bunting has years of experience in health communication and marketing expertise and will help DHSP develop a wide range of health communication materials.
- DHSP is working on defining their STD/HIV service portfolio, which will be discussed at the October PP&A meeting.

b. RWP Parts A & B

- DHSP is working with Heluna Health to help with investments into EHE resources.

c. Monkeypox Briefing Update

- There are currently 2,109 cases of monkeypox in LAC; 46% of cases are among PLWH and 6% are among persons experiencing homelessness.
- There is a downward trend in monkeypox cases in LAC.
- Justin Valero inquired if DHSP will be expanding vaccine eligibility criteria. M. Pérez responded that DPH expects monkeypox to become endemic in LAC and plans to increase vaccine eligibility criteria to avoid a future outbreak.

F. HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES FOR PEOPLE LIVING WITH AIDS (HOPWA) REPORT – *No report provided.*

G. RYAN WHITE PROGRAM PARTS C, D, AND F REPORTS

- Part C: *No report provided.*
- Part D: Dr. Mikhaela Cielo announced that Casa Alegria will be hosting a flower crown event for all women living with HIV on Sunday, October 16th.
- Part F: *No report provided.*

H. CITIES, HEALTH DISTRICTS, AND SERVICE PLANNING AREA (SPA) REPORTS – *No report provided.*

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4. REPORTS

A. OPERATIONS COMMITTEE

(1) Membership Management

a. 2022 Renewal Memberships

- **Mario Pérez, MPH**

MOTION #4: Approve Membership Application for Mario Pérez (Seat 6), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors.

✓ Passed by Roll Call Vote (**Yes:** M. Alvarez, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, F. Findley, J. Gates, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, B. Gordon; **No:** 0; **Abstain:** J. Arrington, J. Green, K. Halfman, D. Campbell)

- **Jerry Gates, PhD**

MOTION #5: Approve Membership Application for Jerry Gates (Seat 10), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors

✓ Passed by Roll Call Vote (**Yes:** M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, B. Gordon; **No:** 0; **Abstain:** K. Halfman, D. Campbell)

b. New Membership Applications

- **Arlene Frames**

MOTION #6: Approve new Membership Application for Arlene Frames (Seat 31- Unaffiliated Consumer, Supervisorial District 5), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors.

✓ Passed by Roll Call Vote (**Yes:** M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, F. Findley, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, B. Gordon; **No:** 0; **Abstain:** K. Halfman, D. Campbell)

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- **Pearl Doan**

MOTION #7: Approve new Membership Application for Pearl Doan (Seat 44- HIV stakeholder representative #1), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors.

✓ Passed by Roll Call Vote (**Yes:** M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, D. Campbell, B. Gordon; **No:** 0; **Abstain:** K. Halfman)

- **Redeem Robinson**

MOTION #8: Approve new Membership Application for Redeem Robinson (Seat 46- HIV stakeholder representative #3), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors.

✓ Passed by Roll Call Vote (**Yes:** M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, D. Campbell B. Gordon; **No:** 0; **Abstain:** K. Halfman)

- **Andre Molette**

MOTION #9: Approve new Membership Application for Andre Molette (Seat 12- Provider representative #2), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors.

✓ Passed by Roll Call Vote (**Yes:** M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, F. Findley, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, D. Campbell B. Gordon; **No:** 0; **Abstain:** K. Halfman)

(2) Policy & Procedure Review

- J. Valero reported that the Application Interview Workgroup held its final meeting on September 29th and will present its recommended updates to the new membership application interview questions, which reflect more consumer-friendly questions, at the October 27th Operations Committee meeting. The

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Operations Committee expects to be voting on the new questions at the full-body level in early 2023.

- The Operations committee will hold an attendance award discussion at their upcoming meeting. An awards ceremony has been agendized for the November 10th Annual Meeting.
- The Operations Committee will continue their discussion on the 2 person/per agency rule at their October 27th meeting. J. Valero encouraged commissioners to attend to provide input.
- The Operations Committee will also begin discussing a bylaw review for updates, to include evaluating the current stipend program for enhancements. J. Valero noted that given the extensive review and approval process, it is anticipated that this activity will take about one year to complete.

(3) Recruitment, Outreach & Engagement

- The Operations Committee is continuing its recruitment, outreach, and engagement efforts and will extend their appeal to providers to assist in filling unaffiliated consumer seats.

B. PLANNING, PRIORITIES AND ALLOCATIONS (PP&A) COMMITTEE

(1) 2022-2026 Comprehensive HIV Plan (CHP) | UPDATES

- AJ King reported that the CHP is due to federal partners in early December. The first draft has been sent out to PP&A members and DHSP staff for feedback. A. King is working on the second draft and will send it out for public comment at the end of October.

(2) Multi-Year Reallocation & Contingency Planning

- Current DHSP expenditures show an approximate \$4 million surplus that needs to be reallocated and spent. DHSP has begun looking at ways to maximize funding.

(3) DHSP Directives | UPDATES

- DHSP will be providing a response to program directives during the October 18th PP&A meeting.
- At their last meeting, A. Ballesteros suggested looking at ways to address gaps in care for Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM) service providers and potential to use RWP funds to augment areas that Medi-Cal does not cover. DHSP staff agreed and will coordinate a meeting with AOM service providers to gather information.

C. STANDARDS & BEST PRACTICES (SBP) COMMITTEE

(1) Oral Health Service Standards: Dental Implants Addendum

- Erika Davies reported that the SBP Committee approved the Dental Implants Addendum to the Oral Healthcare Service Standards. The document will move forward to the Executive Committee for approval at their October 27th meeting.

(2) Transitional Case Management Service Standards | UPDATES

- The SBP Committee reviewed the comments received for the Transitional Case Management-Incarcerated/Post Release Service Standards and held a discussion around staffing requirements. SBP will seek clarification from DHSP on the different roles listed on the service standards. SBP will also coordinate a meeting with the current nurse liaison within LAC jails to learn more about the challenges and recommendations for improving service delivery.

D. PUBLIC POLICY COMMITTEE

(1) County, State and Federal Policy, Legislation, and Budget

a. 2022-2023 Legislative Docket | UPDATES

- Katja Nelson informed the COH that the following bills that were included on the legislative docket were signed into law by the Governor:
 - AB 2194 (Ward and Lee): Pharmacists and pharmacy technicians: continuing education: cultural competency
 - AB 2223 (Wicks): Reproductive health
 - AB 2521 (Santiago): Transgender, Gender Nonconforming, or Intersex Fund
 - SB 225 (Wiener): Medical procedures: individuals born with variations in their physical sex characteristics
 - SB 523 (Leyva): Contraceptive Equity Act of 2022
 - SB 923 (Wiener): Gender-affirming care
 - SB 1338 (Umberg): Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Program
- The following bills that were included on the legislative docket were vetoed by the Governor:
 - AB 240 (Rodriguez): Local health department workforce assessment
 - SB 57 (Wiener): Controlled substances: overdose prevention program
 - SB 1234 (Pan): Family Planning, Access, Care, and Treatment Program

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b. 2022 Policy Priorities | UPDATES

- K. Nelson reported that the Executive Committee will be voting to approve the 2022 Policy Priorities at their October meeting. If approved, the document will then move forward to the full COH in December.
- The PPC has been working on their Action Plan for select policy priorities. This process will be ongoing for the next several months.

c. LA County STD Crisis | UPDATES

- At their last meeting, the PPC discussed reaching out to LAC health deputies to engage in follow up conversations regarding next steps for implementing the recommendations in the April DPH STD report as well as a larger discussion on funding.

E. CAUCUS, TASK FORCE AND WORK GROUP REPORT

(1) Aging Caucus | November 1 @ 1-3PM

- J. Green provided the report. The Aging Caucus met on October 4th and shared their feedback of the PACHA meeting.
- A. Ballesteros provided a report on his experience at the International AIDS Conference in Montreal, Canada. The conference discussed how the developing world is handling the HIV/AIDS epidemic. The COVID-19 pandemic greatly impacted HIV care across the world as many resources were diverted from HIV to COVID-19 and the developing world was affected the most. There were also many conversations regarding the need to expand U=U messaging.
- The Aging Caucus reviewed the draft addendum of recommendations that include activities and strategies to address the needs of long-term survivors and individuals who acquired HIV perinatally. J. Green requested that the document be shared with anyone who has acquired HIV perinatally for input.
- DHSP reported that they will begin forming internal workgroups to work on the top priority activities identified by the Aging Caucus from a list of ideas that align with the California Master Plan on Aging.

(2) Black/African American Caucus | October 20 @ 4-5PM

- D. Campbell provided the report. The Black Caucus met on September 15th and held an extended meeting to determine what DHSP's PrEP marketing campaign should reflect – individual priority populations or the full spectrum of the Black community. The group decided that the marketing campaign should encapsulate the entire Black community.

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- The Caucus also received updates from A. King on the CHP and the integration of the PrEP marketing campaign group fundings and other activities of the Black Caucus into the CHP.
- The Caucus began discussions regarding developing a needs assessment to determine organization capacity of non-traditional/non-County contracted Black-led organizations to help inform a program for these organizations to successfully compete for County contracts.

(3) Consumer Caucus | October 13 @ 3-4:30PM

- Alasdair Burton provided the report. The Caucus met on September 8th, following the COH meeting and debriefed on the meeting. The group discussed the powerful presentation made at the Ryan White Conference by Jeanne Hale, Ryan White's mother, that provided a recentering and a reminder as to why the COH does the work that they do.
- A. King provided a progress report on the development of the CHP.
- Discussion topics for the October meeting include updates from DHSP regarding their Customer Support Program, a quarterly HOPWA update, and continued feedback discussions regarding the RW Conference and consumer engagement.
- A. Burton invited any persons living with or at risk of HIV to attend a future meeting to be part of the unified effort to help improve HIV prevention and care service delivery in LAC.

(4) Prevention Planning Workgroup | October 26 @ 4-5:30PM

- Dr. King provided the report. The Prevention Planning Workgroup (PPW) met on September 28th and went over their 2022-2023 Workplan and identified 3-4 priority prevention areas.
- At their September meeting, Catherine Lapointe, COH staff, provided an overview of the Demographics and Knowledge sections of the Prevention Knowledge, Attitudes, and Beliefs (KAB) survey. She will go over the Attitudes and Beliefs sections at their October meeting.

(5) Transgender Caucus | October 25 @ 10AM-12PM

- J. Rangel-Garibay provided the report. The Transgender Caucus (TC) met on September 27th and discussed their previous virtual education session titled "The Power in Pleasure: Inclusive Sexual Health Education Through a Youth Lens."
- J. Rangel-Garibay provided an overview of the Special Populations Best Practices Compilation and elicited feedback from the TC.
- M. Robinson shared her proposal for delivering a Transgender Empathy Training at the Annual Meeting. The TC provided feedback.

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- The TC is in the process of planning their October learning session, which will feature Yuè Begay, a two-spirit indigenous transgender woman with expertise in discussing the disparities faced by indigenous women and men who have sex with men (MSM) community members regarding HIV education and prevention.

(6) Women's Caucus

a. Special Virtual Lunch & Learn Presentation 2-Part Series: October 17 @ 12PM

- Dr. Cielo provided the report. The Women's Caucus (WC) held Part 1 of their 2-Part Virtual Lunch and Learn Presentation on Women Living with HIV and Sexuality on September 21st. The first topic was on Empowerment, Dating and Disclosure, Sexual Negotiation, and Dating After Trauma. The event was well attended.
- Part Two will be on Sexual Empowerment and Pleasure and will be held on Monday, October 17th from 12:00 – 1:30 PM.

5. PRESENTATION – II

Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) Immigrant Latino MSM PrEP Project Presentation

Ronald Brooks, PhD | Center for HIV Identification, Prevention, and Treatment Services (CHIPTS)

- Dr. Ronald Brooks and Elena Rosenberg-Carlson provided a presentation on their Ending the Epidemic (EHE) Immigrant Latino MSM PrEP Project. See meeting packet for presentation slides. Key points were as follows:
 - In 2019, Latino MSM comprised the largest percentage (51%) of all new HIV infections among MSM of all racial/ethnic groups in LAC.
 - Nationally, since 2010, foreign born Latino MSM have comprised of mostly new annual HIV infections among Latino MSM.
 - The goal of this project was to understand the barriers to PrEP access, and to develop strategies to enhance PrEP delivery among Latino MSM in LAC.
 - The study identified agency-level barriers such as lack of Spanish-speaking staff and PrEP navigators, lack of services in Spanish, and no standardized way to speak about PrEP in Spanish.
 - Client-level barriers included a lack of knowledge about PrEP and available PrEP services.
 - Structural barriers included lack of health insurance and the cost of services not covered by assistance programs.
 - The study used concept mapping, which is defined as a mixed methods approach that integrates qualitative perspectives of individuals with multivariate statistical methods to visually depict the composite thinking of the group.

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6. MISCELLANEOUS

- A. PUBLIC COMMENT: OPPORTUNITY FOR MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC TO ADDRESS THE COMMISSION ON ITEMS OF INTEREST THAT ARE WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE COMMISSION.** *There were no public comments.*
- B. COMMISSION NEW BUSINESS ITEMS: OPPORTUNITY FOR COMMISSION MEMBERS TO RECOMMEND NEW BUSINESS ITEMS FOR THE FULL BODY OR A COMMITTEE LEVEL DISCUSSION ON NON-AGENDIZED MATTERS NO POSTED ON THE AGENDA, TO BE DISCUSSED (AND IF REQUESTED) PLACED ON THE AGENDA FOR ACTION AT A FUTURE MEETING, OR MATTERS REQUIRING IMMEDIATE ACTION BECAUSE OF AN EMERGENCY, OR WHERE THE NEED TO ACT AROSE AFTER THE POSTING OF THE AGENDA.** *There were no committee new business items.*
- C. ANNOUNCEMENTS: OPPORTUNITY FOR MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC TO ANNOUNCE COMMUNITY EVENTS, WORKSHOPS, TRAININGS, AND OTHER RELATED ACTIVITIES**
- Alejandra Aguilar, East Los Angeles Women’s Center (ELAWC), announced that ELAWC will be holding an HIV Lotería event on October 29th at 1431 S. Atlantic Blvd. Los Angeles, CA 90022. If interested, e-mail alejandra@elawc.org.
 - J. Green announced that on November 9th from 3:00 - 5:00 PM, the UCLA Vine Street Clinic will be having an open house event.
 - D. Campbell announced that she is recruiting cisgender and transgender Black women living with HIV to participate in a mobile health study.
- D. ADJOURNMENT AND ROLL CALL: ADJOURNMENT FOR THE MEETING OF OCTOBER 13, 2022**
The meeting was adjourned by D. Campbell.
ROLL CALL (PRESENT): M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, E. Davies, K. Donnelly, F. Findley, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, K. Halfman, W. King, L. Kochems, E. Martinez, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, D. Campbell, and B. Gordon.

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| MOTION AND VOTING SUMMARY | | |
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| <p>MOTION 1: Approve the Agenda Order, as presented.</p> | <p><i>Passed by Consensus</i></p> | <p>MOTION PASSED</p> |
| <p>MOTION 2: Approve the September 8, 2022 Commission on HIV Meeting Minutes, as presented.</p> | <p><i>Passed by Consensus</i></p> | <p>MOTION PASSED</p> |
| <p>MOTION 3: Acting on behalf of the Commission on HIV (COH), and on behalf of the COH’s five (5) subcommittees for which the COH members serve as governing members and are subject to the Brown Act, finds: (1) in accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) 361 Section 3(e)(3), California Government Code Section 54953(e)(3), that the COH has reconsidered the circumstances of the State of Emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic and that the State of Emergency remains active and, (2) in accordance with AB 361 Section 3(e)(3), California Government Code Section 54953(e)(3), that local officials continue to recommend measuresto promote social distancing. As a result of these findings, the COH approves to continue virtual meetings for November 2022.</p> | <p><i>Passed by Majority Roll Call Vote</i></p> <p>Ayes: M. Alvarez, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cao, E. Davies, K. Donnelly, L. Fuller, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, L. Spencer, D. Campbell, B. Gordon</p> <p>No: J. Arrington, M. Cielo, F. Findley, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, J. Valero</p> <p>Abstain: K. Halfman, C. Moreno</p> | <p>MOTION PASSED</p> <p>AYES: 23</p> <p>OPPOSED: 6</p> <p>ABSTENTIONS: 2</p> |
| <p>MOTION 4: Approve Membership Application for Mario Pérez (Seat 6), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors.</p> | <p><i>Passed by Majority Roll Call Vote</i></p> <p>Ayes: M. Alvarez, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, F. Findley, J. Gates, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, B. Gordon</p> <p>No: 0</p> <p>Abstain: J. Arrington, J. Green, K. Halfman, D. Campbell</p> | <p>MOTION PASSED</p> <p>AYES: 24</p> <p>OPPOSED: 0</p> <p>ABSTENTIONS: 4</p> |

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| <p>MOTION 5: Approve Membership Application for Jerry Gates (Seat 10), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors</p> | <p>Passed by Majority Roll Call Vote</p> <p>Ayes: M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, B. Gordon</p> <p>No: 0</p> <p>Abstain: K. Halfman, D. Campbell</p> | <p>MOTION PASSED</p> <p>AYES: 25</p> <p>OPPOSED: 0</p> <p>ABSTENTIONS: 2</p> |
| <p>MOTION 6: Approve new Membership Application for Arlene Frames (Seat 31- Unaffiliated Consumer, Supervisorial District 5), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors.</p> | <p>Passed by Majority Roll Call Vote</p> <p>Ayes: M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, F. Findley, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, B. Gordon</p> <p>No: 0</p> <p>Abstain: K. Halfman, D. Campbell</p> | <p>MOTION PASSED</p> <p>AYES: 26</p> <p>OPPOSED: 0</p> <p>ABSTENTIONS: 2</p> |
| <p>MOTION 7: Approve new Membership Application for Pearl Doan (Seat 44- HIV stakeholder representative #1), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors.</p> | <p>Passed by Majority Roll Call Vote</p> <p>Ayes: M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, D. Campbell, B. Gordon</p> <p>No: 0</p> <p>Abstain: K. Halfman</p> | <p>MOTION PASSED</p> <p>AYES: 26</p> <p>OPPOSED: 0</p> <p>ABSTENTIONS: 1</p> |
| <p>MOTION 8: Approve new Membership Application for Redeem Robinson (Seat 46- HIV stakeholder representative #3), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to</p> | <p>Passed by Majority Roll Call Vote</p> <p>Ayes: M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M.</p> | <p>MOTION PASSED</p> <p>AYES: 26</p> <p>OPPOSED: 0</p> <p>ABSTENTIONS: 1</p> |

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| the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors. | Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, D. Campbell B. Gordon No: 0 Abstain: K. Halfman | |
| MOTION 9: Approve new Membership Application for Andre Molette (Seat 12- Provider representative #2), as presented or revised, and forward to the Executive Committee meeting and then to the Commission meeting for recommendation to Board of Supervisors. | Passed by Majority Roll Call Vote Ayes: M. Alvarez, J. Arrington, A. Ballesteros, A. Burton, M. Cielo, K. Donnelly, F. Findley, J. Gates, J. Green, T. Green, F. Gonzalez, W. King, L. Kochems, J. Magaña, E. Martinez, A. Mills, D. Murray, P. Nash, K. Nelson, M. Pérez, R. Rosales, H. San Agustin, M. Sattah, L. Spencer, J. Valero, D. Campbell, B. Gordon No: 0 Abstain: K. Halfman | MOTION PASSED AYES: 27 OPPOSED: 0 ABSTENTIONS: 1 |

SPEAKER BIOGRAPHIES

Courtney Armstrong, MPH is a Senior Policy Officer with the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health's Division of HIV and STD Programs (DHSP). Prior to joining DHSP, Courtney worked as the Vice President of Policy for the San Francisco AIDS Foundation, responsible for directing the foundation's local and statewide legislative, budget, and administrative advocacy work, and aligning the organization with partnership opportunities. In this role, she advocated for full funding of vital HIV and hepatitis C care and prevention programs, responsive legislation and policies intended to ensure that broader health care systems can appropriately care for people living with HIV and hepatitis C. She also provided leadership and coordination of the California HIV Alliance, a statewide coalition of organizations that have a policy presence in Sacramento, and the California End the Epidemics Coalition, a coalition of organizations and health departments from across the state calling on the Governor and Legislature to end the HIV, hepatitis C and STD epidemics. Prior to joining the San Francisco AIDS Foundation, Courtney worked at the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on the implementation of Medicare Part D, with a focus on transitioning people with HIV/AIDS and providing outreach to their providers. She received her Master of Public Health degree with an emphasis on Health Policy from the School of Public Health at the University of California at Berkeley.

A.J. King, MPH, AJ is a seasoned trainer, facilitator, and consultant with extensive experience working in a variety of nonprofit public health and social services settings. His diverse skills include advanced planning, writing, and presentation skills; program and curriculum development; evaluation; and grant proposal writing. Specific grant work includes proposal writing for the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, U.S. Department of State, California Department of Public Health, Los Angeles County Department of Public Health and numerous foundations.

Prior to joining the Community Works Consulting team in 2017, he served as Associate Director of the California HIV/AIDS Policy Research Center at UCLA and Director of Community Relations for the UCLA Center for HIV Identification, Prevention, and Treatment Services. For many years, AJ managed a federally funded national training program that provided capacity-building assistance to community-based organizations and health departments related to the implementation and evaluation of evidence-based programming. In addition, he has served as a program manager at various CBOs focused primarily on violence prevention, public health and social services. He holds a Master in public health degree from San Jose State University.

Mario J. Pérez, MPH currently serves as the Director of the Division of HIV and STD Programs (DHSP). As Director of DHSP, Mario is responsible for guiding the work of more than 300 employees and managing the annual investment of more than \$115 million in local, State and federal resources that support the delivery of HIV and STD services through more than 65 partner organizations. He is a leader on HIV policy issues, serving as a past member of the

Presidential Advisory Council on HIV and AIDS, the Board of Directors of the National Minority AIDS Council, a member of the National Council of STD Directors, a member of the AIDS United Public Policy Committee and a member of the Los Angeles County Commission on HIV. Mr. Pérez began providing HIV education and awareness services in 1990 while a student at Berkeley. Over the last 20 years, he has testified before Congress, the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors, and the Los Angeles City Council to address a range of HIV issues. Mr. Pérez has received recognition for his leadership in the fight against HIV from more than a dozen local organizations and state and local elected officials. He was born, raised and lives in Los Angeles. He earned a Bachelor's Degree in Biology from UC Berkeley and a Master of Public Health degree from UCLA.

Murray C. Penner is the United States Executive Director of the Prevention Access Campaign. Murray Penner has a strong personal interest in helping people living with HIV achieve sexual health and well-being and reducing HIV stigma and shame. Murray served as Executive Director at NASTAD from 2015-2018 and served as NASTAD's Deputy Executive Director and director of its care & treatment program from 2001-2015. Prior to joining NASTAD in 2001, he served as the planning coordinator for the Fort Worth, Texas, Ryan White Planning Council and previously as an administrator with the Fort Worth and Oklahoma City YMCAs. Murray has strong expertise and experience in HIV and hepatitis treatments, the Ryan White Program and AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP), as well as drug pricing. He also currently serves on the boards of the AIDS Treatment Activists Coalition (ATAC) and HarborPath and serves on PAC's Founding Task Force. Murray received his Bachelor Degree in Social Work from Bethel College in North Newton, KS.

Mallery Jenna Robinson is an AfroCaribbean Transwoman and transgender and HIV healthcare advocate in Los Angeles, first working with The LGBTQ Center Long Beach from 2019-2021 as the Engagement Specialist and Service Navigator for their Transgender Health Program. In the summer of 2019 she began working at The LGBTQ Center Long Beach as the Engagement Specialist and Service Navigator for The Transgender Health Department. The duties of this position included: case management of clients, linkage to care, PrEP and PEP services, STI screening and HIV testing. While at The LGBTQ Center Long Beach, Mallery implemented several successful essential programs such as: Rack and Roll (a clothes closet), Snack Shack (food pantry), TRANSport (an essential items delivery service), and events such as: Come OUT and Pose, ValenTrans Day, and a The T-Report Red Desk Diaries, a panel for National Transgender HIV Testing Day. Mallery has also presented several Transgender Empathy Trainings (TET Talks) presentations to Sony PlayStation and Long Beach Vocal Rehab, to list a few. Mallery has also spoken publicly for The Long Beach Transgender Day of Remembrance at Harvey Milk Park in November 2019 and for ALL Black Lives Matter Los Angeles and co-hosted several LGBTQ virtual award shows such as Unique Woman's Coalition Our Honors Award on Transgender Day of Visibility.

SPECIAL THANKS TO OUR TOPIC CHAMPIONS

- Bridget Gordon, Commission on HIV (COH) Co-Chair, Unaffiliated Consumer-at-Large
- Danielle Campbell, COH Co-Chair, Board Office 2 Representative, Black Caucus Co-Chair
- Alvaro Ballesteros, Board Office I Representative; Planning, Priorities and Allocations Committee Co-Chair; Aging Caucus Co-Chair
- Kevin Donnelly, Unaffiliated Consumer Service Planning Area (SPA) 8, Planning, Priorities and Allocations Committee Co-Chair
- Xelestíal Moreno, Transgender Caucus Co-Chair
- Isabella Rodriguez, Transgender Caucus Co-Chair
- Katja Nelson, Board Office 3 Representative, Public Policy Co-Chair
- Lee Kochems, Behavioral/Social Science Representative, Unaffiliated Consumer, Public Policy Co-Chair
- Luckie Alexander Fuller, Provider Representative, Operations Co-Chair, COH Co-Chair-Elect



Los Angeles County HIV and STD Update: Key Accomplishments, Challenges and Opportunities

**Los Angeles County Commission on HIV
Annual Planning Meeting
Thursday, November 10, 2022**

Mario J. Pérez, Director

Michael Haymer, Ending the HIV Epidemic Treat Pillar Lead

Wendy Garland, Chief Epidemiologist, Program Monitoring & Evaluation

Courtney Armstrong, Senior Policy Officer

Division of HIV and STD Programs

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health

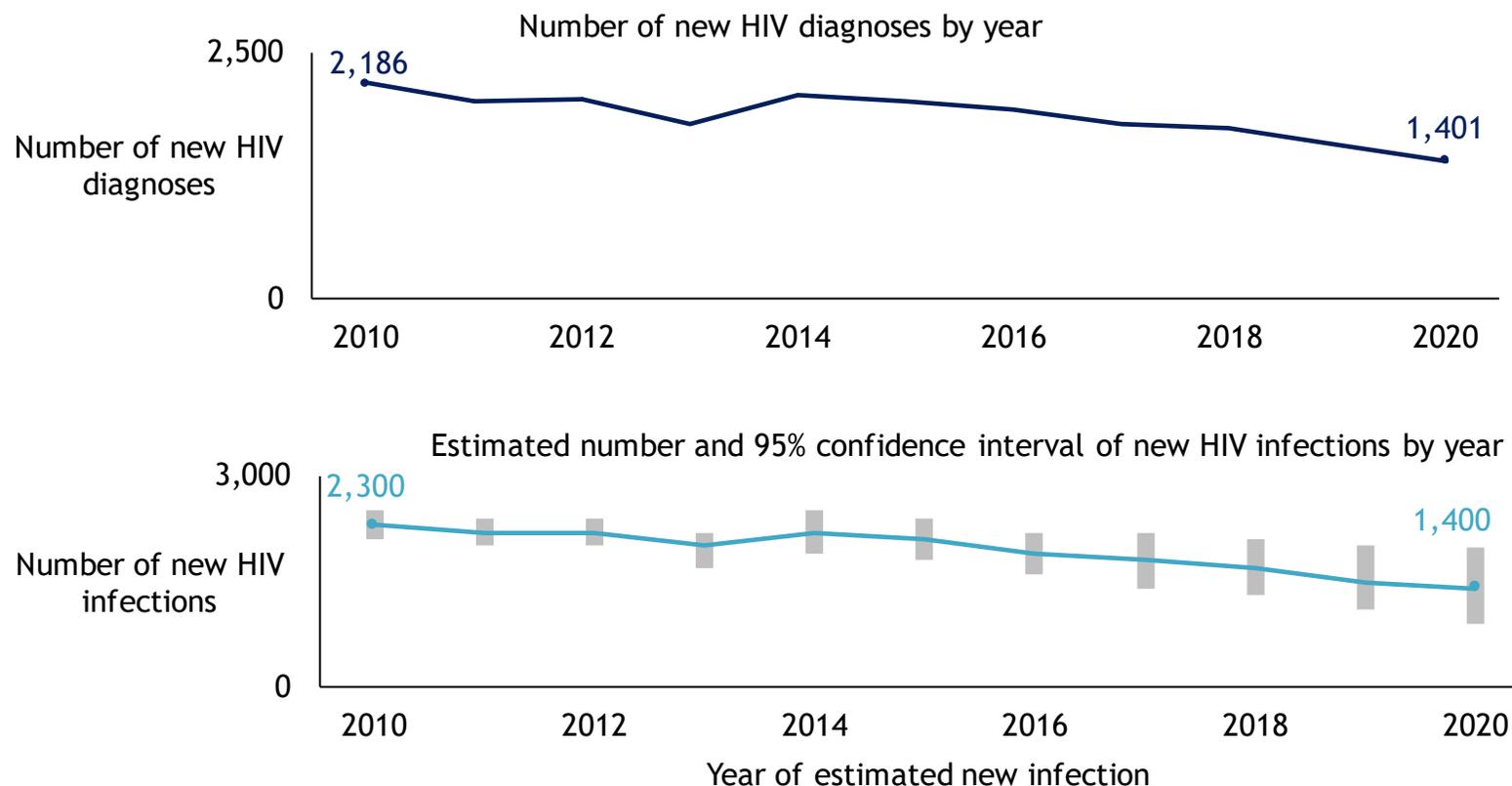




DHSP Presentation Overview

- Brief review of HIV and STD epidemiologic trends
- Review accomplishments and challenges
- EHE Update: Strategies Completed and Strategies in Progress
- Opportunities for Additional Progress: EHE Strategies on the Horizon
- Opportunities for Enhanced Planning: New Unmet Need Focus and Approach
- Brief review of the Ryan White Program

Number of persons newly diagnosed with HIV compared with the estimated number of persons with new HIV infection among PLWH aged ≥ 13 years, LAC 2010-2020^{1,2}



Abbreviation: PLWH = persons living with HIV

¹Estimated using the CD4-based model developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, modified for use by Los Angeles County.

²2020 estimates should be interpreted with caution due to potential effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on HIV diagnosis and model accuracy.

