

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES OFFICE OF CHILD PROTECTION

KENNETH HAHN HALL OF ADMINISTRATION 500 WEST TEMPLE STREET, ROOM 383 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012 (213) 893-2010 MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

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September 11, 2018

To:

Supervisor Sheila Kuehl, Chair

Supervisor Hilda L. Solis

Supervisor Mark Ridley-Thomas

Supervisor Janice Hahn Supervisor Kathryn Barger

From:

Judge Michael Nash (Ret.)

Executive Director, Office of Child Protection

OCP RESPONSE TO DUAL-STATUS YOUTH MOTION

On March 20, 2018, the Board of Supervisors instructed the Director of the Office of Child Protection (OCP), in collaboration with the Juvenile Courts, the directors of Children and Family Services (DCFS), Mental Health (DMH), and Office of Diversion and Re-Entry, the Chief Probation Officer, County Counsel, Interim Public Defender, Alternate Public Defender, District Attorney, Superintendent of Schools, the Acting Executive Director of the Office of Immigrant Affairs, and others to report back to the Board in 180 days on a countywide plan for dual-status youth that includes, among other things:

- · An understanding of the population and the funding streams available to them
- · Addressing ongoing cross-sector coordination and consistency
- · Best practices from other jurisdictions
- · Building on efforts of the County and the Juvenile Courts
- · Addressing gaps and recommendations on:
 - Prevention
 - Improving the treatment of dual-status youth
 - Strengthening data-tracking and evaluation
 - Consideration of LGBTQ youth
 - Steps to provide juvenile criminal record expungement
- Any necessary policy changes, supports, and funding to achieve the Countywide plan

The following is an update on the ongoing efforts to meet the Board's directives.

Initially, the OCP had separate meetings with DCFS Director Bobby Cagle, Chief Probation Officer Terri McDonald, and Juvenile Court Presiding Judge Michael

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Levanas. The purpose of these meetings was to discuss Los Angeles County's historical efforts and current practices with regard to dual-status youth.

Following those meetings, the OCP exercised its delegated contracting authority authorized by the Board to contract with Dr. Denise Herz, a professor at the California State University Los Angeles (CSULA) School of Criminal Justice and Criminalistics. Since 2005, Dr. Herz has worked extensively with the Juvenile Court, DCFS, Probation, DMH, and others on Los Angeles County's dual-status protocols. She was the primary architect of the current Welfare and Institutions Code section 241.1 joint assessment and has done extensive evaluation and research in this field. In addition, Dr. Herz has worked in this area on a national level, primarily with Georgetown University's Center for Juvenile Justice Reform. Given her extensive experience with dual-status issues on both the local and national levels, she is the ideal consultant to assist the OCP with this ongoing collaborative effort.

On June 11, 2018, the first meeting of the workgroup for the Countywide Plan for Dual-Status Youth was convened. It consisted of representatives from the Juvenile Court, DCFS, Probation, DMH, the Los Angeles County Office of Education (LACOE), the Office of Diversion and Re-entry, County Counsel, the Public Defender, Alternate Public Defender, the OCP, the Commission for Children and Families, Children's Law Center, the Center for Strategic Public-Private Partnerships, Children's Data Network, CSULA, the Probation Commission, Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Los Angeles (CASA–LA), the University of California Los Angeles School of Law, Loyola Law School, the Alliance for Children's Rights, the Association of Community Human Services Agencies (ACHSA), Hathaway-Sycamores Child and Family Services, private foundations, and others.

At the June 11 meeting, Judge Michael Nash (ret.) provided an overview of the Board's March 20 motion and a historical perspective on Los Angeles County's previous dual-status efforts. In addition, Dr. Herz gave an overview of national crossover efforts (Attachment 1) and Dr. Jacquelyn McCroskey from the University of Southern California's Dworak-Peck School of Social Work and the Children's Data Network provided an overview of the data and research on Los Angeles County crossover youth (Attachment 2). Following those presentations, the first in a series of listening sessions on the topic occurred.

At the June 25, 2018, meeting, Dr. Herz presented overviews of the Welfare and Institutions Code section 241.1 multi-disciplinary team (MDT) process and the MDT data-collection process, as well as data collected through 2017 (Attachment 3).

On July 27, 2018, a comprehensive plan for the workgroup was presented (Attachment 4). The plan contemplates dividing the workgroup into two main subcommittees.

The Delinquency Prevention Subcommittee will focus on four levels of prevention—
preventing entry into the child-welfare system, preventing delinquency by youth in
child welfare, preventing youth in child welfare from entering the juvenile-justice
system, and preventing greater penetration into the juvenile-justice system by youth
with child welfare cases. This subcommittee will coordinate with the OCP's preven-

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tion work and with the Youth Diversion and Development Steering Committee to prevent child-welfare youth from entering the juvenile-justice system.

• The second subcommittee is the 241.1 MDT Subcommittee, which will focus on the process and protocols that occur when youth do, in fact, become involved with both systems. This includes the 241.1 joint assessment process, the court process, the joint supervision process by DCFS and Probation, and more. As part of this subcommittee, Dr. Herz will also work closely with the agencies to formulate a plan to ensure consistent and comprehensive data collection to inform our ongoing work in this area.

In addition to leading the work in these subcommittees, we will coordinate efforts (where appropriate) with the OCP prevention plan (*Paving the Road to Safety for Our Children*) and with the Youth Diversion and Development Foster Care Youth Identification and Inclusion Workgroup.

It is anticipated that coordination with other existing related efforts plus the work of the two subcommittees described above will generate recommendations to improve existing processes and protocols in these areas, recommendations to enhance training, and, to the extent necessary, recommendations for additional resources.

Through its quarterly updates to the Board, the OCP will keep the Board informed of the progress of these workgroups in developing recommendations in the areas outlined by the motion, and will also issue a comprehensive report every six months until a plan is complete and fully implemented.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (213) 893-1152 or by email at mnash@ocp.lacounty.gov, or your staff may contact Carrie Miller at (213) 893-0862 or by email at cmiller@ocp.lacounty.gov.

MN:CDM:eih

c: Chief Executive Office
Executive Office, Board of Supervisors
Alternate Public Defender
Children and Family Services
County Counsel
District Attorney
Juvenile Court
Los Angeles County Office of Education
Mental Health
Office of Diversion and Re-Entry, Department of Health Services
Office of Immigrant Affairs, Department of Consumer and Business Affairs
Probation
Public Defender



CALSIAIELA

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY, LOS ANGELES

The OJJDP Dual Systems Study

Crossover Youth Motion Workgroup Presentation

June 11, 2018

Principal Investigators:

Denise Herz, Ph.D., Professor

Carly B. Dierkhising, Ph.D., Assistant Professor

California State University, Los Angeles

School of Criminal Justice & Criminalistics

Study Overview

- ➤ OJJDP initiated Dual Systems Design Study in October 2015*
- > Goals
 - ➤ To propose a method to generate a national estimate of dual system youth, their trajectories leading to multiple system involvement, and the key characteristics/trajectories of this population.
 - > Led by Linked Administrative Data Subcommittee
 - > To identify the successes and challenges associated with cross-system collaboration and data integration in jurisdictions and design a method by which to collect and report such information in a consistent and representative way nationwide.
 - Led by Jurisdictional Case Studies Subcommittee

*This project was supported by Grant #2015-CV-BX-0001 awarded by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice. The opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this publication/program/exhibition are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect those of the Department of Justice.