Ending the HIV Epidemic Performance Indicators



59,400
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6,800
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76,000
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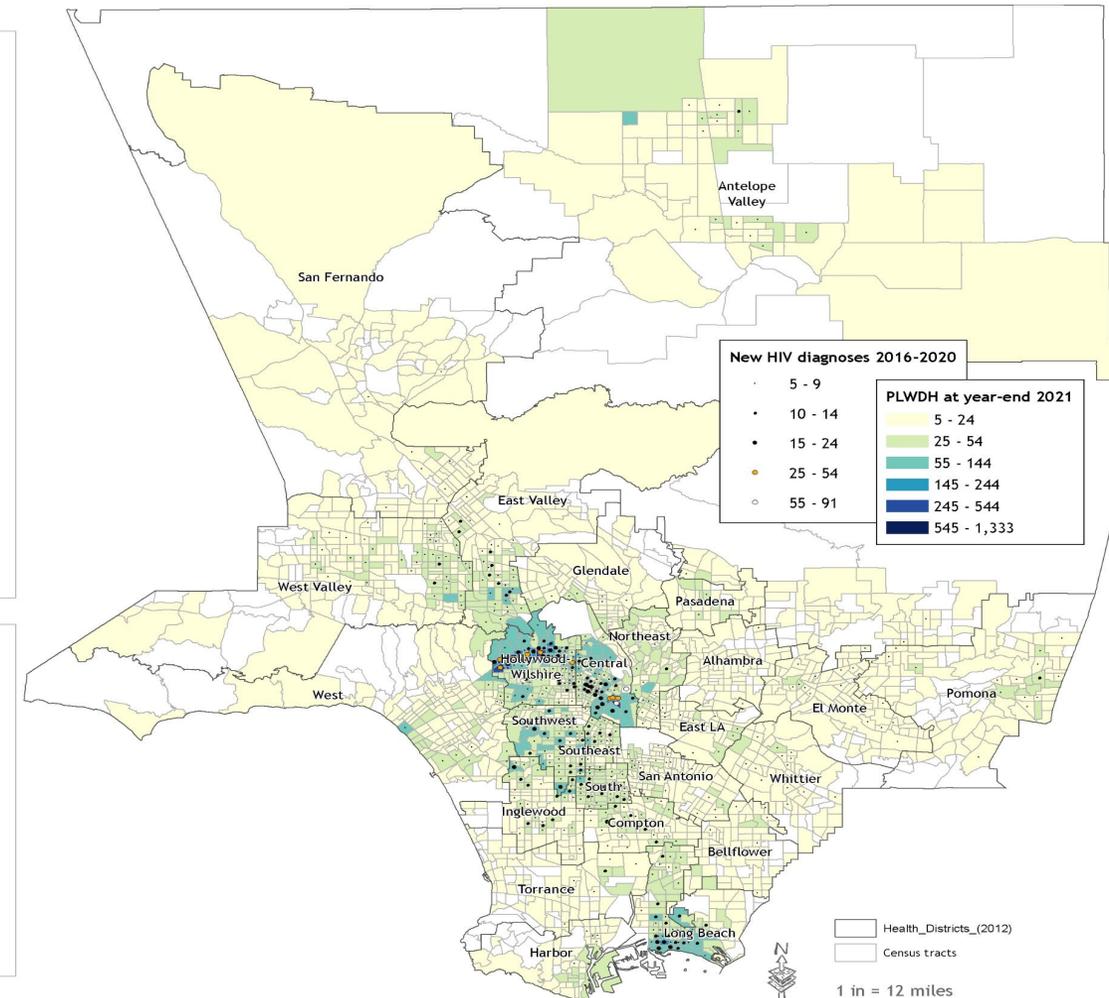
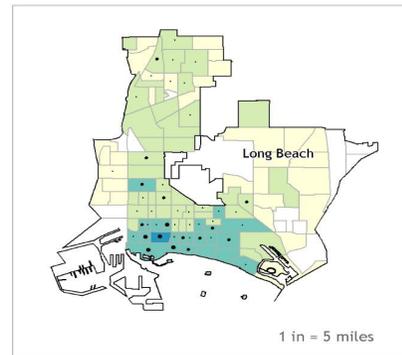
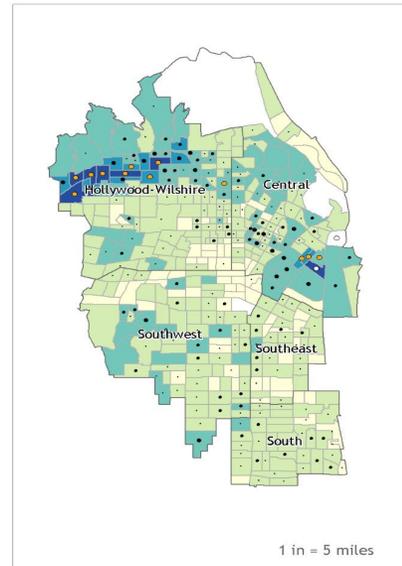
| Indicator | LAC current | EHE Targets for 2025 |
|--|--------------|----------------------|
| Number of new transmissions ¹ | 1,400 (2020) | 380 |
| Number of new HIV diagnoses ² | 1,401 (2020) | 450 |
| Knowledge of HIV-status among PLWH ¹ | 89% (2020) | 95% |
| Linkage to HIV care among PLWDH ² | 76% (2020) | 95% |
| Viral Suppression among PLWDH ² | 61% (2021) | 95% |
| Percentage of persons in priority populations prescribed PrEP ³ | 39% (2020) | 50% |

PLWH= People living with HIV (includes those unaware of HIV infection); PLWDH= People living with diagnosed HIV

- Using Los Angeles County HIV surveillance data in the CDC Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting system (eHARS).
- Using the CD4-based model developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, modified for use by Los Angeles County.
- Using Los Angeles County data from the National HIV Behavioral Surveillance system, STD clinic data, online Apps survey, COE program data, and AHEAD dashboard.

Where are new HIV diagnoses being identified in Los Angeles County?¹

The 3 HIV epicenters in Los Angeles County are Hollywood-Wilshire Health District, Central Health District, and Long Beach Health District

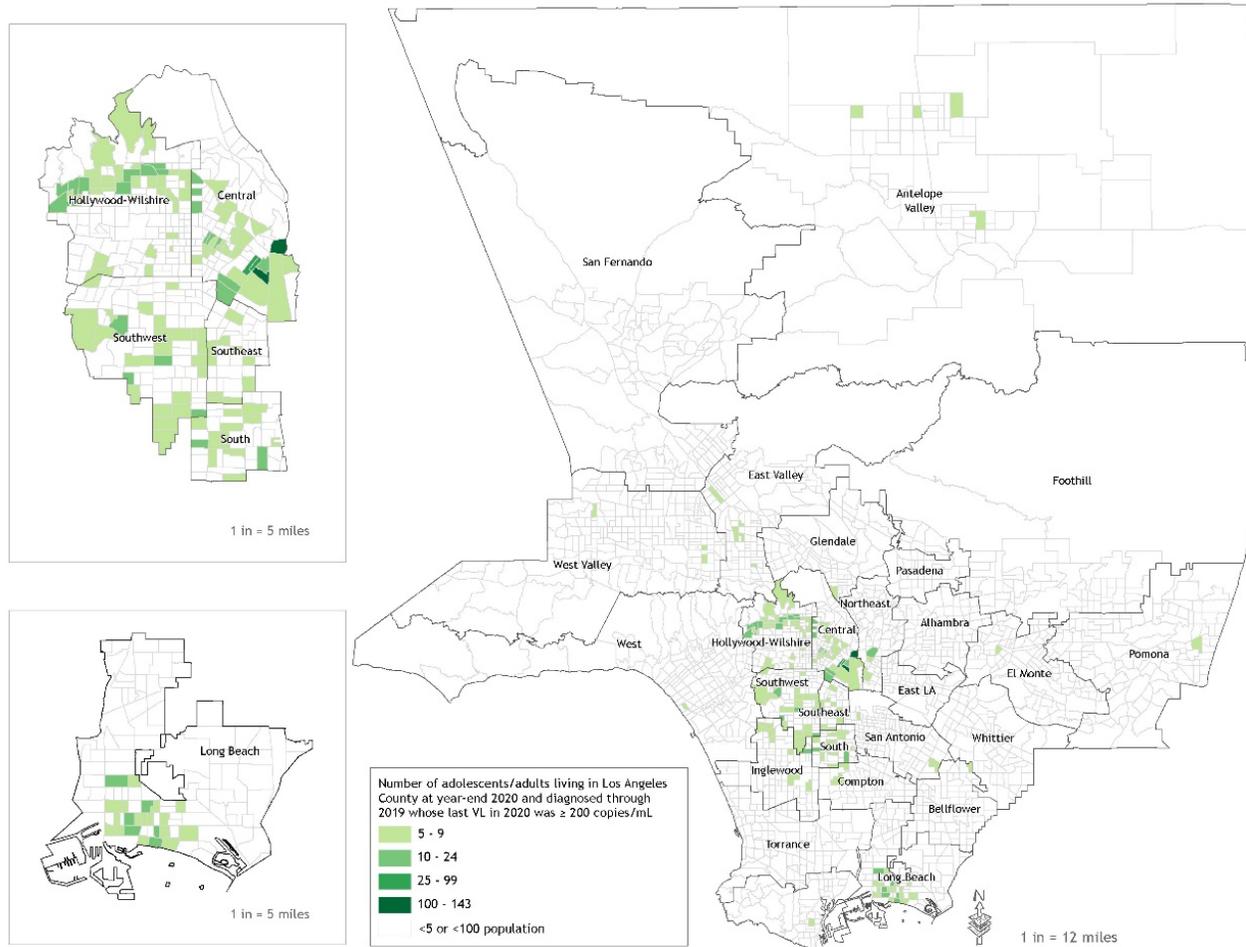


¹ Census tract and health district information was based on most recently reported residential addresses. Persons with no reported street address information were aggregated to the census tract or health district level data based on available ZIP code information. Source: HIV Surveillance data as of December 31, 2021; U.S. Department of Commerce, 2010 U.S. Census Tract; U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, HUD USPS ZIP Code - Census Tract Crosswalk Files, 2nd quarter 2018 was used for HIV diagnoses 2016-2020 and 4th quarter 2019 was used for PLWDH at year-end 2021.

Where is HIV transmission occurring?



Unsuppressed viral load¹ among persons living with diagnosed HIV in Los Angeles County, 2021

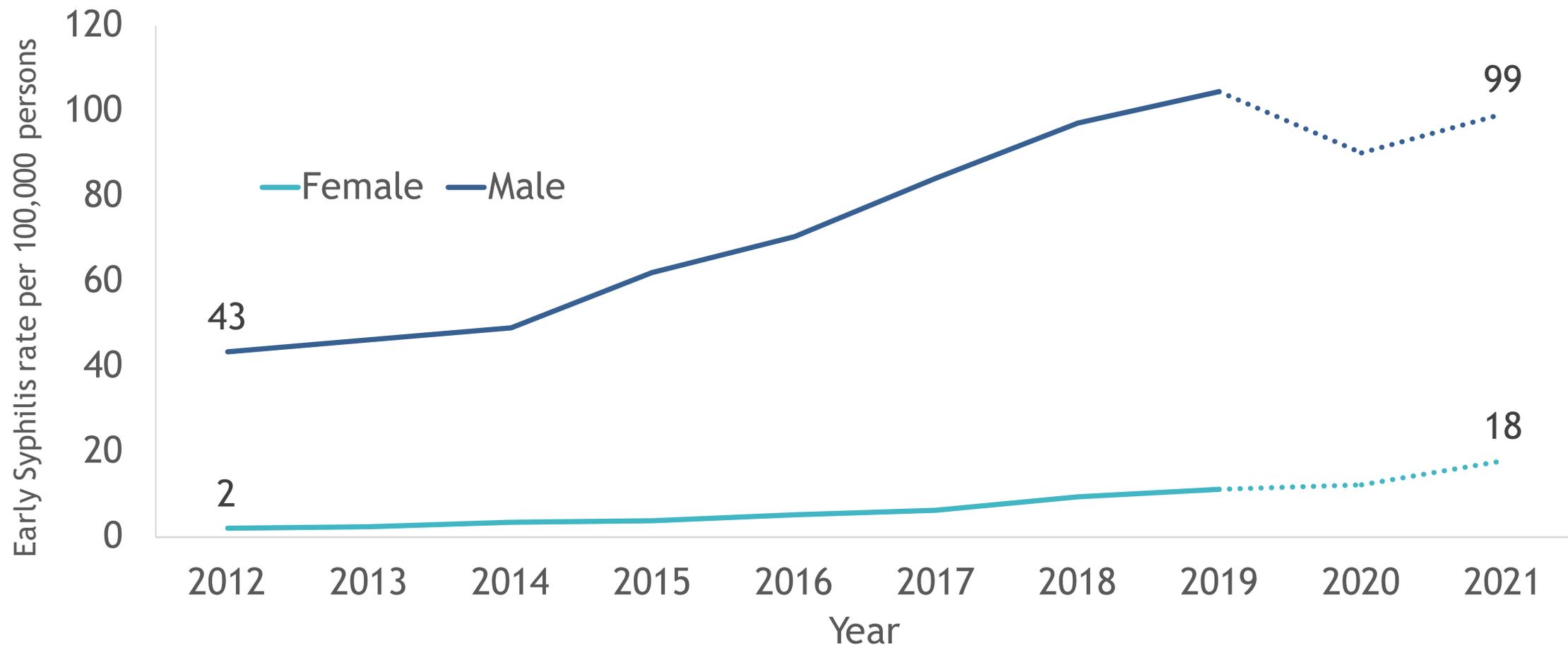


Central, Hollywood-Wilshire, South, Southwest, Southeast, and Long Beach Health Districts have the highest levels of unsuppressed viral load. These areas represent the locations with highest potential for fueling onward HIV transmission.

¹Unsuppressed viral load: numerator includes PLWDH whose last VL test in 2021 was unsuppressed (HIV-1 RNA ≥ 200 copies/mL); denominator includes PLWDH diagnosed through 2020 and living in LAC at year-end 2021 based on most recent residence. PLWDH without a VL test in 2021 were considered virally unsuppressed. Analysis excludes PLWDH diagnosed through 2020 and living at year-end 2021 who (1) had missing census tract information, (2) were receiving care but never had a viral load test, (3) were not receiving care for >12 months at year-end 2021, or (4) were in census tracts with small sample sizes (<5 persons with unsuppressed viral load or population size <100 persons). Exclusions represented 68% of PLWDH diagnosed through 2020 and living in 2021 whose last viral load was unsuppressed.

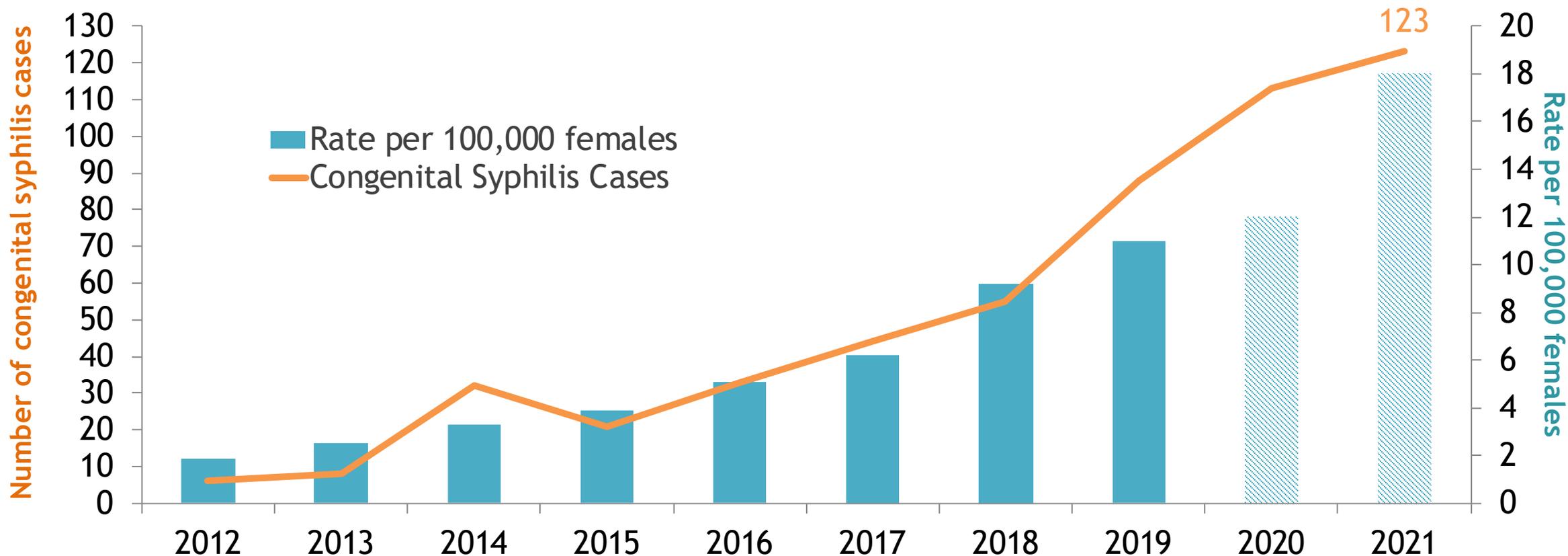


Since 2012, ES rates have increased **800%** among females and **130%** among males¹



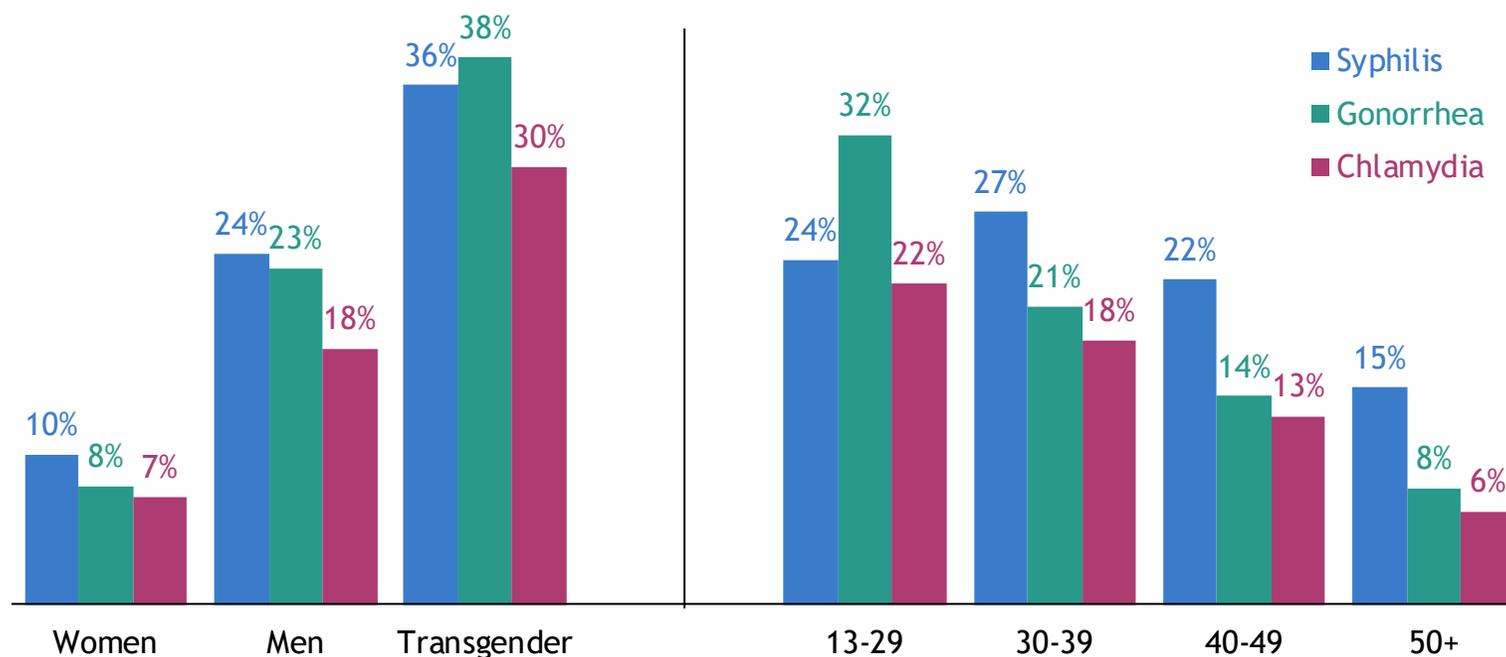
¹ Data as of 06/05/2022. Early syphilis includes all cases staged as primary, secondary, or early non-primary non-secondary (previously early latent);. cases from Long Beach and Pasadena are excluded. 2020 and 2021 data are provisional due to reporting delay. 2021 rates are calculated using 2020 population estimates as a proxy for 2021

Early syphilis in females and babies, Los Angeles County, 2012-2021¹



¹ Data as of 06/05/2022. Early syphilis includes all cases staged as primary, secondary, or early non-primary non-secondary (previously early latent); cases from Long Beach and Pasadena are excluded. 2020 and 2021 data are provisional due to reporting delay. 2021 rates are calculated using 2020 population estimates as a proxy for 2021

Percentage of persons newly diagnosed with HIV aged ≥ 13 years who had syphilis, gonorrhea, and/or chlamydia in the same calendar year as HIV diagnosis by STD, gender, and age group, LAC (excluding Long Beach and Pasadena), 2020^{1,2,3}

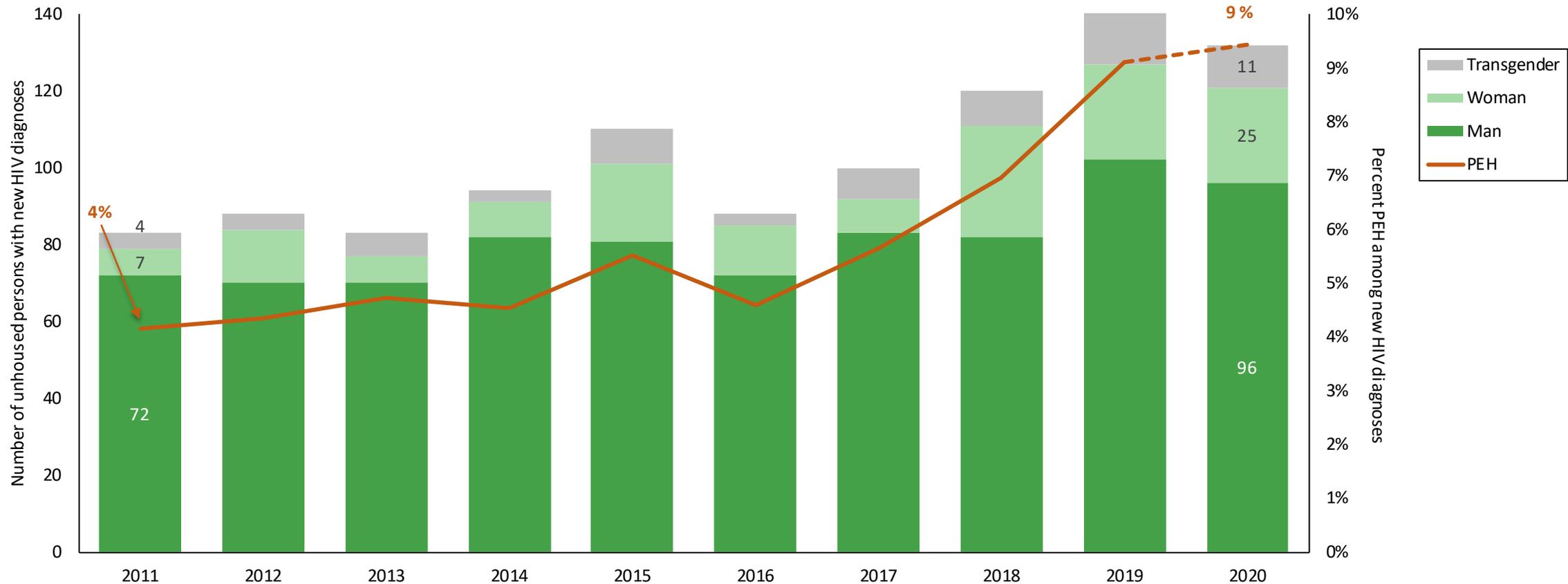


¹DHSP prioritizes HIV, syphilis, and congenital syphilis cases for investigation.

²STD cases in the cities of Long Beach and Pasadena are reported to their respective health departments.

³Due to reporting delay and time needed for case investigations, 2020 is shown as the latest year.

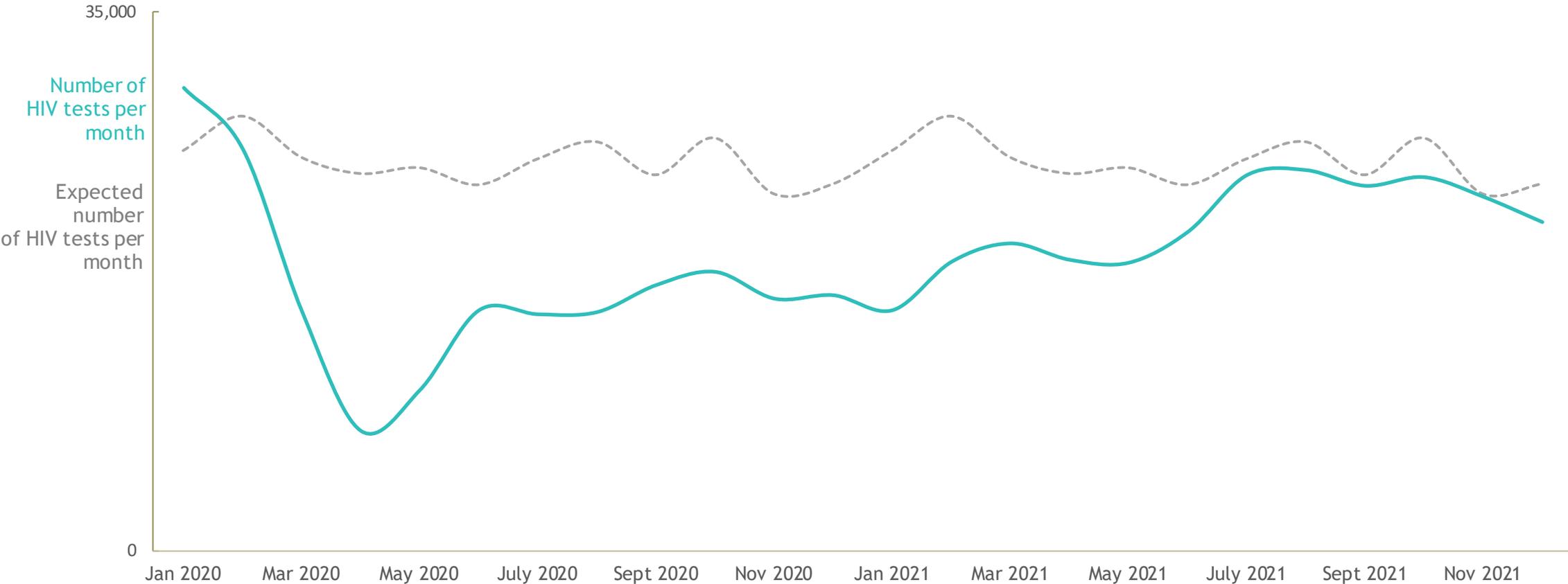
Since 2011, the percentage of persons newly diagnosed with HIV who were experiencing homelessness increased from **4% to 9%**. In 2020, among 132 PEH with a new HIV diagnosis, 96 (73%) were male, 25 (19%) were female, and 11 (8%) were transgender.



¹ 2020 HIV data are provisional as indicated by the patterned bar and dashed line.



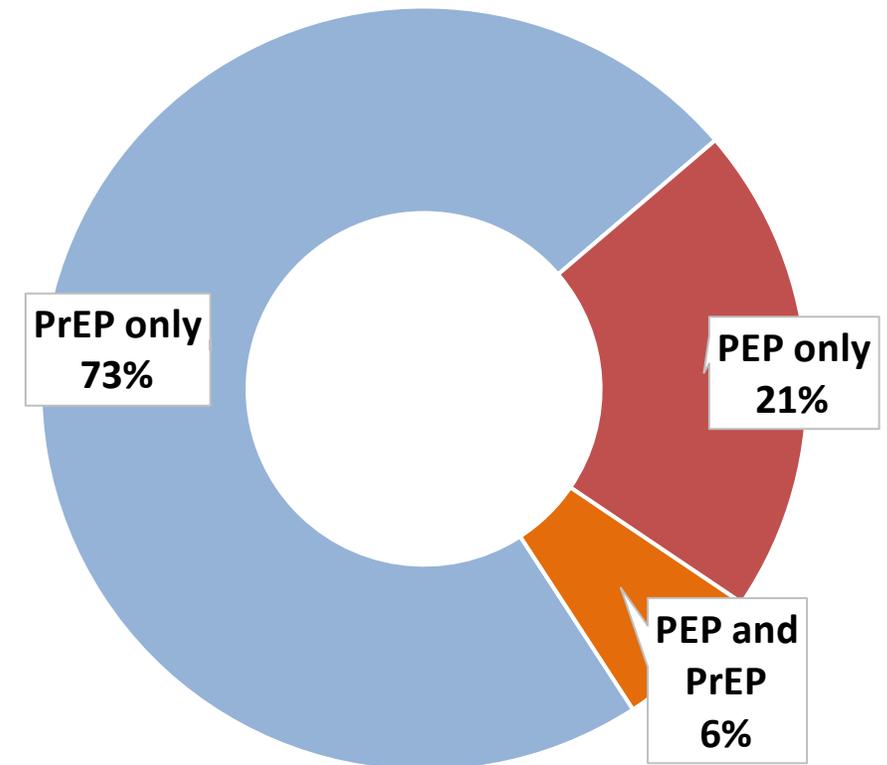
COVID-19 stay at home orders and disruptions in HIV testing options due to the COVID pandemic resulted in dramatic declines in HIV testing beginning March 2020 and continuing through mid-2021



Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) Centers of Excellence (COEs), Los Angeles County

- Launched in mid -2016 with 9 contracted agencies and expanded to 12 in 2019
- Biomedical services provided to a total 9,810 unique clients (July 2016-March 2022)
- Over half of clients were Latinx (46%) and Black (12%)
- Majority were cisgender men (89%) with 6% cisgender women and 5% reporting a transgender identity
- One in three (33%) were age 20-29
- Half (51%) were living at or below the federal poverty level

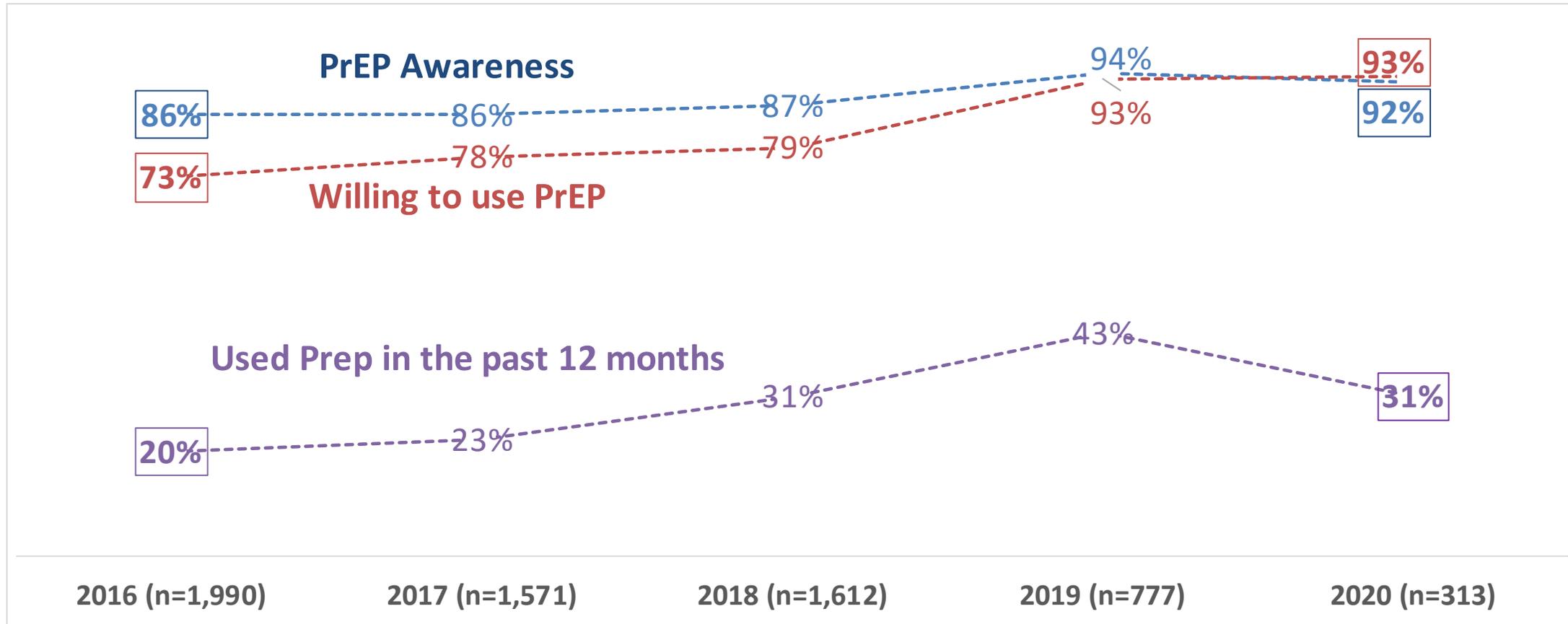
Biomedical Services Provided at COEs



Have Core PrEP Outcomes Changed in LAC?



PrEP awareness, willingness to use PrEP and PrEP use in past 12-months significantly increased from 2016 to 2019*



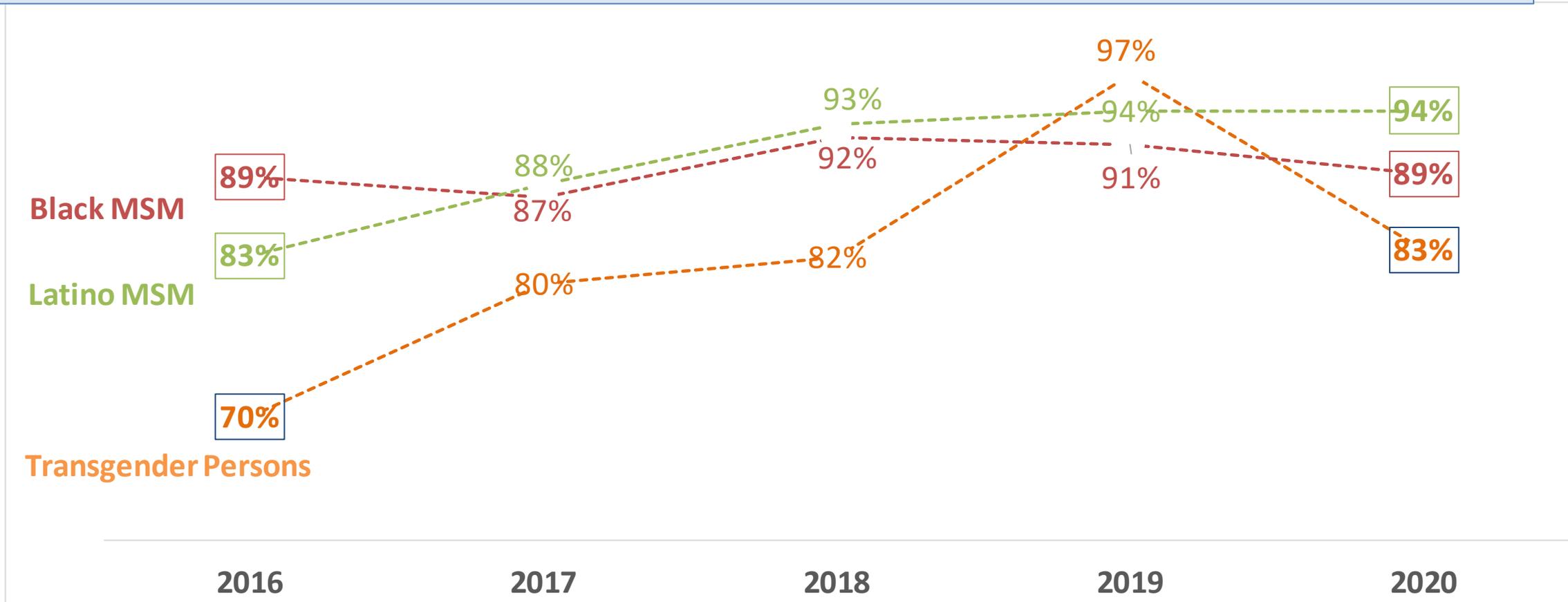
*p<0.001

¹Collected at baseline in April 2016 and in all follow up surveys (October 2016, February 2017, August 2017, February 2018, July 2018, December 2019, December 2020); MSM recruited via app TGP all sources

Which Priority Groups Reported Increased PrEP Awareness?



PrEP awareness significantly increased Latino MSM and TGP through 2020 but remained relatively unchanged among Black MSM



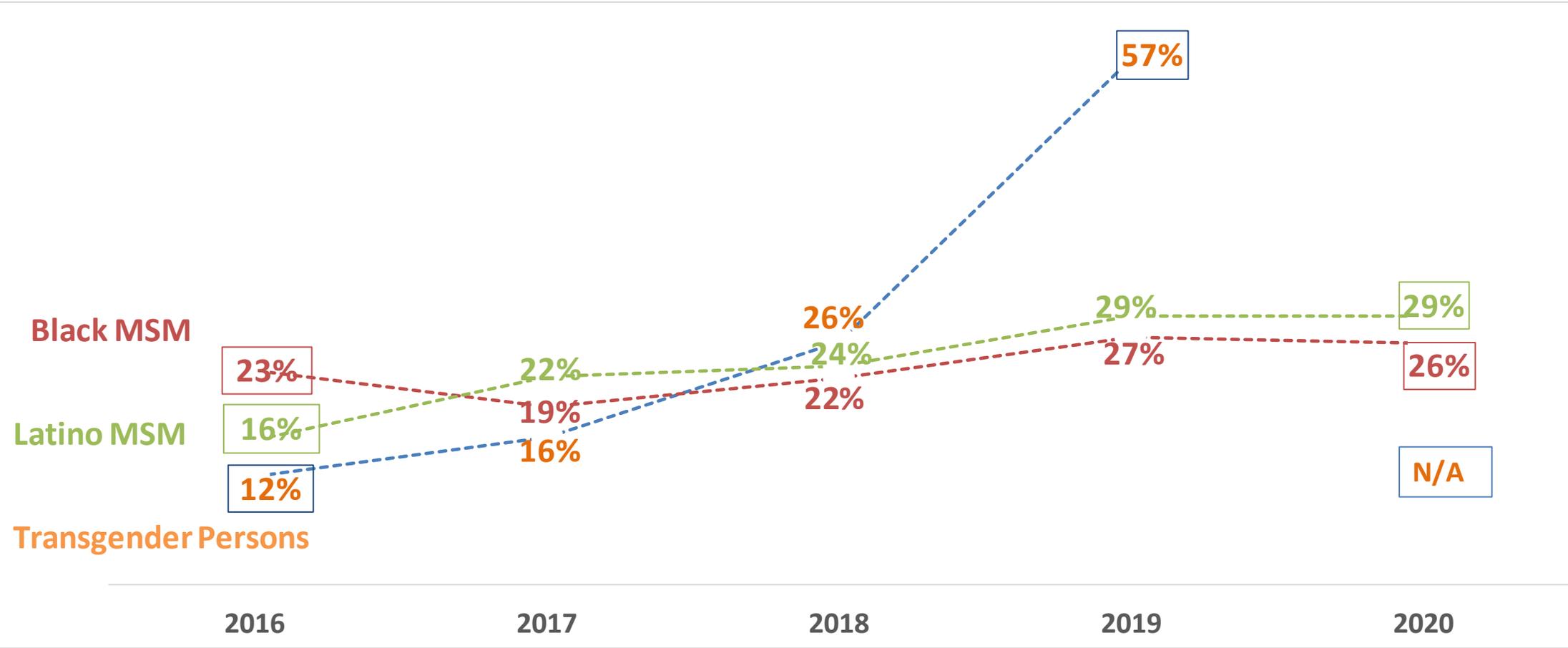
*LMSM and TGP significantly different p<0.001

¹Collected at baseline in April 2016 and in all follow up surveys (October 2016, February 2017, August 2017, February 2018, July 2018, December 2019, December 2020); MSM recruited via app TGP all sources

Which Priority Groups Reported Increased PrEP Use?



PrEP use within the past 12-month significantly increased across all groups since 2016*



*p<0.001

¹Collected at baseline in April 2016 and in all follow up surveys (October 2016, February 2017, August 2017, February 2018, July 2018, December 2019, December 2020); MSM recruited via app TGP all source; TGP data for 2020 not presented due to low sample size



Accomplishments

- Maintained HIV continuity of care in the midst of large, complex and acute humanitarian and public health challenges
- Tested and adopted new models to deliver HIV and STD services that better meet people where they are (e.g. telehealth, field-based services)
- The number and diversity of HIV service partners has grown
- HIV-related revenue streams continue to expand (e.g. Medicaid, EHE)
- Long-acting injectables have arrived
- We've launched publicly facing HIV and STD dashboards
(Available at: <http://publichealth.lacounty.gov/dhsp/dashboard.htm>)
- Expanded the number of PrEP Centers of Excellence
- Additional EHE-focused accomplishments reviewed later.....

Navigating Competing Priorities

- Clinic response to COVID-19
- Response to MPX
- Community involvement given racial justice movement, political landscape
- Multiple plans for HIV efforts

Support Innovation

- Contingency management
- Flexibility for reloadable cash gift cards
- PrEP marketing paradigm shift
- Leveraging technology to improve care coordination

Align & Increase Funding

- Status neutral approach
- STDs (syphilis, congenital syphilis)

Capacity Building & Workforce Development

- Substance use (meth) & syringe service programs
- Mental health
- Housing and homelessness
- Taxed community-based service network

Address Administrative Barriers

- Federal requirements (e.g. W-9 form for EFA program)
- Local administrative barriers (e.g., timeline for contracting)



Challenges

- HIV-related progress has slowed (e.g., incidence, PrEP, viral suppression)
- Crises tied to STDs, homelessness, substance use disorder and mental illness continue to grow
- HIV and STD related disparities persist, across multiple domains
- Private and public health care delivery systems are taxed and fatigued
- Critical staff vacancies persist and high staff turnover trends continue
- Agency and staff training, technical assistance and skills development needs are growing and outpacing current capacity
- Competing public health challenges (COVID, Mpox, influenza, RSV, avian flu, TB, overdose)



EHE Update: Strategies Completed and Strategies in Progress

Opportunities for Additional Progress: EHE Strategies on the Horizon

Michael Haymer, MD, MSW

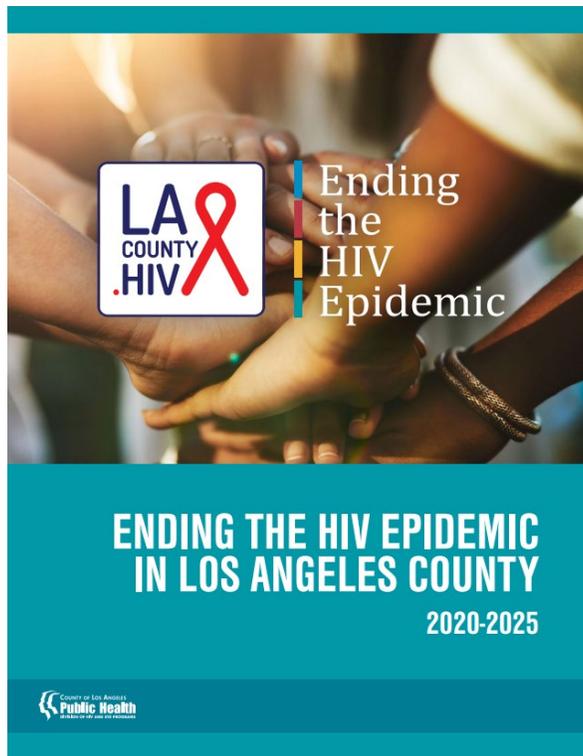
Treat Pillar Lead

Ending the HIV Epidemic

Division of HIV and STD Programs



Overarching Strategy: Ensure that the Los Angeles County Ending the HIV Epidemic Initiative addresses; health inequities, dismantles racial inequities that are at the root of HIV and related syndemics, focuses on the communities most impacted by HIV, and adopts a client-centered, people first approach.



Priority Populations:

- Black/African American men who have sex with men (MSM)
- Latinx MSM
- Women of color
- People who inject drugs and/or with substance use disorder
- People of trans experience
- Persons under 30 years of age

Executive Summary: <https://www.lacounty.hiv/resources/>

Full EHE Plan: www.LACounty.HIV

59,400
people living with HIV
in LA County

1,400
new transmissions
per year

6,800
are unaware of their
HIV positive status

76,000
people would benefit
from PrEP

54,500
of the 76,000 are Black &
Latinx people who would
benefit from PrEP

Diagnose



- Increase routine opt out HIV testing in healthcare & institutional settings.
- Increase HIV testing programs in non-healthcare settings including self-testing.
- Increase client's yearly HIV re-screening of persons with elevated HIV risk.



Prevent

- Utilize data to better identify and link persons with indication for pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP).
- Expand PrEP access, including through telehealth and pharmacies.
- Improve PrEP retention in care through provider and consumer automated communication.
- Expand Syringe Services Programs to provide HIV prevention (and treatment) services and/or linked referrals.

Treat



- Facilitate rapid ART and linkage to care at partner clinics.
- Increase knowledge of and access to free and low-cost HIV services through the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program.
- Assess and improve mental health services for people with HIV.
- Improve client experience by working with clinical staff.
- Develop programs that provide housing and emergency financial assistance services.



Respond

- Implement routine real-time cluster detection and response in hot spots and subpopulations via the County's Cluster Detection and Response Plan.
- Expand Partner Services to interview partners of people newly diagnosed with HIV as soon as possible.
- Build surveillance infrastructure at the public health department.

Ending the HIV Epidemic Performance Indicators



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- Using Los Angeles County data from the National HIV Behavioral Surveillance system, STD clinic data, online Apps survey, COE program data, and AHEAD dashboard.

| Partner Types | Organizations/Groups |
|--|--|
| Frontline Service Providers | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Network 2) Community health clinics, FQHCs, Community Clinic Association of Los Angeles County (CCALAC) 3) County partners (DHS, DMH, SAPC) |
| Academic Partners | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) CHIPTS/CFAR 2) Pacific AIDS Education Training Center (PAETC) |
| Policy Partners | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) CA HIV Research Program (CHRP) 2) Commission on HIV Public Policy Committee 3) CA Ending the Epidemics Coalition |
| Community | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) AMAAD, LAC+USC Foundation (The Wellness Center) 2) Commission on HIV Consumer Caucus 3) Community Advisory Boards |
| Advisory and Operational Groups | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Commission on HIV 2) EHE Steering Committee |

FEDERAL PARTNERS





Diagnose

- **HIV self test kits** - over 15,000 kits distributed to HIV testing agencies, new partners, and at community events.
- **Increased HIV testing** at Vaccine Plus Clinics and on Skid Row.



Treat

- **Rapid Linkage to Care Program** launched.
- **Emergency Financial Assistance Program** (homelessness prevention) launched.
- **Mental Health consultant** providing support to pregnant persons with HIV.
- **Assessment of Unmet Mental Health Needs of PLWH** complete by HMA Community Strategies.



Prevent

- **Telehealth services for PrEP** implemented at 4 agencies.
- **PrEP provider assessment** conducted in Supervisorial District 2.
- **Technical assistance** to FQHCs and community clinics on PrEP.



Respond

- **Cluster Detection and Response Plan** developed.
- **Disease investigation services (DIS) collaboration** from a regional, cooperative perspective across regions.

Cross Cutting Strategies

- **EHE Steering Committee** formed.
- **Implicit Bias & Medical Mistrust Training** - 236 individuals trained across 35 agencies with newly developed curriculum.
- Temporary staff contract executed for 16 positions.
- **Community Engagement Program** developed and launched.
- **EHE Education and Outreach Team** formed to conduct outreach and education.

Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) Steering Committee



Charles W. Robbins,
MBA



Javontae Wilson



Astrid Reina, PhD



Jerry Abraham, MD,
MPH, CMQ



Raniyah Copeland,
MPH



Erin Jackson-Ward,
MPH



Bridget Rogala,
MPH, M CHES



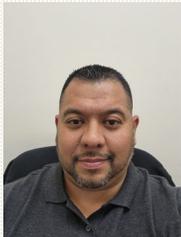
Lindsey P. Horvath



Barbara L. Roberts



Luis S. Garcia,
Ed.D, MSW



Oscar Arellano



Ty Gaffney-Smith



Zelenne L. Cárdenas



Matthew Gray Brush,
MPH



Louise McCarthy, MPP



Kaleef Starks

Biographical Sketches available on EHE website:

www.LACounty.HIV

The HIV.E (HIV Empowerment and Education) Program



Based on Community Based Participatory Research (CBPR) and Youth Participatory Action Research (YPAR) frameworks.

1. Advance structural change projects.
2. Lead educational activities.
3. Social media/marketing campaigns.
4. Host/attend community events.

| COHORT | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------------|--|
| Black/African American MSM | Faith-based approach to address stigma of HIV and queer identity |
| Latinx MSM | Education for primary care providers to support Latinx LGBTQ+ people and reduce stigma |
| People of trans experience | Partnership to provide education and support for trans people via large convening |
| Women of color | Social media campaigns to increase awareness about HIV and women |
| Young adults 19-29 years | Multifaceted media campaign to address stigma and myths around HIV for youth |
| South LA | Storytelling to create change and to honor physical HIV/AIDS monuments |
| East LA | Develop Spanish language resources to support Latinx LGBTQ+ people and PLWH |
| The Valley | Improve PrEP/PEP knowledge among women |
| Long Beach | In development |

WHAT'S THE BUZZ ABOUT?

Are you interested in leading community projects to prevent and treat HIV in your community?

The Wellness Center and AMAAD are working to stop the spread of HIV and want to work with you!

Ending The HIV Epidemic | Funding by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Ending the HIV Epidemic Grant and the County of Los Angeles, Department of Public Health, Division of HIV and STD Programs | LAC+USC | The AMAAD Institute | The Wellness Center



Diagnose

- HIV testing in DMH Mental Health clinics.
- **Emergency Department Testing Initiative.**
- Ongoing partner recruitment for **HIV self test kit distribution** – SSP agencies, mental health providers



Treat

- **Contingency Management Pilot** launched September 2022
- Intensive case management for all **pregnant HIV-positive persons** and increased TA for birthing hospitals.
- **HIV Transition of Care Project** at LAC+USC Medical Center (*pending*).



Prevent

- Increasing capacity of **syringe services programs** via contract augmentations and re-solicitations (DHSP/SAPC collaboration).
- Increasing provider capacity to prescribe PrEP via public health detailing



Respond

- **Cluster Detection and Response Community Advisory Board.**
- HIV focus for DHSP **Partner Services** staff.
- DHSP **Data to Action Surveillance** team created to better identify high priority cases for enhanced case management.

Cross Cutting Strategies

- **Media solicitation** for 3 campaigns released (PrEP, HIV and syphilis, Ryan White promotion)
- **Data to Care** solicitation developed.
- **EHE Education and Outreach Team** continues to look for opportunities to engage communities and increase EHE awareness

Projects In Progress

- Refresh of LACounty.HIV to increase engagement
- DHSP Health Education Library - HIV, STD, PrEP and Sexual health Material Development
- Developing more RW Fact Sheets (In addition to the 10 published)
- Finalizing Language Guide
- Partnered with DPH Communications for MPOX Testimonials Solicitation from community members
- World AIDS Day (Proposed – Pending DPH Approval)
 - Instagram posts for the week of WAD
 - LA Landmarks Lighting Up Red: Union Station, LAX, Hollywood Post 43, Dignity Health Sports Park, Los Angeles City Hall & Grand Park Fountain, and Sixth Street Viaduct

Ongoing Projects

- EHE Newsletter
- EHE Presentations
- Outreach Events
- Trans In LA – Instagram (English/Spanish) content
 - Highlighting Transgender Awareness Week and Transgender Day of Remembrance this month
- College/University Student Webinars
- Supporting pillar projects (development of materials and translations)



| Activity/Program | Description |
|--|---|
| Mini-grants to Partners | Allow non-traditional HIV partners and smaller CBOs who typically are unable to apply to County RFPs due to eligibility requirements (insurance, MMRs, etc.) to implement innovative projects. |
| Grants for Interventions Targeting EHE Priority Populations | Agencies to implement DHSP-selected evidence-based interventions serving people with HIV in EHE priority populations. Interventions range from Seeking Safety, Peer-led approaches, financial incentives for behavior change, among others. |
| Spanish Language Mental Health Program | Countywide tele-mental health services for Spanish monolingual people with HIV and clients with co-occurring disorders, specifically substance use disorder. Developed based on community and provider input. |
| HIV Workforce Development | Create opportunities for people living with HIV to be part of the workforce and increase capacity of existing and future HIV staff. Ensure services are culturally sensitive and client-centered. |
| Ryan White Program Centralized Eligibility Administrator | Facilitate engagement in care by reducing existing barriers and administrative burden for clients across all Ryan White funded HIV treatment and supportive services. |
| Provider Visitation Program | Provider detailing on topics that may include, but not limited to (1) Testing & PrEP, (2) HIV and Women. |



Ending the HIV Epidemic

Michael Haymer, MD, MSW
mhaymer@ph.lacounty.gov

Sign up for the EHE Newsletter at
www.LACounty.HIV

EHE General Inbox
EHEInitiative@ph.lacounty.gov



Opportunities for Enhanced Planning: New Unmet Need Focus and Approach

Wendy Garland, MPH
Chief Epidemiologist
Program Monitoring & Evaluation
Division of HIV and STD Programs



What is Unmet Need?

- Defined by HRSA HIV/AIDS Bureau as:
“ the need for HIV-related health services by individuals with HIV who are aware of their status, but are not receiving regular primary [HIV] health care.”
- Estimated Unmet Need has been a reporting requirement for RWHAP recipients since 2005
- Data and methods to estimate unmet need have evolved with improvements in HIV care and data quality
- New and expanded methodology released 2021 for implementation in 2022

1. "HRSA/HAB Definitions Relate to Needs Assessment," prepared for the Division of Service Systems, HIV/AIDS Bureau by Mosaica: The Center for Nonprofit Development and Pluralism, June 10, 2002.

Evolving Definition of Unmet Need



2005

- Focus on people aware of their HIV/AIDS diagnosis but getting regular HIV medical care
- People living with diagnosed HIV and AIDS with no evidence of care (at least one viral load [VL] or CD4 test or ART prescription) in past 12 months

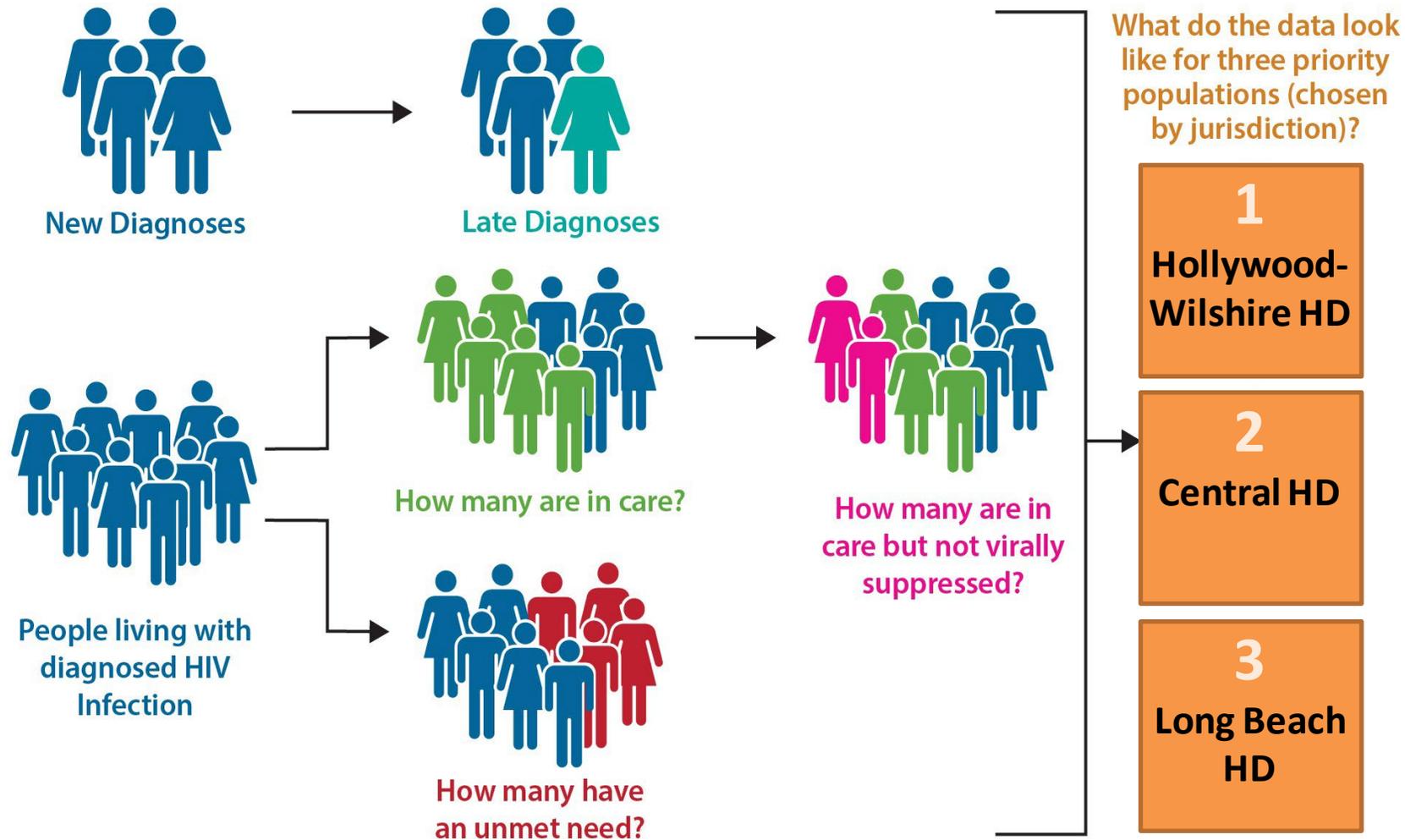
2017

- Care markers updated to align with HIV Care Continuum Definitions
- People living with diagnosed HIV and AIDS with no evidence of care (2 or more medical visits or VL or CD4 tests at least 90 days apart) in past 12 months

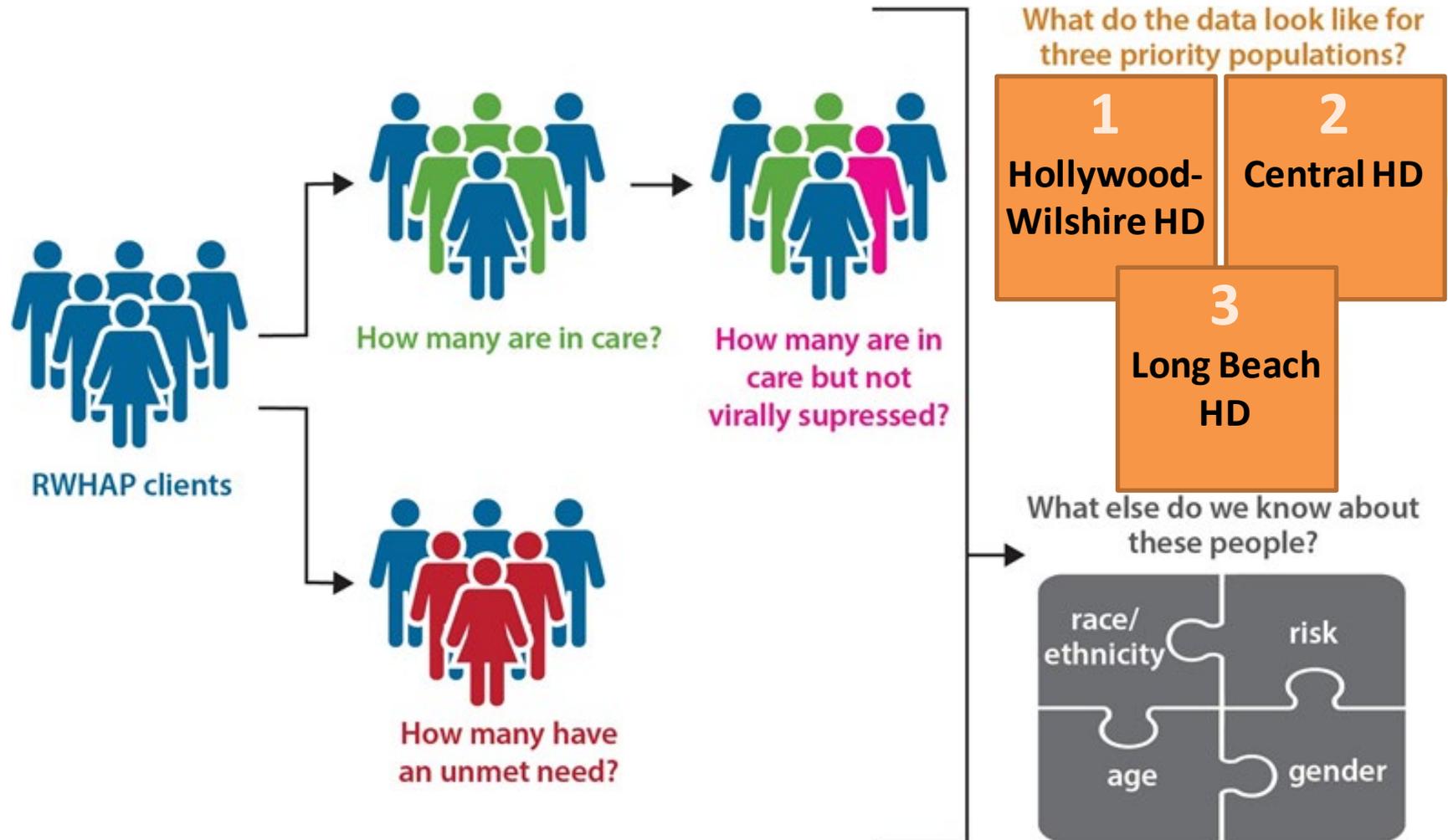
2021

- Revised care markers and expanded populations
- People living with **diagnosed HIV** with no evidence of care (at least one VL or CD4 test) in the past 12 months
- Adds two new indicators:
 - Persons diagnosed with HIV in the past 12 months with **LATE DIAGNOSIS (first CD4**
 - Persons living with diagnosed HIV **IN MEDICAL CARE** (at least one VL or CD4 test) who were **NOT VIRALLY SUPPRESSED** in the past 12 months

LAC Populations for Estimates of Unmet Need



RWP Populations for Estimates of Unmet Need



How will the Unmet Need Estimates support COH activities?

**Priority Setting and
Resource Allocation**

**Identification of Service
Gaps**

**Design/Refine Service
Models**

**Planning for Special
Initiatives**



Next Steps for Unmet Need Estimates

- Internal review by DHSP
 - PLWDH
 - RWP
- Summary report and presentation to COH expected early 2023

References and Resources

- Webinar video and slides: <https://targethiv.org/library/updated-framework-estimating-unmet-need-hiv-primary-medical-care>
- Methodology for Estimating Unmet Need: Instruction Manual
<https://targethiv.org/library/methodology-estimating-unmet-need-instruction-manual>
- Enhanced Unmet Need Estimates and Analyses: Using Data for Local Planning
<https://targethiv.org/library/enhanced-unmet-need-estimates-and-analyses-using-data-local-planning>



Questions, Answers and Discussion



LOS ANGELES COUNTY

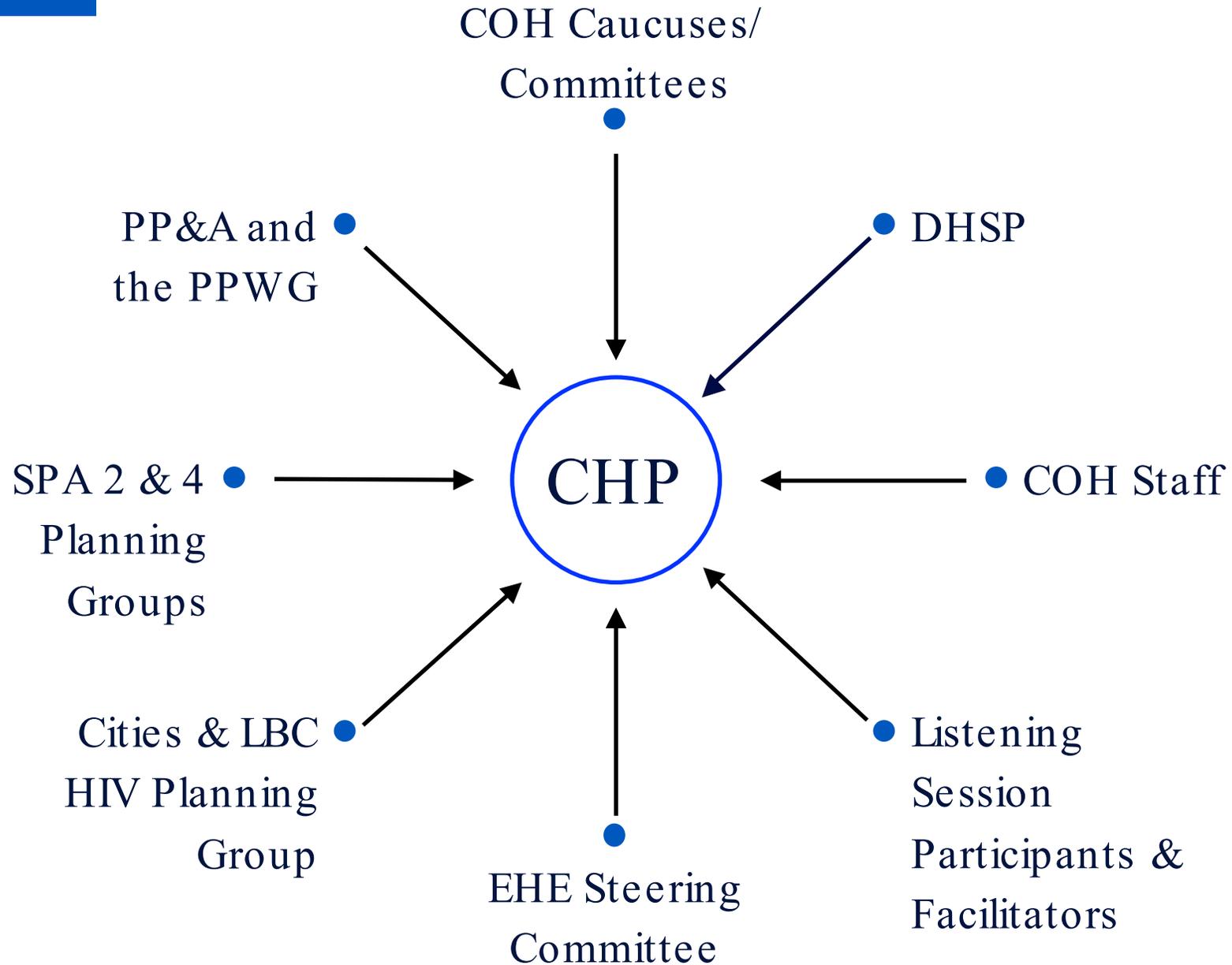
COMPREHENSIVE HIV PLAN, 2022-2026

Commisison on HIV Annual Meeting

November 10, 2022

- Kevin Donnelly & Al Ballesteros,
PP&A Committee Co-Chairs
- AJ King, Next-Level Consulting, Inc.