Core Study Partners

Linked Administrative Data Subcommittee



Center on Urban Poverty and Community Development





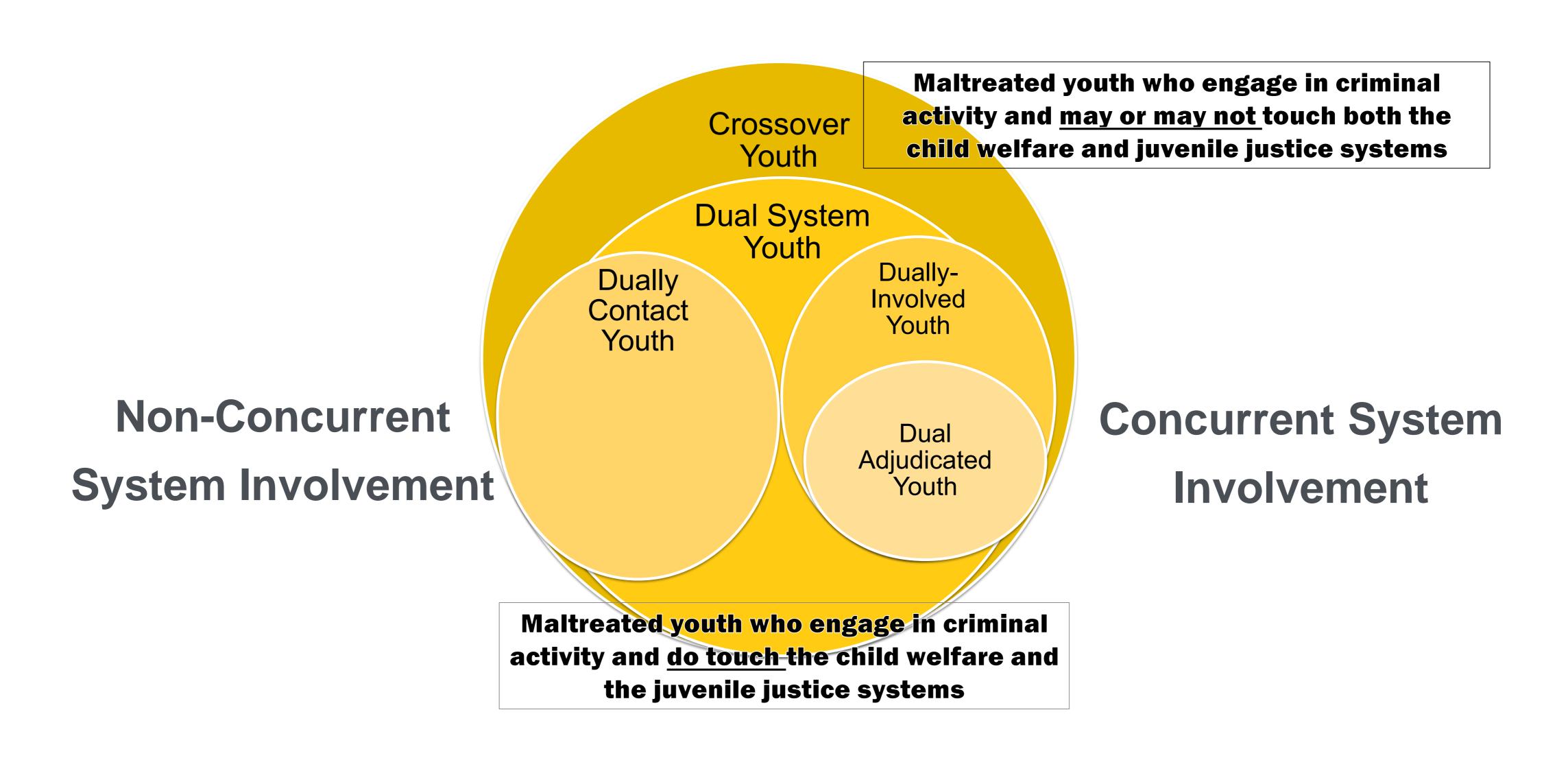


Jurisdiction Case
Study
Subcommittee

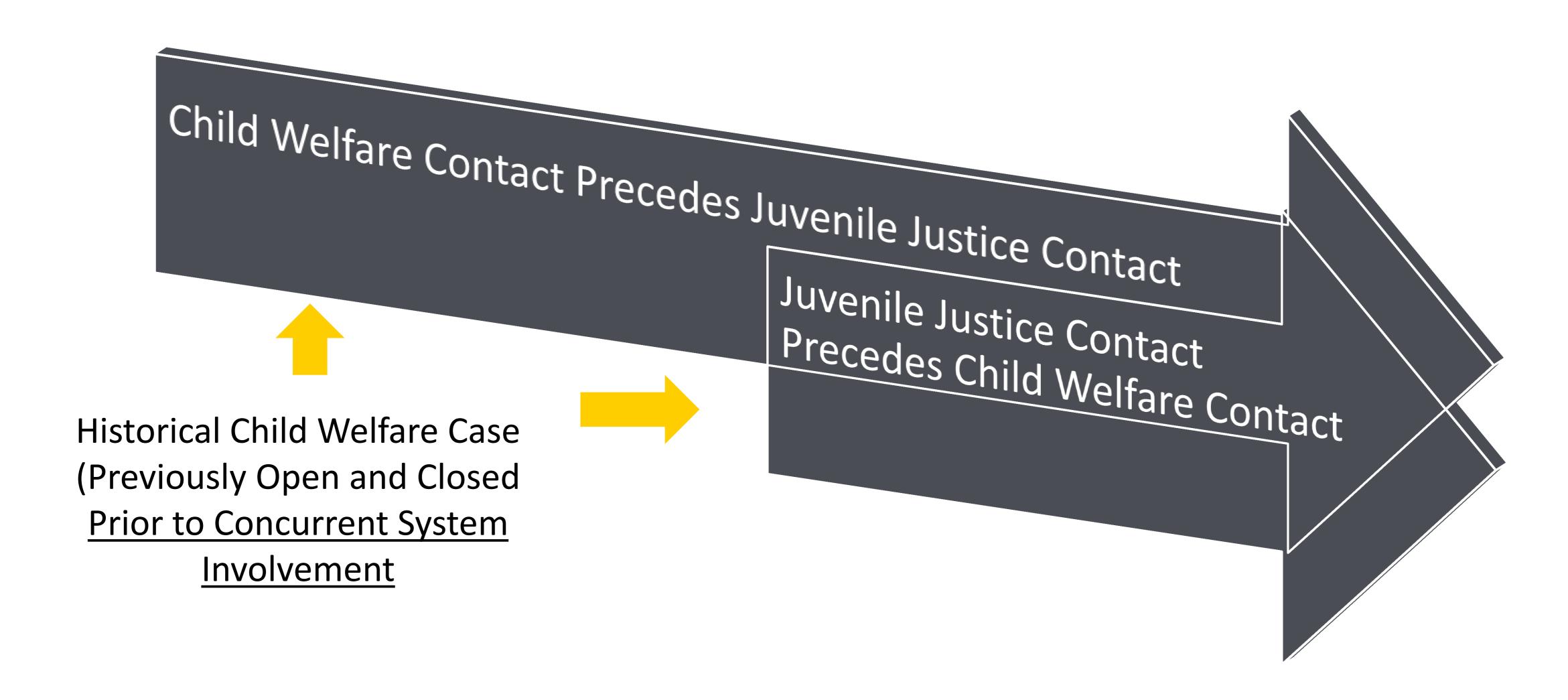


Children's Law Center of Los Angeles
Chief Probation Officer, State of Florida
Los Angeles County Juvenile Court Judge
Juvenile Court Judge, Broward County Florida
Magistrate, Mahoning County, Ohio
Director, Maricopa County Education Service Agency

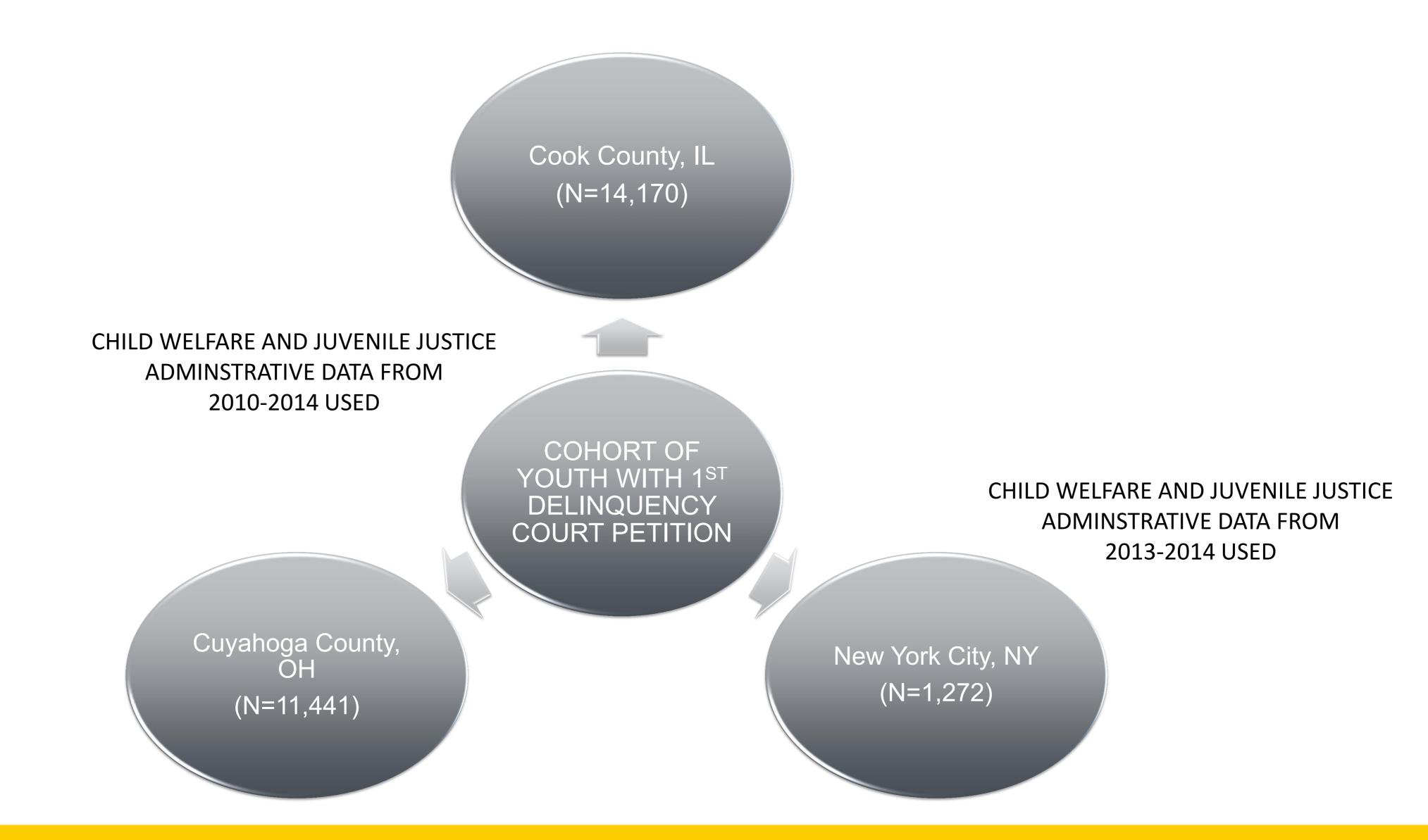
Categories of Crossover Youth



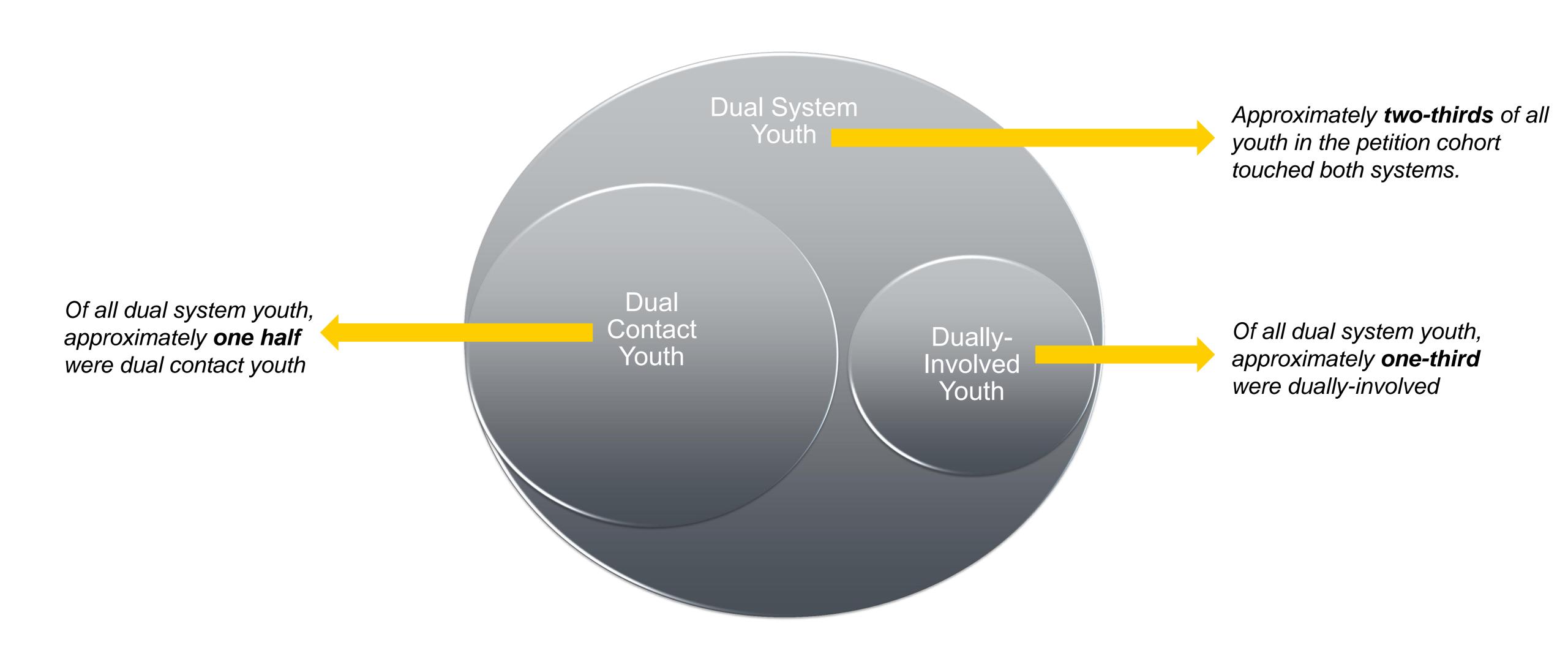
Pathways to Dual System Involvement



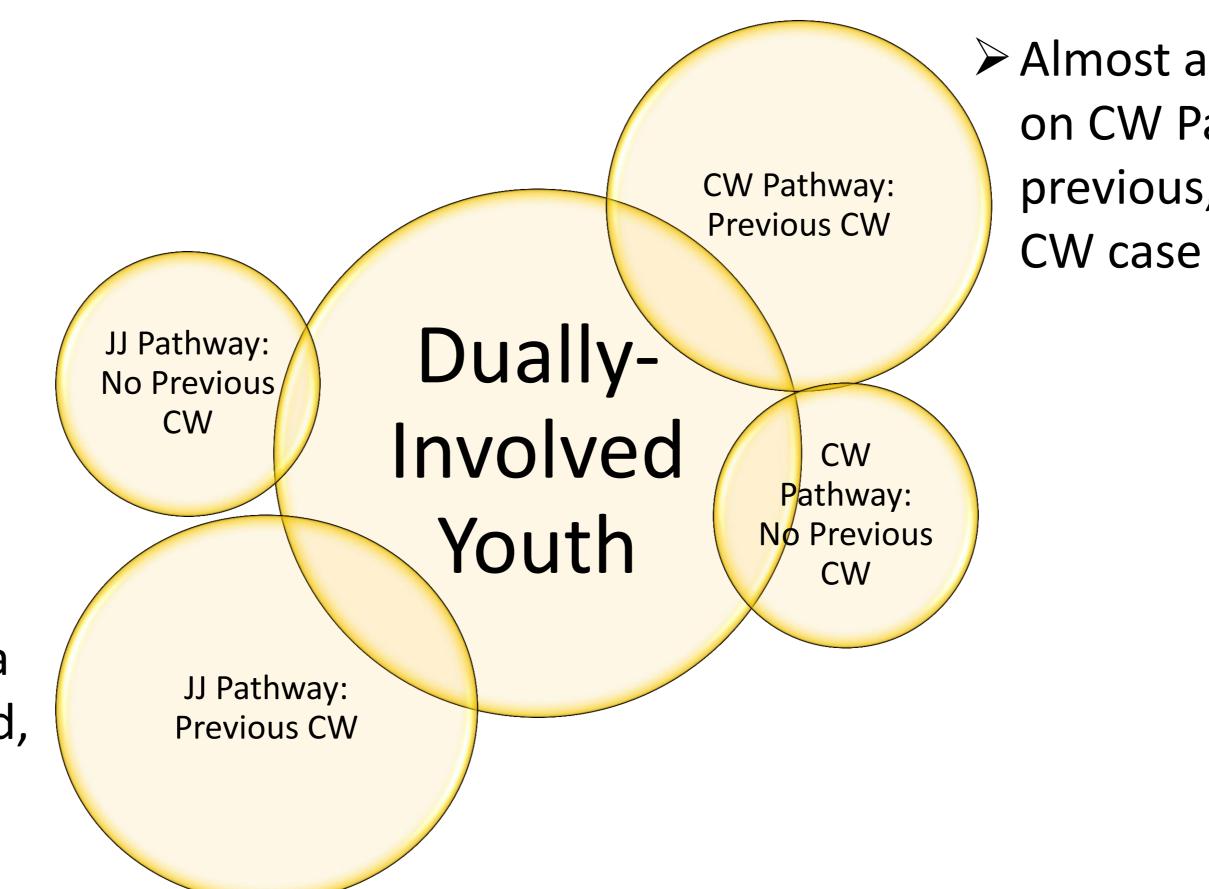
Linking the Administrative Data Using a 1st JJ Petition Cohort



Incidence of Dual System Youth across Sites



A Deeper Look at Dually-Involved Youth



Nearly all DI youth on JJ Pathway had a previous, but closed, CW case Almost all of DI youth on CW Pathway had a previous, but closed,

Brief Overview of Characteristics: Dual Contact Youth v. Dually-Involved



Dually- Involved Youth

Male

African-American

Average of 2 CW referrals

First investigation at 7; last at 9

Involved with CW on average for 14-24 mos.