THANK YOU!!



AGENDA

- 1 | BACKGROUND: COMPREHENSIVE HIV PLAN
- 2 | KEY COMPONENTS & THEMES
- 3 | KEY SECTIONS & HIGHLIGHTS
- 4 | Q&A

Integrated HIV Prevention and Care Plan Guidance, including the Statewide Coordinated Statement of Need, CY 2022- 2026

Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention

National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

HIV/AIDS Bureau

Health Resources and Services Administration

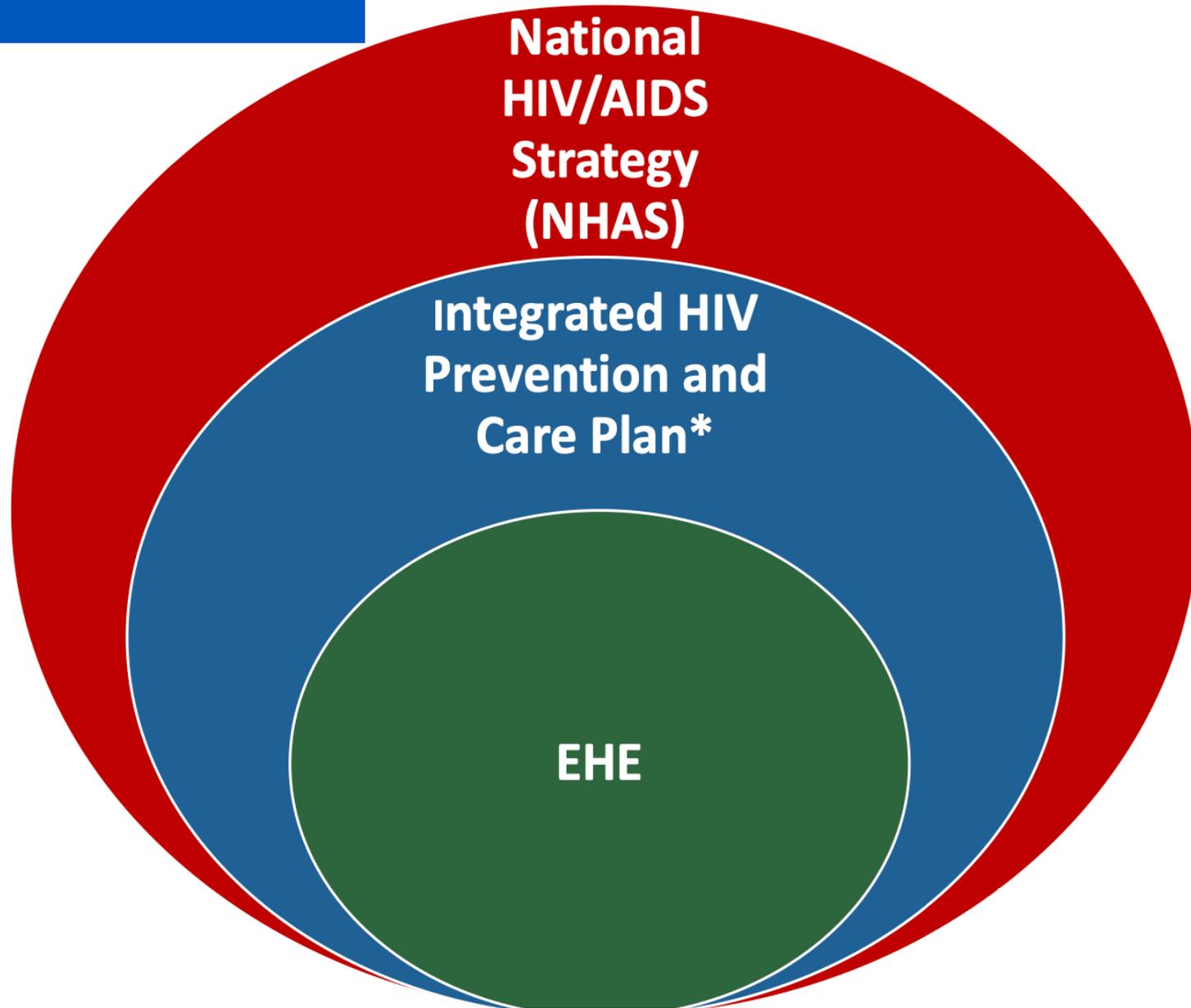
June 2021



Background and Overview:

- Directly-funded jurisdictions required to have a planning process that includes the development of a system-wide plan for the delivery of HIV services.
- Vehicle to identify needs, resources, barriers & gaps and outline strategies to address them.
- Aligned with national goals but reflective of local vision, values and needs.

BACKGROUND



NHAS Overarching Goal:
Reduce new HIV infections by 90% by 2030

CHP Goals and Objectives
Pertaining to EHE Strategies:

1. Diagnose
2. Treat
3. Prevent
4. Respond

*Integrated HIV Prevention and Care Plan = Comprehensive HIV Plan

KEY COMPONENTS & THEMES

**HIV
Workforce
Capacity**

**Address
Social
Determinants
of Health**

**System/
Services
Integration**

**Harm
Reduction**

**Racial
Disparities**

**Unstably
Housed**

**Status
Neutral**

**Aging
Population of
PLWH**

**Syphilis and
Other STDs**

**Meth Use
Disorder**

Required Section

1. Executive Summary

2. Community Engagement and Planning Process

3. Contributing Data Sets and Assessments



- Epidemiological Snapshot
- Needs Assessment
- Resources Inventory

4. Situational Analysis

5. Goals and Objectives



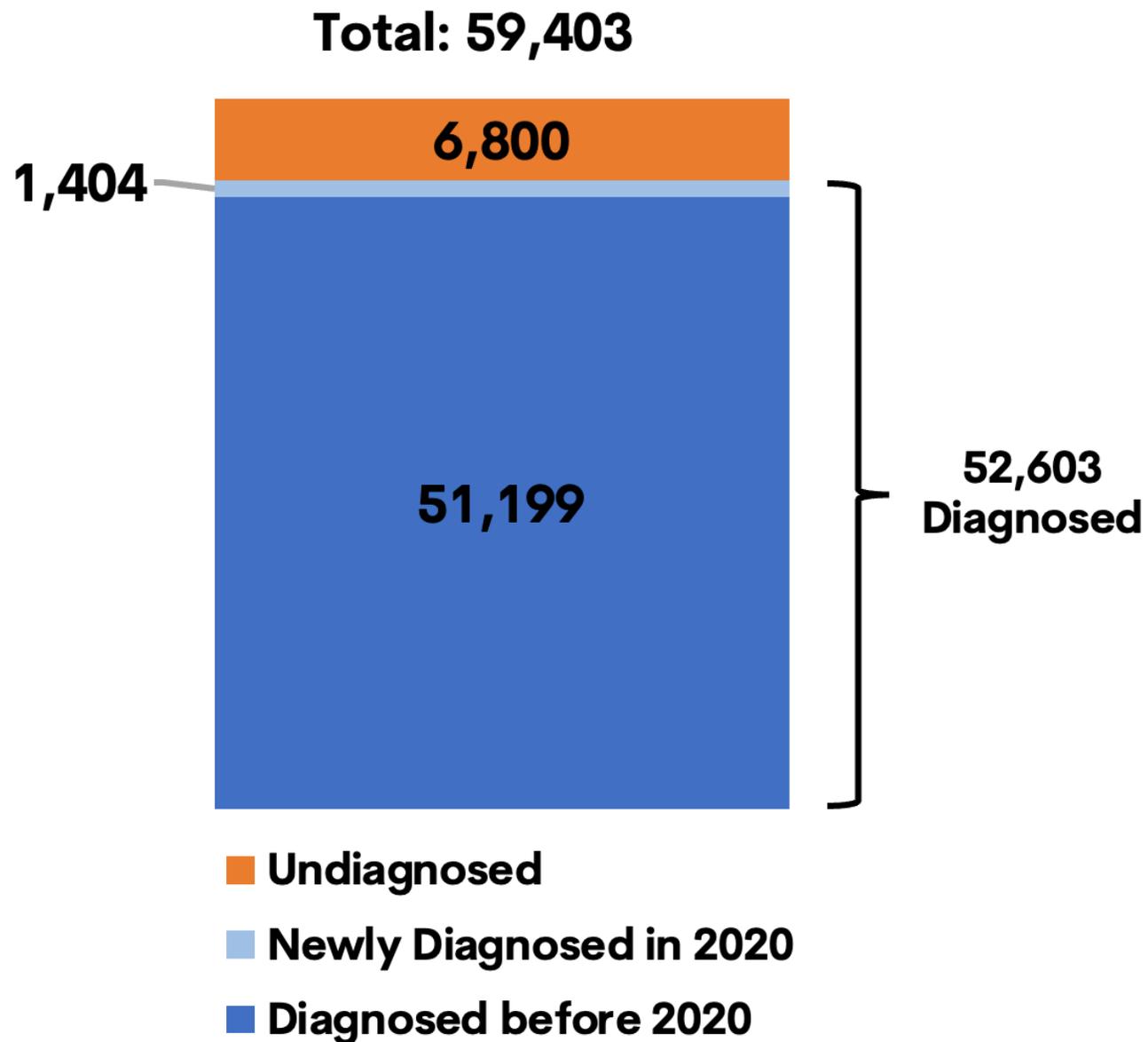
- Based on EHE goals & objectives
- Opportunity to add more cross-cutting goals/objectives

6. Integrated Planning Implementation, Monitoring and Follow Up

7. Letters of Concurrence

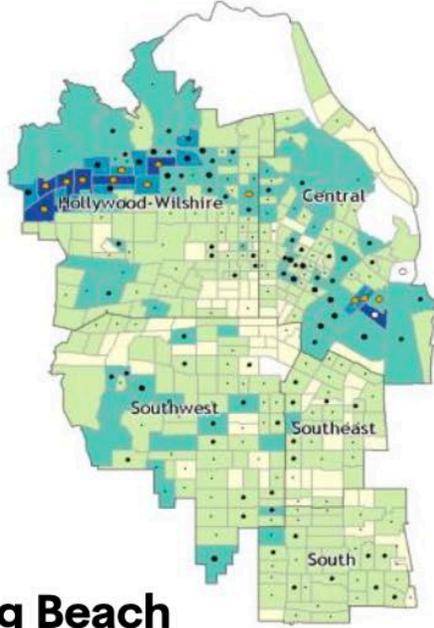
EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SNAPSHOT

- At the end of 2019, there were 51,199 people living with diagnosed HIV (PLWDH) in LA County
- 1,404 people were newly diagnosed with HIV in 2020
- There are an estimated 6,800 PLWH who are not yet diagnosed

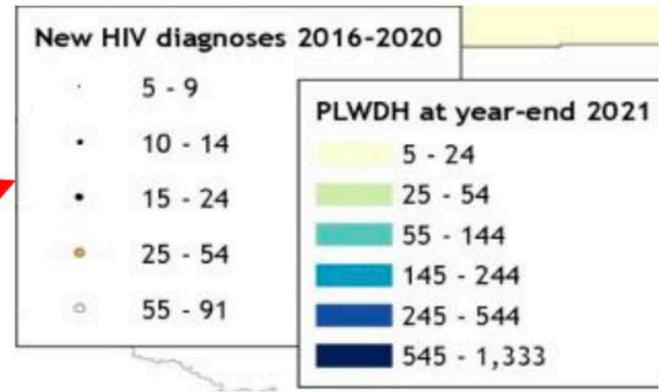
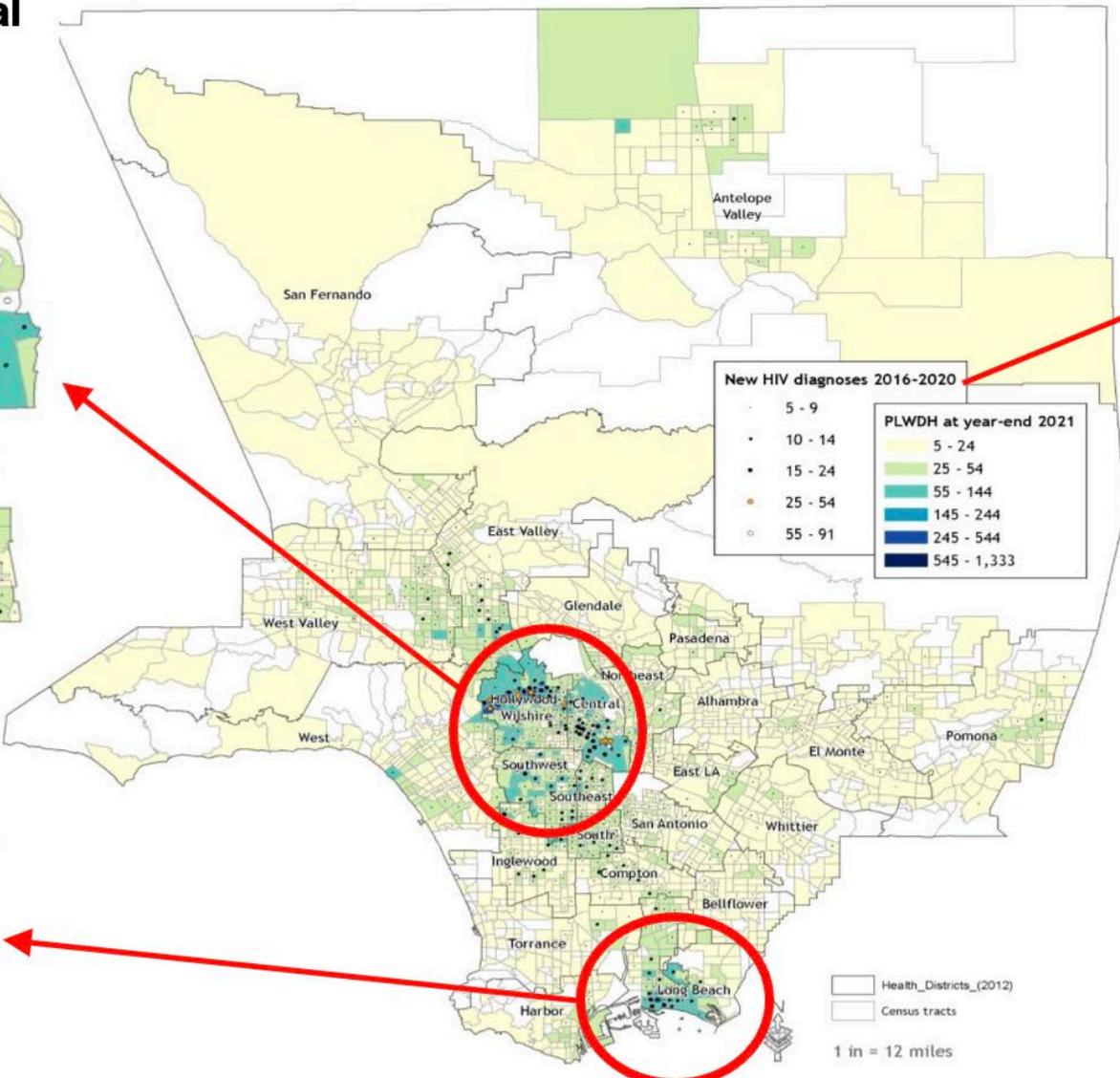
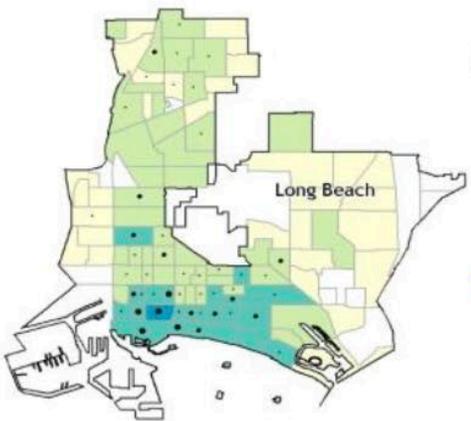


EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SNAPSHOT

Hollywood-Wilshire & Central

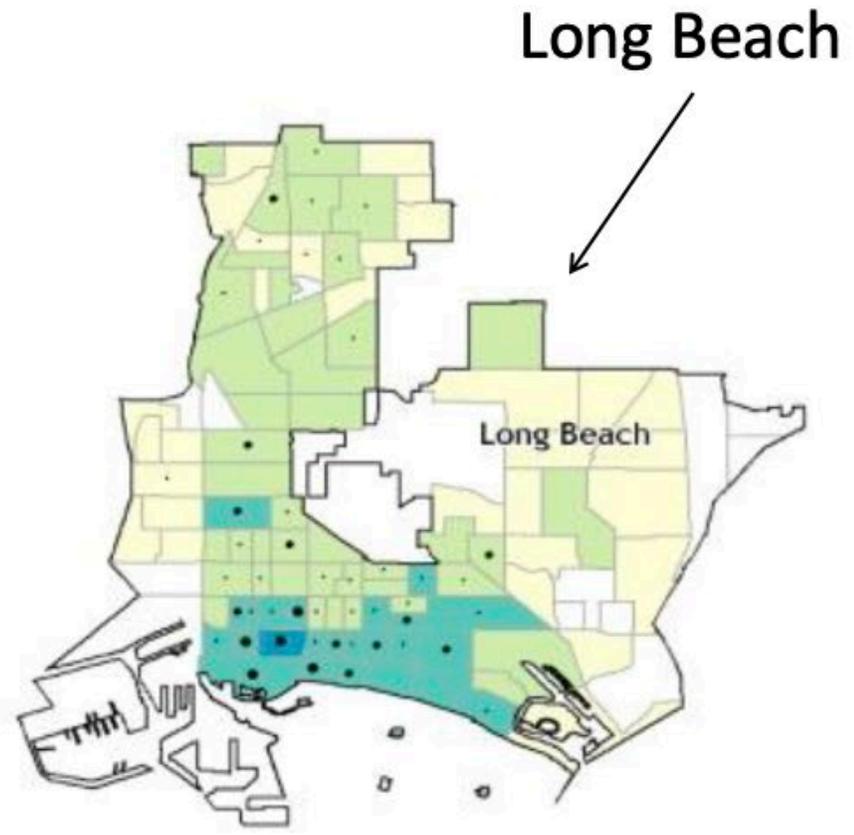
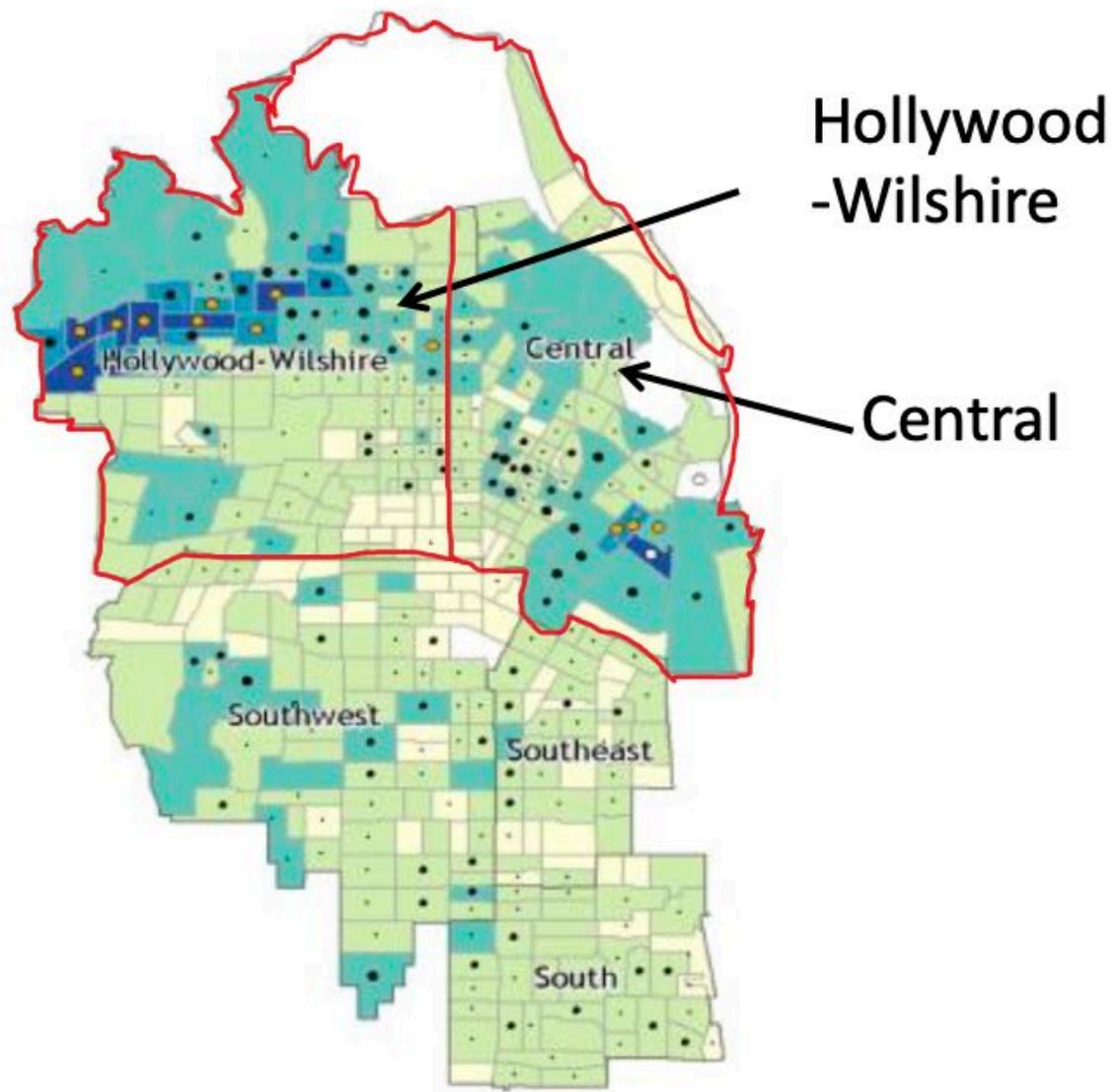


Long Beach

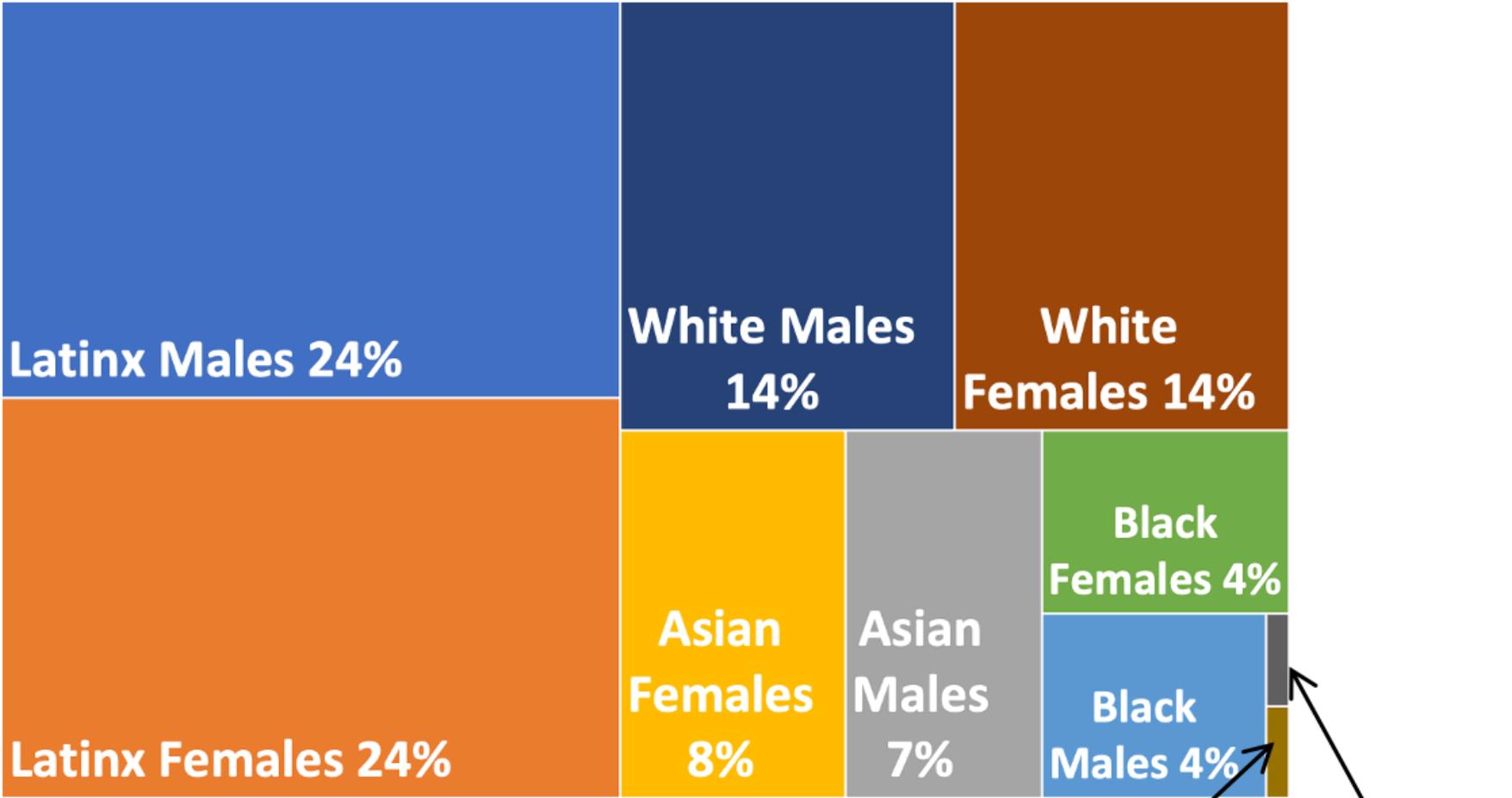


Health_Districts_(2012)
 Census tracts
 1 in = 12 miles

Top Three Epicenters for HIV in LAC



LA County Population, 2020:

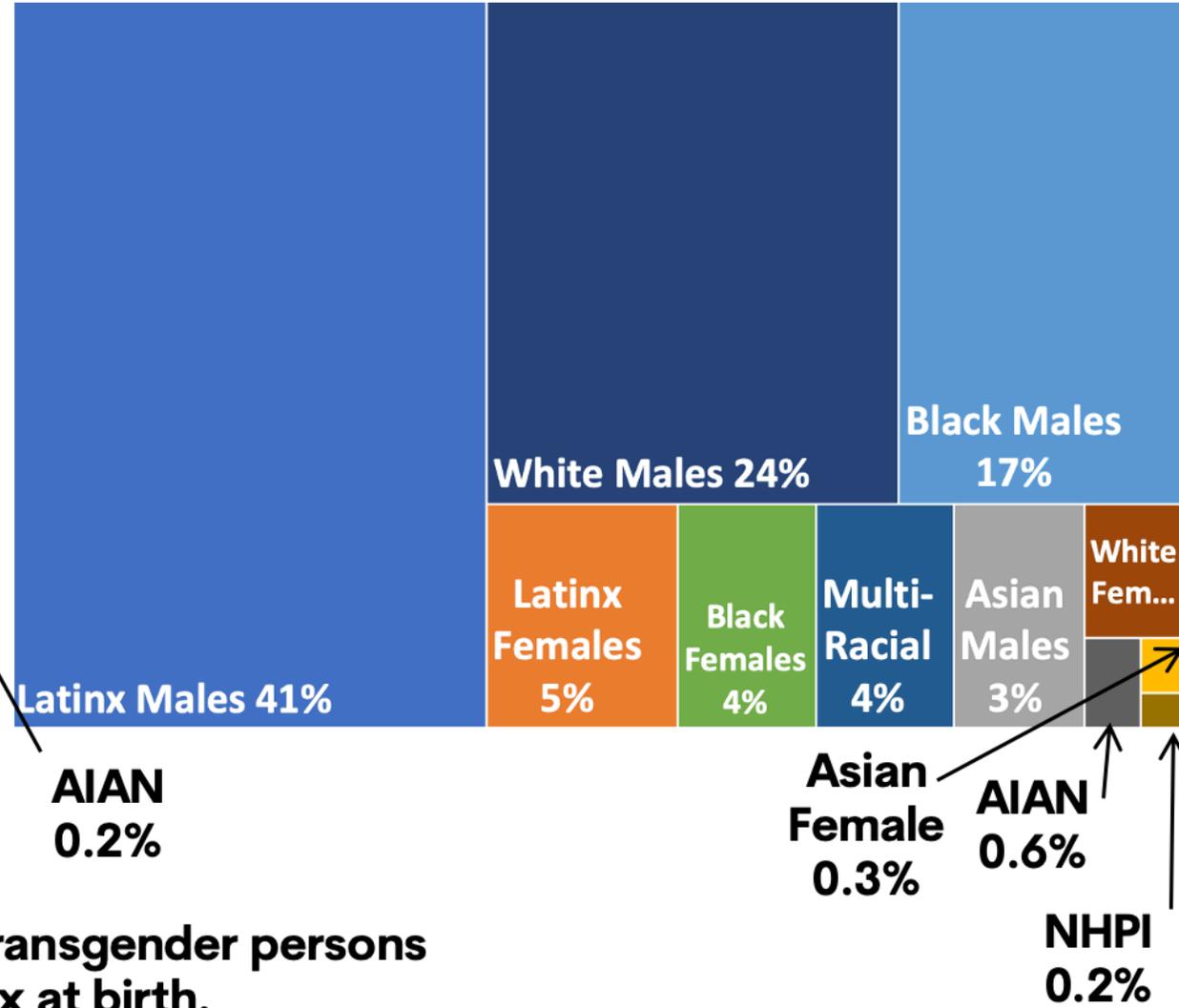
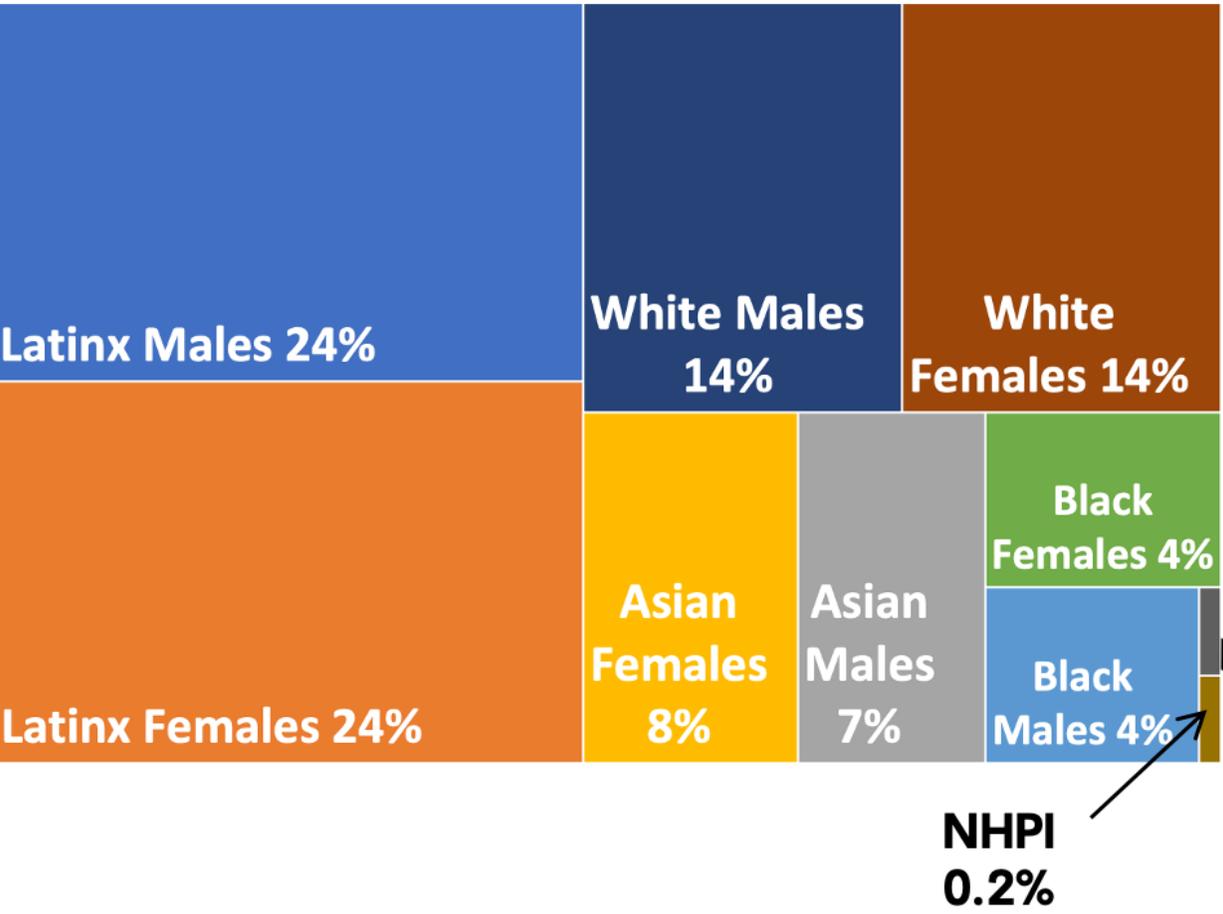