Up to 22% placed out of home—average of 3 placements

About 1/3 detained after charge

Male but females=30-50%

African-American

Average of 2-3 CW referrals

First investigation at 4; last at 16

Involved with CW on average for 1-12 years

16-91% placement out of home—average of 5-9 placements

28-57% detained after charge

Dual Contact Youth



Brief Overview of Characteristics: Dually-Involved Youth with a Previous CW Case v. Dually-Involved with No Previous Case

Male but females=30-50%

African-American

Average of 3 CW referrals

First investigation at 4; last at 9

Involved with CW on average for 4-12 years

48-91% placement out of home—average of 5-9 placements

28-57% detained after charge

Dually-Involved
Youth
With A Previous
CW Case



African-American

Average of 2 CW referrals

First investigation at 15; last at 16

Involved with CW on average for 1-12 years

16-52% placement out of home—average of 4-5 placements

41-63% detained after charge

Youth
With No
Previous CW

Jurisdictional Case Studies Subcommittee

Development of the Best Practices Rubric

Best Practices Rubric for Dual System Youth

JCS developed the Best Practices Rubric to capture the level of cross systems work on 11 key domains

- 1. Interagency collaboration
- 2. Judicial leadership
- 3. Information sharing
- 4. Data collection
- 5. Training
- 6. Identification of dual system youth
- 7. Assessment process
- 8. Case planning and management
- 9. Permanency, and transition plans
- 10. Placement planning
- 11. Service provision and tracking

Judicial Leadership

	Practice Not in	Initial Efforts in	Emerging	Developed	Highly Developed
	Place	Place	Practice	Practice	Practice
Judicial	No judicial	No active	Active judicial	Active judicial	Active judicial
Leadership	support or	opposition. Some	support for	support. Regularly	support and
	leadership. Or,	judicial support	collaboration.	attends cross-	leadership.
	there is active	but not very	Attends meetings	system meetings	Convenes and leads
	judicial	involved nor	but may not take	and trainings;	cross-system
	opposition.	leadership in the	a leadership role	provides	meetings, drives the
		work.		leadership but in a	work, and provides
				limited capacity	accountability

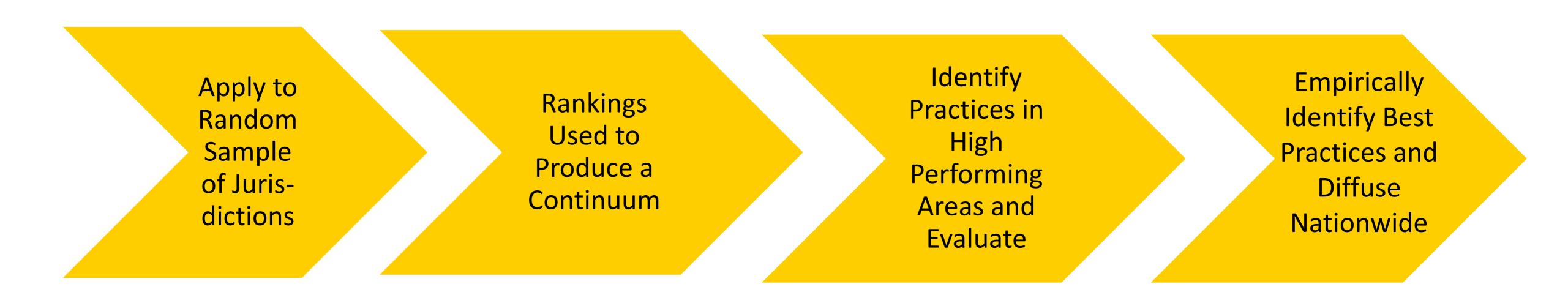
Interagency Collaboration

Practice Not in Place	Initial Efforts in	Emerging Practice	Developed Practice	Highly Developed
	Place			Practice
Cross-system teams/committees	Potential cross-	Cross-system	Cross-system teams/committees	Cross-system
	teams/committees			are established and
established and	and key	stakeholders have	meet regularly. Key	meet regularly. Key
key stakeholders	stakeholders have	been engaged in	stakeholders are	stakeholders are
have not been	been identified	the work but do	engaged but not in	consistently engaged
engaged.	but not engaged.	not meet regularly.	a consistent	and participate in
			manner.	ongoing review of the
				work.

Information Sharing

	Practice Not in	Initial Efforts in	Emerging Practice	Developed Practice	Highly Developed Practice
Information Sharing	Place There is not a protocol in place and/or an MOU/MOA that supports or allows information sharing between CW and JJ systems.	An MOU/MOA or a protocol is in the process of being developed that allows information sharing between JJ	An MOU/MOA or a protocol is in place that allows information sharing between JJ and CW systems, but information is never exchanged or	An MOU/MOA or a protocol is in place that allows information sharing between JJ and CW systems, but information is not	An MOU/MOA or a protocol is in place that allows information sharing between JJ and CW systems and information is regularly shared between systems in a structured
			only shared under special circumstances (e.g., challenging case, emergencies, etc.).		and collaborative manner.

Potential Practice Implications of the Rubric



Access to Los Angeles 241 and Probation Reports:

www.juvenilejusticeresearch.com/projects

241.1 MDT Evaluation Reports

Probation Outcomes Study, Part I & Part II



Contact Us

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ATTACHMENT 2

Los Angeles County Probation Youth with Previous Referrals to Child Protective Services

Children's Data Network

JACQUELYN MCCROSKEY, DSW DENISE HERZ, PHD EMILY PUTNAM-HORNSTEIN, PHD



"THE CHILD WELFARE SYSTEM HAS LONG OVERLAPPED WITH THE JUSTICE SYSTEM, BUT THIS TOPIC HAS YET TO RECEIVE THE ATTENTION IT DESERVES."

—JOHN LAUB, FUTURE OF CHILDREN, SPRING 2018

overview

What share of youth with [intensive] probation involvement had earlier come to the attention of child protective services?

Universe

387 Los Angeles County Probation youth exiting suitable placement or camp in 2015 [a subset of the 806 youth in the Probation Outcomes Study]

Analysis

A retrospective study of the timing and degree of previous involvement with child protective services.

What are the implications for serving youth in probation placements?

Are there touch points when preventionoriented family support and strengthening could have been delivered?

RECORD LINKAGE

1

Probation records extracted, encrypted, and transmitted

2

Records standardized and prepared for linkage 3

Records linked using probabilistic matching algorithms

4

Clerical review of record pairs, final assignment of matches, and removal of identifying information

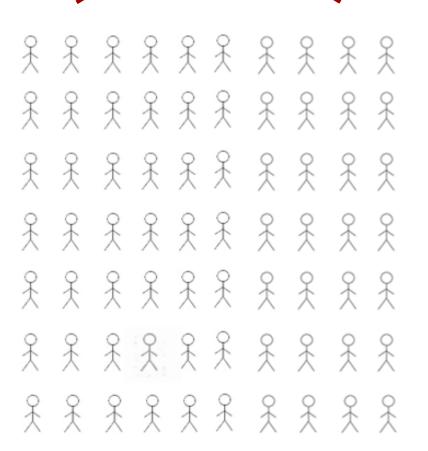
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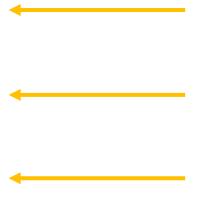
Analysis of restricted research dataset on secure server

How many children reported for maltreatment and/or in foster care later become involved with LA County Probation?

answerable questions

How many probation youth exiting suitable placement or camp in 2015 have a history of child protection involvement?



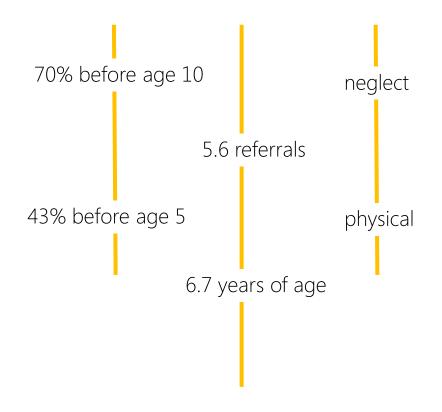


Statewide / California Child Welfare Records

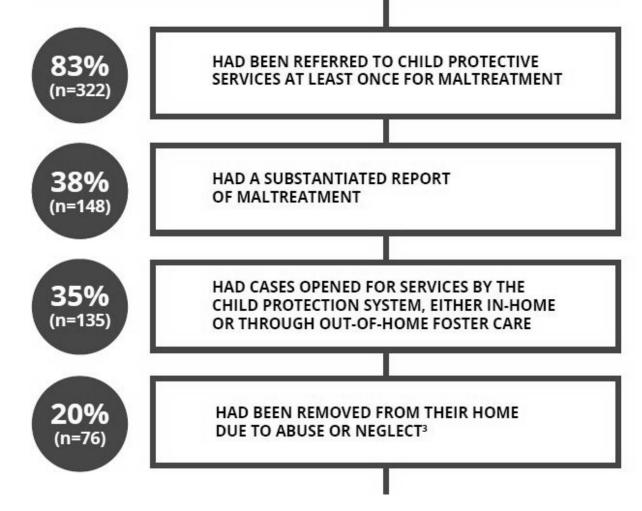
LA County
Probation Records

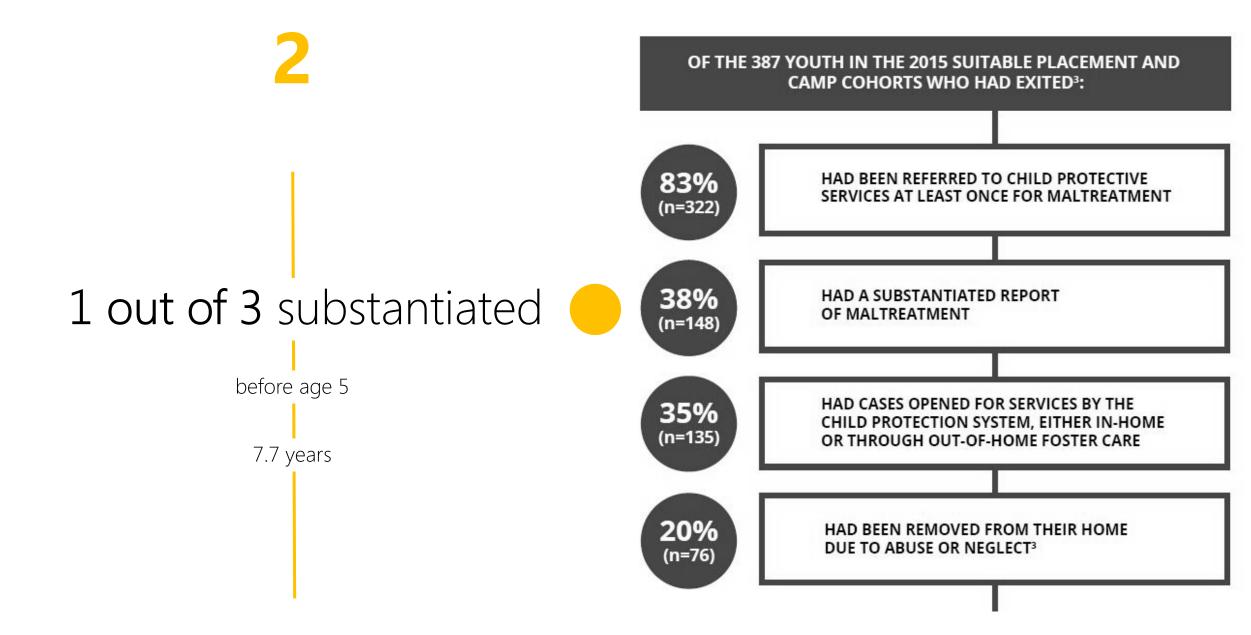
1

4 out of 5 referred

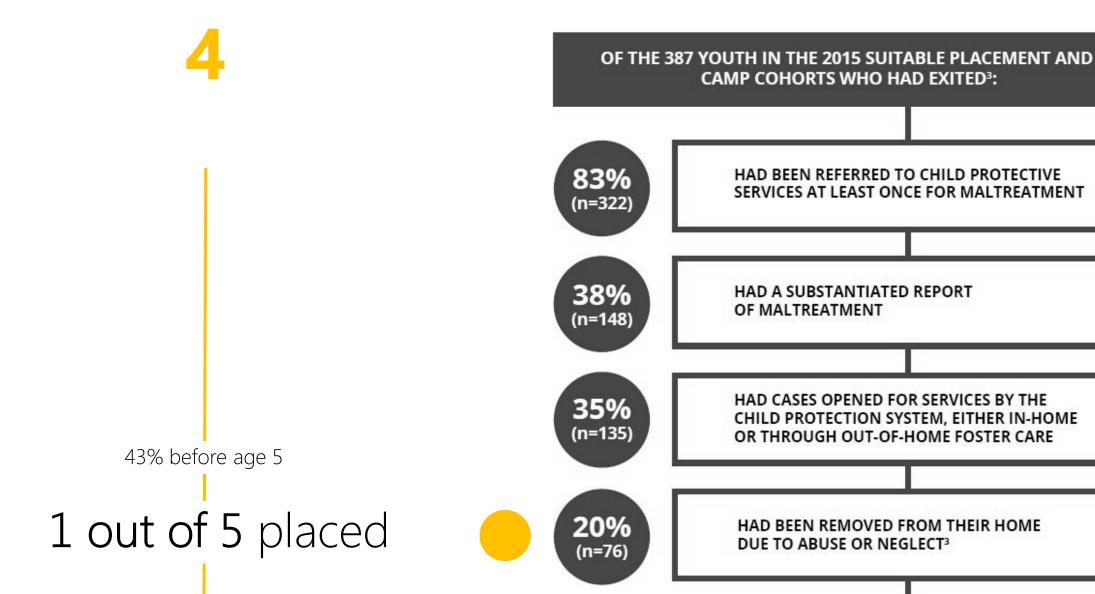


OF THE 387 YOUTH IN THE 2015 SUITABLE PLACEMENT AND CAMP COHORTS WHO HAD EXITED³:









findings

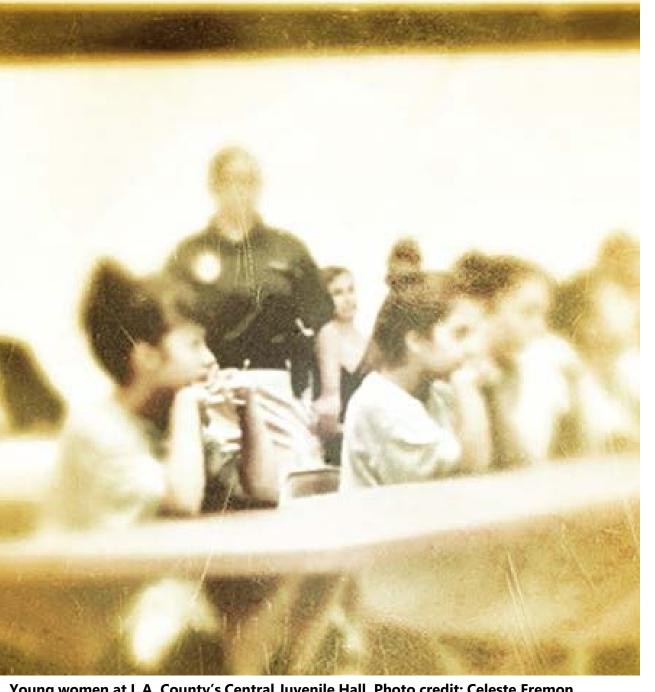
Significant differences (p<.05)

gender (m vs. f)

Prevalence of past involvement was higher among female probation youth (at all levels)

race / ethnicity (black vs. Hispanic vs. white)

Prevalence of past involvement was higher among black youth than Hispanic and white youth (at all levels)



EVIDENCE

What family strengthening, support, and service interventions aré most effective in decreasing longer-term involvement with the child protection and delinquency systems?

CONNECTIONS

How can we ensure families referred to the child protection system are properly connected and engaged in community-based services when cases are not opened?

ACTION

Are there regions or communities where gaps between community needs and service capacity are especially challenging? How do we ensure service slots map to family needs?











Questions?

ehornste@usc.edu

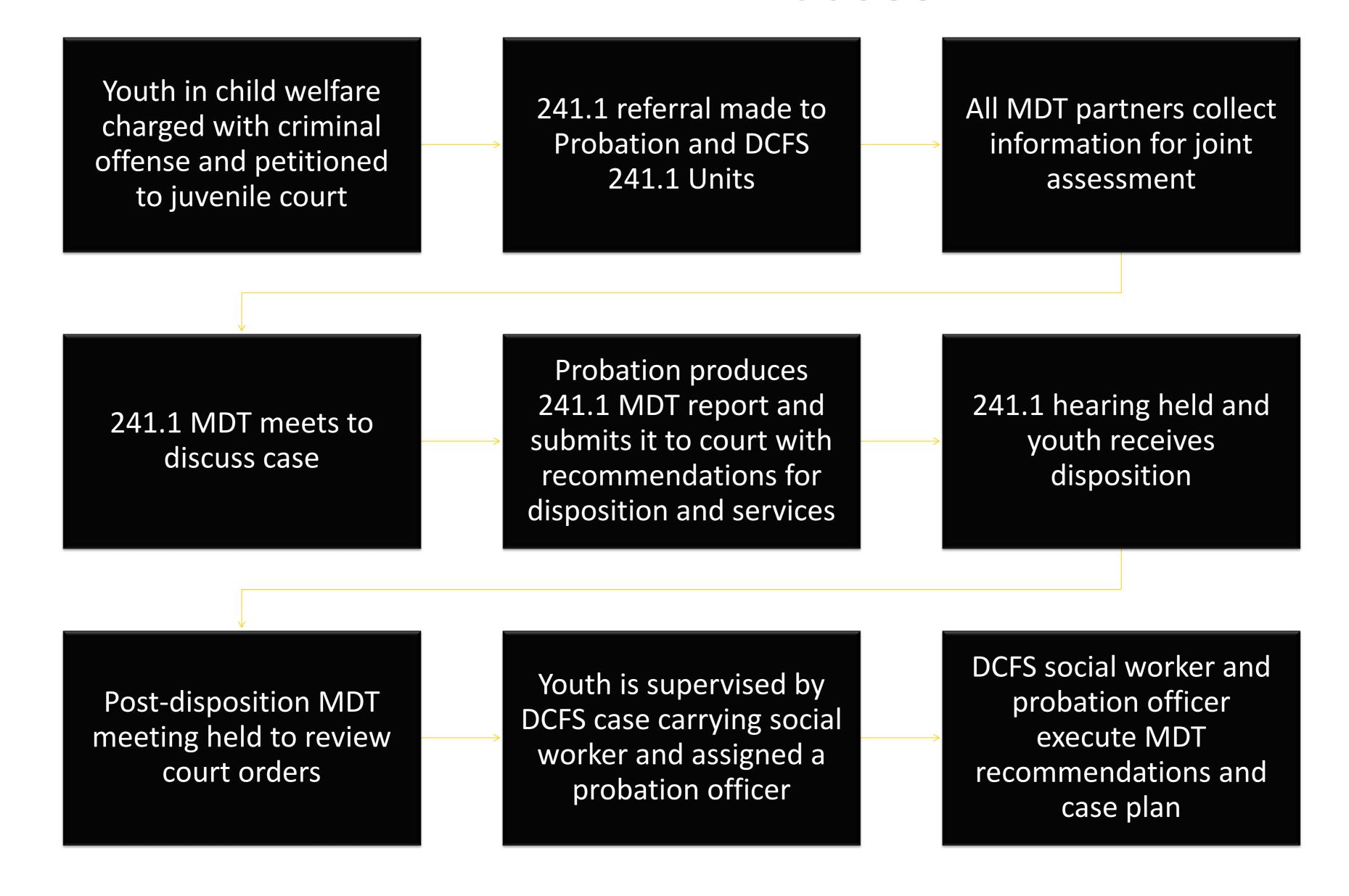
Los Angeles County 241.1 MDT Data

Denise C. Herz, Ph.D.