NHPI: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander
AIAN: American Indian/Alaskan Native

*Population estimates are not currently available for transgender persons, therefore, male and female categories are based on sex at birth

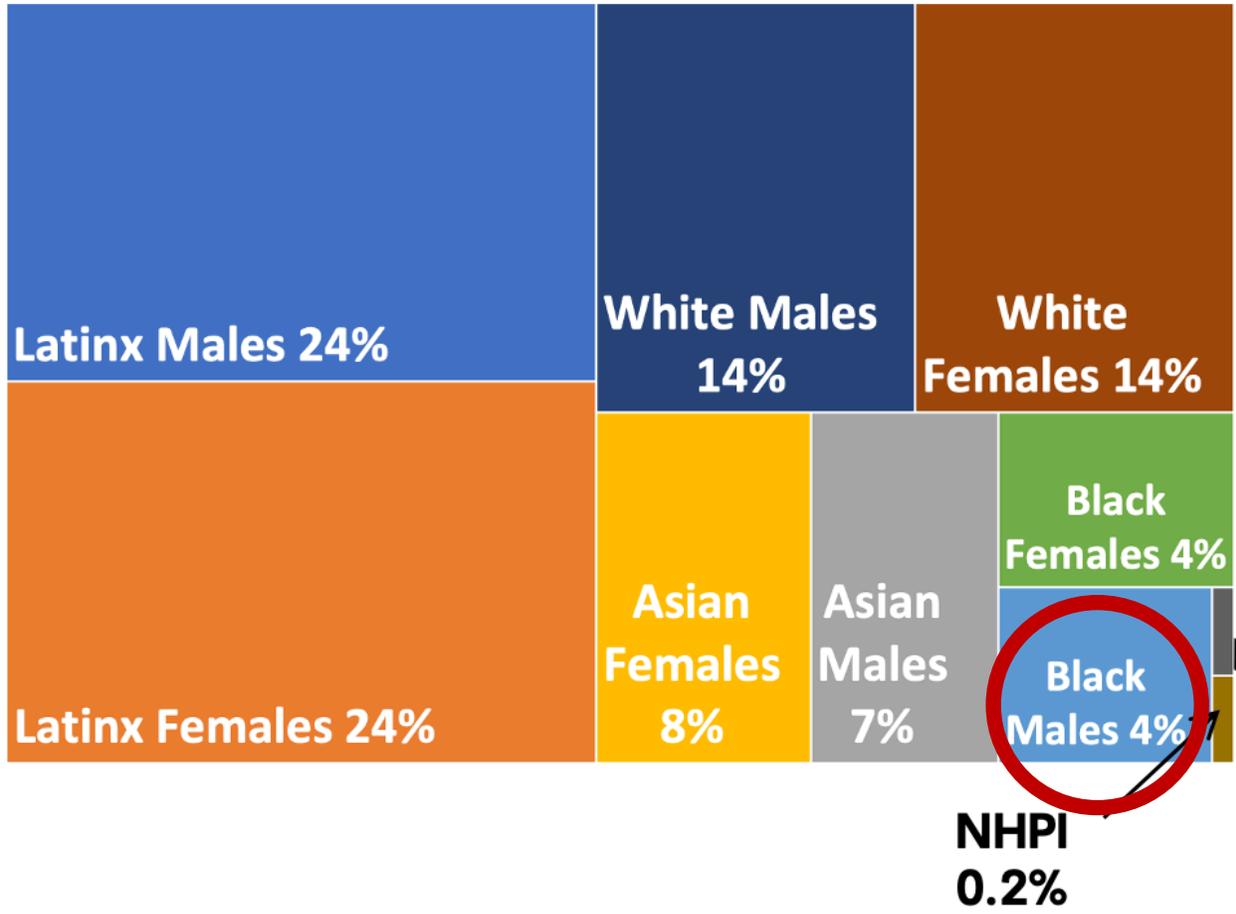
LA County Population, 2020:

PLWDH in LA County, 2021:

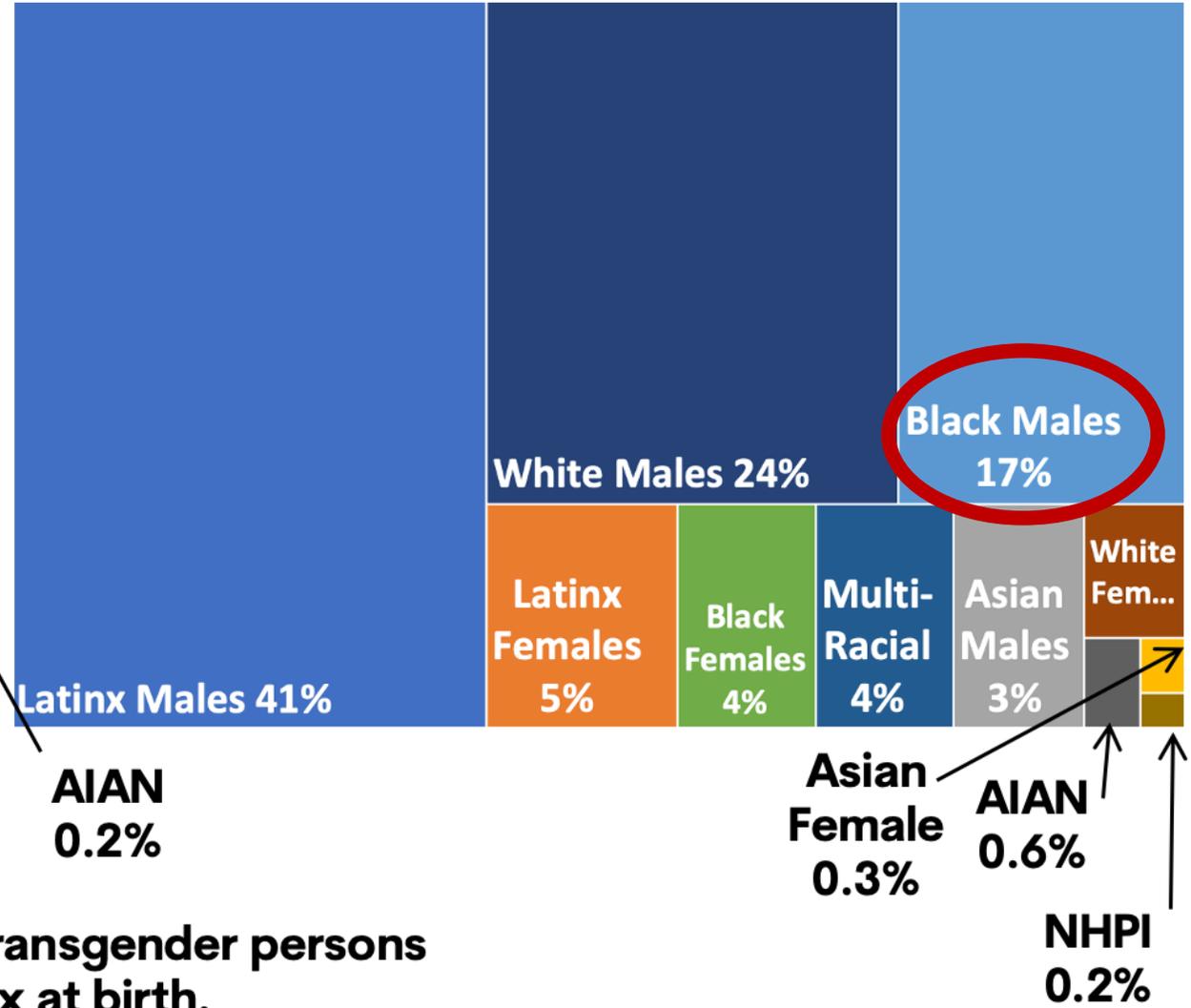


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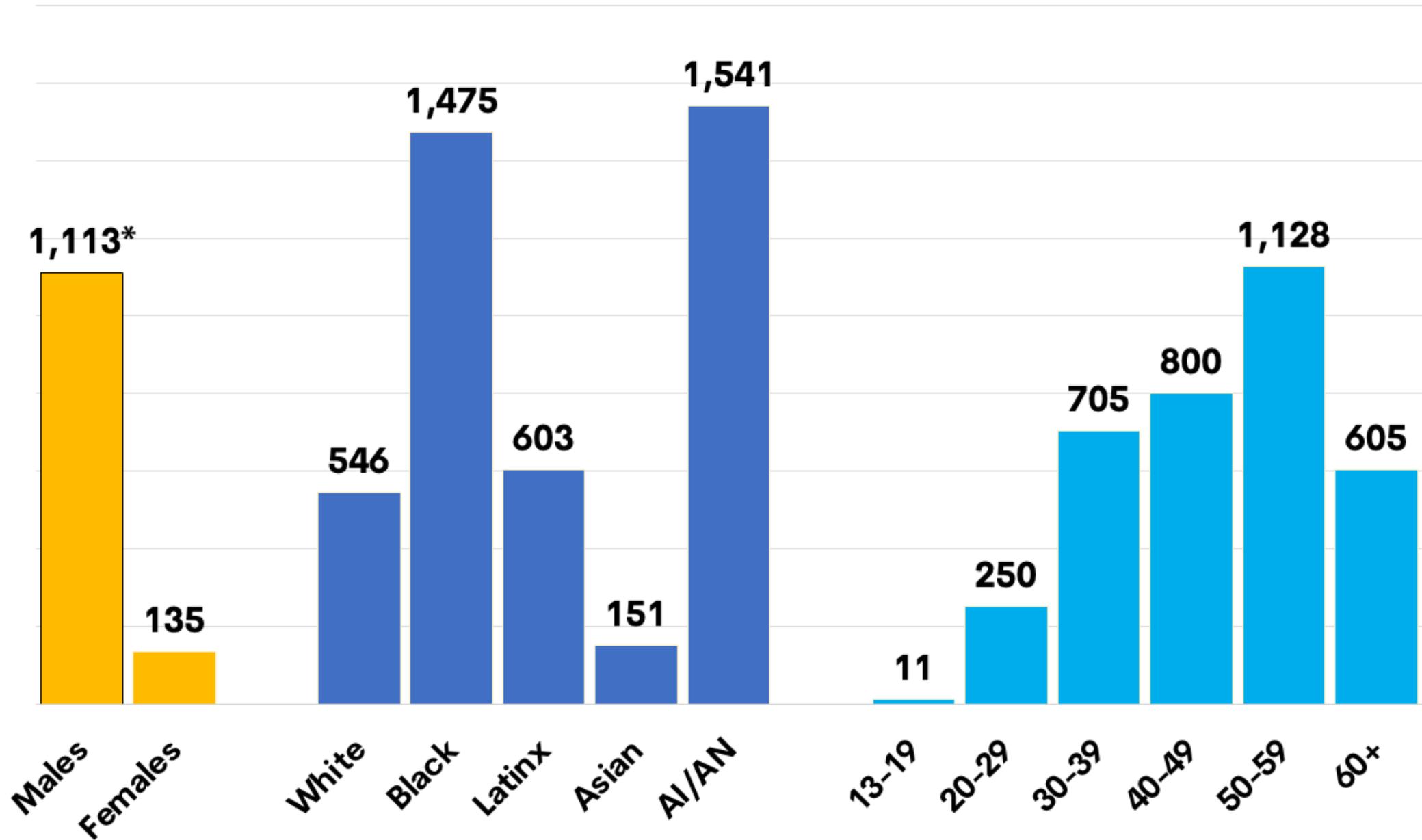


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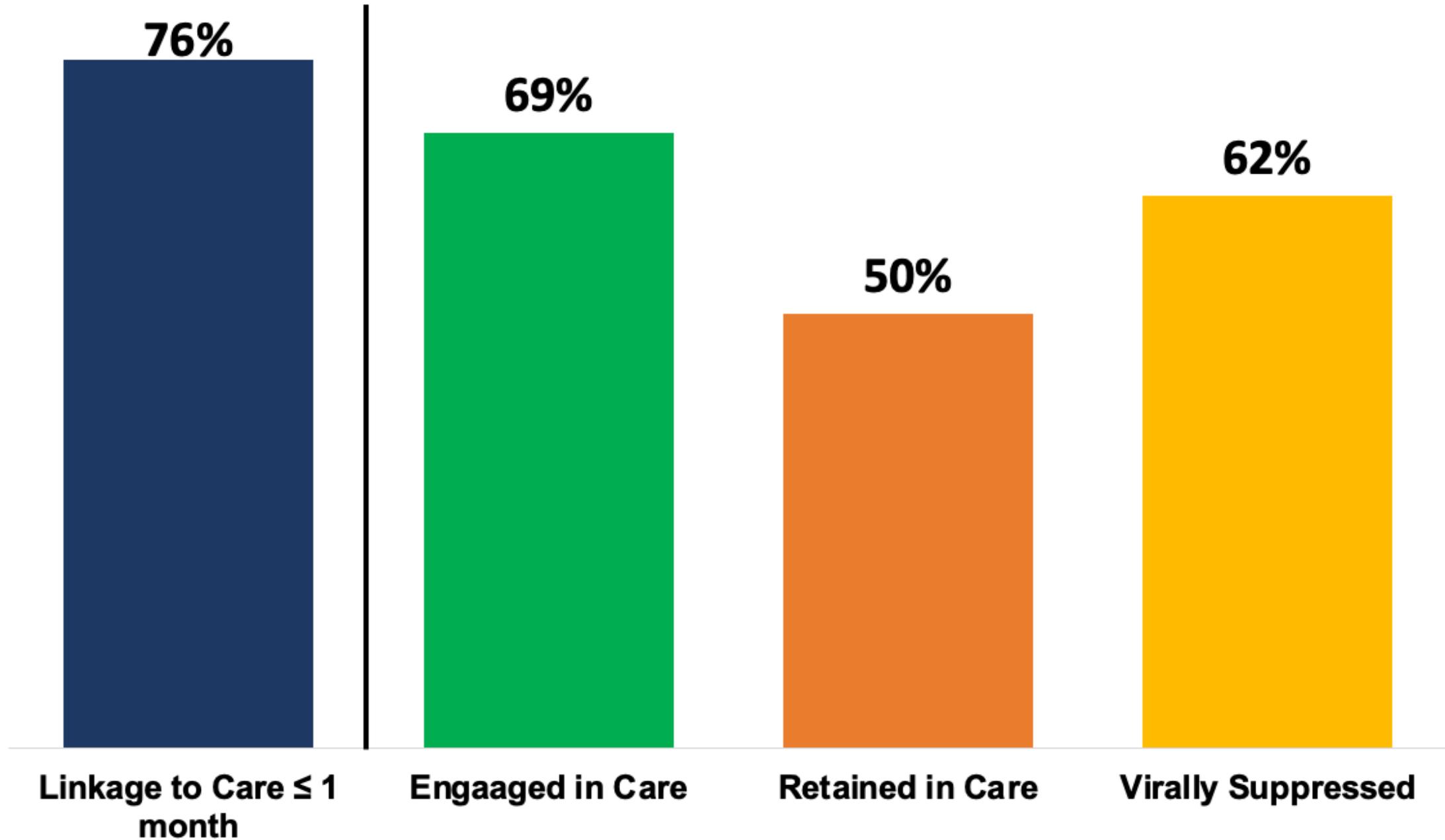


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Rates of PLWDH by Gender, Race/Ethnicity and Age Group, LAC 2021



HIV Care Continuum among Persons aged ≥ 13 , LAC 2020 and 2021



Priority Populations

**Black/AA
MSM**

**Latinx
MSM**

**Women
of Color**

**Transgender
Persons**

**PLWH 50
Years Old
and Older**

**Persons Under
30 Years of Age**

**People who
Inject Drugs**

Secondary Data Sources and Reports Used in the Needs Assessment Section:

- (1) Local and national HIV surveillance data, including various reports presenting data from LAC's National HIV Behavioral Survey (NHBS) and Medical Monitoring Project (MMP);
- (2) HIV Care Continuum measures for LAC by subpopulation;
- (3) Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) surveillance data;
- (4) LAC PrEP data;
- (5) HIV testing data for DHSP publicly funded testing data;
- (6) 2020 Unmet Need report;
- (7) Ryan White Program Year 31 Care Utilization Data;
- (8) Black/African American Taskforce PrEP Focus Groups Report²⁶;
- (9) DHSP-Funded Biomedical Prevention Services, Year 6 Report;
- (10) Project Fierce Community Survey on STD Prevention Needs of Young Women of Color;
- (11) Assessment of Unmet Mental Health Needs of PLWH; and
- (12) CHIPTS' Study on Optimizing PrEP Delivery to Immigrant Latino MSM



LOS ANGELES COUNTY
COMMISSION ON HIV



**(REVISED) Black/African American Community (BAAC) Task Force
Recommendations**

October 10, 2019

Introduction

The BAAC Task Force was formed in response to the Commission on HIV's (COH) February 14, 2019 National Black HIV/AIDS Awareness Day (NBHAAD) Panel discussion in an effort to address the disproportionate impact of HIV/AIDS in the Black/African American (AA) communities of Los Angeles County.

The BAAC Task Force convened on April 30, 2019 to develop a progressive and inclusive agenda to address and provide recommendations to the COH on how to reduce and ultimately eliminate the disproportionate impact of HIV/AIDS and STIs in all subsets of the Black/AA community utilizing a community-wide mobilization effort.



LOS ANGELES COUNTY COMMISSION ON HIV



3530 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1140 • Los Angeles, CA 90010 • TEL (213) 738-2816 • FAX (213) 637-4748
HIVCOMM@LACHIV.ORG • <https://hiv.lacounty.gov>

AGING TASK FORCE RECOMMENDATIONS (Final 12/10/20)

Background: The Aging Task Force (ATF) was formed in February 2019 to address the broad health needs of those over 50 years living with HIV and long-term survivors. According the Health Resources and Service Administration (HRSA), the RWHAP client population is aging. Of the more than half a million clients served by RWHAP, 46.1 percent are aged 50 years and older and this continues to grow. While Ryan White clients in Los Angeles County show higher engagement and retention in care, and viral suppression rates, within the 50+ population there exists disparities by racial/ethnic, socioeconomic, geographic, and age groups stratification.

NEEDS ASSESSMENT

“ As an older person with HIV, I'm also dealing with other comorbidities. My healthcare is siloed, I'm taking ten different medications and I only see doctors who advocate for their disease, with no one advocating for the whole person. ”

“ (There are) no clear pipelines or educational training programs (in colleges or in the community) to prepare for positions in the HIV field. ”

**GOALS &
OBJECTIVES**

Goal:

150 or fewer new HIV infections in LAC by 2030

Diagnose

Treat

Prevent

Respond

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

Goal:

150 or fewer new HIV infections in LAC by 2030

Diagnose

Treat

Prevent

Respond

Build HIV Workforce Capacity

System and Service Integration

Equity, Social Determinants of Health and Co-Occurring Disorders

Pillar I: Diagnose

Goal: Diagnose all people with HIV as early as possible

Objectives:

1. By 2025, increase the percentage of PLWH who are aware of their status to 95%, from a baseline of 89%.
2. By 2025, reduce the number of undiagnosed PLWH from an estimated 6,800 to an estimated 3,067.⁵⁶
3. By 2026, decrease the proportion of people newly diagnosed with HIV who are in the late stage⁵⁷ of HIV disease at time of diagnosis from 20% to 15%.

Strategy 1A: Expand or implement routine opt-out HIV screening in healthcare and other settings, such as emergency departments (EDs) and community health centers (CHCs) in high prevalence communities.

Activity 1A.1: Assess and monitor the degree that HIV testing is occurring county-wide. Identify infrastructure and healthcare system issues to determine the feasibility of expanding routine opt-out testing.

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Activity 1A.3: Identify additional opportunities in healthcare and non-healthcare settings where HIV testing can be included, such as routine STD screening sites and substance use treatment centers, among others.

Strategy 1B: Develop locally tailored HIV testing programs to reach persons in non-healthcare settings including home/self-testing.

Activity 1B.1: Assess and monitor the degree that HIV testing is occurring county-wide (see Strategy 1A). Identify infrastructure and healthcare system issues to determine the feasibility of launching a county-wide rapid HIV self-test program.

Activity 1B.2: Develop guidance on HIV self-testing, including linkage to care and prevention services, a quality assurance protocol, and assess readiness of providers to implement self-testing.

Activity 1B.3: Assess Take Me Home self-testing initiative utilization, barriers and facilitators and make improvements as necessary.

Activity 1B.4: Expand use of HIV self-testing among at risk individuals unlikely to receive traditional in-person HIV testing by developing and expanding other types of self-testing (in addition to Take Me Home) to ensure equitable access.

Strategy 1C: Increase the rate of annual HIV re-screening among persons at elevated risk for HIV in both healthcare & non-healthcare settings. Implement technology to help providers identify clients due for HIV re-screening & increase ways of maintaining communication with clients.

Activity 1C.1: Develop provider-to-patient communication tools to support providers in identifying at risk clients who are due for HIV re-screening and increase systematic ways of maintaining communication with clients.

Activity 1C.2: Develop a plan for evaluating impact of the provider-to-patient communication tools on client re-screening.

Activity 1C.3: Expand implementation & use of provider-to-patient communication tools among LAC DHSP funded HIV prevention providers.

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Los Angeles County
Integrated HIV Prevention and Care Plan,
2022-2026

Draft for Public Comment

November 1, 2022



LOS ANGELES COUNTY
COMMISSION ON HIV



PUBLIC COMMENTS NEEDED

The Los Angeles County Commission on HIV announces an opportunity for the public to submit comments on the draft **Comprehensive HIV Plan 2022-2026**. The plan serves as a blueprint for action and describes strategies to address HIV, STDs, and other co-morbidities through 2026. Consumer, provider, and community feedback is critical for the planning process.

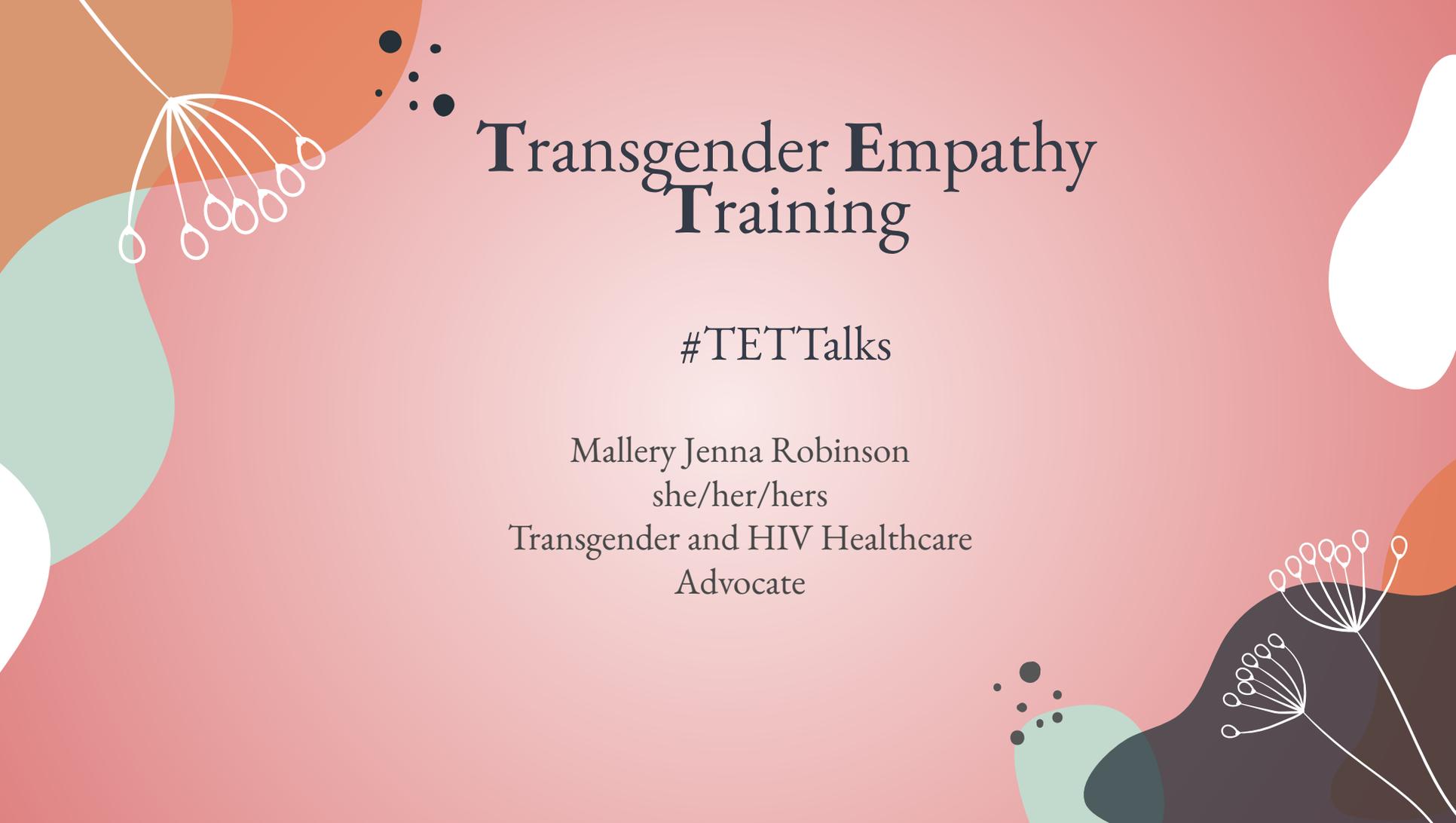
The document can be viewed at:

<https://hiv.lacounty.gov/our-work>

EMAIL COMMENTS TO:

HIVCOMM@LACHIV.ORG

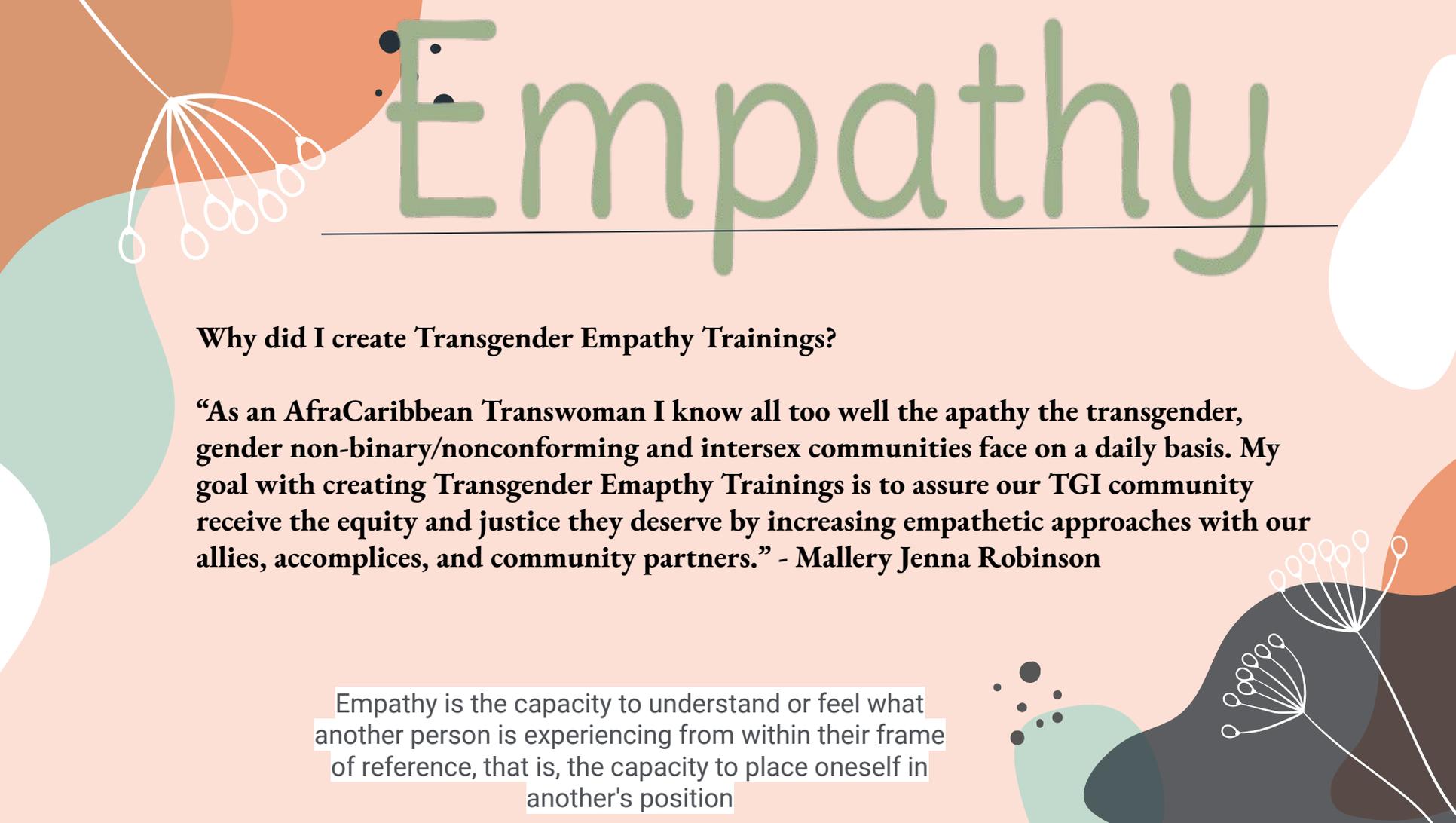
**The public comment period begins on November 1, 2022
and ends on November 21, 2022.**



Transgender Empathy Training

#TETTalks

Mallery Jenna Robinson
she/her/hers
Transgender and HIV Healthcare
Advocate



Empathy

Why did I create Transgender Empathy Trainings?