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241.1 MDT Process



Overview of Data & Methods

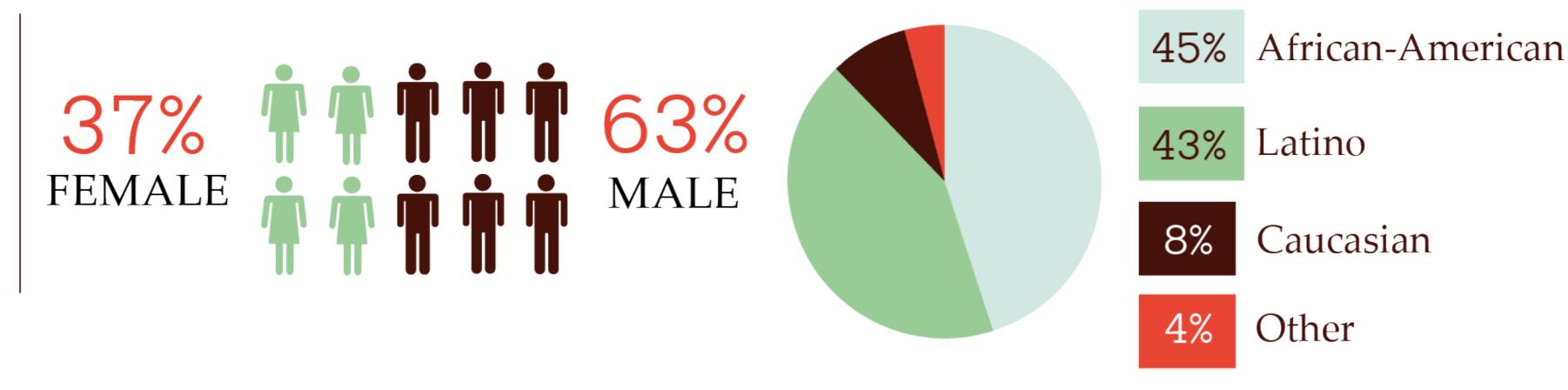
Data Collection Launches can be accessed at www.juvenilejusticeresearch.com/projects Oct. 2013 **Initial Data Entered By:** All 241.1 Referrals • 241.1 DCFS Unit Initial "Initial Data" = • 241.1 Probation Unit Characteristics at Time of • DCFS Education Section & Consultants Data Arrest & 241.1 Referral • DMH 241.1 **Tracking Data Entered By:** CWS/CMS • 241.1 DCFS Unit Web-Based Up to 30 241.1 youth who Tracking • 241.1 Probation Unit received a disposition each **Application** Data • DMH (Service data only) month starting in October "Tracking Data"

Average Age

Years Old

Who were the 241.1 referrals?

Limited to
Unique Individuals
with a Declared 300
Case & a Pending
Delinquency Petition
(N=402)



• AT TIME OF THEIR **ARREST**

Family had been referred to DCFS

10

times
(on average).

Youth had spent

5

years in DCFS care
(on average)
consecutive and
non-consecutive.

32%
were living in group homes

17% at Home
17% with Relative

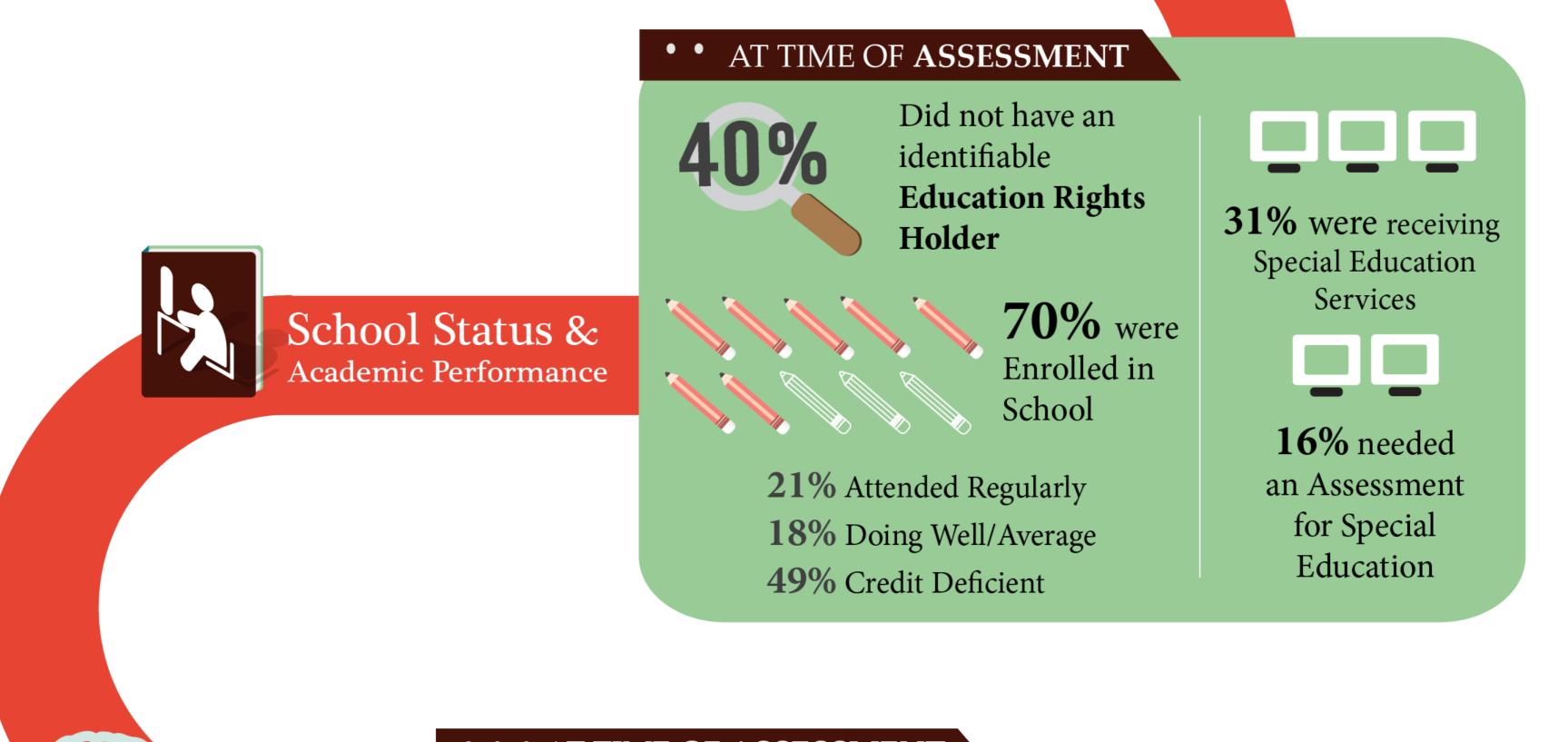
Dependency Representation

Children's Law Center

33% Unit 1

23% Unit 2

21% Unit 3

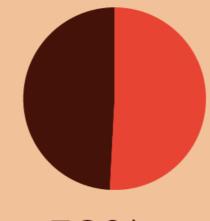


• • • AT TIME OF ASSESSMENT

Behavioral Health Status



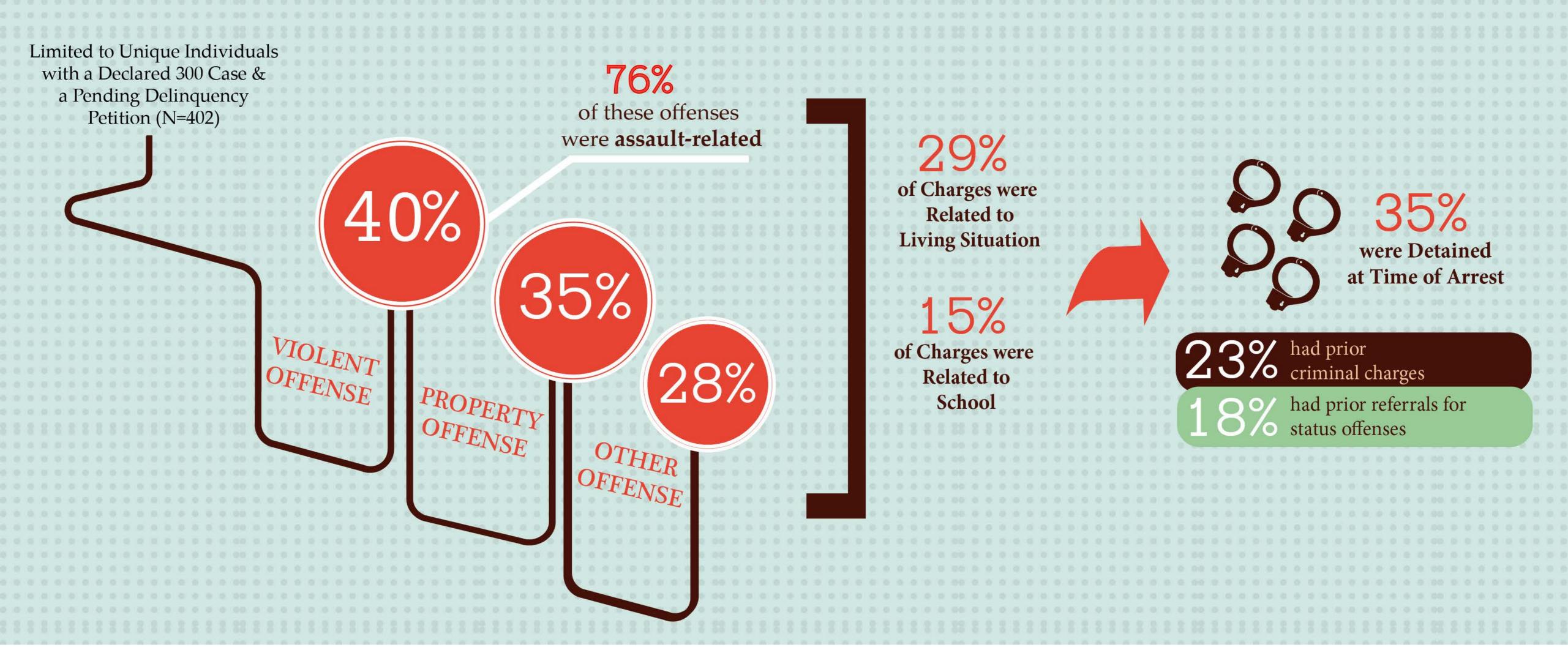
Diagnosis



Suicidal Ideation 59% had
Pattern of Drug Use or
Abuse/Dependency Diagnosis

23% Experienced

Were Prescribed Medication What were their offenses & how did they move through the juvenile justice system?



A Summary of MDT 241.1 Referrals for 2016 & 2017 Presented by Denise Herz, Ph.D Crossover Workgroup--June 25, 2018

Table 1: Summary of WIC 241.1 Referrals for 2016 and 2017

	20	2016		17
	n	%	n	%
Total Referrals	972		923	
Total Accepted Referrals	864	89	782	85
Of Total Accepted Referrals				
300 Youth with a Pending 602 Petition	277	32	240	31
Pending 602 Petition with pending DCFS case, VFM	137	16	122	16
ReassessmentNew Arrest	136	16	122	16
ReassessmentProbation Violation	51	6	78	10
ReassessmentCourt Request	221	26	159	20
A Declared 602 Youth with an Open ER Referral	23	3	32	4
Reverse 241.1 (AB 212)	6	1	3	<1
Missing	13	2	26	3

Table 2: Summary of Characteristics for WIC 241.1 Referrals with Open 300 Cases

	2016		20	2017	
Gender	n	%	n	%	
Female	103	37	102	43	
Male	174	63	138	58	
Race/Ethnicity					
African-American	112	40	96	40	
Latino/a	137	49	99	41	
Caucasian	23	8	30	13	
Other/Missing	5	<1	15	6	
Pre-Adjudication Detention					
Detained Post Arrest	126	45	115	48	

Table 3: MDT Recommendations and Delinquency Court Dispositions for Open 300 Cases ONLY by Year Including Missing Information

Type of Disposition	2016			2017				
	MDT		Court		MDT		Court	
	Recomme	endations	Dispos	sitions	Recommendations		Dispositions	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Dismissed	0	0	15	5	0	0	10	4
WIC 654.2	37	13	35	13	35	15	34	14
WIC 725(A)	66	24	40	14	42	18	27	11
WIC 790	41	15	14	5	49	20	11	5
WIC 300/602 Home on Probation	13	5	16	6	8	3	9	4
WIC 300/602 Suitable Placement	86	31	60	22	72	30	52	22
WIC 300/602 Camp Placement	11	4	5	2	15	6	9	4
WIC 602 (HOP, SP, CCP)	6	2	12	4	4	2	6	3
Other	10	4	6	2	3	1	4	2
Missing Disposition	7	3	74	27	12	5	78	33

Table 4: MDT Recommendations and Delinquency Court Dispositions for Open 300 Cases ONLY by Year Excluding Missing Information

Type of Disposition	2016				2017			
	MI	TC	Court		MDT		Court	
	Recomme	endations	Dispositions		Recommendations		Dispositions	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Dismissed	0	0	15	7	0	0	10	6
WIC 654.2	37	14	35	17	35	15	34	21
WIC 725(A)	66	24	40	20	42	18	27	17
WIC 790	41	15	14	7	49	21	11	7
WIC 300/602 Home on Probation	13	5	16	8	8	4	9	6
WIC 300/602 Suitable Placement	86	32	60	30	72	32	52	32
WIC 300/602 Camp Placement	11	4	5	2	15	7	9	6
WIC 602 (HOP, SP, CCP)	6	2	12	6	4	2	6	4
Other	10	4	6	3	3	1	4	2

Table 5: MDT Recommendations and Delinquency Court Dispositions by Year in Collapsed Categories (Missing Data Excluded)

	20	16	2017		
	MDT Rec	MDT Rec Dispo		Dispo	
	%	%	%	%	
Dismissed	0	7	0	6	
Formal Diversion Combined (654.2,725,790)	53	44	55	44	
Dual Status Combined (300/602)	41	40	42	43	
WIC 602 (HOP, SP, CCP)	2	6	2	4	
Other	4	3	1	2	

Table 6: Delinquency Court Dispositions by Year in Collapsed Categories (Missing Data Excluded in 2016 & 2017)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	%	%	%	%	%
Dismissed	3	4	7	7	6
Formal Diversion Combined (654.2,725,790)	47	42	48	44	44
Dual Status Combined (300/602)	14	33	32	40	43
WIC 602 (HOP, SP, CCP)	9	3	4	6	4
Other	27	17	8	3	2

Table 7: Delinquency Court Dispositions by Year in Collapsed Categories (Missing Data Included)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	%	%	%	%	%
Dismissed	3	4	7	5	4
Formal Diversion Combined (654.2,725,790)	47	42	48	32	30
Dual Status Combined (300/602)	14	33	32	29	29
WIC 602 (HOP, SP, CCP)	9	3	4	4	3
Other	27	17	8	29	35

Los Angeles County Crossover Workgroup



Different Levels of Prevention

Preventing Entry into Child Welfare

Preventing Delinquency by Youth in Child Welfare

Preventing Youth in Child Welfare from Entering the Juvenile Justice System

Preventing Further Penetration of the JJS for Youth with Child Welfare Cases

Preventing Entry into Child Welfare

Target:

- Reducing risk for abuse/neglect before it begins and/or escalates
- Increasing resources for families prior to formally entering the child welfare system

Data:

In development as part of Countywide Prevention Strategy

Lead:

 Office of Child Protection is focused on this level of prevention

Preventing Delinquency by Youth in Child Welfare

Target:

- Identifying and reducing risk for delinquency before it occurs
- Addressing the system-based factors that contribute to delinquency (e.g., use of placements)
- Matching youth and families to appropriate services to address underlying issues related to delinquency (e.g., poor school performance, unmet educational needs)

Data:

- Limited but insightful data from the Delinquency Prevention Project piloted by DCFS
- Results from larger literature
- Needs to be developed by tracking information currently collected by agencies in LA County

Lead:

Crossover Workgroup

Preventing Youth in Child Welfare from Entering the Juvenile Justice System

Target:

- Identifying youth with child welfare cases when contacted by law enforcement
- Ensuring access to diversionary program that will prevent youth in child welfare from entering the juvenile justice system
- Coordinating programming across the family, DCFS, and the diversion program to address underlying issues related to delinquency

Data:

- Under consideration as part of larger work being completed by Youth Diversion and Development Workgroup
- Raises question of the role of Court data to identify these youth
- Raises question of the role of Probation data as part of their intake decisions related to diversion

Lead:

 Coordinated effort between Crossover Workgroup & Youth Diversion and Development (YDD) Steering Committee

Preventing Further Penetration of the JJS for Youth with Child Welfare Cases

Target:

- Improving and augmenting (where appropriate) 241.1 MDT processes and procedures
- Improving access to appropriate referrals for services
- Improving the implementation of a coordinated supervision plan across DCFS and Probation