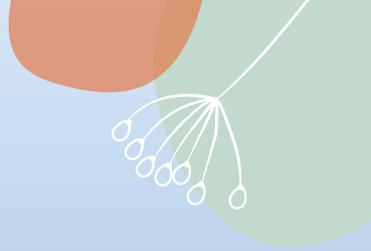
“As an AfroCaribbean Transwoman I know all too well the apathy the transgender, gender non-binary/nonconforming and intersex communities face on a daily basis. My goal with creating Transgender Empathy Trainings is to assure our TGI community receive the equity and justice they deserve by increasing empathetic approaches with our allies, accomplices, and community partners.” - Mallery Jenna Robinson

Empathy is the capacity to understand or feel what another person is experiencing from within their frame of reference, that is, the capacity to place oneself in another's position

Table of Contents

Today's Topics:

1. **The Importance of Pronouns:** Pronoun affirmations in the medical space
2. **Transgender Healthcare:** Navigating Transgender Patient Care
3. **The SOGIE Astronaut:** Understanding Gender Identity, Gender Expression, and Sexual Orientation
4. **Statistics and Stories Activity:** We can relate to each other more than we know
5. **Equality Equity and Justice:** How Does this Look for the Trans Patients?
6. **Statistical Data:** Transgender, Gender Non-Binary, and Gender Diverse Quauntitative Data
7. **Let's Play "You Can't Say that Game"** A game and method on understanding communication barriers faced by the trans, non-binary, and expansive communities.
8. **Available Resources:** Resources from the Community for the Community



Medical Mistake or Evidence of Misgendering

In this video watch Joe advocate for himself in the medical space and see how medical staff respond



Please note we will only view up to the first 3 minutes of video.

The Importance of Pronouns

When a provider uses the pronoun statement “Hi my name isand my preferred pronouns are....” 2020 studies have shown a patient/client participation increase of 10%

01

She/her/hers

Hi my name is Mallery and my preferred pronouns are she/her and hers.

02

He/him/his

Good Afternoon I am Nurse Matthew and my preferred pronouns are he/him/his.

03

They/them/theirs

Thank you for calling Dr. Robinson’s office my preferred pronouns are they/them/theirs how may I assist you.

04

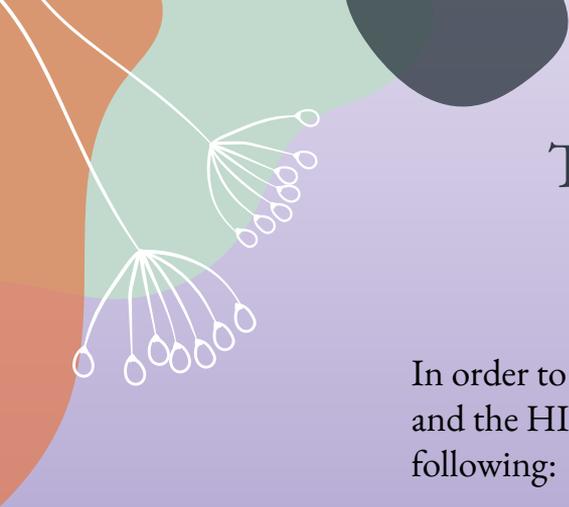
You Choose :)

A patient or client may choose to not have a pronoun and use an adjective or other word placement. *Just remember to remain supportive :)

Pronouns Challenge

I challenge each and everyone of you to practice the pronoun statement just once a day this daily practice will increase repetition of the statement and promote an increase in transgender patient response by 30% of total transgender women populations and 35% of total transgender men populations and 20% of gender non-binary populations.





Transgender Healthcare: Navigating Transgender Patient Care

In order to estimate the number of transgender individuals in Los Angeles County and the HIV prevalence for this population, we determined we would need the following:

- 1) Overall size of the population in LAC between the ages of 15 and 64 years.
- 2) The percentage of the population estimated to be transgender.
- 3) The ratio of transgender women to transgender men.

*Estimated that 21 out of 100 transgender individuals could be HIV positive.

“When we have unity in our community we will see a profound improvement in equity healthcare for all transgender people” -Mallery Jenna Robinson

Transgender Healthcare: Navigating Transgender Patient Care

Suggested **Only Strategies** (SOS)

Remember to use your GPS!

1. **G**ender neutral restrooms is one of the key **SOSs** in assuring your transgender, gender non-binary, and gender diverse community client and/or patient will feel welcomed in the provider space.
2. **P**roviding a blank space on intake forms for gender to give the client and/or patient the option to decide
3. **S**peaking in gender neutral language such as: **frontal** for describing a client and/or patient's frontal, or **partner** when referring to their sexual history.



The SOGIE Astronaut: Understanding Gender Identity, Gender Expression, and Sexual Orientation.

SOGIE Astronaut Key Terms:

1. **SOGIE** stands for: Sexual Orientation Gender Identity and Expression
2. **Sexual Orientation** Describes to whom a person is sexually attracted. Some people are attracted to people of a particular gender; others are attracted to people of more than one gender. Some are not attracted to anyone. Examples: Asexual, Pansexual, Queer, Heterosexual
3. **Asexual** - not sexually attracted to anyone and/or no desire to act on attraction to anyone. Does not necessarily mean sexless. Asexual people sometimes do experience affectional (romantic) attraction.
4. **Pansexual/Fluid** - attracted to people regardless of gender. Sometimes also or alternately “omnisexual” or “polysexual.”
5. **Queer** - traditionally a derogatory term, yet reclaimed and appropriated by some LGBTQ individuals as a term of self-identification. It is an umbrella term which embraces a matrix of sexual preferences, gender expressions, and habits that are not of the heterosexual, heteronormative, or gender-binary majority. It is not a universally accepted term by all members of the LGBT community, and it is often considered offensive when used by heterosexuals.

The SOGIE Astronaut: Understanding Gender Identity, Gender Expression, and Sexual Orientation.

SOGIE Astronaut Key Terms:

1. **Gender Identity/Expression**- The ways in which a person identifies and/or expresses their gender, including self-image, appearance, and embodiment of gender roles. One's sex (e.g. male, female, intersex, etc.) is usually **assigned at birth** based on one's physical biology. One's gender (e.g. male, female, genderqueer, etc.) is one's internal sense of self and identity. One's gender expression (e.g. masculine, feminine, androgynous, etc.) is how one embodies gender attributes, presentations, roles, and more.
2. **Androgyny** - The mixing of masculine and feminine gender expression or the lack of gender identification. The terms androgyne, agender, and neutrois are sometimes used by people who identify as genderless, non-gendered, beyond or between genders, or some combination thereof.
3. **Cisgender** - A gender identity that society considers to “match” the biological sex assigned at birth. The prefix cis- means “on this side of” or “not across from.” A term used to call attention to the privilege of people who are not transgender.
4. **Crossdresser** - Cross-dressing refers to occasionally wearing clothing of the “opposite” gender, and someone who considers this an integral part of their identity may identify as a crossdresser (note: the term crossdresser is preferable to transvestite and neither may ever be used to describe a transsexual person). Cross-dressing is not necessarily tied to erotic activity or sexual orientation.

The SOGIE Astronaut: Understanding Gender Identity, Gender Expression, and Sexual Orientation.

SOGIE Astronaut Key Terms:

1. **Genderqueer/Third Gender/Gender Fluid** - These terms are used by people who identify as being between and/or other than male or female. They may feel they are neither, a little bit of both, or they may simply feel restricted by gender labels.
2. **Intersex** - A general term used for a variety of genetic, hormonal, or anatomical conditions in which a person is born with a reproductive or sexual anatomy that doesn't seem to fit the typical definitions of female or male. Some intersex individuals identify as transgender or gender variant; others do not. (Note: hermaphrodite is an obsolete term that is not currently considered appropriate.)
3. **Transgender** - First coined to distinguish gender benders with no desire for surgery or hormones from transsexuals, those who desired to legally and medically change their sex, more recently transgender and/or trans has become an umbrella term popularly used to refer to all people who transgress dominant conceptions of gender, or at least all who identify themselves as doing so. The definition continues to evolve.
4. **Two-Spirit** – A person who identified with the Native American tradition of characterizing certain members of the community as having the spirit of both the male and female genders.

THE SOGIE ASTRONAUT *GALAXY OF LIMITLESS POSSIBILITIES!*

*SOGIE STANDS FOR SEXUAL ORIENTATION, GENDER IDENTITY & EXPRESSION



SEX ASSIGNED AT BIRTH

FEMALE MALE INTERSEX/OTHER

WE ASK BECAUSE WE CARE!

GENDER IDENTITY

AGENDER GENDER FLUID ENBY ANDROGYNE TWO-SPIRIT GENDER QUEER

**WOMAN
MAN
ANOTHER**

GENDER EXPRESSION

FEMININE MASCULINE ANDROGYNOUS

PRONOUNS

SHE/HER/HERS HE/HIM/HIS THEY/THEY/THEIRS
 ZE/HIR/HIRS SOMETHING ELSE NO PRONOUNS, USE NAME

CISGENDER: IF YOUR SEX ASSIGNED AT BIRTH ALIGNS WITH YOUR GENDER IDENTITY

TRANSGENDER: IF YOUR GENDER IDENTITY DOES NOT ALIGN WITH YOUR SEX ASSIGNED AT BIRTH

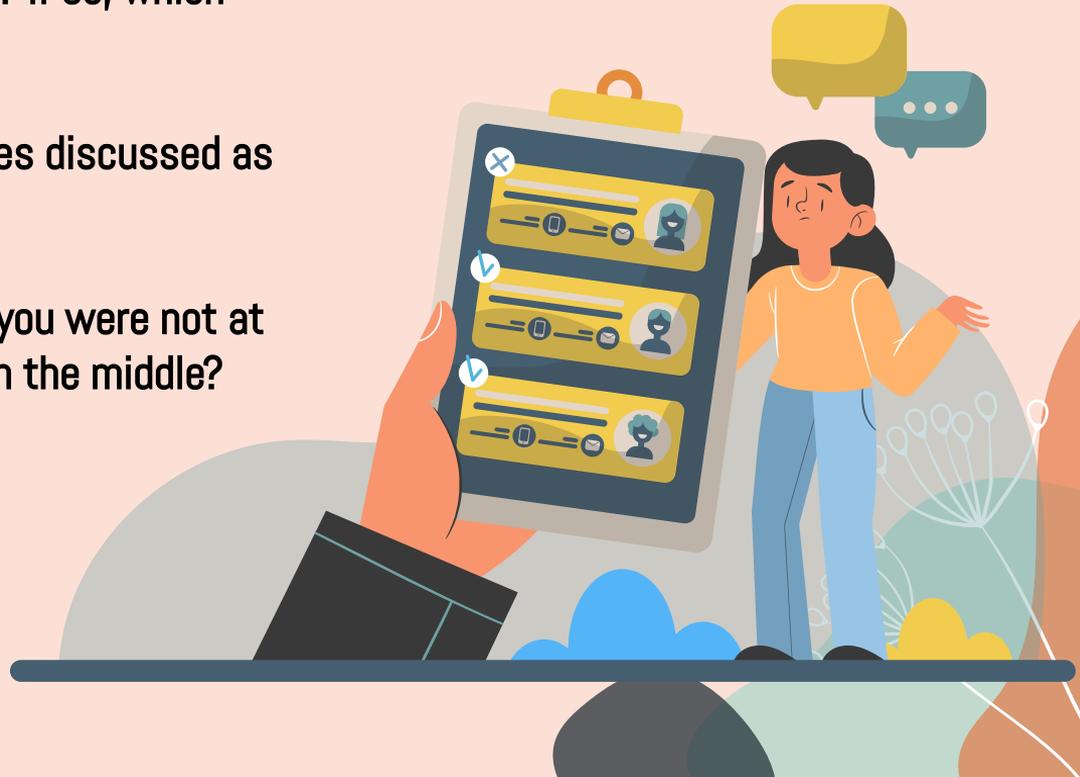
ATTRACTED TO (SEXUALLY/ROMANTICALLY/EMOTIONALLY)

ASEXUAL DEMISEXUAL PANSEXUAL BISEXUAL LESBIAN GAY

**WOMEN/FEMININITY
MEN/MASCULINITY
MULTIPLE GENDERS**

HOW DID IT FEEL TO DO THAT ACTIVITY?

- Were any of these terms new for you? If so, which ones?
- How often do you hear these identities discussed as fluid, rather than fixed?
- Were there any spectrums on which you were not at one end or another, but somewhere in the middle?





STATISTICS + STORIES

Trigger Warning: The following activity will contain questions that may be triggering, but provides insight into the experiences of the trans community.

STATISTICS + STORIES



Raise Your Hand If:

You or someone close to you was sexually abused as a child.

FACT:



According to the US Centers for Disease Control, 1 out of 4 girls and 1 out of 6 boys will experience sexual abuse by age 18. According to the American Academy of Pediatrics, for gender non-conforming children, the rates are even higher. Gender non-conforming children who are assigned male at birth [direct attention to the Key Terms handout on this term] are especially vulnerable, up to six times likelier to be sexually abused. Studies suggest this is due to a lack of family support for transgender and gender non-conforming children. That means many transgender and gender non-conforming clients are childhood trauma, and especially child sexual abuse, survivors.

STATISTICS + STORIES



Raise Your Hand If:

You or someone close to you was ever bullied in elementary, middle, or high school.

FACT:



According to the Gay, Lesbian, Straight Education Network (GLSEN), 75% of transgender youth feel unsafe at school. Those able to stay in school despite violence and bullying had significantly lower GPAs, were more likely to miss school out of concern for their safety, and were less likely to plan on continuing their education.

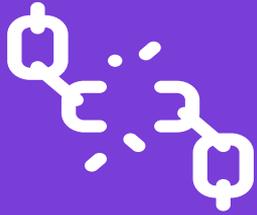
STATISTICS + STORIES



Raise Your Hand If:

You or someone close to you was ever rejected by family members simply because of who they are.

FACT:



According to the Williams Institute, 40% of homeless youth are LGBTQ. 68% of these youth indicated family rejection was a major factor contributing to homelessness.

STATISTICS + STORIES



Raise Your Hand If:

You or someone close to you has ever made so little in one year that they didn't have to file taxes.

FACT:



According to the Williams Institute, 29% of transgender adults in the United States live in poverty.

STATISTICS + STORIES



Raise Your Hand If:

You or someone close to you ever feared for their life due to hate violence.

FACT:



According to the National Coalition of Anti-Violence Programs, 72% of hate violence homicide victims in 2013 were transgender women. 67% were trans women of color.

STATISTICS + STORIES



Raise Your Hand If:

You have ever personally experienced being unhoused.

FACT:



According to the Transgender Law Center, 20% (1 in 5 members) of the transgender community in California report experiencing being unhoused at some point since first identifying as transgender.

According to the 2015 US Transgender Survey, Black transgender people face the most severe economic and housing effects among LGBTQ communities. 42% of Black transgender people experience being unhoused at some point in their lives.

STATISTICS + STORIES



Raise Your Hand If:

You or someone close to you has ever experienced anti-Black racism.

FACT:

BLM

According to the LA Times, although Black people comprise only 8% of the population in LA County, they comprise 34% of the homeless population.

STATISTICS + STORIES



Raise Your Hand If:

You or someone close to you became unemployed due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

FACT:



According to USA Today, 19% of transgender people and 26% of transgender people of color became unemployed because of COVID-19, compared to 12% of the general U.S. population.

HOW DID IT FEEL TO DO THAT ACTIVITY?

- How did it feel to hear those statistics?
- Did any of the statistics surprise you? If so, which ones?
- Considering these facts, how well (or not) has your organization created an affirming and empathetic culture that is safe and welcoming for transgender, gender non-binary, and intersex community members?



Equality, Equity, and Justice: How Does this Look for the Trans Patient?

Equality



The assumption is that **everyone benefits from the same supports**. This is equal treatment.

Equity

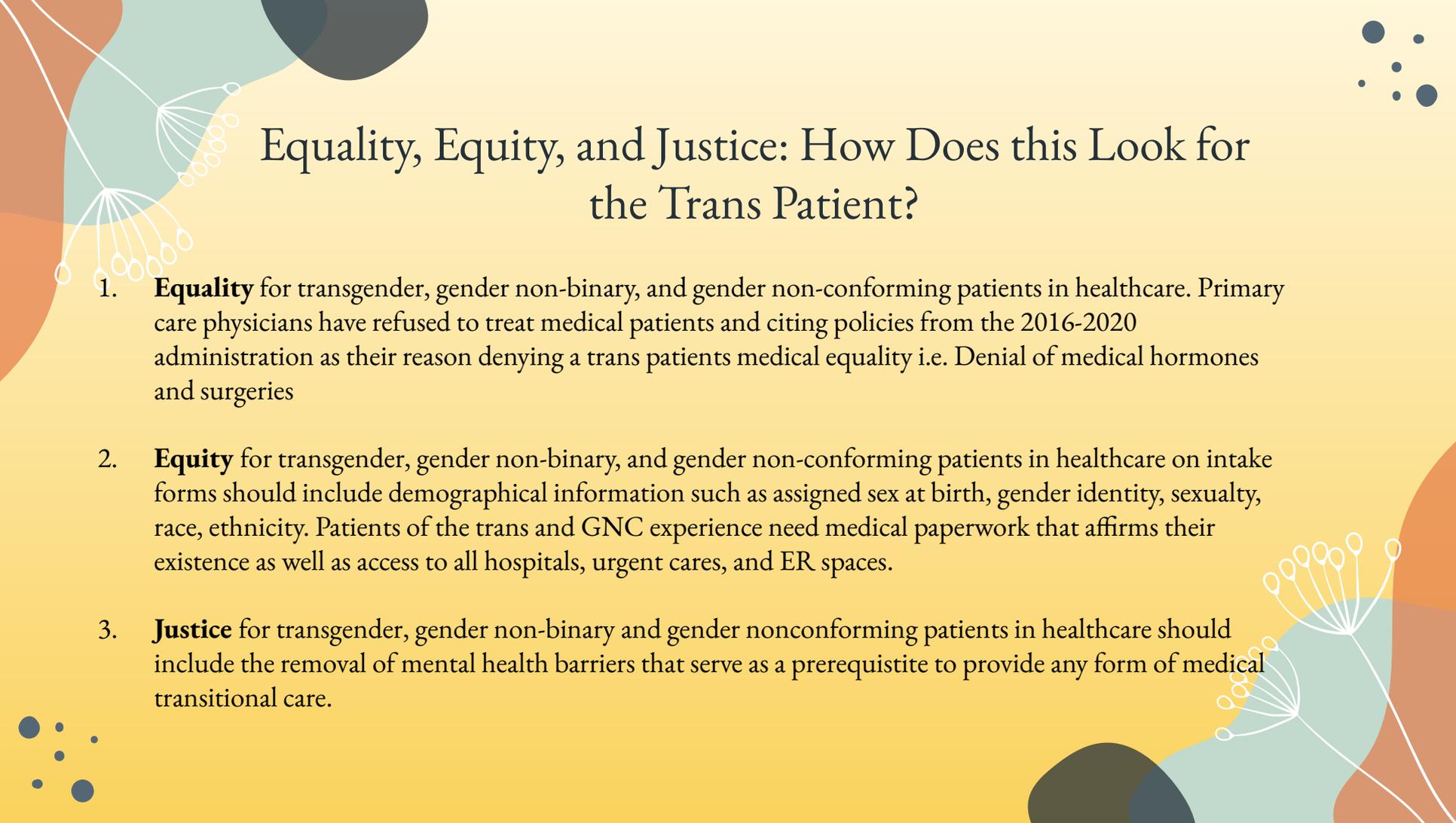


Everyone gets the supports they need (this is the concept of “affirmative action”), thus producing equity.

Justice



All 3 can see the game without supports or accommodations because **the cause(s) of the inequity was addressed**. The systemic barrier has been removed.

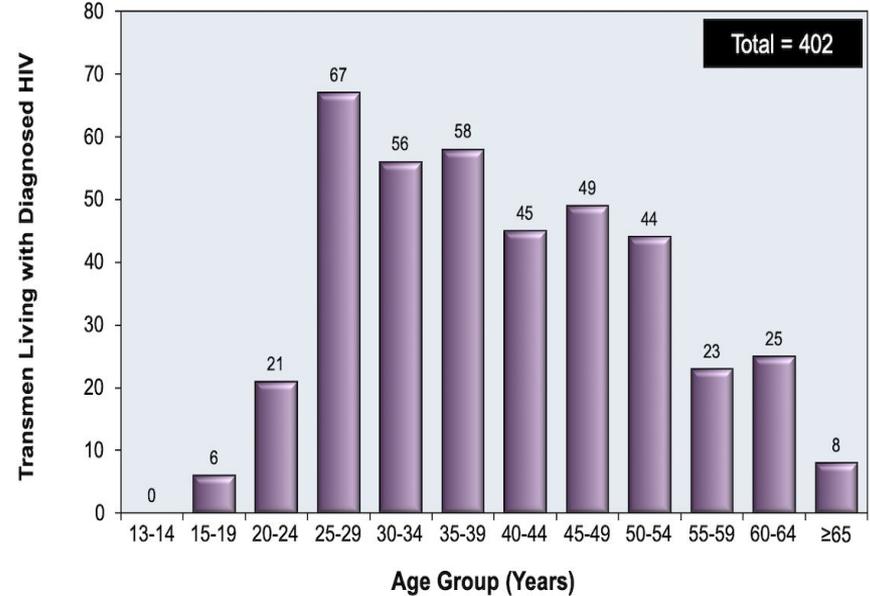
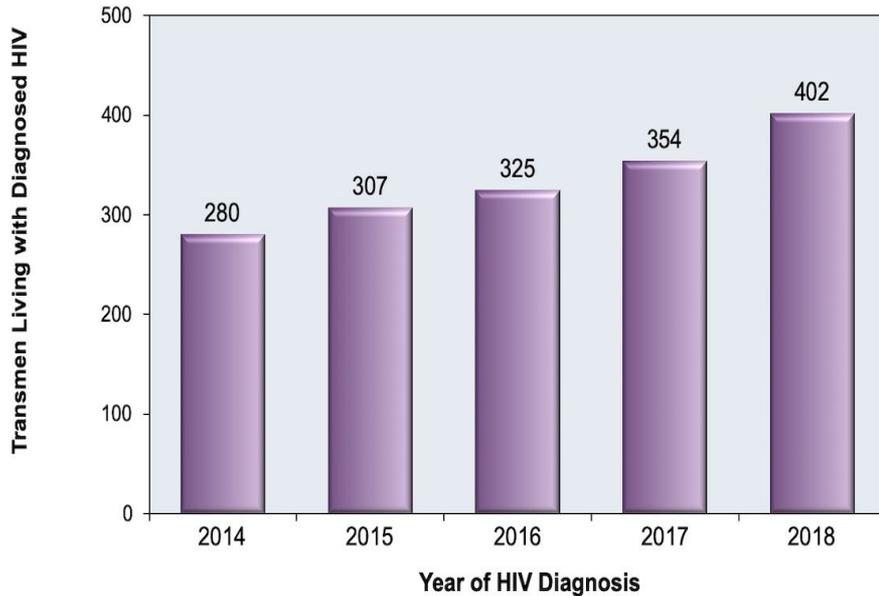
The background features a warm color palette of yellow, orange, and teal. On the left, there are white line-art patterns resembling dandelion seeds or a stylized plant. On the right, there are several dark blue circles of varying sizes, some solid and some with white outlines, arranged in a cluster. The overall aesthetic is modern and clean.

Equality, Equity, and Justice: How Does this Look for the Trans Patient?

1. **Equality** for transgender, gender non-binary, and gender non-conforming patients in healthcare. Primary care physicians have refused to treat medical patients and citing policies from the 2016-2020 administration as their reason denying a trans patients medical equality i.e. Denial of medical hormones and surgeries
2. **Equity** for transgender, gender non-binary, and gender non-conforming patients in healthcare on intake forms should include demographical information such as assigned sex at birth, gender identity, sexuality, race, ethnicity. Patients of the trans and GNC experience need medical paperwork that affirms their existence as well as access to all hospitals, urgent cares, and ER spaces.
3. **Justice** for transgender, gender non-binary and gender nonconforming patients in healthcare should include the removal of mental health barriers that serve as a prerequisite to provide any form of medical transitional care.

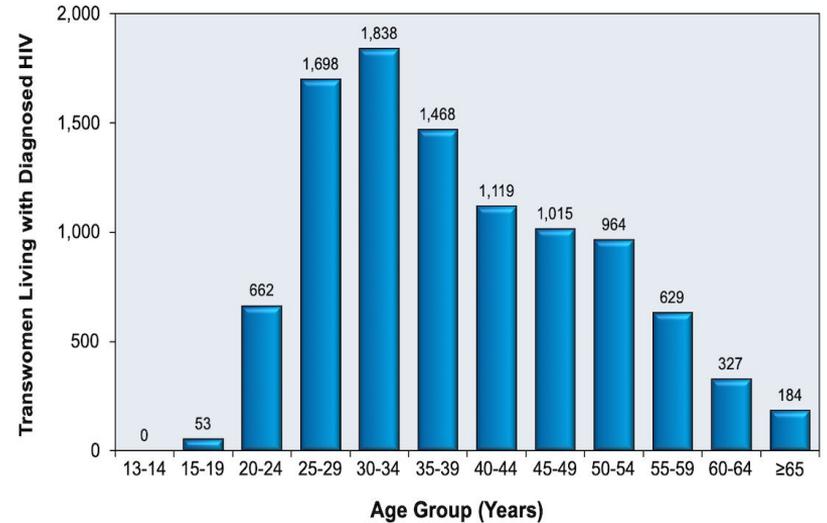
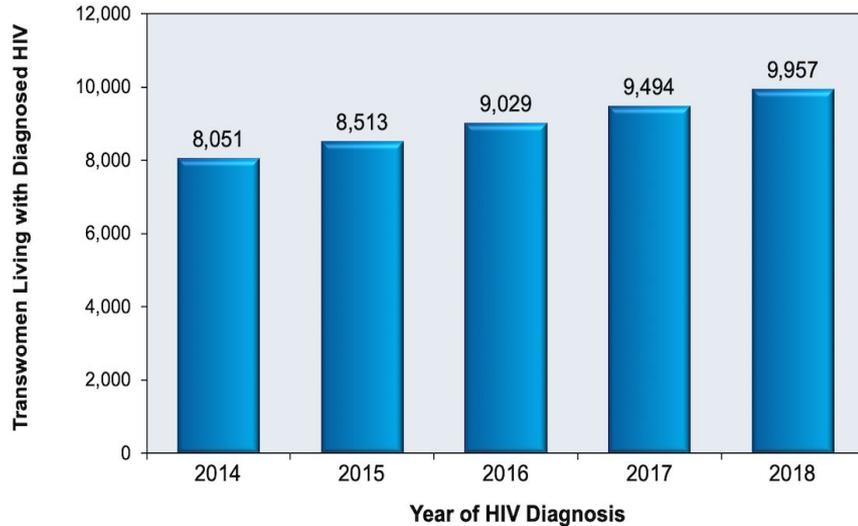
Statistical Data: Transgender, Gender Non-Binary, and Intersex Quantitative Data

HIV Statistics for Transmen 2014-2018



Statistical Data: Transgender, Gender Non-Binary, and Intersex Quantitative Data

HIV Statistics for Transwomen 2014-2018



Statistical Data: Transgender, Gender Non-Binary, and Intersex Quantitative Data

Statistics affecting your Patients or Clients

Table I:

Participant Sociodemographic Characteristics and Structural Health Determinants

| | Study 1: 1998–1999 (N=244) | | Study 2: 2015–2016 (N=271) | | Sig |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------|
| | n | (%) | n | (%) | |
| | X² (p-value) | | | | z-test[p-value] |
| | 39.8 (<.0001)*** | | | | |
| Age | | | | | |
| 18–29 | 132 (54.1%) | 109 (40.2%) | 9.38[.0022]** | | |
| 30–39 | 85 (34.8%) | 68 (25.1%) | 5.38[.0204]* | | |
| 40+ | 27 (11.1%) | 94 (34.7%) | 38.55[<.0001]*** | | |
| | 47.2 (<.0001)*** | | | | |
| Racial/Ethnic Identity | | | | | |
| Hispanic/Latina | 120 (49.2%) | 114 (42.1%) | 2.34[.1259] | | |
| African American/Black | 17 (7.0%) | 82 (30.3%) | 43.37[<.0001]*** | | |
| Non-Black/Non-Hispanic | 107 (43.9%) | 75 (27.7%) | 14.01[.0002]*** | | |
| | 0.72 (.869) | | | | |
| Sexual Orientation | | | | | |
| Heterosexual/Straight | 187 (76.6%) | 199 (73.7%) | 0.54[.4611] | | |
| Homosexual/Gay/Lesbian | 22 (15.3%) | 28 (10.4%) | 0.13[.7230] | | |
| Bisexual | 14 (5.7%) | 17 (6.3%) | 0.01[.9446] | | |
| Other/Don't Know/Refused | 21 (8.6%) | 27 (9.9%) | 0.14[.7062] | | |
| | 15.9 (.0003)*** | | | | |
| Education Level | | | | | |
| Less than High School/GED | 114 (46.7%) | 99 (36.5%) | 5.09[.0241]* | | |
| High School/GED | 54 (22.1%) | 104 (38.4%) | 15.18[<.0001]*** | | |
| Greater than High School/GED | 76 (31.1%) | 68 (25.1%) | 2.05[.1526] | | |
| | 65.8 (<.0001)*** | | | | |
| Income (past 30 days) | | | | | |

Table II:

HIV Risk Behaviors, Substance Use and Gender Confirmation Procedures

| | Study 1: 1998–1999 (N=244) | | Study 2: 2015–2016 (N=271) | | Sig |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------|
| | n | (%) | n | (%) | |
| | X² (p-value) | | | | z-test[p-value] |
| | 2.4 (.306) | | | | |
| Receptive Condomless Anal Intercourse ^a | | | | | |
| With Main Partner(s) | 68 (27.9%) | 87 (32.1%) | .09[.3422] | | |
| With Casual Partner(s) | 48 (19.6%) | 89 (32.8%) | 10.74[.0011]** | | |
| With Exchange Partner(s) | 34 (13.9%) | 51 (18.8%) | 1.88[.1700] | | |
| Any | 115 (47.1%) | 151 (55.7%) | 3.46[.063] | | |
| | 54.1 (<.0001)*** | | | | |
| Substance Use (past 6 months) ^a | | | | | |
| Alcohol | 188 (77.1%) | 109 (40.2%) | 69.83[<.0001]*** | | |
| Cannabis | 95 (38.9%) | 147 (54.2%) | 11.47[.0007]** | | |
| Methamphetamine | 68 (27.9%) | 74 (27.3%) | 0.002[.965] | | |
| Cocaine | 61 (25.0%) | 27 (10.0%) | 19.44[<.0001]*** | | |
| Crack | 37 (15.2%) | 11 (4.1%) | 17.44[<.0001]*** | | |
| Poppers | 24 (9.8%) | 14 (5.2%) | 3.44[.0635] | | |
| Ecstasy | 17 (7.0%) | 19 (7.0%) | <.0001[.00] | | |
| | 64.3 (<.0001)*** | | | | |
| Hormone Use (past 6 months) | | | | | |
| Non-prescribed | 88 (36.1%) | 27 (9.9%) | -- | | |
| Prescribed/Medically Monitored | 54 (22.1%) | 132 (48.7%) | -- | | |
| | 9.0 (.029)* | | | | |
| Gender Confirmation Surgery ^a | | | | | |
| Breast Augmentation | 51 (21.0%) | 32 (11.8%) | 7.12[.0073]* | | |
| Rhinoplasty | 44 (18.0%) | 17 (6.3%) | 15.90[<.0001]*** | | |

Table III:

Perceived Discrimination and Abuse/Harassment

| | Study 1: 1998–1999 (N=244) | | Study 2: 2015–2016 (N=271) | | Sig |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------|
| | n | (%) | n | (%) | |
| | X² (p-value) | | | | z-test[p-value] |
| | 1.5 (.819) | | | | |
| Perceived Discrimination (Lifetime) ^a | | | | | |
| Job (hiring) | 115 (47.1%) | 174 (64.2%) | 14.52[.0001]*** | | |
| Job (fired) | 71 (29.1%) | 109 (40.2%) | 6.51[.0108]* | | |
| Housing | 73 (29.9%) | 115 (42.4%) | 8.15[.0043]*** | | |
| Health services | 32 (13.1%) | 58 (21.4%) | 5.55[.0184]* | | |
| HIV prevention services | 10 (4.1%) | 23 (8.5%) | 3.42[.0642] | | |
| | 1.9 (.169) | | | | |
| Abuse/Harassment (Lifetime) ^a | | | | | |
| Verbal | 195 (79.9%) | 210 (77.5%) | 0.32[.5732] | | |
| Physical | 115 (47.1%) | 154 (56.8%) | 4.46[.0348]* | | |

^aMultiple responses possible

*p-value<.05

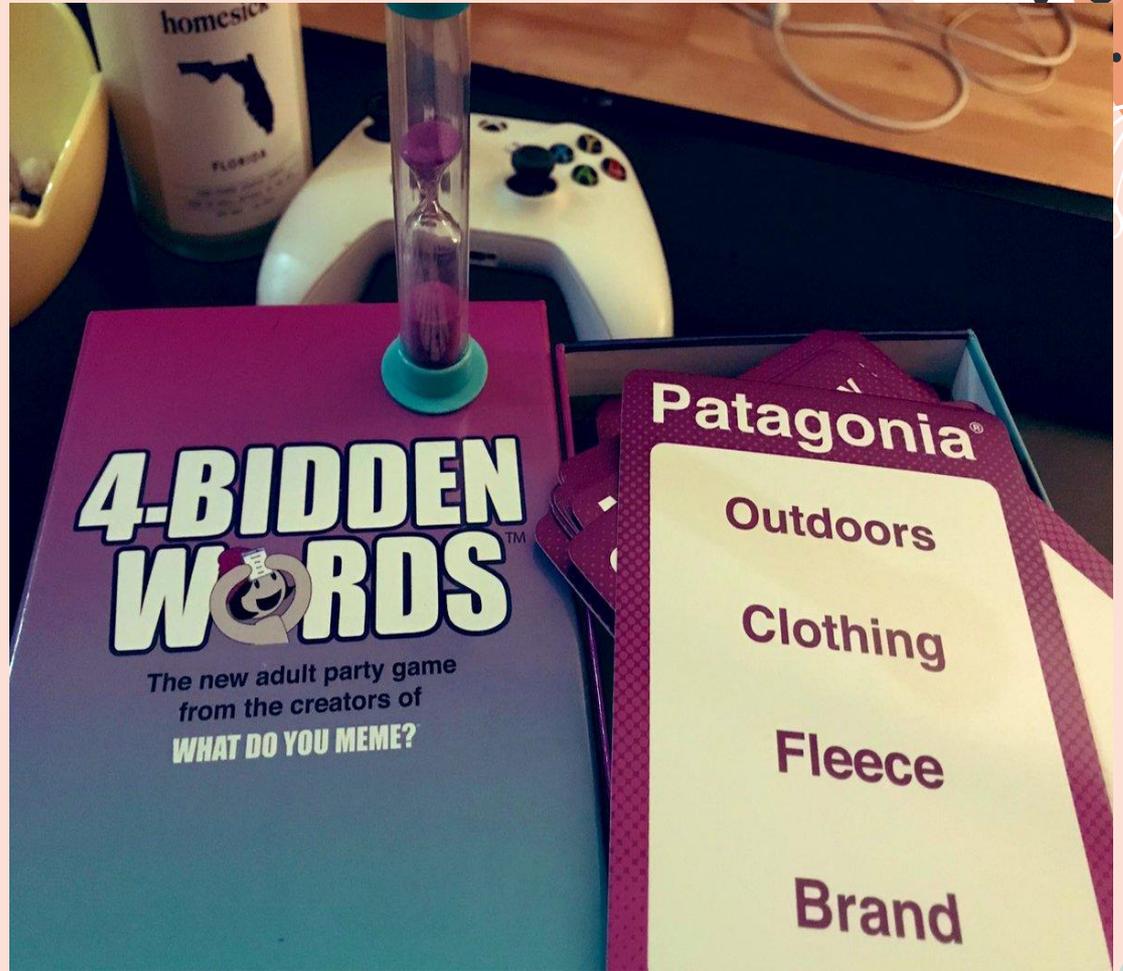
**p-value<.005

***p-value<.0005

HAVE YOU EVER PLAYED A “YOU CAN’T SAY THAT” GAME?

Goal: Get your partner to guess the word on your card WITHOUT saying the ‘common clue’ words written on your card.

In this photo example, you are trying to get your partner to say the word “Patagonia,” but you’re not allowed to say “outdoors,” “clothing,” “fleece,” or “brand” as a clue.



**LET'S PLAY THE
"ALL ABOUT
YOU, BUT YOU
CAN'T SAY
THAT" GAME**



I want you to get to know me, but there are things I can't tell you...

**ON A SHEET OF PAPER,
WRITE DOWN:**



YOUR FIRST NAME



**YOUR
RACE/ETHNICITY**



WHERE YOU GREW UP



WHERE YOU LIVE NOW



**WHAT YOU DO FOR
A LIVING**



**THREE PEOPLE/PETS
YOU SPEND THE
MOST TIME WITH**

NOW LET'S PLAY! (IN BREAKOUT ROOM PAIRS)

When you get into your breakout room, you will be “sitting across from” one other person.

- Decide who will be Partner A and who will be Partner B.
- Partner A will speak first, describing who they are to Partner B **WITHOUT SAYING ANYTHING THEY WROTE ON THEIR PAPER!**
- Partner B will listen for 90 seconds, and then **SWITCH**
- Partner B will then describe who they are to Partner A **WITHOUT SAYING ANYTHING THEY WROTE ON THEIR PAPER!**
- Partner A will listen for 90 seconds.
- Come back to the main room when you're finished.



PARTNER A



PARTNER B

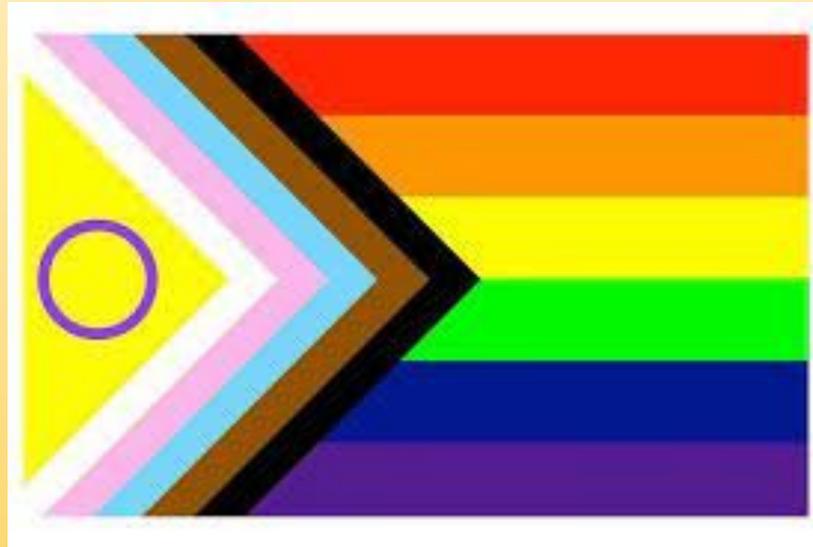
Top 10 Supportive Resources



1. <https://transstudent.org/gender/>
2. <https://bit.ly/3w0gP21>
3. <https://bit.ly/3rvoTEI>
4. <https://www.hiv.gov/hiv-basics/overview/data-and-trends/statistics>
5. <https://www.avert.org/professionals/hiv-social-issues/key-affected-populations/transgender>
6. <https://bit.ly/39lssqu>
7. <https://www.blendspace.com/lessons/T3S09TIDD6gO3A/gender-non-conforming-transgender>
8. <https://aplahealth.org/services/trans-connections/>
9. <https://lalgbtcenter.org/social-service-and-housing/transgender>
10. <https://invisiblemen.com/>

The Future of Trans Patient Healthcare

Looks like this



And remember
Leading with
EMPATHY is
key



Thank You for your time



Please feel free to reach out to me
Mallery Jenna Robinson
Email: malleryrobinson1990@gmail.com

Phone: 562-519-1411



Follow me on IG @MalleryJenna90



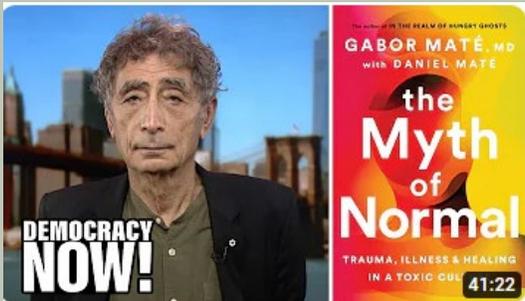
#TETTalks

Real Talk on How Trauma is Really Affecting Us

Topic Champion | Bridget Gordon, COH Co-Chair

Video segments from Dr. Gabor Maté, Hungarian-Canadian Physician and Author

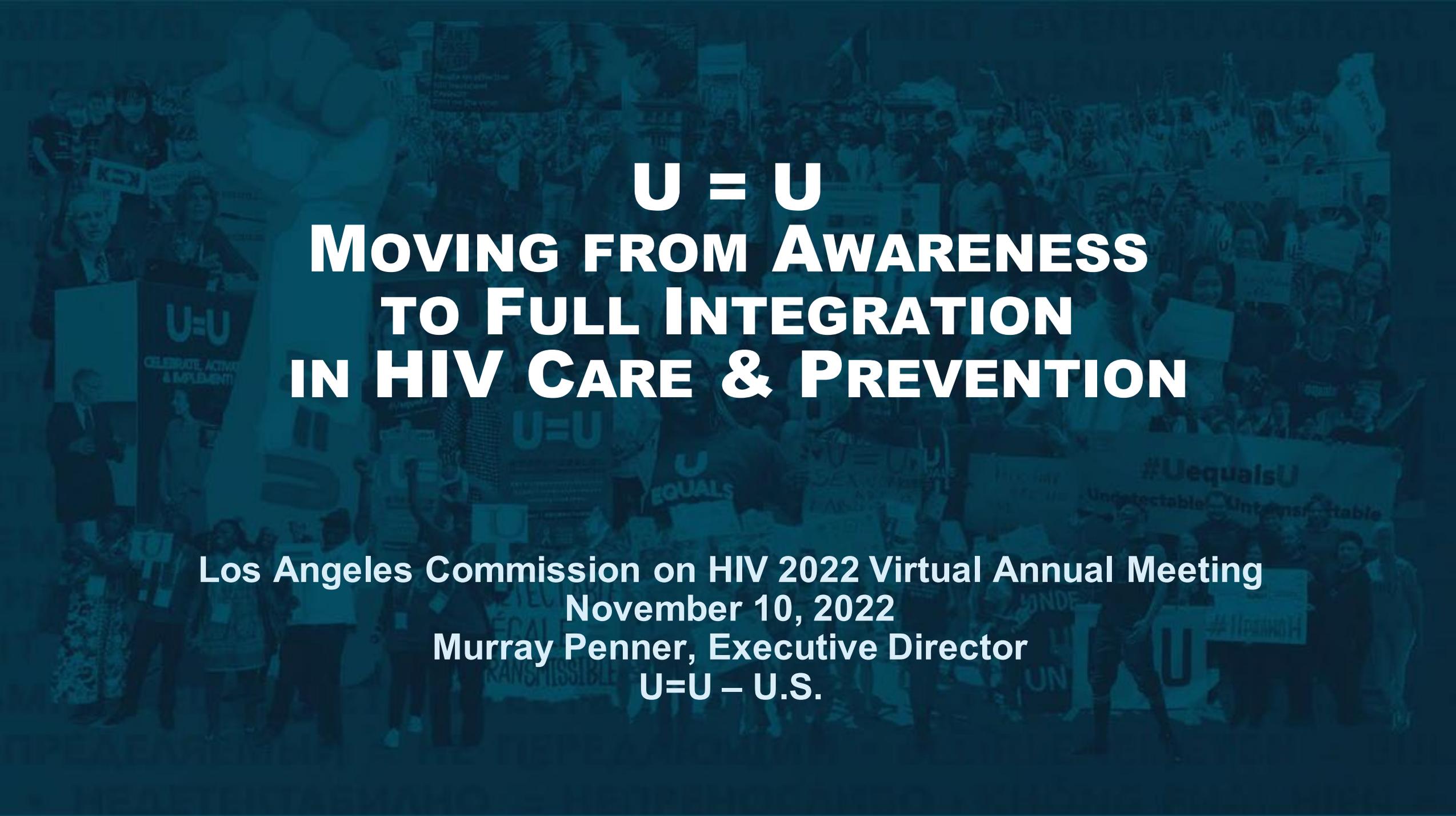
<https://drgabormate.com/>



Key Challenge Question and Call for Reflection

As a Commission, how can we better understand and actively address the universal impact of trauma on ourselves and people we interact with? Particularly, people living with HIV, people who support those living with HIV, providers and colleagues who work in the HIV industry, and people at risk for acquiring HIV.

****Please refer to the Chat for additional questions and reflections.****



U = U
MOVING FROM AWARENESS
TO FULL INTEGRATION
IN HIV CARE & PREVENTION

Los Angeles Commission on HIV 2022 Virtual Annual Meeting
November 10, 2022
Murray Penner, Executive Director
U=U – U.S.

THANK YOU

—— TO OUR ——

U=U CHAMPIONS

WHAT IS U=U?

**Undetectable =
Untransmittable**

People living with HIV who are on treatment and have an undetectable viral load (<200 copies/mL) **CANNOT** transmit HIV through sex



WHY IS U=U A GAME CHANGER?

- Improves quality of life of people living with HIV
- Reduces HIV stigma
- Accelerates progress toward Ending the HIV Epidemic targets
 - *Diagnosis*: Reduces anxiety associated with HIV testing
 - *Prevent*: prevents new transmissions of HIV to partners of PLWH (alongside PrEP)
 - *Treat*: Incentive to start treatment and engage in care
 - *Viral suppression*: Motivation to stay on treatment and in care
- Modernizes discriminatory laws, policies, and practices
- Calls for universal access to treatment, care, and diagnostics



WHAT'S NEW WITH U=U

FEDS UPDATE

U=U LANGUAGE



National Institutes
of Health



“Will not transmit HIV to sex partners”

“Undetectable = Untransmittable”

“100% effective with optimal use”

“Studies show zero risk”

“#UequalsU”

NATIONAL U=U SIGN ON



U.S. federal government
formally **announces support**
for **U=U** at International AIDS
Conference (**AIDS 2022**)

 **pac**
#UequalsU



MULTINATIONAL CALL-TO-ACTION



Multinational Undetectable = Untransmittable (U=U) Call-to-Action

U=U accelerates progress towards national and global goals to end the HIV epidemic

This call-to-action urges all nations to support the evidence-based U=U message and incorporate U=U into national efforts to prevent, diagnose, and treat HIV. Doing so can improve the health of individuals and communities and accelerate progress towards the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) 95-95-95 targetsⁱⁱⁱ and related initiatives to achieve epidemic control.

Leading global medical, scientific, and public health institutions accept and promote U=U. UNAIDS, the World Health Organization (WHO), and the U.S. President's Emergency Plan for HIV/AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) endorse U=U and call for U=U's inclusion in official guidelines, statements, programming, and communications to ensure broader dissemination of the science and greater impact for those affected by HIV^{iv,v}.

U=U Improves Outcomes for Individuals and Communities

U=U knowledge has been linked to improved HIV prevention, care, and treatment outcomes among diverse populations in high and low resource settings in over 25 countries spanning every region of the world. These benefits span every step of the continuum from HIV diagnosis to viral suppression.

U=U education increases uptake of HIV testing^{vi} and has been linked to improved treatment adherence and viral suppression^{vii,viii}. U=U knowledge impacts factors known to influence quality of life and health outcomes, including decreased stigma^{ix}, improved self-image and mental health^{xii}, feeling better about HIV status^{xi}, and comfort with and frequency of sharing HIV status with partners^{xiii}.

Increasing viral suppression at the community level has been shown to lead to steep, multi-year decreases in new HIV diagnoses among key populations^{xiv}. Combination prevention strategies, including prioritizing HIV diagnosis through home-based testing, immediate linkage to care, and support for treatment adherence, can lead to greater reductions in HIV incidence compared to standard of care^{xv}.

This accumulating evidence underscores how U=U can be leveraged to reach the 95-95-95 goals and support national efforts to end HIV as a public health crisis. Greater support of U=U is a win-win; improving the health of people living with HIV improves the public health of communities.

Strategies for U=U Integration

The following strategies presented for consideration are informed by the evidence base, emerging and promising practices, and lessons learned from national U=U rollouts. These strategies are intended to be applicable in diverse settings when developed with the meaningful and ongoing involvement of people living with HIV, key populations, and other affected stakeholders from all sectors and in collaboration with multiple levels of government.

- Develop national strategies for sustainable and effective countrywide U=U programs that are informed by the communities and individuals most impacted;
- Integrate U=U science into HIV guidelines and official communications;
- Implement policies to address inequities, decrease barriers, and increase access to treatment, care, and diagnostics;

UNTRANSMITTABLE (U=U) CALL-TO-ACTION

of existing HIV prevention, care, and treatment services; efforts to generate demand and increase utilization of services; and efforts to reach key populations and the general public to decrease

tment and viral load testing to ensure equitable access in low-resource settings; on method and/or adopt combination prevention strategies, linkage to care, and treatment adherence support for health care workforce, including clinicians, peers, and community workers; and accurate and concise U=U messages during service

ic, rarely has such a clear opportunity emerged to leverage U=U to reduce HIV stigma and improve HIV prevention, care, and treatment. Disseminating the evidence-based U=U message at the community level, one step closer to finally ending the epidemic, is a world, one step closer to finally ending the epidemic. Nations follow the science to achieve 95-95-95 goals and

[https://www.unaids.org/en/statementarchive/2021/june/20210608_hlm-opens-undetectable-untransmittable-who-u-u.pdf?sfvrsn=8378cd0_2](#)

[https://www.unaids.org/en/pressroom/2021/06/20210608-508-compliant-3.pdf?sfvrsn=284-v](#)

[https://www.unaids.org/en/pressroom/2021/06/20210608-508-compliant-3.pdf?sfvrsn=284-v](#)

[https://www.unaids.org/en/pressroom/2021/06/20210608-508-compliant-3.pdf?sfvrsn=284-v](#)

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JULY 28, 2022

WWW.PREVENTIONACCESS.ORG/C2A/

QOL IN NATIONAL HIV/AIDS STRATEGY

Quality of Life Indicator Development

- NHAS committed to developing new indicator on quality of life among people with HIV
“Quality of life for people with HIV was designated as the subject for a developmental indicator, meaning that data sources, measures, and targets will be identified and progress monitored thereafter.”
- ONAP tasked workgroup of federal subject matter experts to listen to community input and identify options for possible measures, data sources, and targets
- Ultimately adopted 5 new indicators, rather than just a single one, to better assess the multiple dimensions of quality of life



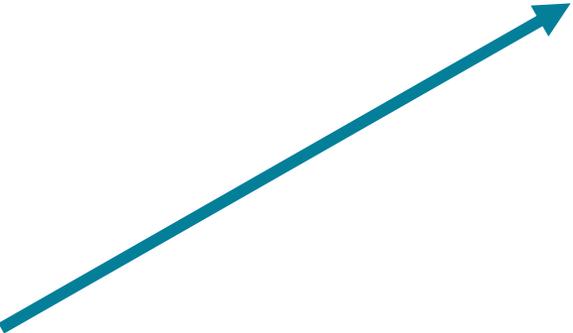
NO

———— **EXCUSES!** ————

MORE

**BIG
NEWS!**

U.S. SPECIFIC ORGANIZATION



New organization to focus on U=U & more in the U.S.

u n d e t e c t a b l e

PrEP

e - q u a b - i - m i t t a b - l e

U=U  PrEP

working together to end the HIV epidemic

**IMPROVED
OUTCOMES WITH U=U**

Care

- Quality of life
- Improved health outcomes, incl. viral suppression
- Comfort sharing status
- Self image

&

Prevention

- Increases HIV testing uptake
- Prevents new transmissions

- Stigma reduction
- Status neutral systems of care

U=U INCREASES HIV TESTING UPTAKE



U=U
IMPILO
REDUCES SO YOU
HIV DON'T
PASS IT ON!

KHUSEL'IKAS
• I AM •

U=U Mahala HIV testing
at Amajita Tutu Tester

Undetectable = Untransmittable

Date: ___/___/2020 Time delivered: _____

DESMOND TUTU
HIV FOUNDATION



FREE
HIV
TESTING

Available at Amajita Tutu Tester

Date: ___/___/2020 Time delivered: _____

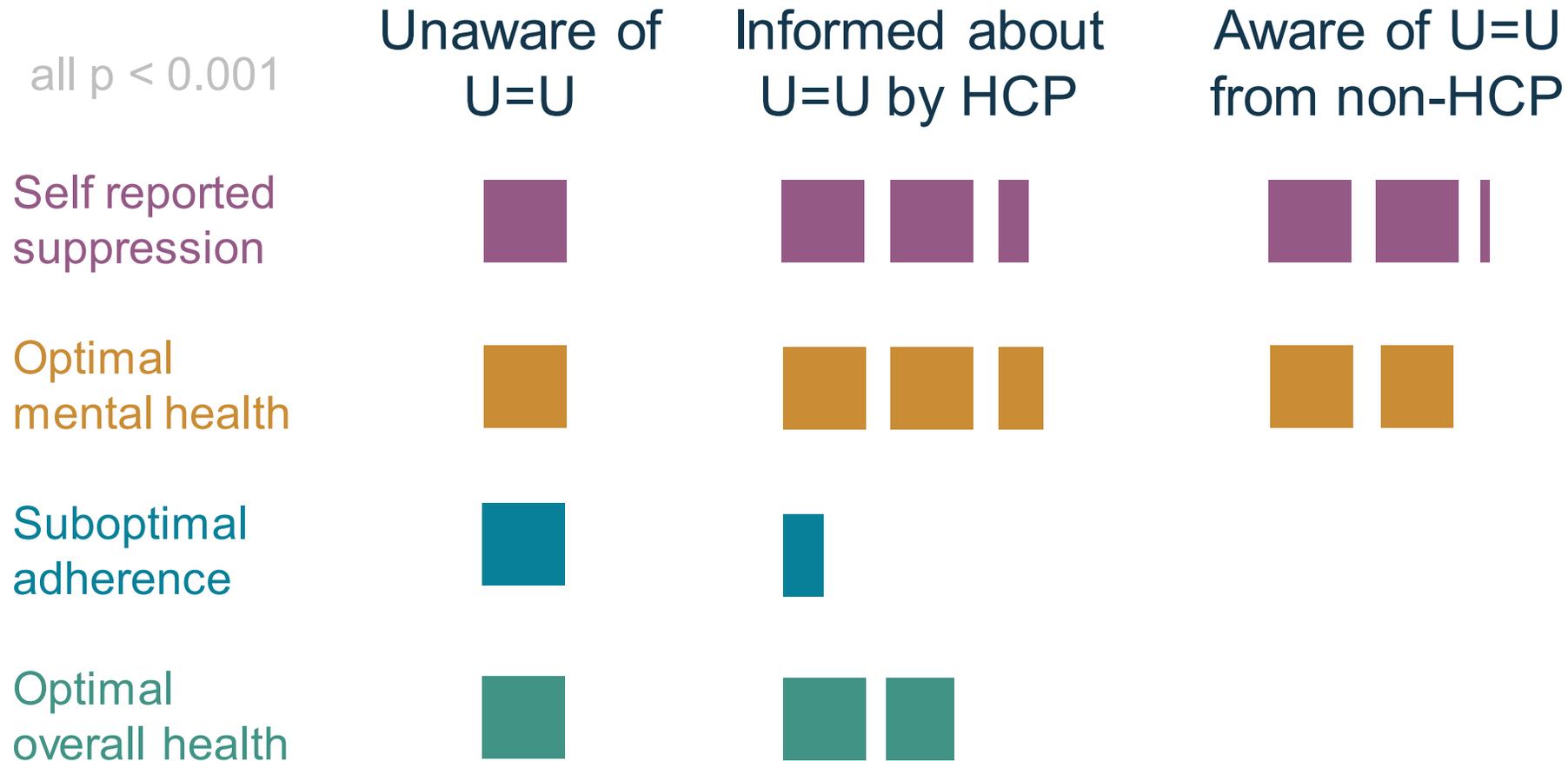
DESMOND TUTU
HIV FOUNDATION

89%
more likely
with **U=U**

$p < 0.01$

Smith, P., et al (2021). Undetectable = untransmittable (U = U) messaging increases uptake of HIV testing among men: Results from a pilot cluster randomized trial. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10461-021-03284-y>

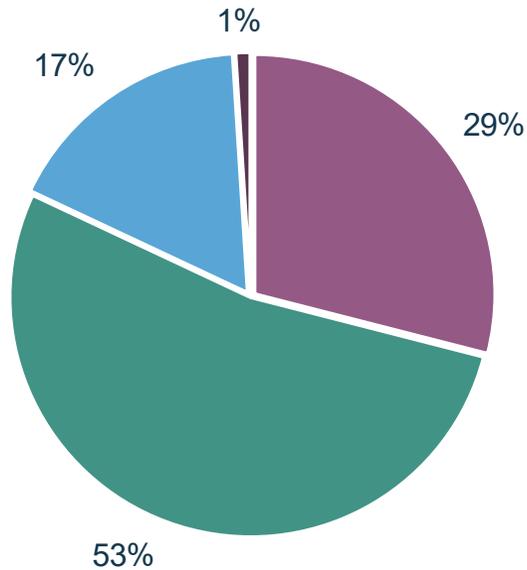
U=U IMPROVES HEALTH OUTCOMES & QUALITY OF LIFE



Okoli, C., et al (2020). Undetectable equals untransmittable (U = U): Awareness and associations with health outcomes among people living with HIV in 25 countries. <https://doi.org/10.1136/sextrans-2020-054551>

U=U CAN REDUCE NEW TRANSMISSIONS

Current (2020) Allocation

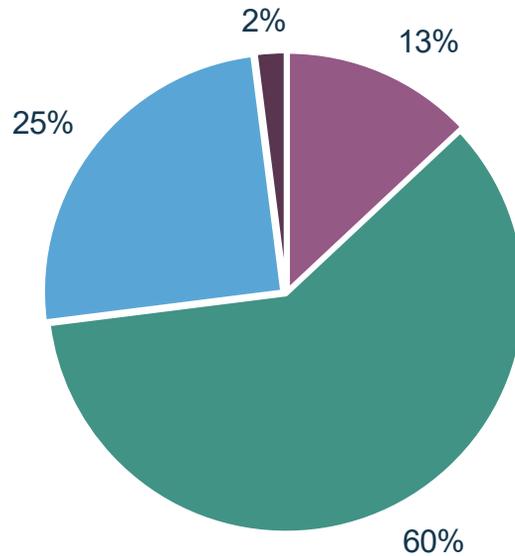


■ HIV screening ■ PrEP ■ HIV Care ■ SSP

333,100 new HIV infections
2018 to 2027

@PreventionAC

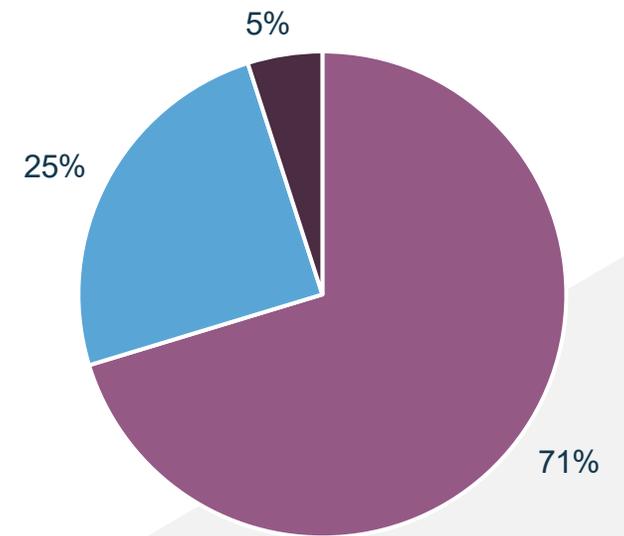
Limited Reach Scenario



■ HIV screening ■ PrEP ■ HIV Care ■ SSP

69% reduction
compared to current allocation

Ideal Reach Scenario



■ HIV screening ■ HIV Care ■ SSP

94% reduction
compared to current allocation

Sansom, S. et al (2020). Optimal allocation of societal HIV prevention resources to reduce HIV incidence in the United States. <https://doi.org/10.2105/AJPH.2020.305965>





Personal Health

WIN
WIN

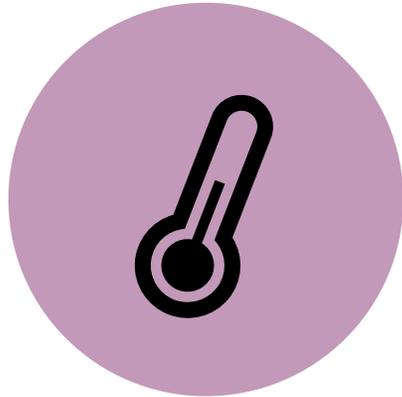


Public Health

More About

U = U

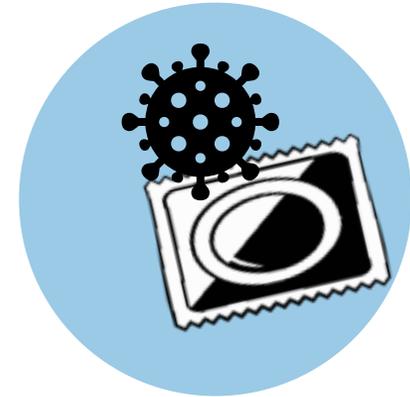
**U=U IS
ABOUT**



<200



→SEX



→HIV

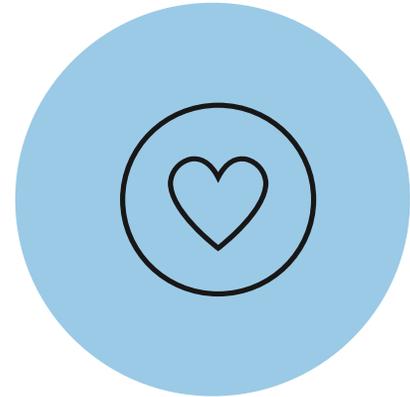
ADHERENCE MESSAGING



TREATMENT



LABS



CARE

LANGUAGE MATTERS



Clear



Consistent



Confident



Conscious

ATTITUDES MATTER



Viral Load does not equal Value

- Use messaging that is viral load *morally neutral*
- Acknowledge that treatment is a *personal decision and not a public health responsibility.*
- All people with HIV have *options for safer sex:* condoms and PrEP (in the U.S.) are effective choices
- Recognize *structural barriers* that make it difficult or impossible for people to start and stay on treatment especially for marginalized communities
- Use the public health argument to *remove barriers to universal access*

Communicating

U=U

DO Say

Can't pass it on

Can't transmit

Prevents HIV

Impossible

Zero risk

100% effective

DON'T Say

~~Negligible~~

~~Extremely unlikely~~

~~Helps prevent~~

~~Virtually impossible~~

~~Close to zeros~~

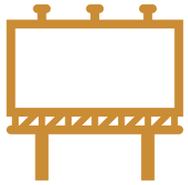
~~Effectively no risk~~

MEANINGFUL

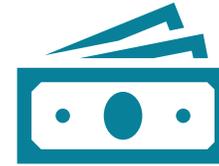
— **OF PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV** —

INVOLVEMENT

PUBLIC HEALTH U=U INTEGRATION



Campaigns about HIV prevention, care, & services



Include U=U in **funding announcements** & workplans



Update **policies** & procedures to include U=U



Status neutral approaches to prevention



Train HIV workforce & advocates



Promote U=U in social media & outreach materials

**U=U + YOU:
GET INVOLVED**

CALL TO ACTION



Integrate U=U into policies, guidelines, strategies, plans, and programs



Educate and encourage dialogue about U=U among HIV workforce, advocates, and the community



Promote U=U clearly, repeatedly, and prominently in all health communications: **#UequalsU**



Advocate to increase access to care to fight stigma, improve quality of life, and prevent new transmissions

GET IN TOUCH



Leadership from those living with HIV



Subject matter expertise & **message development**



Training, **capacity building**, & technical assistance



Partner and consult on U=U **research & evaluation**



Community engagement, activation, and input



Share insights & findings from the front lines

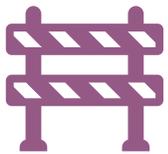
BECOME A U=U PARTNER



Scientific consensus shows we can say U=U with confidence



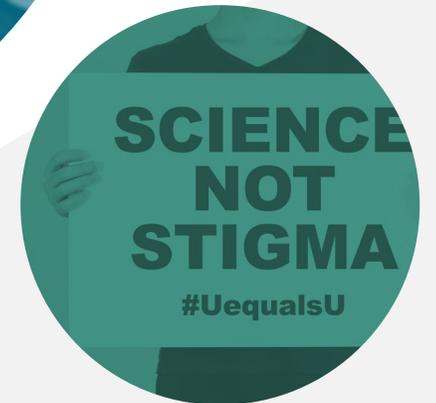
Personal & public health benefits underscore **universal access**



Acknowledge barriers & agree that viral load \neq value



Agree to **share the message**





THANK YOU!