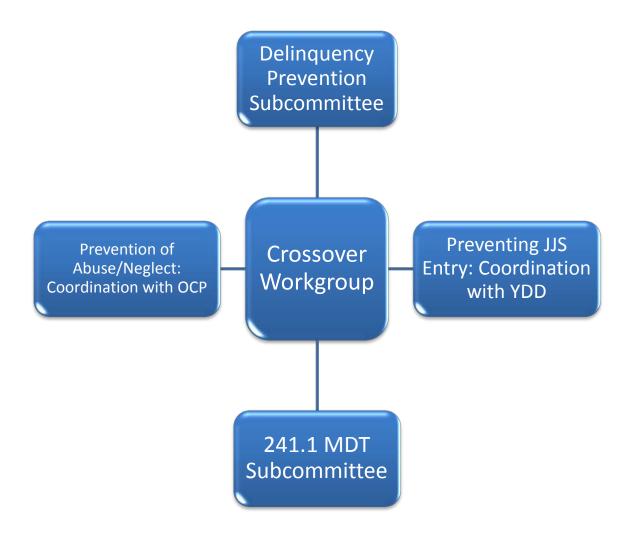
Data:

241.1 MDT database

Lead:

Crossover Workgroup

Plan to Move Forward



Pre-Adjudication Data Collection

Data Collected Pre-Adjudication

241.1 Referral Received=DCFS 241.1 Unit Completes Intake Form



- Identifying information
- Demographics
- Referral Date
- Pre-adjudication detention status
- Court location (both dependency and delinquency)
- Type of referral
- Reason for WIC 300 case
- Charge code and type of charge
- Whether case was continued
- Disposition date
- MDT recommendation
- Lead agency
- Court disposition
- Probation and DCFS worker names

DCFS completes Child Welfare Background Information Form



- # of family referrals
- Type of services (court vs. VFM)
- Length of time in the child welfare system
- # of placements during stay in child welfare
- Previous 241.1 referrals and if so, # of referrals
- Living situation
- AWOL at time of referral
- Permanency plan at time of arrest
- Type of dependency counsel

Probation completes referral information, and background information, and disposition

- Current charges
- Place where current offense occurred (home or school)
- Any prior arrests (and #)
- Status offenses (and #)
- New arrests between original arrest and prepleas report
- New referrals between original arrest and preplea report STAR Court referral
- Delinquency court #
- Interviewed by probation office
- Type of delinquency representation
- MDT Recommendation
- MDT Disposition

DMH completes Mental Health History Form

- Was DMH interviewed authorized.
- History of psychiatric hospitalization
- Receiving MH services when arrested?
- History of suicide ideation
- History of suicide attempts
- Family history of mental illness
- Family history of substance abuse
- Did youth have mental health diagnoses at time of referral?
- If so, what were the current diagnoses?
- Did youth have history of substance use/abuse?
- If so, what drugs?
- What services was youth receiving at time of the referral (limited list)
- Was youth prescribed psychotropic medication?
- Was youth taking medication
- Was youth a regional center client?

DCFS Education Liaison completes Education Information Form

- Educational rights holder
- # of school placements in past four years
- # of school placements in past nine months
- Was youth enrolled at time of assessment?
- Type of school attending
- Youth's attendance in past nine months
- Credit deficiency
- Status of current grades, on average
- Behavioral issues in the past nine months
- Behavioral issues at the time of the referral
- Types of general education services receiving at time of referral (limited list)
- Receiving special education services at time of assessment
- Reason for eligibility
- Type of special education services receiving

DCFS Unit records attendance at MDT Assessment

- The Youth
- The Youth's Parents/Caregivers
- 241 Unit CSW
- Youth's Case Carrying Social Worker (CSW)
- 241 Unit DPO
- DMH PSW
- DCFS Ed Consultant
- Alliance for Children's Rights
- Public Counsel
- CLC Attorney
- Panel Attorney for Dependency
- Youth Advocate(Name)
- Other Representative (Name)

Post-Disposition Data Collection

Data Collected Post-Adjudication

- Date of the Post-Disposition Meeting
- Attendance at Post-Disposition Meeting
 - The Youth
 - The Youth's Parents/Caregivers
 - 241 Unit CSW
 - Youth's Case Carrying Social Worker (CSW)
 - 241 Unit DPO
 - Supervising DPO
 - DMH PSW
 - Mental Health Provider Agency: (Name)
 - DCFS Ed Consultant
 - Alliance for Children's Rights
 - Public Counsel
 - CLC Attorney
 - Panel Attorney for Dependency
 - Panel Attorney for Delinquency
 - Public Defender Youth Advocate: (Name)
 - Private Attorney for Delinquency
 - DPH Representative
 - Substance Abuse Treatment Provider Agency: (Name)
 - Group Home Staff Agency: (Name)
 - Youth Advocate(s) Who: (Name)
 - Other Representative: (Name)

Capturing the Relationship between MDT Plan & Court Orders

The following is coded for all assessments (as appropriate) listed below:

MDT Plan		Court Ordered		sible for This Referral/Service lan and/or Court Ordered
☐ No ☐ Ref. ☐ In Progress		⊠ No	□ Prob □ DCFS □ DM	1H □DPH □School □Attorney
☐ Ref. Needed ☐ Comp		☐ Yes	□Caretaker	·
FU	IRTHER ASSESS	MENTS		
	730 WIC Evalu	ation		
	Contact CSAT			
	Voluntary CRA	\FFT		
	Alcohol/Drug	Assessment		
	Assistive Tech			
	Medical Evalua			
	Neurological A	Assess/Testing		
	Out Patient M			
	Psych Consult			
	Psycho-Educat			
	Psych Testing	Horiai Assess		
	Speech & Lang	ΤΛεερεε		
	Other:	Assess		
	()Ther			

The following is coded for all services listed below:

MDT Plan Court Ordered		Agency(s) Responsible for This Referral/Service		
☐ N/A ☐ Continue ☐ Ref In Proc			S \square DMH \square DPH \square School \square Attorney	
☐ Ref Needed	☐ Yes	☐ Caretaker		
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES	YOUTH DEVELOPMEN		EDUCATION	
\square Cognitive Behavior Therapy	☐ Anger Managemen		☐ Appt. w/ School Counseling	
☐ Eating Disorder Tx	☐ Anger Replacement	t Therapy	☐ 317(e) Referral	
☐ Family Tx	☐ Community Service		☐ AB 167 Appropriate	
☐ Full Service Partnership	☐ Community Detent	ion Program	☐ Behavioral Support Services	
☐ Functional Family Therapy	☐ Gang Prevention/Ir	ntervention	☐ Career Survey	
☐ Group Tx	☐ Independent Living		☐ CAHSEE Prep	
	☐ JAWS		☐ Credit Recovery Program	
☐ Medication Monitoring	☐ Life Skills/Social Ski	ills	☐ Daily Attendance Monitoring	
☐ Strengthening Family Prog	☐ Mentoring		☐ Weekly Attendance Mon.	
☐ Trauma Informed Care	☐ Pro-Social Comm A	ctivities	☐ Enroll Youth in School	
☐ Therapeutic Behavioral Svcs	☐ Transitional Housin		☐ ERMHS	
☐ Wrap Around Services	☐ Vocational Program		☐ FAA/FBA	
☐ STAR Court/CSEC	☐ Other:		☐ Graduation Check	
☐ Other:			☐ IEP Team Meeting	
			☐ One-to-One Aide	
SUBSTANCE ABUSE			☐ Regional Center Referral	
			☐ Responsible Adult for Ed Rgts	
☐ Alcohol/Drug Education			☐ Section 504 Plan	
☐ Alcohol/Drug Outpatient Tx				
Alcohol/Drug Inpatient Tx			☐ Tutoring	
☐ Other:				

Tracking Data Collection

6 months after disposition, DCFS provides tracking data

- Was dependency case still open or terminated?
- Was youth re-referred to DCFS during this period
- Permanency Plan at the beginning and end of this period
- # of contacts between supervising social worker and youth (by type)
- Living situation—beginning and end of this period
- Did youth's placement change? If so, where was youth living at end of this period?
- Enrolled in school at end of this period
- Type of school attending
- Attendance level at the end of this period
- Current grades at the end of this period
- School discipline issues during this period
- Behavioral issues during this period

6 months after disposition, Probation provides tracking data

- Was delinquency still open or terminated?
- # of contacts between supervising DPO and youth (by type)
- New citations during this period
- Court ordered violations during this period
- Violations (WIC 777) during this period
- New arrests during this period
- Sustained petitions during this period
- Did youth receive a reassessment
- Did youth's disposition change
- Living situation—beginning and end of this period
- Did youth's placement change? If so, where was youth living at end of this period?
- Enrolled in school at end of this period
- Type of school attending
- Attendance level at the end of this period
- Current grades at the end of this period
- School discipline issues during this period
- Behavioral issues during this period

Tracking Services: The Service GRID

DCFS, Probation, and DMH complete the Service GRID to capture the status of referrals/services during this period.

The following is answered for all Probation Conditions ordered by the Court:

☐ No Longer Applies	Adhered	□Violated	☐ Completed

The following is answered for all assessments and services listed earlier (most recent status for any particular assessment/service is coded):

	Agency(s) Responsible for This
Status of Referral/Service	Referral/Service
☑Referral In Prog ☐Referral Needed ☐Youth Refused	□Prob □DCFS □DMH □DPH
□ Completed	☐ School ☐ Attorney ☐ Caretaker

Next Steps

- Identify members for subcommittees
- Work with OCP Prevention Workgroup and YDD Steering Committee to identify how to coordinate efforts
- Schedule meetings for subcommittees