Murray Penner

Executive Director – U=U – U.S.

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240-461-0107



Brief Review of the Ryan White Program: Background, Impact and Key Considerations

Courtney Armstrong, MPH, Senior Policy Officer
Mario J. Pérez, MPH, Director
Division of HIV and STD Programs





Ryan White Program Overview

- The nation's safety net program for people with HIV
- Provides outpatient HIV care, treatment, and support services for the uninsured and fills in gaps in coverage and cost for those with insurance limitations
- Payor of last resort provision - Funds cannot be used pay for items or services that are eligible for coverage by other federal or state programs or private insurance
- RWP has been reauthorized by Congress four times since it was first enacted in 1990 (1996, 2000, 2006, and 2009)
 - The current authorization lapsed in FY 2013, but the program has continued to be funded through the annual appropriations process
 - There is no "sunset" provision or end date attached to the legislation.
- It is a discretionary grant program that is dependent on annual appropriations from Congress



Ryan White Program Overview

- Several Component Parts
 - Part A (Local Jurisdictions, EMAs and TGAs)
 - Part B (States, DC, Territories) - (Base, Supplemental, ECs, ADAP, ADAP Supplemental)
 - Minority AIDS Initiative
 - Part C (Clinics) - (EIS and Capacity Building & Planning Grants)
 - Part D (Children, Youth and Women Living with HIV)
 - Part F (AETCs, Dental Programs, MAI)
 - EHE
- Reauthorization requires bi-cameral, bi-partisan support
- Critical safety net for non-Medicaid expansion states
- HIV-negative persons at elevated risk for infection not eligible

Core Services

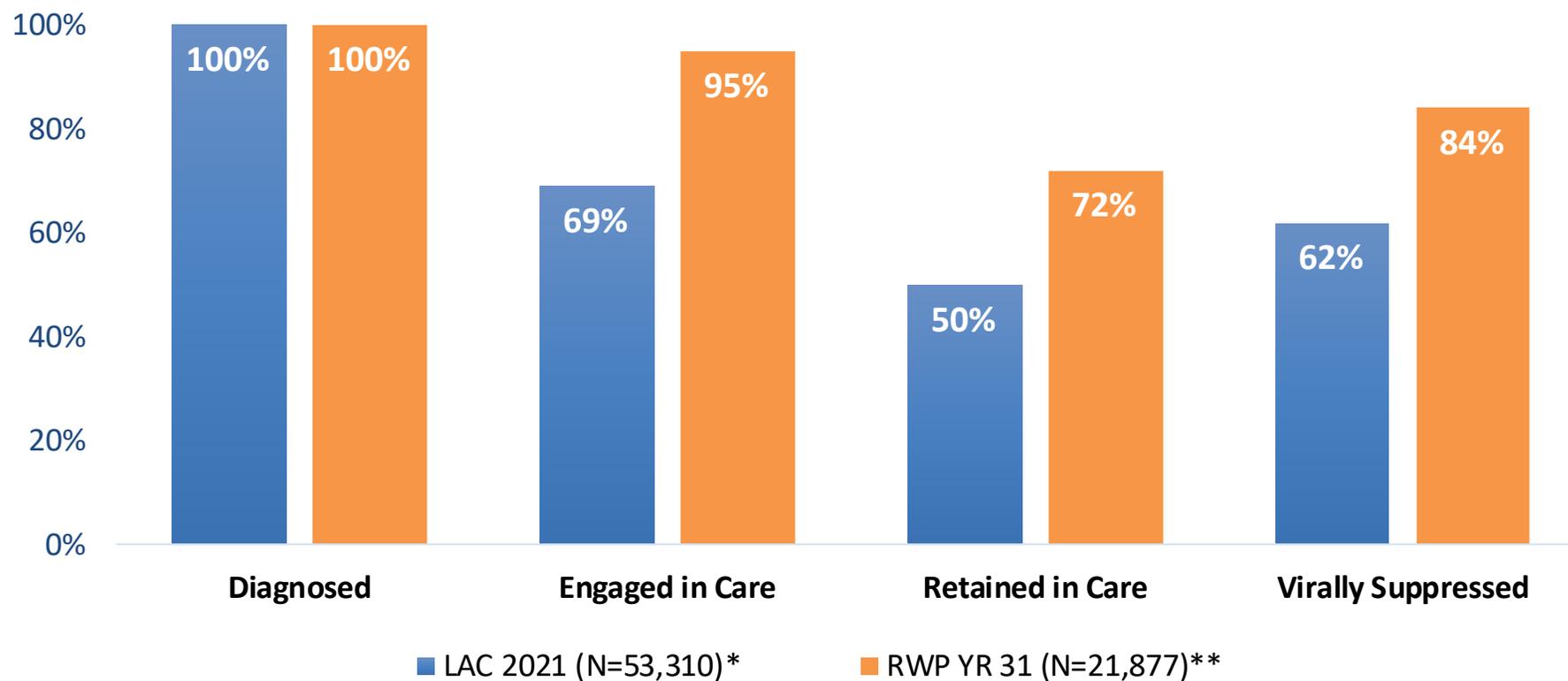
1. Medical Case Management (MCC)
2. Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services
3. Oral Health
4. Home and Community Based Case Management
5. Early Intervention Services*
6. Mental Health Services

Support Services

1. Housing Services
2. Non-Medical Case Management (NMCM)
3. Food Bank/Home Delivered Meals
4. Outreach Services (Linkage and Re-engagement Program, Partner Services)*
5. Substance Use Residential
6. Medical Transportation*
7. Professional Services/Legal*
8. Emergency Financial Assistance*

**Not currently reported in HIV Casewatch,
data pending*

Engagement, retention in care and viral suppression were higher among RWP clients compared to all PLWDH in LAC



Note: LAC surveillance data is for Jan-Dec 2021 and RWP data is Mar 2021-Feb 2022

*Source: Los Angeles County HIV Surveillance Program

** Source: CaseWatch

Key RWP Considerations - 2009 versus Today

- Significant Medi-Cal expansion
 - First through the Low-Income Health Programs (LIHP)
 - Followed by the Affordable Care Act
- Expansion of California's ADAP to make insurance coverage affordable
- California expands Medi-Cal coverage to people regardless of immigration status
 - 2020: Expanded coverage to children and young adults (up to 25 years)
 - 2022: Expanded coverage to adults 50 years and over
 - 2024: Planned expansion to adults 26 to 49 years



Questions, Answers and Discussion



The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program: The Basics

Published: Oct 22, 2020



Key Facts

- The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program, first enacted in 1990, is the largest federal program designed specifically for people with HIV, serving over half of all those diagnosed.^{1,2} It is a discretionary, grant program dependent on annual appropriations from Congress”
- It is the nation’s safety net for people with HIV providing outpatient HIV care and treatment to those without health insurance and filling in gaps in coverage and cost for those with insurance.
- Most Ryan White clients are low-income, male, people of color, and sexual minorities.
- The program is the third largest source of federal funding for HIV care in the U.S., following Medicare and Medicaid. In FY20 it was funded at \$2.5 billion which includes new funding for the federal “Ending the HIV Epidemic” initiative and supplemental funding related to the COVID-19 response.³ Funding is distributed to states/territories, cities, and HIV organizations in the form of grants.
- While the Affordable Care Act (ACA), has expanded coverage for many people with HIV, Ryan White continues to remain a critical component of the nation’s response to HIV, proving HIV care and treatment to those who remain uninsured and bolstering access for those with insurance.

Overview

The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (Ryan White), the largest federal program designed specifically for people with HIV in the United States, serves over half of those in the country diagnosed with the disease.⁴ First enacted in 1990, the Ryan White Program has played an increasingly significant role as the number of people living with HIV has grown over time and people with HIV are living longer. It provides outpatient care and support services to individuals and families affected by the disease, functioning as the “payer of last resort” by filling the gaps for those who have no other source of coverage or face coverage limits or cost barriers.

The program has been reauthorized by Congress four times since it was first created (1996, 2000, 2006, and 2009) and each reauthorization has made adjustments to the program. The current authorization lapsed in FY 2013, but the program has continued to be funded through the annual appropriations process

as there is no “sunset” provision or end date attached to the legislation. The program is administered by the HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB) at the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the Department for Health and Human Services (HHS), and programs and services are delivered by grantees and sub-grantees at the state and local levels.

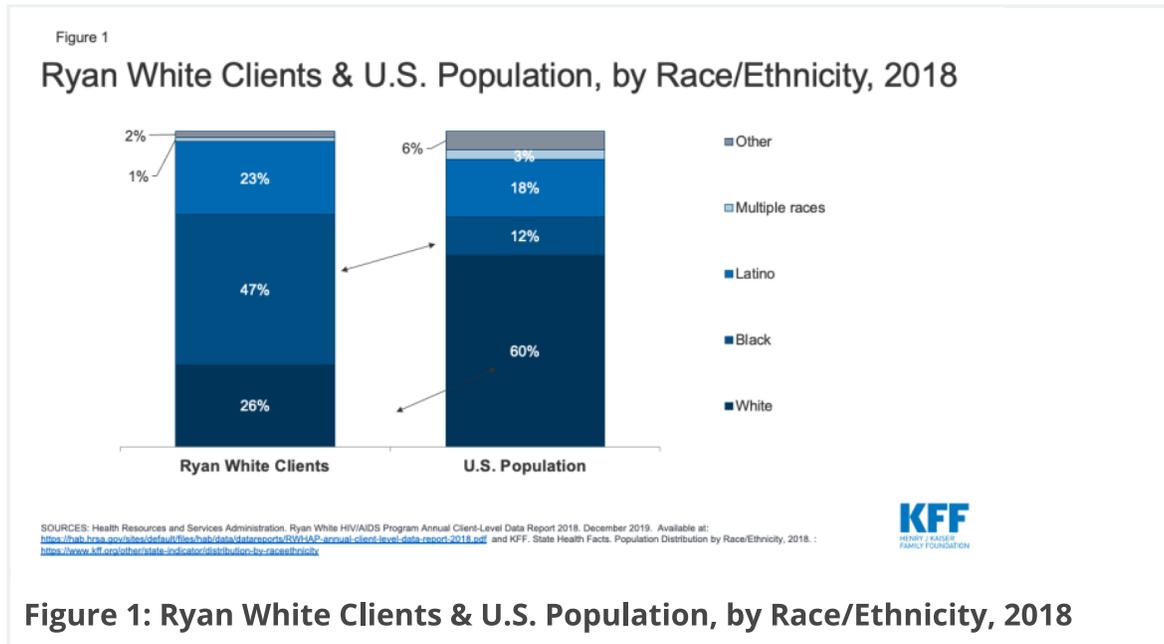
HRSA is one of the lead agencies in the federal government’s [Ending the HIV Epidemic \(EHE\): A Plan for America initiative](https://www.kff.org/hivaids/issue-brief/the-u-s-ending-the-hiv-epidemic-ehe-initiative-what-you-need-to-know/) (<https://www.kff.org/hivaids/issue-brief/the-u-s-ending-the-hiv-epidemic-ehe-initiative-what-you-need-to-know/>), launched in 2019, and the Ryan White Program is set to play a key role in efforts to reach the goal of reducing new HIV infections by 75% in five years and by 90% in ten years. The initiative includes new federal funding, some of which has been channeled to Ryan White.

In the early months of 2020, the U.S. was hit by the COVID-19 pandemic which dramatically impacted health, health coverage, and health access for all people. The Ryan White Program quickly pivoted to new ways of providing care, seeking to ensure that people with HIV were retained in care, even when the programs that serve them were strained. Recognizing the new stresses the pandemic might mean for Ryan White, Congress appropriated emergency supplemental funding for the program through the CARES Act (See Table 1).

Clients

More than half a million people receive at least one medical, health, or related support service through the program in 2018, with many clients receiving multiple types of services:⁵

- Nearly two-thirds (61%) had incomes at or below the federal poverty level (FPL) (which in 2018 was \$12,140 for a single person or \$25,100 for a family of four); 29% had incomes between 101% and 250% FPL.
- One-fifth (20%) were uninsured, a decrease from 28% in 2013, prior to enactment of the major coverage provisions under the Affordable Care Act (ACA). Most clients (80%) have some form of insurance coverage: Medicaid is the most important payer for this group, covering 39%, of clients, including those dually eligible for Medicare. Other coverage includes: private insurance (18%), Medicare only (10%), and other sources (12%).
- Reflecting the demographics of HIV in the U.S., clients are largely male (72%), 27% are female and 2% are transgender. Half (50%) are between the ages 45 and 64 and over one-third (37%) are between 25-44. Smaller shares are under 25 (5%) or over 64 (8%). Most clients are people of color (74%), including 47% who are Black and 23% who are Hispanic. Just over one-quarter of clients (26%) are White. Half (50%) are gay or bisexual men.



Structure and Funding

The Ryan White Program is the third largest source of federal funding for HIV care in the U.S., after Medicare and Medicaid.⁶ Federal funding for the program, which is appropriated by Congress annually, began in FY1991 and increased significantly in the mid-1990s, primarily after the introduction of highly active antiretroviral therapy (HAART).⁷ For many years thereafter, funding continued to increase, but at slower rates, eventually leveling out and not keeping pace with inflation.⁸ However, new funding as part of the EHE Initiative (\$70 million in FY 2020) marked the first significant increase to the program in many years.⁹ Additional funding was provided as part of one of the COVID-19 relief packages (\$90 in FY2020).

The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program is composed of “Parts,” each with a different purpose and funded as a separate line item through annual appropriations. Funding is provided to states and territories (Part B) cities (Part A), and to providers, community-based organizations (CBOs), and other institutions (Parts C, D, and F), in the form of grants. In recognition of the varying nature of the HIV epidemic, grantees are given broad discretion to design key aspects of their programs, such as specifying client eligibility levels and service priorities. However, there are requirements, including that grantees are required to spend 75% or more of funds on “core medical services” under Parts A through C¹⁰ and that all state AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAPs) must have a minimum formulary for medications.¹¹ (See Table 1 for a description of program parts and FY2020 funding levels).

Table 1: Description of the Ryan White Program, by Part, FY20

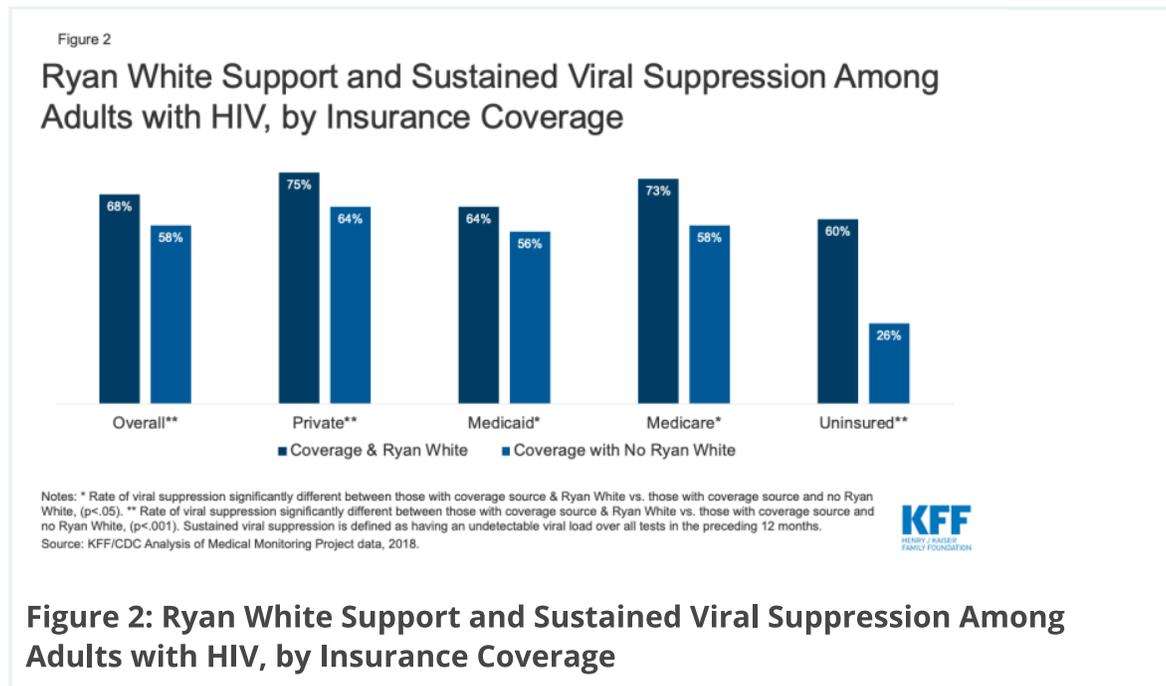
| Part | FY20 (Funding in Millions) | Part Description |
|----------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Part A | \$655.9 | <p>Funds provided to “eligible metropolitan areas” (EMAs), areas with 2,000+ reported AIDS cases over the past 5 years & “transitional grant areas” (TGAs), areas with 1,000-1,999 reported AIDS cases in the past 5 years. TGAs and EMAs must have a population of at least 50,000. Two-thirds of funds are distributed by formula based on area’s share of living HIV (non-AIDS and AIDS) cases and the remainder is distributed via competitive supplemental grants based on “demonstrated need.” EMAs must establish Planning Councils, local bodies tasked with assessing needs, developing HIV care delivery plans, and setting priorities for funding. Most TGAs are not required to have Planning Councils. <i>Number of Grantees: 24 EMAs; 28 TGAs.</i></p> |
| Part B | \$1,315.0 | <p>Funds provided to states, Washington, D.C., and territories/associated jurisdictions. Grantees provide services directly, through sub-grantees and/or through Part B “Consortia” (associations set up to plan and deliver HIV care). Part B components include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Base & Supplemental: Funds distributed by formula to states based on state’s share of living HIV (non-AIDS and AIDS) cases, weighted to reflect the presence of EMAs/TGAs. Additional “supplemental” grants are available for states with “demonstrated need.” • Emerging Communities (ECs): A portion of Part B base funds is set aside for grants to metropolitan areas with 500-999 cumulative reported AIDS cases over the most recent 5 years. Funding distributed via formula. <p><i>Number of grantees: 50 States, D.C., and 8 Territories/Associated Jurisdictions.</i></p> |
| ADAP (non-add) | \$900.3 | <p>ADAP & ADAP Supplemental: Congress “earmarks” funds under Part B for ADAPs which provide medications and assists with costs related to insurance for people with HIV. ADAP supplemental grants (5% of earmark) available to states with “severe need”.</p> |
| Part C | \$201.1 | <p>Funds public and private organizations directly for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Early Intervention Services (EIS): To provide comprehensive primary health |

| | | |
|---------------|---|--|
| | | <p>care to people with HIV, including services to those newly diagnosed, such as HIV testing, case management, and risk reduction counseling.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capacity Development & Planning Grants: To support organizations in planning for service delivery and building capacity to provide services. <p><i>Number of grantees: 348 EIS; 59 Capacity Development.</i></p> |
| Part D | \$75.1 | <p>Funds public and private organizations to provide family-centered and community-based services to children, youth, and women living with HIV and their families, including outreach, prevention, primary and specialty medical care, and psychosocial services. Supports activities to improve access to clinical trials and research for these populations.</p> <p><i>Number of grantees: 115.</i></p> |
| Part F | \$33.6 (AETCs)/\$13.1 (Dental)/\$25 (SPNS) | <p>Includes the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AIDS Education and Training Centers (AETCs): National and regional centers providing education and training for health care providers who treat people with HIV. <i>Number of grantees: 14.</i> • Dental Programs: The “Dental Reimbursement Program,” reimburses dental schools/providers for unreimbursed oral health services; the “Community-Based Dental Partnership Program” funds dental provider education and increases access to dental care for people with HIV. <i>Number of grantees: 51 Reimbursement, 12 Community Partnership.</i> • Minority AIDS Initiative (MAI): MAI, created in 1998, aims to address impact of HIV on racial/ethnic minorities. Provides funding across DHHS agencies/programs, including the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program, to strengthen organizational capacity and expand HIV services in minority communities. The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program’s component of the MAI was codified in the 2006 reauthorization.^{12,13} • Special Projects of National Significance (SPNS): Funded through “set-asides” of |

| | | |
|---|------------------|--|
| | | general federal Public Health Service evaluation funding, separately from the amount appropriated by Congress for the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program, SPNS projects address emerging needs of clients and assist in developing a standard electronic client information data system. |
| Ending the HIV Epidemic Initiative | \$70.0 | Dedicated funding to support the “Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE)” initiative which aims to reduce HIV infections by 90% in ten years. Ryan White plays a key role in delivering care to people with HIV in the initiative and seen as the agency lead for the initiative’s “care pillar.” |
| CARES Act (COVID-19 relief) Funding for Ryan White | \$90.0 | Supplemental emergency funding provided to the program through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, the 3rd legislative initiative to address the COVID-19 pandemic. Funding provided to supplement existing contracts, grants, and cooperative agreements under Program parts A, B, C, and D, and to AIDS Education and Training. Traditional requirements related to spending share dedicated to core medical services in Parts A, B, and C do not apply. |
| Total | \$2,478.8 | |

Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program and Care Outcomes

While many clients have gained coverage under the ACA, Ryan White continues to play a critical role as a safety net provider for those who remain uninsured and filling gaps for clients with traditional insurance, including assisting with insurance affordability. Importantly, Ryan White support appears to make a significant difference in achieving sustained viral suppression. Viral suppression affords optimal health outcomes at the individual level and, because when an individual is virally suppressed they cannot transmit HIV, significant public health benefit.¹⁴ Overall, those with Ryan White support were significantly more likely to have sustained viral suppression compared to those without (68% v. 58%) and this pattern was observed across all coverage types (see Figure 2).¹⁵



Key Issues

First enacted as an emergency measure, the Ryan White program has grown to become a central component of HIV care in the U.S., playing a critical role in the lives of many low and moderate-income people with HIV. Looking ahead, there are several key issues facing the program that will be important to monitor, including:

- **Future funding.** As a federal grant program, funding is dependent on annual appropriations by Congress, and funding levels do not necessarily correspond to actual need (i.e. the number of people seeking services or the costs of services). As a result, historically not all states and communities have been able to meet the needs of their jurisdictions.
- **Possible future program reauthorization** and any impact on program structure and financing.
- **Major changes to the ACA**, including repeal and the impact of any changes on health coverage options for people with HIV and the Ryan White Program. In particular, if ACA era health programs are dismantled, lose their benefit design standards, or the nondiscrimination protections are weakened, it will be key to assess Ryan White's ability to make-up for any coverage losses among people with HIV.
- **Ryan White's ongoing role in the EHE initiative**, including future Congressional appropriations for EHE and the ability to address HIV in the face of the COVID-19 pandemic, among other factors.
- **The ability to simultaneously address the COVID-19 and HIV epidemics.** People with HIV need access to ongoing care and treatment to remain healthy and the ability to curb the HIV epidemic relies in part on improving rates of viral suppression among people with HIV. This must continue to happen at time when providers and systems that serve people with HIV, from the highest levels in federal government to the most local levels at community clinics, are facing

great strain in the wake of the pandemic and when people with HIV are at particular risk for facing personal challenges which may make engaging in care difficult.

Endnotes

1. Kaiser Family Foundation. *U.S. Federal Funding for HIV/AIDS: Trends Over Time..* November 2017. Available at: <http://kff.org/global-health-policy/fact-sheet/u-s-federal-funding-for-hivaids-trends-over-time/> (blank).
[← Return to text \(https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote link 491855-1\)](https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote-link-491855-1)
2. Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Annual Client-Level Data Report 2018. December 2019. Available at: <https://hab.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hab/data/datareports/RWHAP-annual-client-level-data-report-2018.pdf> (<https://hab.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hab/data/datareports/RWHAP-annual-client-level-data-report-2018.pdf>).
[← Return to text \(https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote link 491855-2\)](https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote-link-491855-2)
3. Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of FY20 HHS omnibus spending bill.
[← Return to text \(https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote link 491855-3\)](https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote-link-491855-3)
4. Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Annual Client-Level Data Report 2018. December 2019. Available at: <https://hab.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hab/data/datareports/RWHAP-annual-client-level-data-report-2018.pdf> (<https://hab.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hab/data/datareports/RWHAP-annual-client-level-data-report-2018.pdf>).
[← Return to text \(https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote link 491855-4\)](https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote-link-491855-4)
5. Health Resources and Services Administration. Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Annual Client-Level Data Report 2018. December 2019. Available at: <https://hab.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hab/data/datareports/RWHAP-annual-client-level-data-report-2018.pdf> (blank).
[← Return to text \(https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote link 491855-5\)](https://www.kff.org/hivaids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hivaids-program-the-basics/#endnote-link-491855-5)

6. 7 Kaiser Family Foundation. *U.S. Federal Funding for HIV/AIDS: Trends Over Time*. November 2017. Available at: <http://kff.org/global-health-policy/fact-sheet/u-s-federal-funding-for-hiv-aids-trends-over-time/> (blank).
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7. 8 KFF analysis of data provided by the Office of Management and Budget. See also: Kaiser Family Foundation. *U.S. Federal Funding for HIV/AIDS: Trends Over Time*. June 2016. Available at: <http://kff.org/global-health-policy/fact-sheet/u-s-federal-funding-for-hiv-aids-trends-over-time/> (<http://kff.org/global-health-policy/fact-sheet/u-s-federal-funding-for-hiv-aids-trends-over-time/>).
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8. 9 KFF analysis of data provided by the Office of Management and Budget. See also: Kaiser Family Foundation. *U.S. Federal Funding for HIV/AIDS: Trends Over Time*. June 2016. Available at: <http://kff.org/global-health-policy/fact-sheet/u-s-federal-funding-for-hiv-aids-trends-over-time/> (blank).
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9. ¹⁰ Kaiser Family Foundation. The U.S. Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) Initiative: What You Need to Know. May 2020. Available at: <https://www.kff.org/hiv-aids/issue-brief/the-u-s-ending-the-hiv-epidemic-ehe-initiative-what-you-need-to-know/> (<https://www.kff.org/hiv-aids/issue-brief/the-u-s-ending-the-hiv-epidemic-ehe-initiative-what-you-need-to-know/>).
← Return to text (https://www.kff.org/hiv-aids/fact-sheet/the-ryan-white-hiv-aids-program-the-basics/#endnote_link_491855-9)
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10. ¹³ Grantees may be able to get waivers from this requirement.
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11. ¹⁴ Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Modernization Act of 2006 (P.L. 109-415).
¹⁵ Kaiser Family Foundation. The U.S. Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) Initiative: What You Need to Know. May 15, 2020. Available at: <https://www.kff.org/hiv-aids/issue-brief/the-u-s-ending-the-hiv-epidemic-ehe-initiative-what-you-need-to-know/> (<https://www.kff.org/hiv-aids/issue-brief/the-u-s-ending-the-hiv-epidemic-ehe-initiative-what-you-need-to-know/>).
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12. ¹⁶ Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Extension Act of 2009 (P.L. 111-87).

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13. ¹⁷ CRS. *The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program*; June 2011.

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**RYAN WHITE-FUNDED AGENCIES IN LOS ANGELES COUNTY
FOR ANNUAL MEETING DISCUSSION PURPOSES ONLY
*Excludes County Facilities***

| # | Agency Name | Ryan White Service(s) Provided |
|----------|---|--|
| 1 | AIDS Healthcare Foundation | Ambulatory Medical Outpatient (AOM), Benefits Specialty, Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Mental Health, Oral Healthcare Services, Transportation Services, Medical Subspecialty |
| 2 | Alliance for Housing and Healing | Residential Care Facility - Chronically Ill, Emergency Financial Assistance |
| 3 | AltaMed Health Services Corporation | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Benefits Specialty, Home-Based Case Management, Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Mental Health, Oral Healthcare Services, Transportation Services |
| 4 | APLA Health and Wellness | Home-Based Case Management, Benefits Specialty, Nutrition Support, Oral Healthcare Services, Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Transportation Services |
| 5 | Bienestar Human Services | Nutrition Support, Transportation Services |
| 6 | Center for Health Justice | Transitional Case Management-Jails |
| 7 | Children's Hospital of Los Angeles | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Transportation Services |
| 8 | City of Long Beach, Dept of Health & Human Services | Benefits Specialty, Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC) |
| 9 | Dignity Health (dba St. Mary Medical Center) | Benefits Specialty, Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Home-Based Case Management, Oral Healthcare Services, Transportation Services |
| 10 | East Valley Community Health Center, Inc. | Benefits Specialty, Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Oral Healthcare Services, |
| 11 | El Proyecto del Barrio, Inc. | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Oral Healthcare Services, Transportation Services |
| 12 | Focus Interpreting | Language Services |
| 13 | Inner Law Center | Legal Services |
| 14 | JWCH Institute, Inc. | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Oral Healthcare Services, Transportation Services, Benefits Specialty, Mental Health, Transitional Case Management |
| 15 | Los Angeles LGBT Center | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Transportation Services, |
| 16 | Men's Health Foundation | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Transportation Services |



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|----|---|---|
| 17 | Minority AIDS Project | Home-Based Case Management, Benefits Specialty, Transitional Case Management |
| 18 | Northeast Valley Health Corporation | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Oral Healthcare Services, Transportation Services, Benefits Specialty, Mental Health |
| 19 | Project Angel Food | Nutrition Support |
| 20 | Project New Hope | Residential Care Facility - Chronically Ill, Residential Care Services-TRCF, Transportation Services |
| 20 | Heluna Health | Transitional Case Management |
| 21 | APAIT/SSG | Mental Health, Transportation Services |
| 22 | St. John's Well Child and Family Center | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Transportation Services, Mental Health, Oral Healthcare Services |
| 23 | T.H.E. Clinic | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Transportation Services |
| 24 | Tarzana Treatment Centers, Inc. | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Oral Healthcare Services, Transportation Services, Benefits Specialty, Mental Health, Home-Based Case Management, Substance Use-Transitional Housing (meth), Transitional Case Management-Jails |
| 25 | Saban Community Clinic | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC) |
| 26 | UCLA | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Transportation Services, Oral Healthcare Services |
| 27 | The Salvation Army | Residential Care Facility - Chronically Ill, Transportation Services |
| 28 | USC | Oral Healthcare Services |
| 30 | Venice Family Clinic | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Benefits Specialty, Mental Health |
| 31 | Watts Healthcare Corporation | Ambulatory Outpatient Medical (AOM), Medical Care Coordination (MCC), Transportation Services, Oral Healthcare Services |

AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS

Perfect Attendance

Miguel Alvarez

Kevin Donnelly

Bridget Gordon

Lee Kochems

Special Recognition | Attendance

Alasdair Burton

Danielle Campbell

Joseph Green

Thomas Green

Karl Halfman

Katja Nelson

Mario Perez

Ricky Rosales

Harold Glenn San Augustin

RECOGNITIONS

Co-Chair Service and Leadership

Danielle Campbell & Bridget Gordon

Alvaro Ballesteros & Kevin Donnelly | Planning, Priorities and Allocations

Erika Davies & Kevin Stalter | Standards and Best Practices

Luckie Alexander Fuller & Justin Valero | Operations

Lee Kochems & Katja Nelson | Public Policy

Alvaro Ballesteros & Joseph Green | Aging Caucus

Danielle Campbell & Gerald Garth | Black/African American Caucus

Xelestiál Moreno & Isabella Rodriguez | Transgender Caucus

Shary Alonzo, Dr. Mikhaela Cielo, & Dr. Guadalupe Morales Avendano | Women's Caucus

Dr. William King, Miguel Martinez & Greg Wilson | Prevention Planning Workgroup